"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair Tuesday, with diminishing northwest winds; Wednesday fair, warmer.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXV...NO. 21,164. ... NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1916.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

SUBMARINES SINK FOUR MORE SHIPS; 11 MORE PERSIA SURVIVORS LAND; PRESIDENT HURRIES BACK TO CAPITAL

PREPARE TO MEET 2-POWER ATTACK

Strategists Thus Explain Their Demands for a Huge Fleet and Army.

TEN YEARS OF GRACE GIVEN

But We Must Be Ready Then, They Say, to Defend the Monroe Doctrine.

PLANS PAN-AMERICAN UNITY

President Wilson's Policy Deemed Significant in the Light of a Threat of Attack.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Possibility of a combined attack by two foreign powers to break down the new Pan-American Doctrine evolved from maintenance by the United States and acceptance by South and Central American republics of the Monroe Doctrine is one of the fundamental bases for the national defense plans formulated by army and navy strategists. They believe it essential in the formulation of a national military policy, it was learned tonight, to provide against the eventuality of an assault upon the doctrine by either an Asiatic or a European power, or even by an alliance of two such powers, which might hurl forces simultaneously at the Atlantic and Pacific coasts.

To develop a navy equal in strength to those of any two world powers, except a combination including Great Britain, and an army prepared to fight for the integrity of the Pan-American idea anywhere in Pan-America is the ultimate aim of the plans of the military experts.

What confidential information the Army War College and the Navy General Board may have gathered concerning the intentions of any certain power or powers is not being revealed, but there are certain matters of general knowledge which are known to have entered into the study of possibilities upon which the theory of a two-power attack upon the Monroe Doctrine was based.

Ten Years for Preparation.

Ten years is the time the Navy General Board believes the United States has in which to prepare for a readjustment of world forces which will follow the European war. In setting 1925 as the time when the United States Navy should equal any afloat—which means reaching the two-power standard of the British Navy—the board estimated that much time would elapse before the shock of the present war passed sufficiently to permit any of the belligerents to look to South or Central America for colonial development or trade aggression.

Plans of the Army War College would be consummated in six years. The army officers take the position that the United States must have sufficient troops and troop ships to land forces in any threatened Pan-American country to meet an invader.

All these preparations, it is now known, have been presented by strategists to the Administration as essential to support the Monroe Doctrine, so that the United States may be able to act alone, if necessary, to preserve its ideal of no entangling alliances. Such ideals, the military students have stated, impose new duties on the United States—duties that require some patience of the American Government.

Work for Pan-American Harmony.

While the administrative branch of the Government has submitted to Congress a definite plan which contemplates an increased expenditure of more than a billion dollars on the military and naval establishments in the next six years, all other agencies of the Government are acting to unify and harmonize the Pan-American nations. To students of diplomacy the Pan-American declarations of President Wilson in his opening address to Congress, the declarations for Pan-American unity made to the Pan-American Scientific Congress here by Secretary Lansing, and the general effort for unity of all the Americas on a basis of friendship and equality, take on added significance when considered in connection with the Administration's preparedness plans.

The recent announcement that the Ambassadors from Argentina, Brazil, and Chile had been selected by the United States to represent it on the commissions provided by the peace investigating treaties with France, Great Britain, and Italy is regarded as one of the significant factors in this connection.

Significance also is seen in the disclosure that an effort to postpone the Pan-American Congress, on the ground that sufficient time had not been given to prepare an adequate scientific program, was met by the statement that the United States was insistently desirous of taking prompt steps to further the spirit of Pan-American accord, confidence, sympathy and mutuality. South American capitals uniformly report that the Congress is regarded there as more political than scientific, and that approbation of the sentiment of Pan-American unity is freely expressed.

A Two-Power Navy Demanded.

With the military problem agreed upon and defined, the two boards of strategists were asked what, in their opinion, would constitute adequate national defense. Their answer was: To built a two-power navy and organize a Federal Army of sufficient size, so that a portion of it could be used in any Southern country against a foreign invader without impairing the safety of the United States itself.

In view of the enormous, and what they regarded as almost prohibitive, cost of these proposals, Secretary Daniels and Secretary Garrison mapped out the bi-

Continued on Page 3.

Reports Kaiser Now Needs Silver Palate

PARIS, Jan. 3.—Press dispatches from Switzerland and Italy continue to affirm that the illness of Emperor William is serious. It is stated that he was operated on last Wednesday successfully, but the nature of the operation is not specified.

It is stated that the Emperor is suffering from a deep-seated affection of which the cutaneous eruption is but an incidental symptom, and that the malady is complicated by the reappearance of his old throat trouble, which has extended to the mouth. It is even asserted that it will be necessary to provide for him an artificial palate made of silver.

RUSSIANS GAINING IN SOUTHERN DRIVE

Advance Said to Have Extended a Considerable Distance Beyond the Stripa.

FIERCE FIGHT CONTINUES

Struggle Precipitated by an Attempt of the Austrian Army to Straighten Its Defensive Line.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 4.—The latest dispatches from the southern extremity of the Russian front indicate that heavy fighting is continuing, with the Russian army of General Ivanoff gaining ground.

One correspondent reports that these operations began with an offensive movement on the part of the Austrians, designed to straighten their line, and that after repulsing this attack the Russians assumed the initiative. It is evident the Russian advance has now extended a considerable distance beyond the Stripa River.

In other dispatches it is asserted that two great offensive actions clashed, the Russians having advanced as a threat against the Teutons in their Balkan operations, while the Austrians and Germans felt the necessity of improving their positions against the attack expected from General Ivanoff early in the Spring.

Whatever may be the facts of the case, there is no doubt the result of these operations will have an important effect on the Balkan campaign, especially in their influence on the future plans of Rumania.

BERLIN, Jan. 3, (via Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—The Austro-Hungarian official communication of Jan. 3 as received here says:

Bitter fighting is going on along the Bessarabian front. The enemy made the utmost efforts to break the Austro-Hungarian front in the Toporoutz district, which all failed. Three officers and 850 soldiers were made prisoners.

Isolated Russian advances on the Sereth, at the mouth of the Lower Stripa, in the Kormin district, and on the Styr River were repulsed.

GERMAN MINE DRIVES ALLIES FROM TRENCHES

Berlin Reports a Surprise Attack Over a Wide Front in Artois.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—German successes in Artois, due in part to the explosion of a German mine under the allied trenches near La Bassée, are reported in today's Berlin bulletin. The occupants of several trenches are said to have fled or fallen before the German rifle and machine gun fire. The French afternoon communiqué reports similar execution done on German works in the Argonne by the famous "75s."

The text of today's statement from the German War Office follows:

A large mine was exploded north of the La Bassée-Bethune road with complete success. A fighting trench, reserve trenches, and a communication trench of the enemy were blown in. The surviving occupants attempted to escape by flight, but were caught by the fire of our rifles and machine guns.

A surprise attack made over a wide front took the occupants of the trenches by surprise, and they in part sought safety by flight.

On the remainder of the front there were no events of importance.

During the shelling of Lutterbach, in Alsace, by the French on New Year's Day, when the people were leaving church, one girl was killed, and a woman and three children were injured.

This afternoon's War Office statement given out in Paris says:

In the Champagne district, near the highway between Tahure and Somme-Py, a German attack in which hand grenades were used was repulsed.

In the Argonne district, near Fourde-Paris, there was effective firing of our guns against the works of the enemy. The German troops, fleeing from their shelters, were subjected to a concentrated fire of our 75-millimeter guns.

The French official statement for the night of Jan. 2 is as follows:

In Belgium a bombardment by our field artillery and trench mortars against groups of the enemy in the region of the dunes caused heavy damage. Two fires were started, and two munitions depots were blown up.

In the Argonne the fire of our batteries dispersed a body of Germans moving upon the road from Avocourt to Malancourt.

On the heights of the Meuse, in the Forêt des Chevaliers, a heavy cannonade directed against the enemy's trenches caused the destruction of several block houses.

In the afternoon two shells fell in Nancy. The enemy's gun from which they came was immediately taken under our fire.

In the region of Hartmanns-Weilerkopf the enemy carried on a violent bombardment, following which our troops retired along a front of 200 meters on the western side of the ravine to the south of Rehfelsen. The enemy did not attempt any attack with infantry.

The official Belgian statement says that nothing in particular has developed outside of the customary artillery struggles.

DELICIOUS DEERFOOT FARM SAUSAGE
They cost more—try them and see why. Made at the Farm, Southborough, Mass.—Advt.

2 DEAD, 10 MISSING IN SHIP EXPLOSION

Oil Fumes Ignited While Machinists Are Repairing a Tanker in Erie Basin.

STEEL RENT AS CARDBOARD

Structure Beams Twisted Into a Tangle and Heavy Plates Hurled Into the Air.

TWO IN HOSPITAL MAY DIE

Bodies Blown to Other Ships—Vessel, Which Carried Fuel to France, Damaged $200,000.

Thirty men, the crew of the tramp oil tank steamer Aztec Norge, and members of a gang of machinists of the Robins Dry Dock and Repairing Company, were working in the tanks and fire room of the ship yesterday at 1:30 as she lay in dock in Craven Basin, a part of Erie Basin, Brooklyn, when an explosion, supposed to have originated in the fireroom, burst open the sides of the vessel, wrecked a double bulkhead between her fuel and cargo tanks, heaved up her steel deck beams and twisted them into a tangle, sagged her one funnel, and hurled hatches, heavy steel plates and the bodies of men and fragments of bodies to the decks of other vessels in the basin.

Two men are known to be dead, ten others are missing and may be held in the wreckage of the vessel, and seven are in the Holy Family Hospital. Two of those in the hospital are so badly burned that their recovery is doubtful.

The Dead.

DOUGHERTY, JAMES, aged 43, of 87 Coffey Street, Brooklyn, foreman of the crew of machinists.

JACOBSON, OLAF, aged 32, of Christiania, Norway, fireman on the Aztec.

The Injured.

ANGLIN, JOSEPH, aged 20, of 458 Fifty-eighth Street, Brooklyn, machinist's helper; burns, condition critical.

CANTINE, GEORGE, aged 36, of 33 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, machinist's helper; burns.

GOFF, JOHN, aged 20, of Forty-fifth Street and Third Avenue, Brooklyn, machinist's helper; burns and broken leg.

HENRY, DANIEL, aged 21, of 243 Thirteenth Street, Brooklyn, machinist's helper; burns about eyes and head.

MANZELY, or, MARONEY, MATTHEW, aged 20, of 299 Luquer Street, Brooklyn; both legs broken, severely burned; condition critical.

NASS, EDWARD, Christiania, Norway, first officer of the Aztec; burns.

RASMUSSEN, CHARLES, aged 42, Christiania, Norway, cook on the Aztec; burns.

The Missing.

ANDERSON OLAF, Christiania, Norway, donkey engine man on Aztec.

ALVAREZ, R. L., Spain, fireman on the Aztec.

COLLINS, JAMES, (No. 2.) machinist's helper in the shipyard; address unknown to police.

DOMINGO, ——, fireman on the Aztec; first name and nationality unknown to ship's officers.

NELSON, O., (No. 1,) machinist's helper in shipyard; address unknown to the police; police.

SHERMAN, H., machinist's helper in the shipyard; address unknown to the police.

SWANSON, C., machinist's helper in the shipyard; address unknown to the police; may not have been in crew working in ship.

SOUCHY, D., Mexico, fireman on the Aztec.

KRUG, HENRIK, Christiania, Norway, third engineer of the Oztec.

SCHIEBLER, CHRISTIAN, Denmark, fourth engineer of the Aztec.

Carried Oil for France.

The Aztec, leased by the Inter-Ocean Transportation Company of 90 West Street, from A. Blackstead of Christiania, came into port in water ballast, on Dec. 21, after discharging a cargo of oil and gasoline at Bordeaux. She went into dry dock a few days later, and was then moved to Craven Basin, where she was to be cleaned in preparation for another trip to Bordeaux with a cargo from Philadelphia.

Her cargo tank of four compartments, running her full length of 390 feet and her breadth of 53 feet, had been cleared of gas by running live steam through it, and a chemist of the Robins Company, who made an analysis of the air a few hours before the explosion, said it would be safe for the men to go to work on the repairs.

Ten men under George McGregor, an assistant foreman, were clipping rivets on the tanks in the forward part of the ship, and another squad under James Dougherty was making repairs in the fire and engine rooms, near a tank containing twenty-five tons of fuel oil for use under the boilers of the steamer, while a few men were working in what was known as Tank 5 when three of the ship's crew went below. A few minutes later the steamer was torn open.

Gas Pockets Blamed.

None of the men working in the tanks or in the firerooms had acetylene or gasoline burners with them, according to the officials of the dock company and the survivors, and fire was burning only under the boiler of the donkey engine in the afterpart of the vessel. Not a gallon of oil was in the cargo tanks, with their capacity of 2,500 tons, they say, and the only oil aboard was in the fuel tanks of the vessel, together with a few barrels on deck near the cook's galley.

Deputy Fire Chief Worth of the Marine Division of the Fire Department, who fought the fire more than three hours with the fireboats William J. Gaynor and William Boody, reported to Thomas Brophy, Fire Marshal in Brooklyn, that the explosion was caused by vapor from oil the ship had carried, pocketed in the fire and engine rooms. Another explanation was that the three members of the crew who might have gone below to smoke, dropped a match near the tank containing the vessel's fuel oil. Michael Mickelson said he was about to start the donkey engine to transfer the fuel oil from tank No. 2 to tank No. 5, so that the overhaulers could clean that receptacle.

Body Thrown to Another Ship.

The explosion caused confusion in the shipyards, where about 4,000 men were at work. The report was heard in all parts of the Red Hook Point Section, while the burst of flame could be seen from all parts of the shipyard. Clouds of black smoke came from the forward hatches when the fireman, answering

Continued on Page 2.

The Manor, Asheville, N. C. The English Inn of America. Albert Malone, Mgr.—Advt.

Maharajah's $4,000,000 Jewels Lost With Persia

LONDON, Jan. 3.—A Cairo dispatch to The Evening News says that the jewels of the Maharajah of Kapurthala, valued at £800,000 ($4,000,000,) were lost aboard the steamer Persia. The members of the Maharajah's suite were aboard the ship, but the Maharajah himself intended to join his party at Port Said.

The Maharajah was in New York with his wife last Summer. He sailed for England from this port in August, keeping his departure a secret in order, it was said, to avoid the possibility of a German submarine attacking a ship known to be carrying so important a personage.

GREECE WELCOMES PETER OF SERBIA

Government Sends an Address to Him Through the Prefect of Saloniki.

HE WILL CALL ON THE KING

Norwegian Consul Arrested at Saloniki on Charge of Espionage—Greeks and Teutons Also Seized.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—A dispatch to the Havas Agency from Athens says:

"The Greek Government through the Prefect of Saloniki has sent an address of welcome to King Peter of Serbia.

"The newspapers emphasize the influence that the visit of the Serbian King is likely to have on the relations of Greece with the Entente powers. All the newspapers say that the situation between the Entente Allies and Greece is obviously improving."

The Serbian Minister to Greece has left Athens for Saloniki to confer with King Peter.

It is expected in Athens that the Serbian monarch, after an inspection of that part of his army which has succeeded in reaching Saloniki and has been refitted and reorganized there, will go on to Athens for an interview with King Constantine.

Prince Andrew of Greece, brother of the King, and the Princess Andrew, who were at Saloniki when the recent raid by Teutonic aeroplanes was made, have returned to Athens.

A report that German cavalry has been seen just north of the Greek frontier is forwarded in a dispatch to the Havas Agency, filed at Athens yesterday.

NORWEGIAN CONSUL ACCUSED OF SPYING

Arrested at Saloniki With Greeks and Subjects of Powers at War With Allies.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 4.—Reuter's Athens correspondent says that the Norwegian Consul at Saloniki was arrested at the time the Austrian, German, Bulgarian, and Turkish Consuls were taken into custody on the order of the French commander, General Sarrail.

The arrest of the Norwegian official is said to have resulted from the discovery at the Austrian and German Consulates of documents implicating him in connection with espionage. The Greek Government, the message says, has protested against his detention, as well as against the arrest of Greeks suspected of espionage.

The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company sends the following:

"According to a Constntinople telegram the Porte, through the intermediary of the American Embassy, has protested energetically against the arbitrary capture of the Ottoman Consul and Consulate officials at Saloniki. It is stated that in case the steps taken by Greece do not lead to their release the Porte will take reprisals against the subjects of the Entente Powers."

PARIS, Jan. 3.—A Havas dispatch from Athens says that word is received from Saloniki to the effect that all suspected subjects of nations at war with the Entente Allies are being arrested and taken on board a warship after being interrogated.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 3.—A message from Sofia, Bulgaria, states that public opinion has been excited by the arrest of the German, Austro-Hungarian, Turkish, and Bulgarian Consuls at Saloniki by General Sarrail, the French Commander. The Bulgarian Cabinet is said to have decided as a reprisal to arrest all officials remaining in the Legations of Great Britain, France, and Serbia and hold them until the Bulgarian Consul and his staff have been released.

Berlin newspapers received here continue to express indignation over the arrest of the consular representatives at Saloniki.

"The arrests," says the Taglische Rundschau, "form only one more link in the long chain of violations of international law by Great Britain and France, not alone against their enemies but again weak neutral States."

The Vossische Zeitung declares that no justification can be urged for the arbitrary action of the Entente Allies which could be accepted by the Central Powers.

BERLIN, Jan. 3, (by Wireless to Sayville, N. Y.)—"Dispatches from Sofia," says the Overseas News Agency, "say that in protesting against the arrest at Saloniki of the Austrian, German, Bulgarian, and Turkish consuls, the Greek Government called attention to the fact that Greek officers and gendarmes were charged with the guarding of the consulates. Greece contends that any measures against the Central Powers should have been communicated in advance to her."

The Overseas Agency gives out the following as part of the Greek note of protest to the Entente Powers:

"The Greek Government is obliged to protest against the most flagrant and inhuman violation of Greek sovereignty, committed in complete disregard of the traditional habits of right of asylum and of the most elementary traditional courtesy."

In his dispatch telling of the arrest of the French Vice Consul at Sofia,

Continued on Page 2.

PRE-EMINENTLY THE FLORIDA ROUTE
ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
"N. Y. & Florida Special," 2:12 P. M. 3 other All Steel Ltd. Trains Daily. 1198 B'way.—Advt.

STEAMSHIP GEELONG LOST

Vessel on London-Sydney Route Is Sunk "Near the Mediterranean."

TEN MISSING ON GLENGYLE

Big New Glen Line Steamer, Japanese Freighter, and British Service Ship Also Lost.

MORE SAVED FROM PERSIA

Lord Montagu and Ten Other Survivors of the Liner Have Reached Malta.

Lord Montagu and 10 Others From the Persia Are Landed

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Peninsular & Oriental Steamship Company has received a dispatch from Malta saying that eleven more survivors of the steamer Persia have been landed, including Lord Montagu. Consul R. N. McNeely was not among them. The Peninsular & Oriental Company says the survivors consist of three English, one Italian, and seven Lascars.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 4.—Four more steamships have fallen victims to the submarine warfare of the Teutonic Powers.

One of these is the liner Geelong of the Peninsular and Oriental line. Her loss is briefly announced this morning in The Times, which says she was sunk "near the Mediterranean." Presumably this means that she was attacked in the neighborhood of the Straits of Gibraltar, as her sailing route was from London to Australia, via Cape Town. Her gross tonnage was 7,951, or only a little less than that of the Persia. All on board the vessel were saved.

The other three vessels, the loss of which was made known yesterday, were the British steamship Glengyle of the Glen Line, the British steamer St. Ostwald, and the Japanese freighter Kenkoku Maru. The Glengyle and the Kenkoku Maru are known to have been torpedoed in the Mediterranean, and so presumably was the other.

The Glengyle, which was homeward bound from Shanghai, was sent to the bottom on Sunday while on her second voyage. She had on board about 120 persons, passengers and crew. All with the exception of three Europeans and seven Chinese were landed. So far as is known no Americans were on board.

The Glengyle carried a valuable cargo of 14,000 tons. The steamer was valued at £225,000.

The St Oswald, about which only the bare fact of the sinking is given, was in the service of the British Government.

TOKIO, Jan. 3.—The owner of the Japanese freighter, Kenkoku Maru, has been advised that the vessel was sunk by a German submarine in the Mediterranean on Dec. 29. The members of the crew were landed at Cannes.

The Kenkoku Maru was under charter by a foreigner. She was loaded with hemp at Manila and sailed on Nov. 3 for Italy and England.

The Geelong belonged to what is known in British maritime circles as Lund's Blue Ancnor Line, a branch of the P. & O. She was a twin screw steamer, built at Glasgow in 1904. She was 480 feet long and had a beam of fifty-four feet and a depth of hold of twenty-six feet, nine inches. She was commanded by Captain R. Bidwell.

The Glengyle was one of the largest steamships which have been sunk since the activity of submarines in the Mediterranean became pronounced. Her gross tonnage was 9,395. She was owned by the Glen Line of Glasgow, being the largest steamship of that line.

The Glengyle was built at Newcastle in 1914. She was 500 feet long and had a beam of 62 feet, and a depth of 34 feet. Her master was Captain Webster. She sailed Nov. 25 from Shanghai for London, and was last reported at Singapore on Dec. 8.

The St. Oswald's movements have not been reported since Oct. 13, when she arrived at Muuros Island from Alexandria. She was 361 feet long, and her gross tonnage was 3,810. She was built in 1905 and owned by the British and Foreign Steamship Company of Liverpool.

The Kenkoku Maru was a twenty-two-year-old vessel of a gross tonnage of 3,217. She was built at Glasgow.

PERSIA DEATH LIST STILL EXCEEDS 200

McNeely Is the Only American Lost—Rose Left Vessel at Gibraltar.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The loss of life in connection with the sinking of the British steamship Persia, torpedoed in the

Continued on Page 2.

SEABOARD FLORIDA LTD., 2:16 P. M. from Penna. Station. Quickest, finest train South via shortest, most attractive route. Seaboard Air Line Ry., 1184 Broadway.—Advt.

Lansing Cables Penfield to Ask Vienna If an Austrian Submarine Sank the Persia

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Secretary Lansing today instructed Ambassador Penfield at Vienna to make informal inquiries which might lead to the establishment of the identity of the submarine which sank the Persia, or the receipt of information concerning the circumstances of the attack. The Secretary acted upon an indication received from an undisclosed source that no submarines of other than Austrian nationality were known to be operating near the point where the Persia went down.

No specific instructions were given to Ambassador Penfield. He is expected to proceed as he thinks best, and to forward any information obtainable. Officials here are not finally convinced that a submarine was responsible for the sinking of the Persia, and still see a remote possibility that the vessel might have struck a floating mine which had drifted to that part of the sea from some adjacent field of operations.

SUGGESTS STEPS TO STOP 'PIRACY'

Paris Temps Says Retreat of the "Corsairs" Must Be Cut Off.

ISLANDS MUST BE SEIZED

And Neutrals Must Not Complain—London Sees Austria Mocking Us—Rome Aroused.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—"It is only by destroying the retreat of the corsairs and the possibility of their receiving supplies and breaking down their information organization that naval banditism can be ended," says the Temps in discussing the torpedoing of vessels by enemy forces. "The occupation of Castelorizo is the first step in this direction. All means for clearing the Mediterranean of pirates must be taken without hesitation as to islands the international status of which has not been definitely fixed, and measures of surveillance must be imposed.

"The enemy cannot invoke laws which it systematically violates, and neutrals who allow pirates to remain in their waters need not be surprised if we enter to seek to destroy the shipwreckers. Their sovereignty cannot be offended by acts of public salubrity, by which sailors and passengers of all nations will benefit."

"Germany's war on inoffensive passengers continues, despite the protests of the United States and the injunctions of the Cabinet at Washington," says the Temps. "Notes continue to accumulate without result, and the Austro-eGrmans go on with drownings and assassinations. There is, however, a limit to the a limit to the patience of the American Government.

"Public sentiment in the United States is in favor of the Allies and its sincerity is indicated by the immense amount of supplies sent to the Belgians, to the invaded regions of France and to the Serbians. American charity gives unceasingly enormous sums.

"To this active sympathy there is added growing anger against the authors of so many misdeeds. The destruction of the Persia without warning will complete this indignation."

SEE MOCKERY OF AMERICA.

London Editors Contend Persia Disaster Shows Teutonic Humbug.

LONDON, Jan. 4. — Discussing the sinking of the Persia, the Westminster Gazette says:

"If the German or Austrian Naval Departments had so timed and continued their action with the deliberate intention of reducing their respective Foreign Offices to absurdity and prove by one satiric and tragic touch that the 'punishnig' of their ship men and the explanations offered to the American Government were but a contemptuous flummery they could scarcely have done better.

"In the German philosophy of war no assurance is binding if military or naval necessities require that it be violated. The German war lords apparently take cynical pleasure in apologizing to the American Government one day and proving to their own people the next day that the apology was a humbug."

The Pall Mall Gazette says:

"The mockery of President Wilson's protest and the derision of the amends offered could scarcely have taken a more wanton or insulting shape. The Austrian Government has offered to pay for the American lives sacrificed by its former outrage, and will doubtless tender the same recompense for the American Consul drowned on the Persia.

"Berlin and Vienna, we dare say, are quite prepared to work upon a commercial tariff in their slaughter of American citizens so long as Washington is content to put a price upon them. It is for the American people to decide whether their national prestige and dignity can be assuaged upon this commercial basis."

MAY LEAVE IRELAND OUT.

Compulsory Service Bill Won't Apply to Her, It Is Now Said.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 4.—The Daily Chronicle's Parliamentary correspondent says that Ireland will not be included in the scope of the compulsory military service bill.

Sir John A. Simon, the Home Secretary, will make a statement tomorrow explaining his reasons for retirement. No other Ministerial resignations are expected.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER.
50c. the case of six glass-stoppered bottles.—Advt.

JAPAN TO GUARD THE SUEZ ROUTE

Three Armored Cruisers Are Reported Under Orders to Sail for Canal.

TO PROTECT HER SHIPPING

Japan Has Lost Two Ships in the Teutonic Submarine Campaign in the Mediterranean.

TOKIO, Jan. 3.—Announcement is made by the Jiji Shimpo that a squadron of Japanese warships will sail for the Suez Canal, presumably to protect Japanese shipping.

It is said that the armored cruisers Kasuga, Tokiwa, and Chitose have been assigned for this service.

The reported decision of the Japanese Government to send a squadron to the Suez Canal follows the sinking of two Japanese steamships in the Mediterranean. The passenger liner Yasaka Maru was torpedoed off Port Said on Dec. 21. The freighter Kankoku Maru was sunk by a submarine on Dec. 29. Those on board both vessels were rescued.

The Japanese Mail Steamship Company, which controls the bulk of Japanese shipping, has abandoned the Suez route.

After the fall, in November, 1914, of the German leasehold of Kiao-Chau to Japan and her renewal to Germany's lease with China for ninety-nine years, there was much talk as to whether Japan would take part in the war in the West. Japan has constantly stated that such action depended upon her allies. Great Britain and Russia are known to be opposed to Japan sending troops as concentrated bodies under the Japanese flag. France looks with favor on Japan's intervention in the West, and so does Italy.

There have been exchanged between Rome and Paris several notes on the subject, and there is, in the archives of both War Offices, a carefully drawn-up plan as to where 150,000 men—no less a body has been contemplated—would be most effective in Europe.

Japan is bound by the terms of her alliance with England, but not otherwise, to participate, if required, and the Japanese press has shown for over a year that the move would be most popular in Japan.

ADMIRALTY TO CALL LINERS FROM HERE

Wholesale Requisitioning for Food Ships Expected to Affect the Two Americas' Trade.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The Government is taking stringent measures to see that the prevailing shortage of ships shall not interfere with the shipment of food and other necessities to ports in the United Kingdom.

Vessels are being requisitioned right and left for the shipment of wheat from the Americas, and in shipping circles it is reported that the Admiralty intends to call in the British ships that are now trading between foreign ports. The latter measure is expected particularly to affect British ships trading between South America and the United States.

Shippers here predict that such action would have a disastrous effect on this trade.

Ship owners in England who are neutral shippers regard the new-born energy of the Government with misgivings, as requisitioned wheat ships are receiving only 13 shillings, compared with the normal rate of 17 shillings. The first hint a vessel receives that it is to be requisitioned, is a telegram from the Admiralty toward the free end of its voyage. The owners then receive a letter from the Transport Department of the Admiralty.

The last sentence of the letter to owners reads: "The committee rely confidently upon the good will of ship owners generally and their co-operation in arranging for the supply of such additional tonnage as the national requirements may necessitate from time to time in the trade now in question, or in any other for which similar action may be required."

The sentence is considered as significant corroboration of news already received by charterers that the Government intends to make full use of its undoubted power to control completely the British mercantile marine. The assertion of such power means the inevitable injury of foreign traders who depend largely on British ships for the carrying of goods.

SEE COTTON FOR BODIES.
L. M. COTTON OF BOSTON,
Amesbury-built Auto Bodies, at Hassler Shock Absorber Booth, Auto Show.—Advt.

VIGOROUS ACTION PLANNED

Likely to Ask Teutons, Bulgars and Turks for U-Boat Guarantees.

GUN ON PERSIA IMPORTANT

Government May Modify Policy and Hold Armed Ships Not Immune from Attack.

LUSITANIA NOT AFFECTED

Germany Abandoned Contention She Had Armament—Yasaka Maru Case Cleared Up.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—President Wilson is hastening back to Washington on a special train from Hot Springs, Va., cutting short his honeymoon by a day, to take personal charge of the new international crisis developed by the torpedoing of the Persia without warning. He will arrive here at 7 o'clock tomorrow morning. There will be a Cabinet meeting tomorrow, at which the entire situation will be canvassed on the basis of the latest official information in the possession of Secretary Lansing. The announcement that the President would return tomorrow morning followed a conference held over the long-distance telephone by the President with Secretary Lansing and Private Secretary Joseph P. Tumulty.

The attack on the Persia, made as it was on the day following the delivery of Foreign Minister Burian's note to Ambassador Penfield at Vienna, dealing with the Ancona case, will be utilized by President Wilson as the basis of a serious effort to clarify the submarine question. Tentative consideration is being given by President Wilson and Secretary Lansing to the dispatch of identical notes to Germany, Austria, Turkey, and Bulgaria, dealing with the latest aspects of the submarine campaign in the Mediterranean in an effort to arrive at a definite understanding concerning the manner in which attacks on merchant ships will be conducted, with a view to obtaining guarantees as to the circumstances and conditions under which merchant vessels will be free from attack until human lives have been saved.

Secretary Lansing announced that the department this morning received a message from Olney Arnold, American Consul General at Cairo, Egypt, as follows:

Cairo, Jan. 2, 1916.

P. and O. steamer Persia torpedoed forty miles southeast of Crete Thursday, 1:50 P. M., without warning. Nationality submarine unknown, as not visible. Sank in five minutes. About 350 passengers and crew, including many women and children. About 150 saved. Survivors picked up after thirty hours by British destroyer Mallard. Reported that American Consul, proceeding to post at Aden, lost. Details given me by High Commissioner, whose military secretary, Higham, is survivor. Can obtain affidavit if desired.

ARNOLD.

Proceding With Deliberation.

The acute situation caused by the sinking of the Persia without warning, while occasioning sincere concern among officials, is being approached by President Wilson and Secretary Lansing with great deliberation. Appreciating the gravity of the points involved, vigorous effort is being made to ascertain the exact facts. Not only has Consul Garrels at Alexandria been instructed to forward affidavits of survivors of the Persia, but instruction cabled today to Ambassador Penfield at Vienna to make inquiries at the Austro-Hungarian Foreign Office to ascertain whether the attack was made by an Austrian submarine, and, if so, under what circumstances, had the same purpose.

Mr. Lansing was asked today what the attitude of the State Department would be if investigation developed that Austrian submarines in the Mediterranean were commanded by German naval officers. The Secretary said the department was inclined to let the nationality of the vessel itself determine the responsibility, taking the view that a submarine flying the Austrian flag would be considered as responsible to the Austrian Government by whomsoever commanded.

Secretary Lansing and other high officials are keeping their minds open and awaiting facts before committing themselves to a line of policy. The members of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations will be taken into the confidence of the Administration on the subject. Senator William J. Stone of Missouri, Chairman of that committee, called at the State Department today and conferred with Secretary Lansing. Tomorrow Senator Stone will confer with President Wilson at the White House, and as a result the Democratic leaders of the Senate will be put into close touch with the views of the Administration.

Baron Erich Zwiedinek, the Charge d'Affaires of the Austro-Hungarian Embassy, was also in conference with Secretary Lansing this afternoon. He sought information. On this visit Baron Zwiedinek asserted that he was confident that if the attack was made by an Austrian submarine the Vienna Govern-

ment would either furnish a satisfactory explanation for the attack or punish the commander if a mistake was made in the attack on the Persia. In Teutonic circles here stress is placed upon the statement that the Persia was armed with a 4.7-inch gun.

Secretary Lansing today made public the official text of the telegram that came yesterday from Consul Garrels, which stated that the Persia carried a 4.7-inch gun. A paraphrase of this message was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES this morning. The message from the Consul read:

Alexandria, dated Jan. 1, 1916.

P. and O. liner Persia, carrying 4.7 gun, sunk five minutes past 1, afternoon Dec. 30, about 300 miles northwest Alexandria. Presumably torpedo; no submarine was seen, Second Officer Bromley seeing torpedo track. Vessel sunk in about five minutes. Two American citizens aboard, Charles H. Grant, manager Vacuum Oil Company, Calcutta, is safe Alexandria. Robert Ney McNeely, assigned Consul of the United States at Aden, most probably lost. Of a total 400 passengers and crew, 155 landed at Alexandria Jan. 1. McNeely last seen in water. In view of the fact sunken vessel being armed, does the department desire the affidavits?

GARRELS, Consul.

May Mean a New Policy.

The fact developed today that the attack on the Persia might lead to the abandonment by the United States Government of its implied insistence that merchant vessels, armed for defense only, are immune from submarine attack without warning. The statement published in THE TIMES that the Persia was armed with a 4.7-inch gun, caused discussion in official, diplomatic, and Congressional circles, and led to many inquiries at the State Department as to the attitude of this Government toward the arming of merchant steamers, it was plainly intimated that developments in the Teutonic submarine campaign culminating in the loss of the Persia might be regarded as presenting valid reasons for a decision by this Government that merchant vessels must be regarded as forfeiting immunity from attack by submarines if armed with mounted guns of any calibre.

After the publication by THE TIMES today of the fact that the Persia was so armed Count V. Macchi di Cellere, the Italian Ambassador, called on Secretary Lansing and made inquiries regarding the attitude of the United States Government toward submarine attacks on armed merchant vessels. The Secretary of State and the Ambassador did not disclose the details of their conversation, but it is understood that Secretary Lansing indicated that this Government was not prepared today to state definitely its attitude toward the arming of merchant vessels, although it had this phase of the matter under serious consideration.

In the opinion of officials the most important development in the Persia case is the disclosure that the steamer was armed with a 4.7-inch gun. This is considered especially important in view of the fact that serious consideration is being given to the question whether the rule should not be established that merchant ships, to claim immunity from submarine attack, must not carry mounted guns. It was pointed out in official circles today that the only use to which such guns could be put nowadays by a merchant vessel would be in attacking submarines, or repelling submarine attack. There are no pirates, as in olden times, against which such weapons could be used by merchant vessels on the main steamer routes. Nor are there any German warships on the seas against which they could be used, other than submarines.

The presence of a gun, it is being argued, may be considered as prima facie evidence that the gun is intended for use against submarines, or else the carrying of mounted guns by a merchant vessel, even under the plea of self-defense, is a useless and superfluous act as well as foolish, for it is considered as inviting submarine attack. A vessel carrying such mounted guns under the plea that they are for use against submarines is regarded by certain high officials as laying the vessel open to the claim that the gun is intended for use against submarines only, despite the fact that vessels that offer resistance to submarines admittedly lose immunity from attack.

The Hague Convention provides that a merchant ship may carry a gun mounted on the stern for purposes of defense without being considered an armed ship. The opinion is held in some quarters here that the question of where the gun was mounted on the Persia is important. If mounted forward, officials realize, the Austrian Government could contend that the Persia was armed for the destruction of submarines. If mounted astern its obvious purpose would be that of defense.

A Lusitania Concession.

Whatever the decision of the United States with respect to the question whether armed merchant ships are immune from submarine attack—and this may be the pivotal issue in the Persia case—a decision by this Government that merchant vessels cannot go armed and expect to be free from attack will not complicate the settlement of the Lusitania case. The important fact was developed today that Germany had abandoned the contention that the Lusitania was armed, having been unable to present evidence that the Lusitania carried mounted guns. A high official of the State Department said today that no evidence had been produced to show that the Lusitania was armed and that Germany did not now make that contention.

It was authoritatively explained in high official circles here today that there had been no change in the rules governing the arming of merchant vessels leaving American ports, and no change in this Government's attitude as set forth in the correspondence between the State Department and the British and French Governments relative to the arming of merchant vessels. At that time Count von Bernstorff, the German Ambassador, suggested that the British vessels which came to this country with large guns aboard should be interned. Among these vessels was the Adriatic. At that time the United States took the position that merchant vessels might arm for defensive purposes only, and the State Department sent to Count von Bernstorff a statement of the rules governing the American attitude as to what arms were allowable to be carried for self-defense. Germany dissented from that view, and argued that guns when so mounted might be used to resist capture, and contended that vessels so armed were entitled to no immunity from attack without warning.

In a subsequent communication to the German Government, sent on Nov. 7, 1914, Secretary Lansing, while frankly admitting that under international law a merchant vessel had a right to carry defensive armament, the United States Government nevertheless recognized the desirability of avoiding a ground of complaint. As soon as a case arose the United States Government expressed its disapprobation of the practice of merchant ships leaving American ports armed, and as a result no merchant vessels have entered or cleared American ports with armaments since Sept. 10, 1914.

The rules laid down by the State Department were promulgated prior to the opening of the German submarine warfare on merchant vessels. In high official circles today it was admitted that the introduction of U-boat attacks on merchant vessels had created entirely new conditions, and that because of these changed conditions it was now questionable whether the rules permitting armament of merchant vessels should not be abrogated.

Attention was directed to the fact that the dispatch from Consul Garrels contained this request for instructions: "In view of the fact sunken vessels being armed, does the department desire the affidavits?" This sentence indicated the important bearing of the presence of a 4.7-inch gun on the Persia is likely to have on the diplomatic question involved. Instructions were sent to Consul Garrels to obtain the affidavits of passengers; the department wants the facts regardless of their relation to the question of armament.

Vulnerability of Submarines.

Ordnance experts of the navy today made it plain that a 4.7-inch gun might be used with telling effect against a submarine. It was recalled that the 4-inch guns on the German cruiser Emden proved destructive at a range of 20,000 yards, or approximately twelve miles, and it was pointed out that the United States Navy recently perfected a 4-inch gun effective at 22,000 yards. Even a 3-inch gun, it was said by the experts, could fire a shell that would prove effective against a submarine at the distance of a mile.

The latest type of United States naval 4-inch gun is capable of penetrating 1.8 inches of hardened steel armor at 12,000 yards, while the latest model of United States naval 5-inch gun is able to penetrate 2.3 inches of hardened armor at that range. This gun would easily penetrate a submarine's skin within a range of six or seven miles.

The situation with respect to the attack last week by a submarine on the Japanese liner Yasaka Maru has been somewhat cleared, so far as the United States is concerned, by the development that no person was on board who properly could lay claim to American citizenship. On Dec. 27 the State Department received a message from Edward Lyell Bristow, American Consul at Port Said, Egypt, saying the Yasaka Maru was sunk without warning, but that no lives were lost, and that among the 120 passengers, who took to the lifeboats and were rescued, was W. J. Leigh, "an American." Instructions were sent to Consul Garrels at Alexandria to interview Leigh and ascertain whether he claimed American citizenship. Leigh, it develops, was born of American parents in China, but never established or laid claim to American citizenship. Today Secretary Lansing received this cablegram from Consul Garrels:

Alexandria, dated Jan. 1, 1916.

Secretary of State, Washington:

The affidavits of officers, crew, and passengers of the Yasaka Maru have been received here. Will be forwarded by next mail. The person who, it was stated, was the only American aboard says: "Although born of American parentage, my claim to American citizenship has not been substantiated. I intend to do so on arrival at Shanghai."

GARRELS, Consul.

The report reaching Washington unofficially late tonight that another Peninsula & Oriental liner, the Geelong, had been sunk "near the Mediterranean" naturally added to the tension, but no official comment on the new development could be obtained at that hour.

PRESIDENT STARTS BACK.

Gets Special Train and Is Due in Washington This Morning.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Jan. 3.—After a honeymoon of sixteen days at Hot Springs, President and Mrs. Wilson returned to Washington tonight. Their intention had been to remain until Wednesday or Thursday, but the President changed his plans this morning on hearing of the sinking of the Glengyle.

When the President made up his mind to leave today it was not known that any private car would be available, and he instructed his stenographer, Charles Swem, to engage a Pullman, and if that could not be secured to reserve compartments for himself and Mrs. Wilson on the Hot Springs car of the regular train leaving here at 8:45. In the meantime the morning train arrived from New York bringing the private car Colonial, on which were W. Earl Dodge and Joseph Harriman of New York. Both genetlemen are to remain for a fortnight, and Mr. Dodge offered to release his car for the use of the President. A second Pullman was attached at Covington on the main line of the C. & O. Railroad for the use of the five or six Secret Service guards and as many newspaper men who accompanied the chief executive and his bride here sixteen days ago. The two cars made a second section of the regular evening train, following the first section and leaving here at 9:15, and due to arrive in Washington at 7:15 in the morning.

Before his departure the President came to the office of the Homestead and registered for himself and Mrs. Wilson. The register and the new silver pen which he used have been put away in one of the safes of the hotel.

Five minutes before the train left the President shook hands with a little group, among whom were J. H. McCullough and McLain Harriman, the small son of Joseph Harriman of New York.

The President's hurried departure made it difficult for all those who were leaving Hot Springs tonight to obtain reservations, and ex-Assemblyman Charles Harwood of Brooklyn, and his bride were invited to occupy a compartment on the President's train. Mrs. Harwood wore on her coat a spray of mistletoe broken from the branch under which the President and Mrs. Wilson were married in the Galt home, which had been given her by one of the guests at the wedding.

PERSIA'S GUN NOT DOUBTED.

London Admits 4.7-Inch Weapon Was Carried Astern for Defense.

LONDON, Jan. 3.—The management of the Peninsular & Oriental Steamship Company say they have authorized no statement regarding a gun on board the steamer Persia.

There is, however, no reason to doubt that the vessel carried one 4.7-inch gun astern for defensive purposes.

IGNORE AUSTRIA'S THRUST.

Washington Will Not Reply to Munitions Allusion in Note.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The United States Government has decided to ignore the implied suggestion in the recent note received from Austria-Hungary with reference to the Ancona case that the United States had been guilty of inhumanity in permitting the shipment of Munitions of war to the Entente Allies. This was learned authoritatively this evening. The Government regards the Ancona affair as a closed incident, and, in its satisfaction over the Austrian compliance with the American demands, is content to take no cognizance of a virtual accusation that might in other circumstances have been deeply resented.

NAMED NEY FOR MARSHAL.

McNeely's Father Believed His Teacher Was Napoleon's General.

Special to The New York Times.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 3.—Peter Stuart Ney, believed by many North Carolinians to have been the Ney who was a Marshal under Napoleon, taught school ten miles north of Salisbury in Rowan County, N. C., in the last century. He was a popular teacher, and had a large number of fine young men in his school. Among these was Robert McNeely, father of Consul McNeely, who is supposed to have been lost on the British liner Persia. McNeely was a great admirer of his instructor.

Now and then Ney would go on a spree that would last weeks, and McNeely would stay with him and bring him back to normal condition. During these sprees Ney would talk of Napoleon and tell such personal stories of his relations with the Emperor that McNeely came to believe beyond doubt that Ney was the former Marshal of France.

Once Pierre Duval, a soldier under Napoleon, who lived at Logans Store, in Rutherford County, N. C., came to see Ney. He had fought under the Marshal and lost a leg at Waterloo. When he saw Ney he fell at his feet and addressed him as Marshal and Sire in French, while tears streamed down his face. On returning to Rutherford County, he told his friends that the school teacher was certainly the Marshal.

McNeely was at the home of Ney when Duval was there, and what he saw convinced him still further that his old teacher was the Ney said to have been shot after the fall of Napoleon. McNeely was with Ney in his last illness, and Ney requested that if he ever had a son, he would name him Ney. This promise was carried out when the first McNeely boy was called Robert Ney McNeely.

COL. HARVEY FOR ACTION.

Thinks Central Powers Are Playing Fast and Loose with United States.

Colonel George Harvey, who recently returned from a study of the war in Europe, said yesterday that the only course left for the United States, if it was proved that the Persia was torpedoed by a submarine, was to sever immediately diplomatic relations with the nation responsible for the loss of the vessel. He added that the same course should be adopted in the case of the Glengyle, and expressed the opinion that Austria and Germany were "playing fast and loose" with this country.

"The submarine activity in the Mediterranean," he said, "is humiliating in themselves as bound by their repeated assertions in notes to us. In spite of them, they continue to play fast and loose with us, and if they place the blame for this latest atrocity on a Turkish submarine, can we be expected to commence writing notes to Turkey?

"I don't believe that it was an Austrian submarine that sank the Ancona. The responsibility was put on Austria by Germany, as that country's name was too black here already, when her submarine activities were considered. I have been informed by a British naval expert that he had proof that the submarine that sank the Ancona was of a size greater than any possessed by Austria, although, following the recent course of events, we can expect that this latest atrocity will be laid at the door of Turkey.

"England has expected for some time that the scene of submarine depredations would be shifted to the Mediterranean, the extreme to this country. It is clear that Germany and Austria do not regard as those in the North Sea had proved too costly, and, in fact, the submarines were unable to operate at all there, owing to the steel nets and destroyers. I have information from an official English source that seventy German submarines have been destroyed or captured, but this has been kept from the public. I do not know why, except that the British Government does not want it known that the Germans had so many submarines.

"The policy of both Germany and Austria has been one of fast and loose from the very beginning. Now, there is just one think for this country to do. We have to establish the fact as to the nationality of the submarine or submarines responsible for these recent losses, and then break diplomatic intercourse at once. There should be no delay, and it should be for Germany or Austria to decide whether this break in relations would mean war."

FLEETS HUNTING U-BOATS.

Stringent Instructions Issued to Allied Ships in Mediterranean.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 3.—Instructions of the most energetic character have been sent to the British, French, and Italian fleets in the Mediterranean to hunt down the enemy's submarines and render them as harmless as they have been of late in the North Sea.

AMERICAN'S FIANCEE MISSING.

Dr. Lillian Cook, Scotch, Was Engaged to a Kalamazoo Clergyman.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., Jan. 3.—Dr. Lillian Cook, a medical missionary, fiancée of the Rev. John W. Warnshuis of Kalamazoo, was a passenger on the steamer Persia, and Mr. Warnshuis fears she was drowned.

Miss Cook, whose home is in Scotland, was on her way to Bombay. She had cabled Mr. Warnshuis that she would advise him of her arrival in India. No word has been received from her since the steamer was lost.

Dr. Cook and Mr. Warnshuis became acquainted when they were in mission work in India.

McNeely Was Engaged to Wed.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST LIBERTY, Iowa, Jan. 3.—Robert N. McNeely, United States Consul, who lost his life in the Persia, was engaged to marry Miss Wilma Whitacre of West Liberty. They had planned to be married and go to Aden together, but decided to put off the ceremony until next Spring. Miss Whitacre was graduated from Northwestern University in Evanston, Ill., in 1914, and is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Whitacre.

FOUR SISTERS DECORATED.

French Regiment Pays Military Honors as They Get Their Crosses.

VERTUS, France, Jan. 3. — Four young sisters have been decorated with the Cross of War in the presence of a regiment of artillery. They were cited in an order of the day of the —— Division in the following terms:

"Marie, Hélène, Camille, and Madeleine Vatel, at the peril of life in a region occupied by the Germans, patriotically revictualed in the thick of the woods from the 8th to the 12th of September, 1914, seven French soldiers who were then surrounded by the enemy at Fère Champenoise, and who, thanks to their care, were able to find their regiment after the German retreat."

The order was read to the sisters, and the medals pinned on them, after which the regiment filed past them, the crowd applauding the girls.

FOUR MORE SHIPS SUNK BY U-BOATS

Continued on Page 2.

Eastern Mediterranean Thursday afternoon, is still a matter of doubt.

Latest advices from Cairo and Alexandria indicated that 158 survivors have been landed there, of whom fifty-nine were passengers.

No further word has been received concerning Robert N. McNeely, American Consul at Aden, and there seems to be little doubt that he was drowned. The safety of Charles Grant of Boston has been established, and as a Gibraltar dispatch says Edward Rose, the Denver lad who was a passenger, left the Persia when she put in at Gibraltar, the Consul is evidently the only American lost.

It is still impossible to give even with approximate accuracy the loss of life, as the number of persons on board has not been established. The passengers numbered something more than 200, and there were between 200 and 300 members of the crew, so that apparently the death list will run largely in excess of 200.

Such fragmentary accounts of the disaster as have been obtained from survivors furnish little new information concerning the circumstances of the sinking. All agree, however, that the Persia sank with extraordinary rapidity, within about five minutes of the time she was struck, affording small opportunity for rescue work. None of the survivors who have thus far reported their experiences saw any sign of a submarine.

The extent to which popular feeling has been aroused in the allied nations by the sinking of the Persia is indicated by the unrestrained tone of press comment.

There is much speculation as to the possible influence of this event on the negotiations which are in progress between the United States and Austria.

The possibility of British liners which are using the Mediterranean changing their route, as the Dutch and Japanese steamships already have done, is being discussed in the press, but it is pointed out that British mail boats are in a different position. They are under contract with the Government to carry mails by specified routes and could not change without consent of the Government.

SINKINGS BELIE PROMISES.

So Say Italian Newspapers, Denouncing the Attitude on Persia.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

ROME, Jan. 3.—All the newspapers have articles denouncing the sinking of the Persia.

The Idea Nazionale says that the Central Powers wished to close the year 1915 with another 300 victims, "sacrificed with inhuman brutality." It makes derisive remarks about the statements of Count von Bernstorff and the notes of President Wilson, saying that "every time a note is sent the Austro-Germans seem to undertake to give a tragic denial to the futile assurances exchanged between the Governments."

ROME, Jan. 2.—The sinking of the Persia has made a profound impression in Italy, which is reflected in the press.

"This new crime is a grievous offense against civilization," says the Giornale d'Italia, "especially as it comes almost at the time of the Austrian note to America, with its profession of humanitarian principles."

The Tribuna recalls the fact that during the negotiations with the United States concerning the Lusitania, Germans sank the Arabic, just as now, with the Austro-American exchanges over the Ancona in progress, the Persia has been destroyed.

ALLOWS FORD PARTY TO CROSS GERMANY

Berlin Permits Non-Stop Trip to The Hague and Pilgrims Will Start Friday.

CARS WILL BE KEPT LOCKED

Expedition to Disband on Jan. 12 in Netherlands Capital—Ford Returns to Detroit.

From a Staff Correspondent.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COPENHAGEN, Denmark, Jan. 3.—The Ford peace party will leave Friday for The Hague by special train through Germany. This favor probably was obtained through the Danish Foreign Minister, whose intercession for the party was obtained by Mayor Lindhagen of Stockholm yesterday afternoon, and was necessitated by the reluctance of the delegates to cross the mine fields. Judge Benjamin B. Lindsey, Mrs. Joseph Fels, and B. W. Huebsch were especially apprehensive.

It is understood that Mrs. Fels and Judge Lindsey have been selected as delegates for the neutral conference. Henry Ford also will be asked to serve, and probably will refuse on account of his new tractor scheme.

Mayor Lindhagen's assistance was particularly disinterested, since otherwise the party would probably have returned to Stockholm.

One of the most prominent of Danish feminists asserts that the presence of Mme. Rozika Schwimmer, a Hungarian, has been the greatest hindrance to any success in Denmark, and that a radiogram was sent to Mme. Schwimmer in mid-ocean by Danish pacifists, urging her not to come, but it was useless. The feminist leader also asserted that Mme. Schwimmer had used all the doctrines and documents of the International Peace Council of Women, but had ignored the Danish leaders since coming here; consequently, there was only the most lukewarm support by the women pacifists in Denmark. Danish feeling was declared by this leader to be that the end of the war should be determined by the belligerents.

"It is unfortunate that the peace expedition has not been conducted in a more European manner," she said. "There has been too much haste."

Students have been much out of sympathy with the party of late, but have been appeased by assignment of messenger work for them, and now it is declared that all the students will accompany the expedition to the end.

The delegates today are amusing themselves by visits to the crown jewels and the museums, and by holding meetings on "Single Tax and Peace."

Doctor Frederick Cook, the Arctic traveler, was initiated by the newspaper men and students into the Order of Vacillating Sons and Sisters of Saint Vitus.

Continued from Page 1.

To Leave Copenhagen Friday.

COPENHAGEN, Jan. 3, (via London) —The German Government has granted to the Ford peace expedition permission to travel to The Hague through Germany by special train. The party will leave Copenhagen next Friday.

The final arrangements for the trip were made through the German Consul in Copenhagen, who, after consultation with Berlin, announced that his Government was willing for the mission to proceed through German territory. This privilege was granted despite the refusal of the American State Department to extend the passports of the members of the party to cover a belligerent country.

The conditions under which the Americans will travel are strict. Their train will be sealed, every one being locked within. No one will be permitted to touch German soil during the journey. The members of the mission will not be permitted to carry written, printed, or typewritten papers. The concealment of any paper, even of an innocent character, will result in complications for the entire party. Other things that the party must abandon before reaching German territory are cameras, postcards, opera glasses, and gold coin. Most of the baggage of the expedition will be shipped back to the United States from Copenhagen.

It is announced that the expedition will disband at The Hague on Jan. 12, most of the members returning home from Rotterdam on that day. This announcements it is explained, means only that those who are not designated for places on the permanent peace board will depart.

HEAR FORD RUES PEACE TRIP.

Detroit Friend Reports He Prefers Twenty-five Years' Work.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 3.—Mayor Marx and leading Detroit citizens, who have been contemplating plans for a record-breaking homecoming demonstration in honor of Henry Ford, were puzzled today by conflicting reports about his health. Mr. Ford's secretary, Ernest G. Liebold, telephoned from New York that his chief was in good health, but a direct report reached the Mayor that Mr Ford was ill. Mr. Ford is quoted by friends here as saying:

"I would sooner work at my desk for the next twenty-five years without a vacation than go through this thing again."

FORD STARTS FOR DETROIT.

Party Criticism Aimed at Officials and Choosers of Rulers.

Henry Ford left New York for his home in Detroit at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, after granting another interview in which he reiterated his statement that he would continue his fight for universal peace, despite the reports about his returning from Europe discouraged by the treatment of his peace expedition there.

To travel "in peace," Mr. Ford engaged a compartment car and special dining car for his party of eight, which comprised himself, Mrs. Ford, their son Edsel, Dean Samuel Marquis and Mrs. Marquis, W. A. Livingston, President of the Dime Savings Bank of Detroit, and two secretaries. The party boarded the train half an hour before leaving time, after Mr. Ford had completed a four-hour visit to the automobile show at the Grand Central Palace. He inspected every exhibit there.

The interview given by Mr. Ford at the Waldorf started rumors that, after all, Mr. Bryan might not appear as the chief figure in the Detroit man's future plans to settle the war. He was asked about his talk with Mr. Bryan on Sunday, and replied:

"We didn't plan anything."

"What did you talk about?"

"If I were put on the witness stand and sworn, I couldn't remember just what we did talk about."

"When will you see Mr. Bryan again?"

"I don't know that I will ever see him again."

Mr. Ford was asked if he had returned to the United States to get official backing for his peace efforts.

"No," he retorted with some severity. "I think that the officials are the weakest of the lot. They are afraid of their jobs, and that is what I told them in Norway."

"Told the officials?"

"No, I told the reporters, and they printed it. So the officials learned what I thought."

"Do you include the officials in Washington in your condemnation?"

"As to that," said Mr. Ford, "fix it any way you like. You will anyway."

Again Mr. Ford said the people of Europe were to blame for the war because they had not picked rulers who would let them live in peace.

"Would you encourage the people in Europe to overthrow their leaders?" he was asked.

"If I was going to do a job, I'd get men able to handle it."

"Do you advocate revolution?"

"No. Only I would get the best men."

Dean Marquis broke in to say that socialism and communism would increase more rapidly than ever in Europe after the war, and Mr. Ford added: "That's so."

Mr. Ford was referred to in THE TIMES as a member of the Naval Consulting Board. He is not a member of that body.

RUSSIANS LOSE TWO GUNS.

Engagements with Persians Reported from Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2, (via Amsterdam and London, Jan. 3.)—The Ministry of War makes the following report on the fighting in Persia:

In an attack on the Russians north of Hamadan two Russian guns were captured. In another engagement 180 Russians were wounded. This engagement occurred near Savle, the attack on the Russians being made by native volunteers. The Russians lost two machine guns and one automobile.

HAS LENT $2,000,000,000.

Sum Advanced by Great Britain in Past Year to Finance Allies.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 4.—It is estimated that in the last year Great Britain has advanced £400,000,000 ($2,000,000,000) to her allies.

TO RELEASE GERMANS.

France Will Free Men Taken from American Ships.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The State Department was officially advised today that the French Government, in response to representations made by the United States, has ordered the immediate release of Germans recently removed from American ships on the high seas by the French cruiser Descartes.

The State Department also was informed that the men arrested would be turned over to the American Consul at Fort de France, Martinique, where they were taken for detention.

TURKS SHELL SEDD-EL-BAHR

Destroy a Number of Allied Storehouses, Constantinople Says.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Jan. 2, (via Amsterdam and London, Jan. 3.)—The following statement was issued at the War Ministry here today:

Dardanelles Front.—Near Sedd-el-Bahr artillery and bomb fighting is proceeding. A cruiser and a monitor which participated in the engagement were obliged to retreat. An enemy monitor unsuccessfully shelled our batteries for an hour.

A Turkish hydroplane dropped bombs on the enemy's camp near Sedd-el-Bahr. Our batteries on the Dardanelles successfully shelled the enemy's works at Sedd-el-Bahr, destroying a number of storehouses.

GREECE WELCOMES PETER OF SERBIA

Continued from Page 1.

Bulgaria, who had been permitted to remain there to assist the Dutch Minister charged with the care of French interests, the correspondent of the Tageblatt at Sofia states that when the British Vice Consul heard of the arrest of his French colleague he took refuge with the American Minister at Sofia, Lewis Einstein. The British Vice Consul still remains in the American Minister's rooms, adds the correspondent, whose dispatch was filed yesterday.

SALONIKI, Jan. 1, (via Paris, Jan. 3.)—At the request of General Sarrail, Commander of the French forces here, John F. Kehl, American Consul at Saloniki, has taken charge of the Turkish and German interests. The Consulates will be delivered to him tomorrow.

ATTACHE'S SEIZED LETTERS.

German News Agency Avers Col. Napier's Missives Insult Greece.

BERLIN, Jan. 3, (by Wireless Telegraphy to Sayville, N. Y.)—"General opinion in Bulgaria," says the Overseas News Agency today, "is that the relations between the Entente Powers and Greece will be seriously affected by the reported disclosures in letters found on Colonel Napier, former British Military Attaché at Sofia, when he was taken from a Greek steamer by an Austrian submarine last month.

"The contemptuous remarks concerning Greece and the revelations regarding Serbian military preparations against Bulgaria before the Bulgarian mobilization said to have been contained in the letters, made a deep impression upon Bulgarians and the subject was one discussed by members of all parties in the lobbies of Parliament at Sofia."

SURGEONS QUIT GREEK KING.

His Condition Reported by Them to be Most Satisfactory.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—A Havas dispatch from Athens says that the German physicians of King Constantine are leaving today on board a torpedo boat.

ATHENS, Jan. 2, (via Paris, Jan. 3.)—Professor Friedrich Kraus of Berlin and Professor Eiselberg of Vienna, who are attending King Constantine, announced tonight that his condition was most satisfactory.

MONTENEGRINS REPEL FOE.

Defeat Austrians at Goduivo After an All-Day Fight.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—A Montenegrin official statement received here today says:

The enemy on Jan. 1 attacked our positions at Goduivo and after a day's fight was repulsed with appreciable loss. There have been artillery and infantry combats on the other fronts.

BERLIN, Jan. 3, (via Wireless to Sayville.)—The German War Office tonight issued the following report of the operations on the Montenegrin front:

A Montenegrin detachment which undertook an advance near Moykovac, on the north bank of the Tara River, was routed.

PASSPORT BUREAU OPENED.

New Regulations to Prevent Frauds Put Into Effect.

The branch office of the Passport Division of the Bureau of Citizenship on the sixth floor at 2 Rector Street was opened for business yesterday. The new office, which was recently authorized by the Department of State, marks one of the first steps in the Government's arrangements to make practically impossible the procurement of passports for fraudulent purposes or by fraudulent means. Under a new ruling of the Department of State, passports are required not only for all parts of Europe but for all countries in the Western Hemisphere.

The bureau later will move to larger quarters in the same building. Yesterday about 125 persons applied for passports, and the office was crowded practically all day. It required from fifteen minutes to an hour to get a passport.

Applicants for passports in New York are not, as formerly, required to file their papers with the clerk of the Federal Court. Instead they apply directly to the bureau at least five days in advance of the sailing of the vessel upon which the applicant is booked. The nationality of the applicant, the purpose for which the passport is sought, the passenger's destination, the reason for going abroad, and other data must be stated in the application.

The applications must be filed in duplicate, and there must be submitted also three unmounted photographs of the applicant, one to be attached to the passport, another to be forwarded to the American Consul at the port of destination, and a third to be filed with the Department of State. A citizen must furnish also a copy of his birth certificate or affidavits from reputable citizens regarding birth. Aliens must furnish a certificate or passport from the Consular or other representatives of their nations.

2 DEAD, 10 MISSING IN SHIP EXPLOSION

Continued from Page 1.

the alarm, took off the few covers not hurled away by the explosion.

The body of Jacobson, badly mutilated and burned, was hurled to the deck of the British steamer Roselands, lying on the starboard side of the Aztec. Captain A. P. Bennett of the tug Dalzelline, who took eight men from the stern of the burning vessel, said that as he came up after hearing the explosion he saw the body of Dougherty fall into the bay, 100 feet from the ship.

One hatch and the arm of a man were thrown to the deck of the Capera, an Italian steamer lying about 100 feet away on the port side, and another hatch fell on a pier about fifty feet further away, where James Boyd and a gang of men were working. Another fragment of a body was found further down the pier. Many of the workers on the ship managed to slide down ropes or escape by jumping into the basin.

Soon after the explosion crowds of women and children from all parts of Red Hook ran to the shipyards to inquire about the dead and injured. Reserves from the Hamilton Avenue Police Station under Captain Martin Conroy were called to keep them away from the offices, and the iron gates leading to the yards were closed to all but firemen and rescuers.

Wrecked Ship Sinks.

After the Capera, the Ampleworth, and the General Hubbard had been pulled out of the basin by tugs the Aztec listed to port until her stern rested on the bottom, and the water flooded her fire and engine rooms and the tanks in the stern.

It was said that as soon as the plates under the waterline blown out by the explosion could be replaced, the ship would be pumped out and the wreckage searched for the bodies of the missing men.

According to the estimate of the Robins Company, the Aztec was valued at about $600,000, and the damage to her may be $200,000 or more. She was built in Sunderland, England.

P. Craig, a machinist's helper, who was reported missing in the first lists, came to the office of the Robins Company last night, and it is thought that one or two others now missing were not aboard the ship. The Aztec had a crew of seventeen.

STORMS HAMPER CABLES.

Sweep the British Isles and the Continent, Cutting Land Connections.

Severe weather conditions, centering in the last few days about England and Ireland and extending to the Continent, have greatly increased the uncertainty of the transatlantic cable communication, already made difficult by strict censorship. The cable service, according to announcements made yesterday by cable companies, has been crippled by storms on the other side almost as badly as the transmission is affected. The first intimation of trouble across the Atlantic came with this announcement of the commercial department of the Western Union Telegraph Company:

"Owing to severe storms in Great Britain and Ireland, telegraph service is practically suspended, the result of which is we are compelled to suspend our cable letter service to all points until further advised."

The French Telegraph Cable Company, through its manager, E. C. Sweeney, made this announcement:

"Until further notice all messages by this company's lines are accepted only subject to heavy and indefinite delay and absolutely at the risk and peril of the sender. Acknowledgment of receipt service is suspended."

At the office of the French company it was explained that the difficulty of cable transmission was due to the storms that had swept over the British Isles and the Continent.

At the offices of the Commercial Cable Company it was said that cable messages were going through as usual, subject, however, to delay by the censors and bad weather conditions.

Some of the cable lines make land inside of Ballinskelligs Bay and on Valentia Island on the west coast of Ireland, and telegraph lines from these points run overland to Wexford and Dublin. It was said at the cable offices of the Western Union last night that the storm had been heaviest in Ireland, and that a large percentage of the telegraph lines there, especially near the coast, were down.

Wall, and Carnarvon, Wales, where land telegraph lines running to London and other English cities are affected by the storm.

The interruption of service during the last two days has caused a great accumulation of night letters. New night letters, the Western Union officials said, would not be accepted until the telegraph lines had been repaired and those now held back in the local offices had been sent.

CABLE REFUND EXPLAINED.

Tolls to Great Britain on Censored Messages Not Repaid.

John C. Willever, commercial general manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, explained yesterday that the agreement of the cable companies to reimburse under certain conditions senders of commercial cables which are held up by the British censors applied only to messages sent to points beyond Great Britain, and only to that part of the tolls which covered service beyond Great Britain. The part of the tolls which may be refunded is known as the "unexpended balance," because the service for which the money was paid never was rendered. There is no refund for tolls between here and Great Britain on such messages.

Claims for reimbursement are made to the cable companies and they take the matter up with the British Government, receiving from the Government the amount of the "unexpended balances," in case it is decided that there is merit in the sender's claim.

The Merchants' Association, at the behest of many of its members, took the matter up with the Department of State at Washington recently, and William Phillips, Third Assistant Secretary of State, referred in reply to communications from the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies setting for the conditions under which reimbursements might be made. These conditions were made public about a month ago by the cable companies.

One Killed in Hotel Fire.

WATERBURY, Conn., Jan. 4.—One man was killed, five others were injured, and the lives of sixty guests endangered in a fire that destroyed the Hotel Connecticut, in the heart of the business section, early today. The dead man was George Cass, a hotel employe.

REPORT WOOD RESIGNED.

Resignation Said to Have Been Accepted by Whitman Yesterday.

Public Service Commissioner Robert Colgate Wood has already resigned his office, according to a report in circulation last night. Commissioner Wood could not be found and the report could not be verified from any authoritative source.

According to the rumor, the Commissioner's secretary went to Albany yesterday with the resignation and delivered it to Governor Whitman, who accepted it. With the resignation was said to have gone a long letter from Commissioner Wood to the Governor, setting forth in detail his activities as a member of the Public Service Commission and defending himself against the charges made against him before the Thompson Legislative Investigating Committee.

The report had it that after his interview with the Governor in Albany Mr. Wood's secretary communicated the result to New York by telephone.

"SNAP" VOTE ON BESNARD.

French Aviation Secretary's Foes Score on Him by Trickery.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—A sensation was caused last Friday when the compaign conducted by certain newspapers against M. Besnard, Secretary of Aviation, culminated in a hostile report to the Minister of War, which, it was announced, had been unanimously adopted by the Parliamentary Committee on the Army. It was felt that M. Besnard must answer his critics or resign.

But yesterday and today letters appeared in the press from various important members of the committee, saying the writers did not participate in Friday's committee meeting, which was held on twelve hours' notice, only twelve members being present out of forty-three, and only seven taking part in the final "unanimous" vote.

The members who did not vote repudiate the suggestion that the report represents the opinion of a majority, and say it ought never to have been sent to the Minister without the full committee having given M. Besnard a hearing. This has changed public sentiment, the impression now being that M. Besnard has been made a scapegoat by the anti-Government clique which finds fault with his proposed reorganization of the aviation service on a scale suited to present conditions.

PLANS WORLD PEACE STRIKE

Ministers Had Not, However, Heard of Bouck White's Plan.

Congregational clergymen seemed surprised last night by an announcement by Bouck White of the Church of the Social Revolution that he would appear before the Congregational Ministers' Club, 200 Fifth Avenue, on Monday next with a plan for a worldwide strike against war. The Congregational Ministers' Club has a reputation for conservatism, and has some of the best-known pastors of that denomination as members.

"Of course I do not know if the Congregational ministers will consent to adopt my plan," said Mr. White, "but I consider the fact that I have been invited to speak significant."

The Rev. Henry A. Stimson of the Manhattan Congregational Church said he had not heard that Mr. White was to appear, nor had the Rev. William H. Kephart or the Rev. Charlton B. Strayer.

Austria Calls Reservists Here.

MARQUETTE, Kan., Jan. 3.—Forty Austrian residents of Marquette and vicinity left here today for New York, where they hope to sail for their native land by an indirect route. All were said to be reservists who left in response to a summons from the Austrian authorities. Most of them were well-to-do farmers.

New Head of French Censorship.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—Jules Gautier, who was formerly attached to the Ministry of Public Instruction, has been appointed Director of the Press Bureau, which has charge of the censorship.

Bank of Sweden Pays in Gold Again

STOCKHOLM, Jan. 3, (via London.)—The National Bank of Sweden has resumed the payment of notes in

THINKS AEROPLANES WILL KNIT AMERICAS

Santos-Dumont Predicts That Fast Express Lines Will Foster Unity.

BRYAN FOR BOUNDARY PLAN

Indorses Suggestion of Secretary Lansing—Lewis Nixon Appeals for Development of Merchant Marine.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Diplomatic representatives here of the Latin-American republics and Chairmen of delegations to the Pan-American Scientific Congress met today, with Ambassador Suarez-Mujica of Chile, President of the Congress, as Chairman, to discuss means for co-ordinating the work of the organization. They selected an Executive Committee and adopted a resolution providing for the preservation of papers read before the congress. Informally there was free expression of satisfaction over the progress made toward greater Pan-American unity.

Speakers before the numerous divisions and subdivisions of the Congress today included ex-Secretary W. J. Bryan, John Bassett Moore, Alberto Santos Dumont, the Brazilian aeronaut; Lewis Nixon, and George E. Roberts of New York. Scores of papers were read at the various meetings. Many dealt with purely technical subjects, although in most of them opportunity was found for reference to closer relations between the peoples of the two American continents.

A plea for Pan-American unity in event of war between any country beyond the seas and any American nation was made by Mr. Dumont, who attracted one of the largest audiences of the day.

"We should be able in case of trouble," he said, "to intimidate any European power contemplating war against any one of us, not by guns—of which we have so few—but by the strength of our union. In case of war with any European power, neither the United States nor the great South American countries could, under present conditions, adequately protect their extensive coasts. Only a fleet of great aeroplanes, flying 200 kilometers (124 miles) an hour, could patrol these long coasts."

Pointing out that the aeroplane already had reached a speed many times that of the fastest steamboat, the aeronaut predicted that within a few years heavier-than-air machines would attain a speed of three to four hundred kilometers an hour, and that before many years aeroplane services would be established between the United States and South American countries, making the journey from New York to Buenos Aires in a few days, compared with the voyage of more than twenty days at present.

"I believe," he added, "that the aeroplane will knit the various States of the continent into an integrally united, co-operating and friendly combination, allied for their own well-being in trade and commerce, as well as for strength in times of possible war."

Mr. Bryan, in his address, indorsed the recent suggestion of Secretary Lansing that an agreement be entered into by the American republics for settlement of boundary disputes and the prohibition of the shipments of arms to revolutionists. Hearty applause from all parts of the hall greeted the reference.

Mr. Bryan also expressed nope that the pending treaty by which the United States would pay Colombia $25,000,000 for the partition of Panama soon would be ratified, thus enabling Colombia to join the nations signatory to arbitration treaties that would make wars between Pan-American countries next to impossible.

This subject has been much discussed among delegates to the congress, and another evidence of the efforts of the American Government to promote Pan-American unity is seen in renewed efforts by Administration leaders to get the Senate to ratify both the Colombian treaty and the convention proposing to pay Nicaragua $3,000,000 for canal rights and naval bases.

Chairman Stone of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee conferred today with Secretary Lansing on these subjects, and there are evidences of a new movement with the full backing of the Administration, to get the treaties through.

In discussing the effects of the war in Europe on the trade of South America, George E. Roberts told the Scientific Congress that in the last six months exports from the United States to South American countries had been larger than ever, and that, in view of the reduced aggregate of all importations, the percentage supplied by the United States has been much higher than heretofore.

"The trade with Germany practically has ceased," Mr. Roberts said, "and importations from all countries except the United States have been largely reduced.

"It cannot be said that any revolution is being worked in South American trade, but it is probable that a fair share of the new trade diverted to this country by the war will be permanent. Much depends upon the interest taken by the United States in the development of the South American enterprises; trade will be created by the investments. If it be not available and Great Britain and the countries of Europe after the war are able to resume their investments in South America, trade relations probably will be about what they have been before."

In a plea for the restoration of America's merchant marine, Lewis Nixon, addressing one of the sections of the Congress, said:

"As soon as the struggle for commerce on the ocean takes the place of present wars we shall again find the pools, conferences, and combines of another hemisphere controlling inter American trade, keeping up transportation charges in their own trade as well as ours and throttling the flow of trade to our disadvantage. And without our own merchant fleet organized to take its proper part we shall again have the same menace of helpless dependence uncontrolled by even a potential power to compete on our part so that even national policies may be subject to foreign dictation.

"No one can fail to note the advantages of the development of shipbuilding to a nation, stimulating as it does every calling, profession, and trade. So if we revive our marine and build our own vessels we shall keep at home hundreds of millions of dollars and give employment to thousands of men.

"Shipbuilding has largely rested in past years on the demands of the coasting trade, but we are now building many vessels for the foreign trade. We shall see those pass to alien flags in a few years after the present war unless Congress regulates commerce and gives them a chance to exist.

"Shipping in our domestic or coasting trade is a valuable industry deserving of development and preference, but, on the other hand, shipping in the foreign trade is not only an industry worthy of national regard, but, as I have explained, it offers a ready and commending means of regulating our balance of commerce and hence in the sum total of our national prosperity is of vital importance.

"It should be no longer a crime for a statesman to confess that he is selfishly for the interests of his own country. Professions of altruism should lead to sacrifices only of their author and not of the people generally. Let charity begin at home and abroad. The way to restore the American marine is the way it was originally called into being—by constitutional regulation of commerce.

"Let us cease to rail at antiquated laws. They were the best laws and every change or suspension has worked harm to the nation. Events giving us a temporary advantage must not be misunderstood. We cannot reap permanent advantages by drifting."

QUITS BOAT IN SOUND; LEAVES $50,000 STOCK

Satchel of W. R. W. Griffin Found in Vacant Stateroom on Fall River Boat.

A search has been started for the owner of a black bag marked "W. R. W. Griffin, East Liverpool, Ohio," and containing a $50,000 stock certificate, the title of which is withheld, and other valuable papers, which was found on Dec. 31 abandoned in a stateroom of the Steamer Providence of the New England Steamship Line on its arrival at Fall River, Mass. The key to the room was found in the lock inside the door, making it appear that the occupant had climbed out the window and probably jumped into the water.

Papers found in the valise which contrasted strangely with the $50,000 certificate was a pawn ticket for $159 for a diamond pin and a bill of sale for an automobile. Other papers in the bags were certificates for 100 shares of stock in the Allah Oil Company, signed by "W. R. Griffin," as President; a pass book containing annual passes made out to "W. R. W. Griffin, General Manager, of the Steubenville, Wellsburg & Weirton Railway, East Liverpool, Ohio"; a bank book and check book of the Union National Bank of Pittsburgh and a trust certificate for $50,000. There were also numerous receipts for dues of fraternal societies, including the Masons and Elks.

When no inquiry was made for the goods the New England Steamship Company notified the police. The investigation has not shown any evidence that any passenger on the Providence fell or jumped overboard.

Word was received by THE NEW YORK TIMES last night from East Liverpool, Ohio, that W. R. W. Griffin had given up his place at East Liverpool three months ago and left for New York, where he stopped for a while at the Hotel Astor. Last week his wife received a letter from him, saying a place had been offered to him in Boston, and he was going there. Since then she has heard nothing from him.

The street railway with which he had been connected said Mr. Griffin's accounts were satisfactory. His successor, Arthur Palfrey, said last night that he had no knowledge of what the $50,000 certificate could be.

PUBLIC LANDS BILL OUT.

House Committee Favors Release of Vast Mineral Wealth.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The Ferris bill authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to lease coal, phosphate, oil, gas, potassium, and sodium lands belonging to the United States, was ordered favorably reported today by the House Committee on Public Lands. In a letter to the committee Secretary Lane gave his approval to the bill, asserting that "existing laws, so far as practicable to the minerals herein named, have not secured development, and it is confidently believed the proposed law will encourage and secure their exploitation under conditions beneficial to all."

Chairman Ferris of the Public Lands Committee estimated today that 600,000,000,000 tons of coal are available for mining within the United States, and of this amount 400,000,000,000 tons are on lands of the Federal Government. The Ferris bill would permit the Secretary to lease such land under non-monopolistic terms, and to exact royalties upon the coal mined by the lessees. Similar provisions are made for the development of oil, gas, and mineral lands of the public domain.

It is estimated that 20,000,000 tons of phosphate are available on these public lands, and vast quantities of sodium, oil, gas, and potassium will be opened for development under the leasing arrangement.

REJECT CENT-AN-HOUR RAISE

Navy Yard Machinists Call It "Un-American and Humiliating."

The navy yard in Brooklyn passed from one difficulty to another yesterday, when, after the wage dispute with the sheet metal workers had been adjusted, certain grades of machinists empolyed on battleships demanded an increase of 24 cents an hour. Considerable strike talk was heard.

The difficulty with Local 28 of the Sheet Metal Workers' Union was settled by the withdrawal of an order reducing their pay from $4.80 to $4 a day for the highest grade and from $3.52 to $3.04 for the lowest. A letter was received yesterday from Franklin D. Roosevelt, the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, rescinding the order. This action followed a telegram of protest sent by the sheet metal workers to President Wilson, who promised to make immediate inquiry.

The demands of the machnists carry with them a refusal to accept the one-cent-an-hour advance recently granted by the Navy Department. The machinists, in resolutions, call this "un-American and humiliating."

William F. Powers, delegate for National Lodge 556, International Association of Machinists, was reported to have gone to Washington to see that the resolution reached the proper hands. Copies of the resolution also wree sent to Senators and Congressmen from New York.

TO JOIN IN DU PONT SUIT.

Two Persons Ask Permission to Support $50,000,000 Action.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Jan. 3.—Two petitions for permission to intervene in the suit brought by Philip F. du Pont of Merion, Penn., to force the du Pont Securities Company to turn over $50,000,000 in stock of the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Company to the latter concern were filed today with W. G. Mahaffy, Clerk of the United States District Court in Delaware.

The petitioners are Mrs. Robeson Perot of Philadelphia and her brother, E. Paul de Pont of Montchanin, near this city. A. Felix du Pont, one of the individual defendants in the suit is their brother. Mrs. Perot, who was formerly Eleanor Ball du Pont, is the wife of Robeson Lea Perot, a Philadelphia architect.

The petitions, lawyers here say, indicate that the various members of the du Pont family and possibly other stockholders in the E. I. du Pont de Nemours Company intend to take an open stand in the legal controversy involving virtual control of the $240,000,000 corporation.

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Its moderate rates, its adaptability to large or small corporations, the wealth of its tenants, all help to make this "business hotel" a noted building. The service is as prodigal as the light that streams in from the four surrounding streets and open court. For renting particulars

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STONE FOR SIFTING FOREIGN RELATIONS

Senate Inquiry Made More Probable by Stand Taken by President's Supporter.

NOW BEFORE COMMITTEE

Investigation Likely to Include Both British Blockade and Teuton Submarine Warfare.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The probability of a Senatorial investigation of the foreign relations of the United States was greatly increased today when Senator Stone of Missouri, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, let it be known that he did not intend to oppose the resolution for an investigation introduced before the holidays by Mr. Smith of Georgia, a Democrat, and the amendment to it proposed by Mr. Lodge of Massachusetts, a Republican. Mr. Smith's resolution asked for an investigation of the British blockade as it affected our foreign commerce. Mr. Lodge asked that the investigation also should include American losses through the Austro-German submarine campaign and the plots and espionage of naturalized Americans referred to by President Wilson in his recent address to Congress.

"I do not know the sentiment of the Committee on Foreign Relations, to which these measures have been referred," said Mr. Stone, "but, for my part, I see no objection to Congress having all the information mentioned in Mr. Smith's resolution and Mr. Lodge's amendment."

Mr. Stone's declaration seems to make it almost certain that the committee will report the resolution in some form covering substantially the two original proposals. There are ten Democratic members of the committee, and seven Republican. Mr. Smith's resolution referred particularly, of course, to the injury done the cotton trade by the British blockade. Mr. Lodge's amendment sought to fix responsibility on the Administration for what he regarded as its lack of firmness in protecting American lives. The two proposals together insure strong support in the committee.

It is not regarded as likely that anything but the strongest pressure from President Wilson would induce Mr. Stone to abandon now his support of the investigation. His support, if Democrats opposed the investigation, would divide the committee, 9 to 8. Mr. Hitchcock of Nebraska, a prominent Democrat of the committee, who has openly advocated an embargo on arms to the Allies, will almost certainly support an inquiry that is aimed chiefly against Great Britain, and Mr. O'Gorman of New York is not expected to come to the rescue of either Great Britain or the Administration's foreign policy.

The proposed investigation is expected to pave the way for a general and concerted Republican attack on the foreign policies of the Administration. The Republicans do not expect to force an issue at once, as they do not wish to be accused of injuring the American position in the delicate Austrian negotiations growing out of the sinking of the Ancona and the Persia. Perhaps, too, they may wait until the Committee on Foreign Relations has favorably reported a resolution of investigation before disclosing the partisan aspects of the fight they will make.

Friends of the Administration seem to be expecting an attack along the whole line of foreign affairs. Mr. Stone says, in talking with Mr. Lansing, not only got material as to Mexico, but discussed with him the proposed treaties with Nicaragua and Colombia. These treaties, one extending what would be practically a protectorate over Nicaragua and the other making apology to Colombia for the acquisition of the Panama Canal Zone and paying Colombia $25,000,000 for Colombian interests in the strip, already have been subjected to sharp criticism. They were negotiated under Mr. Bryan's direction, and it is not unlikely that Mr. Stone's talk had to do with possible amendments for one or both conventions.

The movement for an investigation by the Senate ordinarily would come at the regular meeting of the Committee on Foreign Relations next Wednesday. But Mr. Stone desires the subject to be treated by a full committee, and if several members are absent when Congress convenes tomorrow, the meeting will be postponed till the absentees reach town. This suggestion of delay indicates the importance attached to the proposed inquiry.

The course to be taken by the President in the matter is still undisclosed. If, when he returns to Washington, the committee seems determined to favor an inquiry, he may seek to block the resolution when it comes up for final adoption by lining up opponents in the Senate as a whole. In that case there probably would be a lively fight on the floor of the Senate. On the other hand, he might let the investigation take its course. On the ground of public policy he could then instruct Secretary Lansing to refuse any information sought by the committee that might embarrass the Government in its foreign relations.

URGES ENTENTE CAUSE.

Government Action Advocated by American Rights Committee.

The American Rights Committee, 45 Cedar Street, of which Major George Haven Putnam is President, and among the other members of which are Frederic R. Coudert, Franklin H. Giddings, Lawrence Godkin, Charles P. Howland, Everett V. Abbot, and W. K. Brice, gave out yesterday the text of a circular letter the committee is mailing to American citizens in various parts of the country. With each letter goes a "declaration of principles," which the persons to whom the letters are addressed and their friends and acquaintances are asked to sign. The letter concludes:

"We believe that the time has come for an authoritative expression of American sentiment on the moral issues of the war, and we invite you to unite with us in securing such an expression by signing and circulating for other signatures the inclosed declaration of principles."

The declaration of principles follow:

"1. We believe that there is a morality of nations which requires every Government to observe its treaty obligations and to order its conduct with a decent respect to the opinions of mankind.

"2. We believe that the Teutonic powers have repudiated the obligations of civilized nations and have raised issues which, if the present struggle ends, the sphere of European political disputes to a crisis involving all humanity.

"3. We believe that in the face of such a world crisis our people cannot remain neutral and our Government should not remain silent.

"5. We believe that the Entente Allies are engaged in a struggle to prevent the domination of the world by armed force and are striving to guarantee to the smallest nation its rights to an independent and peaceful existence.

"6. We believe that the progress of civilization and the free development of democratic government depend upon the success of the Entente Allies.

"7. We believe that our duty to humanity and respect for our national honor demand that our Government take appropriate action to place the nation on record as deeply in sympathy with the efforts of the Entente Allies to remove the menace of Prussian militarism."

WENT TO SEEK INCAS' GOLD.

Post Office Inspector Returns from Peru After Getting Evidence.

Back after a search for the fabled treasures of the Incas, Harry Barber, a Post Office Inspector, arrived yesterday on the United Fruit Company's steamship Calamares. Mr. Barber did not go to Peru because he wanted the treasure for himself, but because it was necessary to investigate the alleged buried treasure before the Government prosecutes Raymond McCune, a mining and railroad engineer, who was arrested here in May charged with having used the mail to defraud. McCune, it is charged, formed under the laws of this State a mining company. The prospectus told of gold mines in Peru, which, it was asserted, were of surprising richness, and asserted they were the source of the fabulous supply of the Incas.

Inspector Barber, who has worked on the case, was assigned to visit Peru and investigate the location of the mines, and if he found them to estimate their value. He sailed three months ago and with him went William Lochman, a civil engineer of this city, and George Bonnell, the manager of the Marinana Placer Company, who has knowledge of gold findings in Peru.

Mr. Barber was asked yesterday on his arrival if he had found the source of the Incas' treasure. He would not discuss his trip, for he said that would become known when he took the witness stand. Neither of his companions would discuss the journey. The trio had traveled to an altitude of 18,000 feet in the Andes and this involved a 300-mile journey on mule back to parts where white men are scarce.

"We were among semi-civilized tribes," said Mr. Barber, "but we were exceedingly well treated, and if we have had some hair-breadth escapes they are all forgotten now. We have brought back more than 400 photographs of Inca ruins. The natives have countless numbers of relics of the Incas, and the trip was a grand one from the explorer's point of view."

PREPARE TO MEET 2-POWER ATTACK

Continued from Page 1.

lion-dollar, six-year program, which President Wilson has laid before Congress.

LONG DEFENSE DEBATE SURE.

First House Hearing Tomorrow Before Naval Affairs Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The stage was set at the Capitol today for extended hearings on national defense, with indications pointing to a long struggle over the Army and Navy Appropriation bills.

It was announced that the House Committee on Naval Affairs would hold its first hearing on Wednesday, when Rear Admiral H. R. Stanford, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, will appear as an expert witness. In evident expectation of great public interest in the naval hearings, the committee today reserved a large room in the House Office Building, and will not conduct its inquiry in the cramped quarters ordinarily occupied by the Naval Affairs Committee.

At a preliminary meeting on Thursday the House Committee on Military Affairs will map out a program for the consideration of the Army Appropriation bill. This committee, too, is expected to use one of the large hearing rooms at the Capitol. Both the Military and Naval Committees, according to present plans, will admit the public to all sessions, and national defense will not be considered behind closed doors.

Dozens of army and navy officials, including practically all of the recognized experts of both services and the civilian heads of the War and Navy Departments, are to be heard by the House committees. It was said today that there would be no disposition in any quarter to "skim over" the subject of national defense, but that the state of the nation's preparedness would be subjected to critical analysis.

Although it is understood that these officers are scheduled to appear before the Naval Affairs Committee, Congressman A. P. Gardner of Massachusetts is preparing to file with the committee a demand that it hear without fail Rear Admiral Fiske, Rear Admiral Winslow, and Brig. Gen. M. M. Macomb, President of the Army War College, on the national defense issue. Officers of the General Board of the navy and the General Staff of the army probably will be among the first witnesses called by the two House committees.

With the reassembling of Congress tomorrow the greatest uncertainty will still exist regarding the probable fate of the Administration's defense program. There appears to be no concert of opinion among legislators regarding what should be done, nor how the funds are to be raised to do it. Among both Republicans and Democrats there is a division of sentiment over the entire preparedness program, and only the "small navy" and "small army" members have perfected anything like an organization.

The Naval Affairs Committee will begin its hearings with a jumble of ideas concerning the wisdom of Secretary Daniels's program. One theory advanced is that if the nation is in a state of deplorable unpreparedness the building program should not be stretched over a period of years, but that there should be enormous appropriations for immediate use. The opposing argument is that this nation, because of the prospective exhaustion of the European nations, can be in no immediate danger and that there is no need for hurry.

Still another faction, which is to be led by Mr. Kitchin of North Carolina, is averse to the building of battleships, but favors the construction of a limited number of submarines and auxiliary vessels. This same faction will put emphasis on the reduced funds of the country and will oppose big army and navy appropriations with the Treasury in its present condition.

Secretary Garrison's "Continental Army" plan has apparently not gained in favor as the defense hearings have been scheduled. Members of the House are quietly working out substitute plans, with the upbuilding of the National Guard as a basis. Even Chairman Hay of the Military Affairs Committee, who has included the "Continental Army" provisoin in the Army bill, now ready for introduction, is at heart lukewarm in support of the project and is known to regard it as impracticable, if not visionary.

Members of the two House committees predict that it will be several months before the army and navy budgets are put through the lower branch. The hearings will be the longest in the history of the Government, so far as similar bills are concerned, and the debate on the defense program promises to be unusually bitter and prolonged.

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LIGHTING CONTRACTS TO BE INVESTIGATED

Commissioner Williams to Tell Thompson Committee About Street Lamps.

CANCELED ONE AWARD

Public Lighting Service Corporation Charges Him with Bad Faith and Discrimination.

In reply to the statement of Senator George F. Thompson, Chairman of the legislative investigating committee, that either his committee or that of Senator Brown would investigate the letting of contracts by the Department of Water Supply, Gas, and Electricity, William Williams yesterday invited Senator Thompson to investigate his department fully. After receiving the letter of invitation Senator Thompson announced that an opportunity would be given to Commissioner Williams to appear before the legislative committee next Friday.

Here is Commissioner Williams's letter to Senator Thompson:

Dear Senator:

You are reported in THE NEW YORK TIMES of this morning as stating that in your opinion "a very thorough investigation should be made into the whole subject of street lighting." I urge that your committee forthwith make such an investigation. The department will be very glad, indeed, to have the opportunity to explain to you by what methods it has within less than two years succeeded in reducing the annual cost to the city for public lighting by some $800,000, and also to explain some of the difficulties, not of its making, which it encounters in executing the law. I desire to assure you that every official and employee of the department having to do with the work of city lighting will place at your disposal all relevant information in his possession. Respectfully,

WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Commissioner.

Senator Thompson's statement of Sunday was based largely upon an affidavit made by Ragland Momand, consulting engineer of the Public Service Lighting Corporation, who swore that Commissioner Williams had discriminated against his corporation in favor of the Welsbach Street Lighting Company of America, the Consolidated Gas Company, its subsidiary; the New York Edison Company, and other companies.

Defaulted on City Contract.

Commissioner Williams denied all of Mr. Momand's charges of discrimination and "falsifying," and, summing up the situation from his point of view, said:

"The city's lighting bills are running today at the annual amount of some $800,000 less than they were two years ago. In effecting these large savings the department not unnaturally has hurt some people's business. The principal complainant is Mr. Momand, consulting engineer of the Public Lighting Service Corporation, engaged in the business of supplying gas mantle lamps. The number of these lamps the department has, for reasons of economy and better lighting, reduced during 1915 from some 10,000 to about 2,500. This corporation has been recently declared by the department in default on a city contract.

Commissioner Williams said that since the default on its contract he had refused to deal with the corporation, because the charter of the city provided that no bid should be accepted from or contract awarded to any one who had defaulted upon any obligation to the city. The Commissioner said the company had been declared in default and the contract in question canceled on the advice of the Corporation Counsel after the particulars in the case had been laid before him.

He said that behind Mr. Momand's charges was the animus of a disgruntled bidder and one who had defaulted upon a contract. When asked what answer Mr. Momand had made to his letter of Nov. 26, notifying him of the default, the Commissioner said:

"Oh, he resorted to the usual mud-slinging."

Reply Charges Bad Faith.

The reply to the Commissioner's letter was made public by Mr. Momand and Frank R. Greene, counsel for the Public Lighting Service Corporation, who were found in Mr. Greene's office in the Woolworth Building. The letter was addressed to Commissioner Williams by Mr. Greene on Dec. 4, and said in part:

"Among other things disclosed by the records in my possession, it appears that you have deliberately deceived this corporation as to the number of lamps to be maintained by it; you have withheld from this corporation large numbers of lamps which it was entitled to furnish and maintain under this contract; you have deliberately deceived this corporation as to the districts in which the corporation's lamps would be installed; you have caused the rejection of an essential part of the corporation's equipment by means of fraudulent secret tests carried out in violation of express agreement; you have called upon this corporation to furnish and install large numbers of 'Fire Alarm' lamps with 'ruby' glassware at great added expense, which was not included in the contract, as you are well aware, and you have, finally, assumed to declare the contract canceled and have attempted to cast the blame upon the Public Lighting Service Corporation.

"These and other malicious and arbitrary acts of yours, in violation of the contract, all done in the pursuance of the policy of delay, obstruction, oppression, discrimination, and fraud, which you have consistently applied against the Public Lighting Service Corporation during the past eleven months in connection with the four public biddings for the Manhattan gas lamp contract and the contract awarded to this corporation on the fourth bidding, constitute a gross and total breach of the contract by you."

To this letter Commissioner Williams made no answer, Mr. Greene said, and added:

"If my client has defaulted upon a contract, why has not Commissioner Williams brought suit against the corporation, as he should have done? And why has he refrained from touching the corporation's bond, which is in the possession of the city?"

Bid of Dec. 13 Thrown Out.

Despite the notice of the default upon contract, the Public Lighting Service Corporation put in a bid on Dec. 13 for furnishing and maintaining gas lamps in Brooklyn, whereupon the Commissioner notified it that the bid could not be considered, because of the contract default and also because the bid was "not responsive to the proposal under which it was submitted," contained "extraneous matter," and was not "unconditional."

In answering the first of these charges, Mr. Greene referred Commissioner Williams to his earlier letter on the subject, and regarding the second, maintained that Commissioner Williams had inserted in the contracts provisions that would work an impossible hardship upon the Public Lighting Service Corporation and other independent bidders, but would not affect the Welsbach Street Lighting Company, "a dummy of the lighting trust."

Mr. Greene said that Commissioner Williams had repeatedly sought to award contracts to a higher bidder than his client, and had invented all sorts of "jokers" by which he could discriminate against the Public Lighting Service Corporation. He added that Commissioner Williams's action in substituting electricity for gas in street lighting was a direct play into the hands of the Consolidated Gas Company.

Says Gas Is Cheaper Light.

"The Consolidated Gas Company," he said, "owns the New York Edison Company, so when the latter concern gets business it is as if the Gas Company had gotten it. Where streets are lighted with gas the Gas Company has as competitors my client and other corporations, but where streets are lighted with electricity, the New York Edison Company has no real competitor. Therefore, if the Consolidated Gas Company can persuade the city to use only electric light it will have a monopoly on the lighting.

"Furthermore the profits to the company in the substitution of electricity for gas are increased from about $25 or $30 a city block to about $150 a city block, with consequent increase in cost to the city. Commissioner Williams certainly has not saved the city money in making the substitution. Also a few electric lights in a block are not as satisfactory for lighting purposes as many gas lights, which do not shine as glaringly in a few spots, but which diffuse light over the whole block."

COMPANIES SAVE IN METERS.

Thompson Committee Hears New P. S. Order May Raise Rents.

Its case against Public Service Commissioner Robert C. Wood practically completed, the Thompson Legislative Committee turned its attention yesterday to the commission's order, which became effective on Jan. 3, relieving the electric lighting companies of the expense of installing and maintaining meters used by small consumers. Under this order the companies, it is said, will effect a big saving, and be recompensed for the loss of revenue consequent upon the rate reduction from 10 to 8 cents a kilowatt hour, which became effective last May.

The committee's experts have been going over the bank accounts of Commissioner Wood's mother and brother, and, according to Senator Thompson, discrepancies have been discovered between the Commissioner's testimony and certain items in the accounts. If the Commissioner persists in his refusal to testify concerning these accounts when he appears as a witness today the committee will draw up its charges to the Governor immediately.

Reginald P. Bolton, a consulting engineer of 55 Liberty Street, was on the stand most of yesterday telling what he knows about the new order of the Public Service Commission. Mr. Bolton organized the Electric Meter Corporation last May after learning from Secretary Travis H. Whitney of the commission that it intended to issue an order prohibiting the practice of submetering. It is a $50,000 concern, and Mr. Bolton testified that no stock had been issued to date. He said personally he had spent $10,000 in its work. This company stands ready to put in meters, read them for the landlords, and make out the bills, but for this service the apartment houses' owners must pay. Mr. Bolton said his company already had more than 300 contracts operative when the new order became effective yesterday. For this installation, leasing and reading of meters, the Bilton company's charge is from 50 to 60 cents a meter.

"Did you ask Deputy Attorney General Merton E. Lewis, counsel to the committee, "that the electric light companies by this new order recoup, to some extent, the loss caused by the lower rates, by shifting to the landlord the cost of putting in and maintaining tenants' meters?"

"Yes, sir," replied Mr. Bolton, "you have got exactly the right view." He said the new order would have a tendency to raise rents.

Miss Matbie, formerly member of the Public Service Commission, is now connected with a meter company, of which serveral have sprung into existence.

The committee went still further into the circumstances surrounding the obtaining of the contract for installing the signal service eqipment on the Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, subway, by the General Railway Signal Company of Rochester. President W. W. Salmon of that company was asked about the long distance telephone calls he made to his Rochester offices from New York while the signing of the contract was pending last Fall.

"Is there any reason why these telephone slips should have been destroyed?" asked Mr. Lewis.

"I know nothing whatever about it," said Mr. Salmon, "but it is a very remarkable thing if it is true. I will take up the matter with my company and let you know all about it. I'll state right now that I don't believe they were destroyed."

"Was the B. R. T. contract the biggest one your company ever received?" he was asked.

"Oh, no," replied Mr. Salmon, "we had the contract for the electrical zone of the New York Central. That was worth twice as much as the B. R. T. one."

"How much did you spend for those speed control patents?"

"Oh, more than $1,000,000, and we got off cheap at that."

"We never had any communication with members of the Public Service Commission," the witness said, "except in an open and above board and straight way."

William R. Willcox, counsel to the General Company, was allowed to put several questions to the witness, and he denied that he had ever paid or promised to pay money to any one in connection with the B. R. T. contracts or any others in this city. He also denied that he had ever been solicited to pay money in connection with the contracts.

The committee will continue its session this morning.

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SCHOOLSHIP SAILORS QUIT ROMANTIC SEAS

Newport's Boy Tars Get Shore Leave to Tell of Heavy Blows on Broad Pacific.

BIG ATLANTIC STORM, TOO

But Students Are All Hale and Hearty After 15,385-Mile Cruise That Lasted Eight Months.

With all hands tanned and weather-beaten, and her sides and top hamper showing the effect of months at sea, the New York Nautical Schoolship Newport arrived yesterday, completing a 15,385-mile voyage. The boys agreed that it had been a fine trip as they climbed ashore, after bringing their vessel alongside the pier at East Twenty-fourth Street in a fashion that called forth the applause of Honest Bill Quigley, the veteran boatman.

Instead of going to European waters for this year's cruise the Newport visited the Pacific, and the boys brought home pleasant memories of Hawaii and the San Francisco Exposition.

The cruise lasted eight months, but that was because of slides in the Panama Canal. When the ship reached Panama the cut was blocked by slides, but just when the boys were figuring upon another cruise in the Pacific the dredges opened the channel and the Newport came through. The delay was so long, however, that the forty-three members of the graduating class had to come to New York on a merchant ship to receive their diplomas.

The work of the boys in bringing the Newport up from Colon gave much gratification to Captain F. S. McMurray, who is himself a graduate of the school.

"The boys acquitted themselves well coming up the coast," he said. "This was their first cruise, and, with the graduating class away, full duty devolved upon them. They are a hardy lot."

The young salts really got their training in the Pacific on the outward trip, for it was there that the Newport encountered the worst weather. Still they were willing to admit yesterday it had been a bit "stiff" coming up the Atlantic and bucking head seas into port.

The first really bad weather came on June 10 during the run from the Panama Canal to Honolulu. So fierce did the wind blow that the cadets had to strip to single-reefed foresail and spanker. The canvas had hardly been taken in than the Newport was caught in the full fury of a gale that threatened to strip her of every rag of sail. She carried inner and outer jibs and main trysail. The outer jib sail lasted only a few hours, and then it split and went streaming away down wind.

The real test came when the young sailors were sent aloft to shorten sail. They were an hour and a half balancing on the yards in the wind whipping the canvas and the seas breaking over the decks below them before sail was furled, and the Newport with only enough canvas up to keep her steady ran through the storm.

The next adventure came next day when a violent rainstorm broke upon the training ship. In the hours that followed the rainstorm the cadets got training that put into practice every theory they had been taught. The main trysail gaff broke in two and with it went the sail. In darkness as though of night the boys worked fastening the broken gaff. They had only finished this when the inner jib split and had to be taken in. More reefing had to be done in a gale that threatened to tear the boys from the yards before the Newport could move to on the starboard tack, and so rode out the storm.

Captain McMurray in a narrative of the voyage noted that at 9 A. M. the following day the chafing wore a hole in the spanker, and had to be taken in, leaving the Newport on the port tack under storm forestaysail and with storm mizzen set. To add to the discomfort, if not to the danger of the young tars, the steering gear became disconnected, and the Engineer Officer, Mr. Mathews, and Machinist John Cahil had twenty minutes' hard work before it was repaired. Then followed the moderation of the weather and after repairs the ship took up her course again.

The Newport had the distinction of being the first ship ever to sail direct from the Panama Canal to Hilo, and in honor of their coming a Reception Committee was down to meet them, and the boys got the freedom of the city. Most of the population was out on the water front when the Newport left Hilo and turned her stem toward Honolulu.

"We won't forget Hilo in a hurry," said one of the lads yesterday. "They took us up to see Mount Kilauea, which is the largest active volcano on earth. It was the Fourth of July while we were in Hawaii, and we had a real celebration. The volcano furnished the fireworks and it was certainly some display."

At Honolulu the boys were entertained by the Outrigger Club. They all tried their hand at riding surf boards at Wailiki Beach. Some said they were not much at board riding, but it had all been great fun. The cadets also liked the San Francisco Exposition.

During the wait at Panama before the canal was dredged so that the Newport could get through, the boys played basket ball, and finished third in the Canal Zone Basket Ball League.

The Newport was met by William Bagley, Secretary of the New York Nautical School. He said that candidates had been selected to form the new class, and that they would go into Winter quarters on the ship with the boys who returned yesterday. The first, however, the cadets will have three weeks' shore leave to meet old acquaintances and to tell all about the voyage and how the other side of the world looks.

50 YEARS A CORRESPONDENT

Mrs. Crawford, Who Died in London, Served Long in Paris.

Mrs. Emily Crawford, whose death at Clifton, England, was briefly recorded in yesterday's TIMES, was the Paris correspondent of The London Daily News from 1885 to 1907, succeeding her husband, George M. Crawford, who had held that post from 1851. Subsequently Mrs. Crawford had represented The London Truth and The New York Tribune until 1914, when the war and ill health caused her to return to England.

For nearly twenty years before Mrs. Crawford succeeded to the newspaper work of her husband she had been a collaborer with him in his work, particularly during the days of the Commune, and had contributed independently to many daily and weekly publications, so that her career as a writer continued unbroken for half a century. She was the author of a volume published in 1903, "Victoria, Queen and Ruler."

Mrs. Crawford declined a decoration offered by President Carnot in honor of her international services as a writer. Among her relatives in this country are Melville E. Stone, General Manager of The Associated Press; Arthur Brisbane of The New York Journal, N. C. Wright of The Toledo Blade, and John Wright, formerly editor of The St. Louis Times. Mrs. Crawford was born in Dublin, Ireland, seventy-seven years ago.

CHILDREN'S FRIEND SUICIDE.

"Grandpa Silbey," Who Frequented Fort Greene Park, Shoots Himself.

When the little children who play each day in Fort Greene Park, Brooklyn, arrive there today, "Grandpa Silbey" will not be waiting for them, and they will miss the pennies he so generously gave. Last night "Grandpa," who was Richard Silbey, 60 years old, a retired First Sergeant of the United States Marine Corps, went quietly to the deserted park and shot himself at the foot of the Martyrs' Monument.

Silbey had evidently been despondent. He moved from 177 Carlton Avenue a few days ago, and had been spending most of his time in a saloon, where he said that he had lost his new address and could not find his home.

NEW CHILD COURT PLAN.

Innovation Will Allow One Justice to Handle Each Case.

Part II. of the Manhattan Branch of the Children's Court was convened for the first time in the Children's Court building yesterday with Justice Hoyt sitting. The innovation is expected to expedite the business of the court as well as to allow one Justice to handle each case from the time it gets into court until it is disposed of.

Heretofore a case before the court in the first part of the week usually was adjourned until the latter part for investigation, and when it came up again a different Justice was sitting. Under the new practice Part II. will be for adjourned cases only, and a Justice sitting in Part I. the first of the week will hear the same case in Part II.

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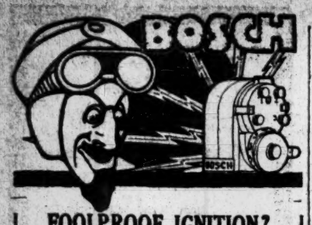

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TO TEACH YOUTH LOYALTY.

Junior American Guard Gets Incorporation Papers.

Justice Platzek of the Supreme Court yesterday signed the incorporation papers of the Junior American Guard. Among the incorporators are Charles Elliot Warren, President of the Lincoln National Bank; Norman P. Ream, son of the late Norman B. Ream; Andrew C. Zabriskie, a lawyer; ex-Dock Commissioner Calvin Tomkins, and Roland R. Riggs.

The purpose of the guard is to teach the youth of the country patriotism, loyalty to the Government, and obedience, and to give all who desire it military training, so that in time of need they may be prepared to defend their country.

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78 BOMBS FOUND IN ITALIAN'S ROOM

Police Hope Arrest of Alleged Manufacturer Will Clear Up Many Outrages.

CLUE TO BRONX EXPLOSIONS

Missiles Called by Detectives "Vest Pocket" Bombs, Said to be Very Powerful.

Seventy-eight bombs, each small enough to be carried in a vest pocket, but powerful enough to wreck a five-story building, were found yesterday by the police when they arrested Giovanbatista Attanasio, an Italian, who said he was a carpenter, living at 718 East 212th Street, the Bronx. Evidence which enabled the detectives to find the plant where all these dangerous explosives were manufactured and stored will help they, they believe, also to fix the guilt on those who were responsible for the bomb explosions a year ago in the Court House and Borough Hall of the Bronx.

The arrest of Attahasio came as the result of a bomb explosion on New Year's Eve in the apartment of Giuseppe Camelli on the top floor of 246 West Sixty-seventh Street. The police were informed that this bomb was made by Attanasio, and immediately they started a search for him.

Inspector Faurot said he had information which indicated that the bomb manufactured by Attanasio was similar to some that have been exploded on ships leaving this port. Although he was not ready to say they had been designed for this purpose primarily, he thought it possible that some of the bombs might nave been procured by persons for explosion aboard vessels at sea.

The bombmaker was found yesterday where construction work on the new subway at 136th Street and Southern Boulevard is in progress. He had been employed there irregularly. Detectives Michael Fiaschetti, Daniel Collins, and James McCarton, accompanied by Inspector Owen Eagan of the Bureau of Combustibles, went with the prisoner to his home, where they tactfully induced him to show them his bomb plant and explain how he manufactured the bombs.

Explosives Found Under Bed.

In a bedroom they found under a bed a soap box filled with bombs varying in size from 2½ to 3½ inches in length and 1½ inches in diameter. They were of the contact type, such as may be exploded by throwing, or even dropping. The box containing the bombs was covered with a large coat. They also found in another corner of the room a small box about the size of a cigar box, and a third, the size of a shoe box, in which were stored chemicals of an explosive nature, fuses, cord, and other articles used in the manufacture of bombs.

Attanasio showed familiarity with the character of each of the ingredients used in his bombs, according to the detectives, who said he warned them now and then that one chemical or another was too dangerous to handle carelessly. He warned them to keep their hands off all the time they were packing his materials preparatory to their removal in a police patrol to the Bureau of Combustibles.

Where and by what means Attanasio was able to procure such a large store of explosives and bomb materials as he possessed is a problem yet to be solved by the police, but they point out that explosives were obtained in similarly large quantities by Erich Muenter, who attempted the life of J. Pierpont Morgan, as well as by numerous other persons who have been arrested in connection with bomb plots to destroy munitions ships.

However, nothing has been found as yet by the police to indicate that Attanasio was in any way connected with the munitions plots. The bombs found in his home were such as are used generally by blackhand criminals in their efforts at extortion or by individuals who desire to get revenge by blowing up the home of another person against whom they have a grievance.

From his home Attanasio was taken by the Detectives to the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau in West 123rd Street near Morningside Avenue, and there he was questioned by Inspector Faurot, Acting Captains Cooper and Tunney and the latter's assistant, Sergeant George Barnitz. They were assisted also by Detective Bureau in West 128d Street caused the arrest of bomb plotters who planned to blow up St. Patrick's Cathedral.

When the detectives started to question the bomb maker they knew that he had a grievance against James Yacho, foreman on the subway construction work at 136th Street and Southern Boulevard. Recently Attanasio had complained to the foreman because friends of Attanasio were discharged. He demanded that they be put back to work, but the foreman replied by ordering Attanasio away from the construction work. The bomb maker protested, but departed.

On Dec. 31, according to the police, Attanasio met Artibano Aufrate, a subway laborer, who lives at 413 East 147th Street. Attanasio handed to Aufrate a small package and said:

"Take this little package and give it to Yacho. Be sure to give it to him and see that no one else gets it."

Aufrate suspected that the package contained a bomb, and he handled it with extreme care. Meanwhile he recalled it was New Year's Eve, and that the passing of the old and coming of the new year was to be celebrated with a little party at the home of his cousin, whither he went, with the bomb still in his possession.

On arriving at the home of Camilli, Aufrate thought wisely of placing the bomb in a place of safety. He took the small package from his pocket and put it on a high shelf on the wall while the party prepared to make ready. A few minutes before midnight, Aufrate decided it would be still wiser to take the explosive device out of the room and place it in a refrigerator. He started to reach for it when Camilli came to his assistance. According to the police, Camilli knocked the bomb from the shelf while trying to reach it and a terrific explosion followed.

Explosion Tears Hole in Floor.

The explosion tore a large hole through the floor and tumbled plastering and débris down upon Mr. and Mrs. Ligui Mattere and their 4-year-old son, living in the apartment on the floor below the Camillis. Camilli cried out that he was mortally injured at the same time that the Mattere family made similar lamentations. A neighbor fired his revolver, which he apparently had ready for greeting the new year, and then ran out and turned in a fire alarm. In a few minutes the Fire and Police Departments filled the street. Camilli, when questioned by the police, said a messenger boy had brought to him a package which he explained was a New Year's present. He was removed to the Polyclinic Hospital to have three injured fingers dressed.

The police were not satisfied with the explanation of Camilli, so they pursued their investigation of the strange explosion and on the same day arrested Camilli; his relative, Edward Camilli, a printer, 802 Courtlandt Avenue, the Bronx; Joseph Bellini, a stationary fireman, 246 West Sixty-seventh Street, and Aufrate. These Italians were arraigned yesterday before Magistrate Ten Eyck in the West Side Court and held in $2,000 bail each for examination at 2 o'clock this afternoon on short affidavits charging suspicion of having explosives in their possession. Then quickly followed the arrest of Attanasio.

When the police had questioned Attanasio at the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau they said they learned three other bombs similar to those he made had been sent to the subway foreman who discharged his friends and with whom Attanasio remonstrated on account of their discharge. The police started a search for the foreman in order to ascertain whether he actually received any bombs and what other facts there might be in connection with the attempts on his life.

Asked for whom he made bombs, the prisoner, according to the police, admitted he manufactured them for his friends. He said he sold them for $2 and $3 apiece. He next was asked what his friends did with them, and is said to have explained that they used them for celebrations which required a great noise.

HONOR JUSTICE NEWBURGER

He Is Congratulated on Completion of 25 Years on the Bench.

Justice Newburger, sitting in Part I of the Supreme Court, had the pleasure yesterday of listening to a number of congratulatory speeches. The occasion was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Justice's term on the bench. Samuel P. Goldman, Vice President of the American Bar Association, said:

"Your Honor has ably filled the positions of Chief Justice of the City Court, Judge of the General Sessions and Justice of the Supreme Court. We appreciate the fearless and upright manner in which justice has ever been administered by you. I also speak for the younger members of the bar, who have often commented on your consideration for their age and inexperience. It inspired them and made it easier for them to advance in their profession.

"In congratulating you we express the hope that you may be spared for many years more of service, that your ripe experience and mature judgment may long benefit those who come to this court."

Justice Newburger made a brief reply.

WILSON VS. ROOSEVELT.

Both Are Now Bona-Fide Candidates in Michigan Primaries.

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 3.—A sufficient number of petitions to place the name of ex-President Roosevelt as Republican candidate on the Michigan Presidential primary ballot were filed with the Secretary of State today. Several days ago petitions on behalf of the National Progressive Party in Michigan were filed to place Mr. Roosevelt's name on the Progressive Presidential primary ballot. The Secretary of State is notifying Mr. Roosevelt of the action of both parties. Additional petitions were received today making certain the placing of the name of United States Senator William Alden Smith on the Michigan Republican Presidential primary ticket.

The White House has officially acknowledged Secretary of State Vaughan's notice that sufficient nominating petitions have been filed to place President Wilson's name on the Democratic ballot at the Michigan Presidential primary in April. The Secretary of State today received a letter from Secretary Tumulty thanking him for the information, and stating the information would be made known to the President upon his return from Hot Springs, Va.

Elaborately Artistic Candle Drop

Dale's Fixtures Are Unique

Our stock is wonderfully varied, comprising very modest and the most elaborate fixtures in exclusive and original designs.

Our expert designers will give their personal attention to your individual lighting problems.

And you secure the best at a third less than retail.

Write for Booklet,

"Lighting the Home"

or, better still, call at our showrooms.

Also a full line of Portable Desk, Table, and Floor Lamps.

Dale Lighting Fixture Co.,
111 West 13th Street,
NEW YORK.

MISS CHEATHAM'S RECITAL.

Her Second Holiday Appearance in the Lyceum Theatre.

Miss Kitty Cheatham gave a second holiday recital yesterday afternoon at the Lyceum Theatre that afforded the usual pleasure to children, with whom she is so much in sympathy, and even more to children of a larger growth. Her program was arranged in part to represent episodes in the lives of children of different nations—French, French Canadian, German, Russian, and Great Britain, illustrated by verses and music by writers of those nationalities, among which were several folk songs and traditional airs.

The opening number was Harvey Worthington Looms's setting of William Blake's poem, "The Lamb." Notable numbers on the program were arrangements of some of Schumann's "Kinderscenen" and "Album for the Young"; piano pieces for and about children, made by Alice Woodfin with verses from "Alice in Wonderland." Several negro songs, which Miss Cheatham sings with sympathy and appreciation, were also among her numbers. She is not, and doubtless akes no claim to being, a distinguished vocalist, but the humor, tenderness, and pathos in her entertainment hold sway over the listeners. Not the least charming part of it are the spoekn introductions, prologues, and interludes.

Schelling for Health Officer.

Republican County Leader Livingston yesterday sent a letter to Governor Whitman urging Dr. Henry L. Schelling of 264 Stuyvesant Avenue, Brooklyn, for appointment as Health Officer of the Port, to succeed the late Dr. Joseph J. O'Connell. Dr. Schelling is said to have the backing of the Kings County organization.

MISS LOPOKOVA TO WED.

Engagement of Russian Dancer to Heywood Broun Announced.

The engagement of Lydia Lopokova, the Russian danctr, to Heywood Broun, dramatic critic of the New York Tribune, was announced yesterday. Mlle. Lopokova has been prominent on the New York stage since her first appearance at the Globe Theatre in the musical comedy, "The Echo," in 1911. She was born in Petrograd and was graduated from the Imperial Russian Ballet School there. Shortly after her arrival in this country she danced with Mordkin at the Winter Garden and subsequently in "The Lady of the Slipper," and acted in "Just Herself." Negotiations are under way for her appearance with the Serge Diaghileff Ballet Russe at the Century this month. Mlle. Lopokova is at present appearing in a dramatic part in one of the playlets at the Bandbox.

Mr. Broun is well known in newspaper circles, having worked on a number of New York papers in various capacities. He is a graduate of Harvard University. No date for the wedding has been set.

Steamship Maracas Sold.

Judge Mayer, in the United States District Court, yesterday granted an application to Engel Bros., attorneys for the New York Transatlantic Steamship Company, Inc., of 17 Battery Place, to send $500 to London solicitors acting for the company in the matter of the steamship Maracas, which was seized by the British Government last summer on the way to Copenhagen. It was stated that the vessel had been sold by the High Court of Justice of England for $150,000, and the proceeds had been deposited in England, subject to the Court's order.

Biltmore Ice Gardens
(BILTMORE HOTEL)

OPEN AIR SKATING

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC FOR THREE SESSIONS—DAILY
Except Tuesday and Thursday Afternoons, Saturday Mornings and Sundays.

GLASS ENCLOSED TEA ROOMS.
Dancing in the Glass Room after 10:30 P. M.

MORNING SESSION 9:30 to 12:30 — $1

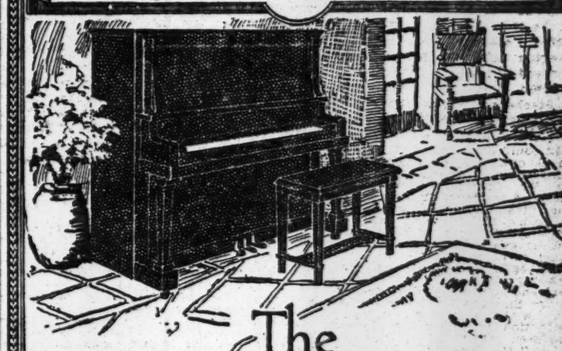
AFTERNOON SESSION 2:30 to 6:30 — $2 Including Afternoon Tea

EVENING SESSION 8:30 to 11 — $2 Including Buffet Supper

Exhibition Skating by ALFRED & SIGRID NAESS OF THE HIPPODROME

Natzy's Music — Competent Instructors

THE AEOLIAN COMPANY
NEW YORK: 29 West 42nd Street. AEOLIAN HALL. BROOKLYN: 11 Flatbush Avenue
Makers of the Aeolian-Vocalion and the famous Pianola
Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World



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a Musician's
PIANO

THE Stroud is an instrument of sound and satisfying musical quality. Public approval and the endorsement by musicians of great reputation fully substantiate this statement—at its very moderate price, the Stroud is the greatest piano value in the world.

Moriz Rosenthal, concert pianist of international fame, says—"*The Stroud Piano has a clear, sound tone, a quick and correct action, and I feel astonished you can sell such a good instrument at such a comparatively low price.*"

$10
Paid Down Places This Piano In Your Home
Price, $285

Sold only by The Aeolian Company
BROOKLYN — NEW YORK

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Meet me at the Fountain
NOW HAVE 6 SIXTH AVE., 18th TO 19th STREET

50 2½ Green Trading Stamps FREE Today, with purchases of $1 or more. Present Coupon.

THIS COUPON GOOD TODAY, ONLY
Cut out this coupon. It is good for 50 (FIFTY) 2½ Green Trading Stamps FREE with purchases of $1 or more Today, Jan. 4th.
These 50 FREE stamps are of the same kind as those which you would ordinarily obtain with your purchases.
N. Y. T., 1-4-16. GREENHUT'S. 112

Annual After-Inventory Sale Comprising More Than

6,000 Men's Suits, Overcoats
Trousers, Raincoats and Fur Trimmed Overcoats, Today

at 25% off
The Marked Prices

This is a matter of simple arithmetic. All you have to do is to step into Greenhut's Clothing Store—see the price ticket—deduct ¼ of the same—and pay us the rest.

In other words—a suit or overcoat marked $10 will cost you $7.50 in this sale today, and so on in proportion.

Hundreds upon hundreds of these suits and overcoats now marked at low prices have already been reduced several dollars. And in this sale you can take 25% off the already low figures now marked.

The very attractive collection of 6,000 garments in this sale includes such famous makes as:

R. B. FASHION CLOTHES, Rochester, N. Y.
SCHLOSS BROS. & CO., Baltimore, Maryland
SNELLENBERG CLOTHING CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

NO RESERVATIONS—EVERY GARMENT IN THE MEN'S STORE IS INCLUDED

Winter Suits and Overcoats now marked at $10 to $30
Offered in this sale which begins today.
AT 25% OFF THE MARKED PRICES.

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits now marked $15 to $37.50
AT 25% OFF THE MARKED PRICES.

Raincoats now marked $7.95 to $20
AT 25% OFF THE MARKED PRICES.

Fur and Fur-trimmed Overcoats now marked $20 to $95
AT 25% OFF THE MARKED PRICES.

"Kingly" Trousers now marked at $1.95 to $7
AT 25% OFF THE MARKED PRICES.

Mackinaws, Smoking Jackets and Fancy Vests
ALSO AT 25% OFF THE MARKED PRICES.
The stocks are enormous, embracing the most popular styles and fabrics.

THE SUITS—

Finest Cassimere Suits	*Handsome Black Suits*
Finest Worsted Suits	*Silk Mixture Suits*
Smart Cheviot Suits	*Blue Serge Suits*
Newest Striped Suits	*Scotch Mixture Suits*
Unfinished Worsted Suits	*Suits in Checks and Plaids*
	Dressy Worsted Suits

Smartest conservative and college styles.

THE OVERCOATS—

Heavy Storm Overcoats	*Loose-Back Overcoats*
Fine Dress Overcoats	*Plaid-Back Overcoats*
Form-Fitting Overcoats	*Fancy Weave Overcoats*
Scotch Tweed Overcoats	*Plain Back Kersey Overcoats*
Fur Collar Overcoats	*Auto Fur Overcoats*

Most popular Chesterfield, double-breasted and single-breasted styles in a complete range of materials.

Now, briefly, to repeat—the proposition is simply this: You are invited to our Clothing Store today to choose any suit, overcoat, fur coat, raincoat, full dress suit, Tuxedo suit or trousers and pay 25% less than the marked price.

Double 2½ Green Trading Stamps with Purchases Till 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

B. Altman & Co.

FIFTH AVENUE - MADISON AVENUE
Thirty-fourth Street — NEW YORK — Thirty-fifth Street

THE MIDWINTER SALE OF MEN'S WEAR

to be held to-day and Wednesday, will signalize in a memorable and practical manner the opening of the New Year. It will comprise large and most desirable assortments, selected with infinite care and discrimination, all of which will be offered at prices far below their real worth.

MEN'S NEGLIGEE SHIRTS
Of madras or mercerized fabrics; with soft or stiff cuffs $1.00

MEN'S PAJAMAS
Of striped madras and striped or plain-color mercerized fabrics . . per suit $1.20
Of outing flannel . . per suit $1.10

MEN'S NIGHTSHIRTS
Of cambric, trimmed . . . . 55c.

MEN'S UNDERWEAR
Shirts of gray cotton-and-wool, with long sleeves; and Ankle-length Drawers to match, per garment . . . . . 78c.
Union Suits of gray cotton-and-wool; long sleeves and ankle-length . per suit $1.35

MEN'S BLACK SILK HALF-HOSE
per pair . . . . . 70c.

MEN'S SILK FOUR-IN-HAND SCARFS
in an extensive assortment of novel designs and color effects . 65c., 95c. & $1.15

MEN'S LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS
Initialed . . . . per dozen $2.50
Plain, hemstitched, per dozen $2.50 & 3.85
With tape border, per dozen . . 2.40

MEN'S BALTA LACED SHOES
In tan only . . . per pair $5.85
Of imported patent leather, per pair 5.50

ALSO MEN'S IMPORTED STORM COATS
of waterproof tweed mixtures, in gray and brown . . . . . at $18.50

AT THE SAME TIME WILL BE HELD

A Reduction Sale of Young Men's Suits

(sizes 33 to 40 chest) consisting of smart, good-looking styles taken from the regular stock and uniformly reduced to $19.50

This Sale affords a most unusual opportunity, the Suits offered being worth much more.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
564-566 and 568 Fifth Avenue, 46th and 47th Sts.

Clearance Sales now in Full Force—

$65 TO $125 SUITS AT $25, $35 TO $65
NEARLY ALL FUR-TRIMMED.
$165 TO $325 COSTUME SUITS.....$95

$75 TO $125 DRESSES AT $45 AND $65
INCLUDING STYLES SUITABLE FOR SKATING.

$125 TO $225 GOWNS AT $75, $95, $125
SEQUINED EFFECT VELVETS, SATINS, TULLE TRIMMED STYLES.

$125 TO $225 WRAPS AT $65, $85, $125
OF VELVETS, BROCADES AND SATINS, RICHLY FUR-TRIMMED.

$65 TO $125 COATS AT $35, $55, $75
MOTOR, STEAMER, UTILITY AND SEMI-DRESS STYLES.

Clearance of Millinery at $5
THE BALANCE OF MANY LINES IN STREET AND SEMI-DRESS STYLES—FORMERLY TO $25
Velvet and Satin Hats—$10
$25 to $35 Fashionable Flower Toques at $12

Furs—at nearly Half
Some a Third or Quarter less

ASKS FOR CONVICTION OF NEW HAVEN MEN

Osborne, in Plea, Says Mellen's Letter Shows Guilt of Defendants.

HOLDS MAPS PROVE CASE

F. M. Swacker and R. P. Stephenson Assist In Summing Up by Government.

James W. Osborne, who was one of the three counsel to sum up yesterday in the Federal District Court the Government's case against the eleven former Directors of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company, drew to the jury an animated picture of the plan to monopolize the transportation facilities of New England, which he asserted had been formed by the late J. P. Morgan and carried out by the defendants. He spoke of the watering of the stock of the New Haven, and asked the jurors to take note of the little matters which Charles S. Mellen and the other witnesses had let drop to show what was the real policy of the company, and he denounced the way in which the manufacturers of New England had been placed at the mercy of the New Haven.

Mr. Osborne spoke after F. M. Swacker had reviewed the entire situation and had sketched the growth of the railroad since 1890, and after Robert P. Stephenson had dwelt on the methods and designs with which the New Haven had got control of all the trolley lines that could do it harm. They had relied on as clear an exposition of the complicated facts as they could manage, but Mr. Osborne, throwing aside his extended reference to the history of the Joy Steamship Line and the Billard Company, with which he has been particularly familiar, poured his scorn on the general purposes of the defendants as he saw them.

He began by pointing out that there was a great difference between a railroad and an ordinary business, and contended that a railroad was in the eye of the law the very commerce, against the restriction of which the Sherman law had been passed.

"So," Mr. Osborne said, "when great lawyers and eminent business men go on the stand to explain how railroads have been combined you will know they are merely giving you excuses, as the acts themselves will inevitably lead to the conclusion that the law has been violated. It is quite immaterial whether they were foolish enough to persuade themselves that that could be avoided or whether they sought authority from Government sources, it is inevitable that a railroad holding company must restrain commerce."

Says Maps Show Guilt.

Mr. Osborne suggested that the maps produced by the Government to show the growth of the New Haven should be sufficient to prove the Government's contention, and he asserted that if there were any men who knew more about what was intended than the "all-knowing Mellen" they were Mr. Morgan and Mr. Rockefeller. Then he produced the letter which Mr. Mellen, while he was President of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, had written to J. M. Hall, at that time head of the New Haven, and contended that by this alone the New Haven Directorate was absolutely convicted.

It spoke openly of the necessity of buying up the competitors of the New Haven as early as possible, before they had gathered strength, and referred to the value a monopoly of transporation had for the company. Then Mr. Osborne referred to the purchase of a little line near Poughkeepsie from the Russell Sage interests, and as laughter followed his efforts to find it on the map he said:

"It is just these little things that show how the wind blows. 'De minimis non curat lex,' they say, but I translate it, 'What do we care about the law if we have power enough?' This little line was bought up because, as Mr. Mellen said, he hated to have any one own anything where he was."

In spite of some opposition from the defense, Mr. Osborne asserted that there was a $35,000,000 of water in the New Haven stock, and asked whether if there had been a legitimate merger of business water would have been poured in.

"This great array of lawyers," he said, "these legal luminaries, tell you that, anyhow, it was a good monopoly. Why, every pair of shoes, every watch, every screw turned out in New England, had at first two roads from which to choose, the Boston & Maine and the New Haven, but after a few years they had but one. This was brought about by secretiveness and furtiveness."

As Mr. Osborne took up the Billard Company and spoke of the disappearance of the records of that concern in Canada, on the motion of Richard V. Lindabury his remarks were made to apply only to Mr. Robbins, but he went on and asserted that he would not insult the intelligence of the jury by pretending to believe that the Billard transactions were not really those of the New Haven.

F. M. Swacker Opens Case.

F. M. Swacker, in opening the case for the Government, explained its interpretation of the Sherman law, and emphasized the fact that, while not intending to do wrong, a man could conspire to do things, which taken together became illegal, and so lay himself open to Government displeasure. Then he cited as distinct violations of the law the so-called tripartite agreement, which excluded from the Grand Central Terminal all companies but the New York Central, the New Haven and the New York & Harlem Railroads and the Sound lines agreement, which fixed steamboat rates between New York and New England points.

Then he took the jury through all the complicated railroad history involved in the case, laying particular stress on the fight between the New Haven and the New England, and the evidence, which Mr. Mellen had given concerning the cut-throat competition, which had existed between them.

As he reached the Boston & Maine transaction and what he styled the "malodorous Billard transactions," Mr. Swacker accused the New Haven of bad faith toward the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, and asserted that that State would never have assented to the merger if it had known all the facts. He was not concerned, he said, as to where the actual legal ownership of the Boston & Maine stock lay, the presumption lay all one way. Mr. Swacker continued:

"They bought newspapers, they wrenched everything they could to influence public opinion, and now they attempt to justify some of their acts by pointing to the Railways Holding bill. Do they imagine that Massachusetts realized what they would do with that when they had obtained it?"

To Mr. Stephenson had been instrusted a summary of the policy of the New Haven as regards the trolleys, and he made much of such matters as the charter the New Haven obtained for the perpetual and exclusive franchise to all the streets of Providence, as enabling it to block the entrance of all other companies.

He showed from the map how the New Haven had captured just those trolley lines which would prevent the building up of any through route in serious competition, and asked the jury to consider whether the New Haven's care not to cross a State line with their trolley purchases did not betray a guilty consciousness of wrongdoing.

Mr. Lindabury will this morning sum up for the defense, and he will be followed on Wednesday by three or four of the other counsel for individual defendants. Then Mr. Batts, if he is sufficiently recovered, will wind up the case for the Government on Thursday. Mr. Batts was in court yesterday, only partly recovered from his attack of grip. Mr. Rockefeller and Mr. Robbins were still on the sick list.

ASSAILS "PANAMA SPIDER."

Bishop Anderson of Chicago to Publish a Scathing Denunciation.

Coincident wih the meetings of the committee which begin today at Garden City, L. I., to consider the calling of a World Conference on Faith and Order there will be published in this city a pamphlet written by the Right Rev. Dr. C. P. Anderson, Bishop of Chicago, in which vials of caustic criticism are poured upon the "Panama Spider."

Bishop Anderson, who is expected from Chicago this morning, is the head of the Commission on the World Conference, appointed by the Episcopal Church, and he was to have headed a deputation to the Vatican organized to ask the Pope to consider the plan for uniting Christendom.

Many of the same Protestant faiths with whom the opponents of the Episcopal Board of Missions policy did not care to have Anglican delegates confer at Panama will be represented at Garden City, although it is not likely that any Roman Catholics will attend.

The views of the Bishop of Chicago reflect in every line a disposition to conciliate the Roman Catholics.

"With no desire," writes Bishop Anderson, "to question the motives of the promoters of the Panama Conference, it seems to me to come close to being an international, as well as in inter-Church, discourtesy.

"There is a suspicion that the invitation of the Panama spider was not meant to catch the Roman fly, but merely to hypnotize the Anglican fly. The Roman Catholic Bishop of Panama and the President of Panama have spoken in no uncertain tones. Their words have echoed throughout the southern continent. The congress is regarded as an unfriendly act both to Church and State. To my mind it is bad manners and worse statesmanship, and the Episcopal Church ought not to be a party to it."

The Bishop says that if the Board of Church Missions is tempted beyond its own sphere that it will become a board of entangling alliances.

"While at first glance," writes the prelate, "our participation in the Panama Congress might appear as a step in the direction of unity, I am inclined to think that it works in the opposite direction.

"It certainly does not make for unity within the Episcopal Church. It certainly does not foster union between the Catholic and the Pretestant world. It certainly does not touch the fringe of the problem of unity with the Protestant churches.

Asks $50,000 Damages for Morgan.

Michael Killilea, a dairyman who worked for J. Pierpont Morgan, and who said he was injured by a rope stretched across the entrance to the banker's estate after he was shot last Summer by Frank Holt, received permission today from Justice Kelly in Supreme Court in Mineola, L. I., to change the amount of damages asked in a suit from $25,000 to $50,000. Killilea is said to be in danger of losing his sight. He was riding a bicycle at night when he struck the rope.

DEATH ENDS QUEST OF 12 YEARS FOR SON

Mrs. Helen M. Walsh, 78 Years Old, Spent Three Weeks on the Riverfront.

HEARD HE WAS A PILOT

Planned Last Search for Monday, but When Kindly Landlady Tried to Awaken Her She Was Dead.

There came to the boarding house of Mrs. Alice Olsen, at 112 Front Street, three weeks ago, an elderly woman who told Mrs. Olsen that her stay in the city would be of indefinite duration and asked for a room. She said she was Mrs. Helen M. Walsh of 106 High Street, Rochester, where she lived with her married daughter and son-in-law, William W. Lewis.

Daily, Mrs. Walsh left the house early and nightly she returned, weary and disheartened. She was 78 years old, she told Mrs. Olsen, and the kindly landlady made extra exertion to provide for her comfort until at last Mrs. Walsh was won to her and confided that she was seeking her son, Frank P. Walsh, who had left home twelve years before when he was 36 years old.

He had gone, the woman said, without a word of explanation and from the day of his departure she had had no word from him. But often, she said, she had heard of him and for twelve years she had traveled about, seeking her boy. Often, she said, she had reached a distant city only to learn that he had departed a day or so before. Often she had been so close upon him she had been certain she was about to see him again but each time she had been too late.

Now, she said, she was upon her last search. She was too old to travel alone longer, but she had heard that a Frank P. Walsh was a pilot in New York and she was certain he was her missing son. So she had taken a room near the water front and had devoted her days to searching among the river folk and deep water seamen. But she had not found her boy.

She would make one last search of the Sailors' Snug Harbor in Staten Island yesterday, she told Mrs. Olsen when she retired Sunday night, and she asked to be called early. Mrs. Olsen heard her crying long after she had gone to bed. Yesterday morning when Mrs. Olsen went early to awaken her and rapped on the door there was no response. She listened, but she could not hear Mrs. Walsh breathing, and so she opened the door. Mrs. Walsh lay dead on the bed.

Mrs. Olsen notified Mrs. Walsh's daughter, and heard from Rochester that Mr. and Mrs. Lewis would start for New York at once.

ADVERTISEMENT.

DISTRESSING PIMPLES

Removed by Cuticura Soap and Ointment. Trial Free.

Smear them with the Ointment. Wash off in five minutes with Cuticura Soap and hot water and continue bathing for some minutes. Repeat on rising and retiring. These fragrant super-creamy emollients do much for the skin.

Sample Each Free by Mail

With full directions. Address post-card, Cuticura, Dept. 5, Boston. Sold throughout the world.

COL. ROBERT T. VAN HORN.

Founder of Kansas City Journal Dies at Age of 91.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 3.—Colonel Robert Thompson Van Horn, 91 years old, founder of The Kansas City Journal, died at his home here today. Death was due to the infirmities of age.

Colonel Van Horn, at the time he retired in 1896, at the age of 72, had been editor of The Kansas City Journal for forty-one years. He was the son of a Pennsylvania farmer of Dutch-Irish ancestry, and received his early education during occasional terms at a subscription school and by private study.

When the civil war came, although he had been pro-slavery before, Colonel Van Horn headed a Missouri regiment of the Union Army and took part in the battles of Shiloh, Corinth and Westport. He served as Mayor of Kansas City many years ago and served four terms in Congress.

Joseph K. Murray Dead.

Joseph K. Murray, for many years a lawyer here and a charter member of the New York Civil Service League, died yesterday at his home, Broadway and Sixteenth Street, Flushing, L. I., in his eightieth year. He was descended from Revolutionary stock. Mr. Murray was a graduate of Harvard Law School and was a member of the Bar Association of New York and the Fireside Club of Flushing. Two daughters and a son survive him.

Robert Mitchell Dies.

PARIS, Jan. 3.—Robert Mitchell, who served several terms in the Chamber of Deputies and was a brilliant journalistic advocate of the Bonapartists in the early years of the Third Republic, died today. He was 78 years old.

Capt. Kochersperger, U. S. A., Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 3.—Captain Stephen M. Kochersperger, U. S. A., died today in Jefferson Hospital after a short illness. He was detailed to this city as an Inspector of the Pennsylvania National Guard. He was born in this city in 1872 and educated at the University of Pennsylvania. He was graduated from West Point in 1896.

Miss Josephine has joined the Christmas Club

She will receive $63.75 next Christmas, and expects to get a set of furs.

Look for the sign Christmas Club in your bank window or phone the Christmas Club, Spring 309, for location of bank operating Christmas Club nearest to your home or office.

14 Banks in Greater New York. 200 in New York State. 100 in New Jersey. 35 in Connecticut.

10

R. H. Macy & Co.

Sale Begins This Morning

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

Use 35th and Broadway Entrance

Annual Clearance Sale of

Men's and Young Men's

Winter Suits and Overcoats

The Sale That Hundreds of Men Wait For

WE announce, beginning this morning and continuing throughout the week, the annual price reduction sale of our winter stocks of hand-tailored Suits and Overcoats (excepting only blue and black suits).

The event is more important this year than ever because purchases for 1915 were by far the largest in Macy's history, and, as a consequence, both values and assortments are unprecedented.

The logic of this sale should appeal to every New Yorker who needs an extra Suit or an Overcoat. Macy's prices for fine clothes are famously low, usually as low as, and often lower than, those quoted by other good stores as "clearance" or "reduction" prices. Our sale prices are from 20% to 30% below our usual prices for the same merchandise. Every garment in the sale is a "marked down" item from Macy's regular stocks.

Fabrics

Eveything good. Both American and imported. Cheviots, Cassimeres, unfinished Worsteds, Vicunas, Donegals, Homespuns, Bannockburns and fancy mixed Worsteds. Overcoats include London made "warmth without weight" fabrics, Vicunas, Meltons, Kerseys, Cheviots, double-faced Coatings, Montagnacs, Crombies, etc.

Styles

Smart, well groomed clothes of the English soft roll variety, elegantly simple and conservative models — business suits or suits for "special" wear. Overcoats galore. The most sought after models of the season —literally the cream of popular priced clothes productions. Button through overcoats, skirted, dressy styles, Ulsters, loose fitting coats, all in "New York Fashion."

Colors

Everything included but our blue and black suits. Greens, grays, tans, browns, and no end of fine combinations. Stripe effects, fancy mixtures—not a good thing omitted. No matter what your size or taste, the assortment is big and broad enough to delight every man who spends from $15 to $50 for clothes.

Tailoring

The big attraction is the fine attention to detail which characterizes every Macy suit and coat. Hand tailoring at tender spots where most suits are machine shaped. Silk lining in many suits and coats—rich linings in all of them. Hand-piped satin seams, hand-made button holes, hand-built interlining and "canvasing." Even the buttons are of a superior quality.

If you have never worn Macy clothes use this opportunity to prove their concrete economy to you. Shop around town—we urge comparison. Compare Macy clothes with clothes that figure "atmosphere" as a legitimate part of their price and discover at Macy's the same style, the fit, the workmanship and the worth that the best ready-to-wear clothes have—but at the commonplace clothes price.

The Values Are Truly Extraordinary

Suits and Overcoats that were $16.75 and $18.50, now **$12.75**

Suits and Overcoats that were $19.75 and $22.50, now **$15.75**

Suits and Overcoats that were $24.75 and $27.50, now **$18.75**

Suits and Overcoats that were $24.75 and $29.75, now **$21.50**

Suits and Overcoats that were $29.75 and $32.50, now **$23.50**

Extra Salesmen to facilitate selling. Extra efforts to help your selection and save your time.

Suits that were $34.75 and $38.50 and Overcoats that were $34.75 to $54.50 are reduced to an average saving of ¼ off the original prices.

Extra fitters, extra tailors to see that you are fitted properly and no charge for alterations.

Men's Clothes Department—Entire Broadway Front—5th Floor. Use 35th St. and B'way Entrance—Special Elevator Service to the Department.

R. H. Macy & Co.

Store Opens 8:30 Closes 6

GIMBELS

Broadway at 33d Street

GIMBEL History-Making WHITE SALE

Silk Lingerie

in spite of the 50 per cent. advance in price of raw silk, is featured in this sale

At Much Less Than Previous Prices

These illustrations explain this fact stronger than words.

Set of Washable Satin Lingerie, $19.40

Nightgown, $7.50; Petticoat, $7.95; Envelope Chemise, $3.95. White or flesh color.

Crepe de Chine Lingerie Set, $4.95

Envelope Chemise, $2; Nightgown, $2.95; lace trimmed. White or flesh color.

Women's Nainsook Lingerie

Regular Sizes.		Extra Sizes.
$1 to $8	Nightgowns	$1 to $3
$1 to $13.75	Petticoats	$1 to $4.50
75c to $5.75	Envelope Chemises	$1
50c to $3	Chemises	$1 to $3
$1 to $3.95	Combinations	$1 to $2
50c to $3.95	Drawers	50c to $2
50c to $3.95	Corset Covers	50c to $1

Philippine Nightgowns and Chemises, $3 to $4.95—hand made and hand embroidered.

Young Girls' Lingerie

Sizes 2 to 12.		Sizes 14 to 18.
50c to $1.50	Nightgowns	50c to $3
25c to 50c	Drawers	25c to 50c
50c to $1.50	Petticoats	$1 to $2
50c to $2	Princess Slips	75c to $1.50
50c to $1	Combinations	50c to 75c

Children's $2.50 to $2.95 Dresses, $1.95

Russian, Empire and Coatee styles, in Chambray, striped and checked Ginghams; Lingerie models in white Lawn; Russian Dresses in white, Rep Madras and Linene. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

$2.50 to $7.50 "Gossard" Corsets, $1.65 to $5

Another year will have to pass before there will be such large price reductions on the well-known "Gossard" Front-lace Corsets.

At $1.65 instead of $3—"W. B." and "C. B." Corsets. GIMBELS Pink Shop—Second Floor

At $1 instead of $2—"R. & G." and "W. B." Corsets.

$1.50 to $2.50 "De Bevoise" Brassieres, 75c

In linen, cambric and all-over embroidery trimmed with laces.

GIMBELS—Main Floor

Silk Lingerie $1 to $16.75

Washable Satin

Underbodices, $1 to $3.95.

Nightgowns, $5.75 to $16.75.

Envelope Chemises, $3 to $7.50.

Combinations, $3.95 to $6.50.

Bloomers, $3.

Crepe de Chine Nightgowns, $2.95

Underbodices, $1 to $3.95.

Nightgowns, $2.95 to $12.75.

Envelope Chemises, $1.75 to $5.75.

Vest Chemises, $2 to $3.

Straight Chemises, $3 to $5.

Combinations, $3 to $5.75.

Bloomers, $2.

Princess Slips, *in Messaline, Crepe de Chine and Chiffon*, $3.95 to $25.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

$1.75 to $3.50 Lingerie Blouses, $1.25 to $2.25

As Lingerie Blouses are again to be in high favor this Spring we had an enormous number of them made for this White Sale. The magnitude of the quantity and the fact that we kept the manufacturer busy during his recent dull season account for these exceptional concessions of price.

Every Blouse is of fine white voile and is tucked or embroidered—and in some instances both—and trimmed with lace.

GIMBELS—Third Floor

$4 to $5 Dotted Swiss Negligees at $2.95

This exceptional and enormous purchase of Negligees came to us just in the nick of time. And we were glad to make it part of this White Sale, because these are the best Negligees we have ever been able to offer at $2.95.

Dotted, cross-barred and flower-printed Swisses in these Negligees, which are beautifully trimmed with Valenciennes laces and ribbons. Other Swiss Negligees from $3.95 to $12.50.

Silk Petticoats, $2.95 to $12.75

Although white, flesh color and rose pink Petticoats are particularly featured in this January Sale, we have also made advantageous purchases of Petticoats in all of the new silks in the new street colors—at $2.95 to $12.75.

Washable Satin Petticoats—white and pink, $3.50 to $12.75.

Crepe de Chine Petticoats, $2.95 to $9.50.

Chiffon Taffeta Petticoats, $2.95 to $10.50.

GIMBELS—Second Floor

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

The Antipodes of Sport

As the chubby New Year is trundled in all signs are set for his being a lusty sportsman.

The weathercock points North and South.

At the Winter sport clubs at Lake Placid and under the awnings of the houseboats at Palm Beach unwonted activity prevails.

In every quarter where the game is played society depends upon the Abercrombie & Fitch store for its sporting dress and equipment.

This house knows no season and no section—*it is for all sport everywhere.*

A. & F. Clothes for the Sunny Southland

For the fishing trip, the boardwalk, the golf links or the motor car, those smartly exclusive outfits for both women and men which have carried the name of this establishment all over the world.

For women bound to Palm Beach and Pinehurst, velveteen suits in the new pastel colorings; white gabardines and lightweight knit Innsbrook suits, with smooth surface.

For men, golf suits and fishing and hunting suits of the correct weights.

A. & F. handmade golf and tennis goods, of the kind not to be picked up on your pilgrimage.

Clothes for Those Who Bob-Sled

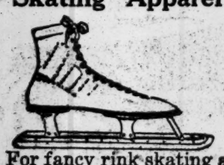
Specially designed outfits for Tuxedo, Lake Placid and all the Eastern Winter clubs.

For the woman, the kind of thing she can roam around in all day in the snow and be perfectly comfortable.

Waterproof and windproof Engadines, in the bright colorings; and the exclusive A. & F. "Thorntweeds."

When she puts on a good pair of breeches, properly made; a flannel shirt, an Engadine coat or sweater, coasting gloves, a warm pair of stockings and spiral puttees, she may be rolled in a snowbank and come out dry and warm as toast.

Correct Skates and Skating Apparel



For fancy rink skating and for all the open ice sports.

Your selection from the very best skates in the market, ranging from $2.50 to $15.

Practical and comfortable skating shoes and clothes, with the A. & F. touch of smartness.

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.

EZRA H. FITCH, President.

53-57 West 36th St., New York

COLUMBIA TO OPEN A BUSINESS SCHOOL

New Department to Rank with Those of Law, Medicine, and Engineering.

LONG A DEMAND FOR IT

To Teach Accounting, Banking, Commerce, Foreign Trade Problems, and Consular Duties.

A resolution calling for the establishment at Columbia University of a School of Business was adopted by the Trustees yesterday. This step has been taken as a sequel to the opening last year of special business courses for the seniors.

Plans for this school have been under consideration for some time, and were worked out by a committee consisting of Professors Seligman, Beard, Egbert, Jones, McBain, Seager, Stowell, and A. H. Thorndike, together with Dean Keppel and Dean Gildersleeve. The School of Business will be organized on the same plane as the Schools of Law, Medicine, Engineering, Architecture, Education, Practical Arts, and Journalism, under the direction of a Director and an Administrative Board.

Matriculated students will be required to have completed two years in Columbia College, or in some other college of equivalent standing. Non-matriculated students will be accepted on proof of fitness to follow the course of instruction. Men and women will be admitted to the school on equal terms.

The instruction to be given in the school will include accounting, finance, including the banking and bond business; the business aspects of manufacturing and transportation, real estate and insurance, foreign trade, secretarial work, the work of consular and diplomatic officers, and other forms of public service. The course of study will be three years and will lead to an appropriate degree, the form and title of which remain to be decided. For the benefit of those students of business who earn their own living, provision will be made to give instruction in the evening.

Newcomb Carlton, President of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was elected a trustee of the university yesterday, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of William Douglas Sloane.

The election of the Board of Trustees for the year resulted as follows: George L. Rives, Chairman; John B. Pine, Clerk; M. Hartley Dodge, to succeed B. Aymar Sands on the Committee on Finance; Francis S. Bangs, to succeed M. Hartley Dodge on the Committee of Education; Judge George L. Ingraham, Alumni Trustee, to succeed Frederick R. Coudert.

A second recommendation by the University Council was also approved, by the terms of which graduate students in the schools of mines, engineering, and chemistry, in medicine, and in practical arts, may hereafter become candidates for the degree of Master of Science, while graduate students in the school of law may become candidates for the degree of Master of Laws. Heretofore such students have been required to register under one of the non-professional graduate faculties and to become candidates for the degree of Master of Arts.

Among the gifts reported were the following:

$75,000 from Mrs. William Douglas Sloane, to be added to the endowment fund of the Sloane Hospital for Women; $2,500 from Messrs. Benjamin B. Lawrence, of the class of 1878 school of mines, and Cano Dunn, of the class of 1901 school of mines, for the purchase of equipment for the schools of mines, engineering, and chemistry; $1,000 from Mr. Homer E. Sargent, for research work in the department of anthropology; $1,000 from Mrs. Emily Ladenburg, to be applied toward the medical school removal and rebuilding fund; $400 from an annoymous donor, for salaries in the department of practice of medicine.

INDUSTRIAL BOARD SHAKEUP

One State Commission Employe Quits; Another Plans To.

A shakeup in the State Industrial Commission, because of the Diamond factory fire, would take place this week, it was said yesterday. Jeremiah Flood, Chief Factory Inspector, has already resigned, and the resignation of Chief Counsel Connor, it was said, would follow in a day or two. Louis Haven, Supervising Inspector of the Albany district, it was said, will succeed Flood. Several persons have been mentioned to succeed Connor.

It was reported yesterday that Mr. Flood would become connected with a contracting and construction firm. At a meeting in the Assembly Room of the department, 381 Fourth Avenue, Mr. Flood, on his retirement, received a gift and a set of resolutions praising his work.

TAFT WARNS REPUBLICANS.

Assails Any Opportunist Policy in Dealing with the Progressives.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The Cincinnati Times-Star, which is owned by Charles P. Taft, brother of William H. Taft, printed this afternoon what may be regarded as an authoritative statement of the ex-President's views with respect to the suspicion that Colonel Theodore Roosevelt is an active candidate for the Republican Presidential nomination or the more obvious indication that Colonel Roosevelt is manoeuvring to dictate the nomination of the Presidential candidate of that party.

The statement of ex-President Taft, which was in the form of an interview was written by Gustav J. Karger, the Washington correspondent of that newspaper, who expressly states that the ideas are Mr. Taft's, while he is not committed to the language. In his dispatch Mr. Karger says:

"Mr. Taft was not discussing the situation with a view to publicity, but he has no objection, I am sure, to having it understood that he takes it as a matter of course that Colonel Roosevelt and Mr. Taft having been the opposing leaders in the quarrels of 1912, the Republican Party will not court another defeat by the nomination of either."

The statement of ex-President Taft in part follows:

"The Republican party will be maintained as a Republican Party; it will not become a Progressive party, with the fads and isms contemplated by the change. The returning Progressive will have standing in the Republican party, but that of the regular Republican who did not stray cannot be impaired. The Republican Party is not dependent on the Progressive leaders for success in the next campaign. The Progressive voters who have come back attached no conditions to their coming.

"The leaders who are left without support are using their genius for publicity to the greatest advantage in order that they may create the impression that they are really leading a large force which they will throw one way or the other as the nomination of the Republican Party shall happen to please or displease them; and the most radical mistake the Republican Party can make is to sacrifice its principles either in its platform or in the character of its nominee for the purpose of securing their support.

"If the Republican Party will nominate a regular Republican it can win, and if it cannot win with a regular Republican it ought not to win in any event.

"It is the timidity shown by certain Republican leaders in asserting the principles of the Republican Party which gives color to the absurd suggestion, the ridiculous proposal, that any other than a real Republican shall be the Republican nominee or take part in determining the choice of the Republican National Convention."

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 3.—When Mr. Karger's article was shown to ex-President Taft tonight he said:

"The language is not mine, but in general it expresses my views."

UNIONS AID CITY WORKERS.

Labor Organization Committee to Protest Against Pay Cuts.

A committee of labor officials will go to the City Hall on Friday to take up the question of wage reductions among certain mechanics employed by the city. The committee members, selected last night by the executive officers of the Central Federated Union, were James P. Holland, State President of the American Federation of Labor; Ernest Bohm, Secretary of the Central Federated Union, and Edward Rybicki of Typographical Union No. 6.

Under the revision of the budget certain classes of mechanics in the municipal employ were confronted by the need of lowering their grades of service. By classing themselves merely as laborers they accepted a reduction in wages, but saved their positions. To this many of the labor representatives now object, and the committee will go before Frank Dowling, Vice President of the Board of Aldermen, and possibly the Board of Estimate, to ask that the changes in grades be not made.

FACTORY FIRE IMPERILS 100.

Men and Women in Oiled Clothing Plant Narrowly Escape Death.

A fire of unknown origin burned out the oiling and drying building of the Standard Oiled Clothing Company in the rear of the main building at 810 East 152nd Street, the Bronx, late yesterday afternoon. The blaze caused the hurried exodus of more than 100 men and women. The amount of the damage done was not made known.

Twelve men were at work in the rear building under Jacob Riel, the foreman, when the fire was discovered. Only two stories high, the building was soon a mass of flames, but the twelve escaped without injury.

Fifty barrels of oil stored in a yard near the buildings were in danger of becoming ignited. Several firemen under Deputy Chief Sloane rolled them out of the danger zone.

MISS TSCHIRKY SHOT; BULLET LONG IN NECK

Daughter of Waldorf Manager Wounded in Buffalo by Boy with Christmas Rifle.

X-RAY REVEALS HER DANGER

Operated Upon in St. Luke's Hospital After Keeping Accident from Mother Two Days.

Miss Clover Tschirky, 18 years old, daughter of Oscar Tschirky, manager of the Waldorf-Astoria, is in St. Luke's Hospital recovering from a bullet wound in her neck. For more than twenty-four hours Miss Tschirky carried the bullet, because upon first examination the doctor decided that it had not lodged in the flesh.

The accident was the result of a small boy in Buffalo trying his new Christmas rifle on passing automobiles. He hit Miss Tschirky as she sped by with a party of Buffalo friends, with whom she went to spend the holidays, among them her school chum, Miss Evelyn Everitt, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Everitt of 295 Auburn Avenue. She had arranged to take a train on Thursday night for New York to spend New Year's Eve with her parents, and that afternoon went for a long motor trip. She sat in the rear seat of the car, with a person on each side of her, consequently, when she suddenly felt a sharp sting in her neck, and no one had heard the report of a gun, there was no suspicion at first that a bullet had struck her.

She was hurried to a doctor, however, and he, deciding that it was a minor wound, dressed it. But when she continued to suffer, Mrs. Everitt consulted another surgeon, who advised an X-ray examination. Miss Tschirky protested against such a procedure, for it would make her miss her train, and she desired very much to get to New York. She was so insistent that they allowed her to make the journey. Upon reaching New York she did not tell her family of the accident, having by that time recovered from the shock, and it was not until late in the day that she told her mother about the wound in her neck.

Her mother was greatly alarmed and Miss Tschirky was taken to the hospital, where an operation was performed at once. The doctor removed not only the bullet but a piece of fur that had been a part of Miss Tschirky's boa. It was said that she had remarkable vitality and nerve to get about at all. Miss Tschirky had entered her name at the German Hospital, and was to have begun her training yesterday as a nurse, but, instead, she spent the day as a patient.

H. E. PAGE LEFT $120,000.

Cotton Broker Named Mrs. Johnson for $25,000 Legacy in Will.

The will of Hastings E. Page, a cotton broker, was filed for probate yesterday in the Surrogate's office, Brooklyn. One of his bequests was $25,000 to Mrs. Carrie B. Johnson, the widow of an old friend. She and her daughter have been living for many years at 845 President Street, Brooklyn, where Mr. Page had lived with his sister, Francina, and where he died on Dec. 28.

He left an estate approximating $120,000. Other bequests are $20,000 to a sister, Mrs. Mary A. Chamberlain, of 107 Elder Street, Schenectady, N. Y., and $45,000 to his sister Francina. A provision in the will stipulated that the body of Mrs. Johnson at her death should be buried near that of the testator in Greenwood Cemetery.

WILL SPEED UP AT ALBANY.

Legislative Leaders Planning to Hold a Brief Session.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 3.—A brief but necessarily busy session of the Legislature is planned by the leaders. Adjournment in April, to permit the members to attend to their political affairs at home in preparation for the Spring primaries and the Presidential and Gubernatorial campaigns which are to follow this Fall, is already the talk about the Capitol.

A survey of the legislative program has convinced many persons here that the forecast of an early April adjournment is far too optimistic, for much work awaits the lawmakers. Only unprecedented team work by the two houses and complete harmony among the Republicans, who hold two-thirds of the Senate seats and control the Assembly by well-nigh a two-thirds vote, would enable the Legislature to get through its work in three months.

The program mapped out for the present Legislative session by Governor Whitman and the leaders rivals in importance that of last year when the Republicans assumed power in this State after four years of Democratic rule, and when "ripper" bills by courtesy called "reorganization" measures kept the law-making body busy until the end of May.

Among the important matters to come before the Legislature at the coming session are budget reform, regarding which it is expected the Governor will make important recommendations in his annual message, reclassification of all places in the civil service of the State, and standardization of salaries for which a Senate Committee has paved the way by an extensive study on the subject, reorganization of the Public Service Commission, legislation to afford relief in a financial way to New York City, tax reforms, based on recommendations to be made by a Legislative Committee, simplification of civil practice and measures to utilize power latent in the waters of Niagara Falls. In addition, there is a proposal pending for the submission through the Legislature of the several amendments to the Constitution which were engulfed in the disaster which befell the revised constitution at the polls.

In addition the present Legislature must make a reapportionment of the Senate districts, a work which is likely to cause a bitter fight between the Democratic delegation from Manhattan and the up-State Republicans, for in the reapportionment plan that is being worked out by the leaders Manhattan stands to lose two Senators and a number of Assemblymen. Manhattan's loss will be the gain of Brooklyn, which borough is slated for one additional Senator, and the Borough of Bronx, which also will gain a Senator.

The New

HARDMAN FIVE-FOOT GRAND $650

The newest and most beautiful little Grand. Caruso says: "Its TONE is wonderful."

The Hardman is the Official Piano of the Metropolitan Opera House and is used and endorsed by a multitude of the world's greatest musical artists.

Convenient Terms If Desired

HARDMAN, PECK & CO.

433 Fifth Avenue (Between 39th and 40th Sts.) — *Founded 1842* — 524 Fulton Street, B'klyn (Near Hanover Place)

Edison, Columbia and Pathé Phonographs and Records

ANTICIPATING REMOVAL

Some Reductions in

Hampton Furniture

THE HAMPTON SHOPS will move this Spring to the stately Gothic building now rising on East Fiftieth Street, and facing St. Patrick's Cathedral.

But in making plans for the arrangement, on wholly distinctive lines, of the furniture in the eleven spacious galleries of the new building, it has been found necessary to eliminate many pieces now holding honored places in the Hampton Shops stock.

So in one gallery of the Thirty-second Street building this furniture has been gathered together and is offered at unusually attractive prices.

Every piece of it is Hampton Furniture in every sense of the word—designed and made just as the old craftsmen made their masterpieces—and yet so priced as to make this an opportunity such as may never occur again.

The nature of the inviting values to be obtained is indicated in the following examples now offered at the Hampton Shops:

Sheraton Dining Room Suite in Mahogany, consisting of: Sideboard, Serving Table Crystal Cabinet, Dining Table.
Former price $865 Now $550

Louis XVI Bed Room Suite in old ivory enamel, consisting of: 2 Beds, Dresser, Dressing Table, Chest of Drawers, 1 Chair, 1 Rocker.
Former price $785 Now $543

English Down Sofa, covered in Blue Liberty Velvet.
Former price $145 Now $100

Sheraton Bed Room Suite, consisting of: 2 Beds, Bureau, Dressing Table, Chest of Drawers, Room Table, Bench, Side Chair.
Former price $900 Now $600

Three (3) Large Jacobean Hall Pieces, consisting of: 3-back Settee, Arm Chair, Side Chair; all in dark oak, with hand-carvings.
Former price $331 Now $225

Italian Walnut Table, 6 feet long by 2 feet wide; an exact copy of an old Italian piece.
Former price $185 Now $125

3-Piece English Suite, consisting of: 7-ft. Sofa, 2 Large Arm Chairs; all covered in a fine blue Damask.
Former price $585 Now $500

Large Octagonal Oak Table, Jacobean style, perfect reproduction.
Former price $150 Now $100

1 Walnut Consol in William and Mary style.
Former price $45 Now $28

1 Oak Table, finely carved, size 4 feet by 1 foot 6 inches.
Former price $82 Now $55

Group of Small Chippendale Tables:
Former prices being $34 Now $18
Former prices being $22 Now $15
Former prices being $18 Now $10
Former prices being $15 Now $8

1 Louis XVI Table in old Walnut and Cane; 5 feet by 27 inches.
Former price $150 Now $95

1 Large Florentine Arm Chair, Italian walnut, seat covered in old velvet.
Former price $150 Now $95

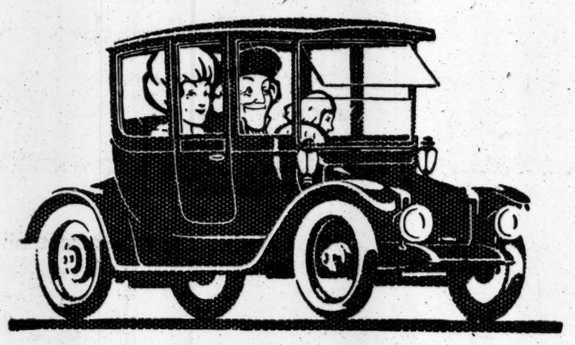
1 Gothic Table, in old English oak.
Former price $175 Now $105

1 Antique Grandfather's Clock, in old English oak.
Former price $175 Now $110

HAMPTON SHOPS

34 AND 36 WEST 32d STREET NEW YORK

Electrics—For Town Use



Safe — Clean — Dependable

Baker R & L, Detroit, Milburn, Ohio, Waverley and Woods Electrics

may now be seen at the Automobile Show, Grand Central Palace, until the close of the Show Saturday night

Complete garage service, including electric current and home delivery and return, may now be had at a cost of $1.55 daily

The New York Edison Company

At Your Service

General Offices: Irving Place and 15th Street
Telephone: Stuyvesant 5600

Branch Office Show Rooms for the Convenience of the Public

424 Broadway	Spring 9890	*124 West 42nd Street	Bryant 5262
126 Delancey Street	Orchard 1960	*151 East 86th Street	Lenox 7780
10 Irving Place	Stuyvesant 5600	*27 East 125th Street	Harlem 4020
	*362 East 149th Street	Melrose 9900	

*Open Until Midnight
Night and Emergency Call: Farragut 3000

ON TRIAL

If a jury of the greatest Mechanical engineers in the nation should, after carefully examining a car, say to you: "This is mechanically the BEST Car we have seen," you would be convinced. Here is a jury which BOUGHT the car after inspecting it:

Few of these men were approached by our salesmen. Most of them made the acquaintance of the NEW MITCHELL by riding in a friend's car. Delighted by the marvelous easy-riding qualities of the car, attracted by its unusual responsiveness to the slightest urge of the driver—by all its USE qualities, they examined minutely its mechanical design, tested severely the details of its construction, gave it road tests of a severity which your use would never require, subjected it to a scrutiny so searching that a defect if existent MUST be found, and all this far removed from our influence and quite without our knowledge. And in every instance they said at the end "THAT'S the car I want." Then they came to us and bought NEW MITCHELLS. Most engineers are PAID to give an opinion. These engineers paid us.

We print the names of some of them below. Read them—and REMEMBER, for one of these men to buy the wrong car would be about as absurd as for a member of the famous firm of Tiffany & Co. to wear a paste diamond. And price to these men is an incident. They would gladly have paid $3,000 or more for the CAR THEY WANTED—and, in fact, they have done so in previous years before the NEW MITCHELL set a NEW standard of value and a NEW standard of performance which DIDN'T EXIST before the first of last June.

NINE HUNDRED SALESMEN

We have sold 965 NEW MITCHELLS in our territory since June 1st. You see them all over. If you have a friend who has one ask him how he likes it. Take a ride in it. That is what sells cars for us. Week before last we sold $100,000 worth of cars in one week—about the poorest month of the year for automobile sales. We sold them to men who had been riding in NEW MITCHELL cars owned by their friends. They found SOMETHING NEW in the way the car rode and drove. They found a light, graceful swiftness, more like a swallow than like the old idea of a car. They found a billowy softness of riding more sweeping, uplifting and yachtlike than any car had ever given them. They found a graceful beauty—an evident, thoroughbred CLASS that made other cars look clumsy and crude. What they found made them want a NEW MITCHELL so BADLY that they couldn't wait until Spring. They wanted one THEN, and they came in and got NEW MITCHELLS THEN, for we had provided for just this landslide by buying nearly twice as many more NEW MITCHELLS after we had sold our first $1,000,000 worth in five months and SAW the landslide on its way.

THE HARD ONES

There are hard customers in every business. Just think for a moment of the hard ones in YOUR business. We have had our share. Some have come in to us after riding in a friend's NEW MITCHELL and said, "Yes, it certainly is a big, beautiful car. It is the easiest riding car I have ever sat in. It is the sweetest driving car I have ever had my hands on. BUT what about the mechanical excellence of its design inside? What about the materials used in its construction?" We sold them cars and now they are the loudest NEW MITCHELL boosters of them all. We sold them because we have the PROOF here of the NEW MITCHELL superiority, irrespective of price. And this experience, with the Hard Ones, is what prompted this advertisement. It is written for the man who has the same question in mind, but HAS NOT YET COME in so we CAN show him the proof. For him we print below the names of the jury of experts whose use of NEW MITCHELL cars SETTLES it in the mind of any thinking man.

THE BEST OF ALL

Perhaps you have never yet owned a car. Perhaps you do not want to keep a chauffeur and have little mechanical inclination yourself. Perhaps you want your wife to drive. Perhaps you are a one-time car owner, a little embittered by a sad and expensive experience with an unsatisfactory car. If you are any of these it is FOR YOU we say, "We GUARANTEE the Service." The NEW MITCHELL needs no such backing. It stays NEW—it stays YOUNG—but nevertheless, for all the long years in the Motor Industry that I have spent in building CONFIDENCE among my customers, it has been my policy and my practice to see that the man who bought from me got all he thought he bought, all he HOPED for, and a LOT that very often he didn't even expect. This, then, is for you. "We GUARANTEE the Service." If your wife drives all day on first speed—if she starts on high with the emergency brake full on—"We GUARANTEE the Service." If because of this your engine knocks, "We GUARANTEE the Service." If you don't know a grease cup from a spark plug, "We GUARANTEE the Service." When you buy a NEW MITCHELL you are RIGHT—the greatest engineering brains in the nation say so—they bought themselves. When you buy a NEW MITCHELL you are SAFE. I say so and sign my name to it. I will sell you a car that you will be proud of, that you will be happy in, that will give you wonderful, splendid motoring days—that is what we mean when we say "We GUARANTEE the Service."

Carl H. Page

THE ENGINEERING JURY

Count Chas. De Lucasavicis, formerly Chief Engineer of the Darracq Automobile, Paris, France.
Mr. William Klocke, Chief Engineer of the E. W. Bliss Co.
Mr. J. E. Sykes, General Superintendent, Baldwin Locomotive Works.
H. V. Wille, Chief Metallurgist, Baldwin Locomotive Works, Philadelphia, Pa.
Mr. William H. Buxton, Chief Engineer, the Singer Sewing Machine Co.
Prof. Reid T. Stewart, Dean of Dept. of Mechanical Engineering, University of Pittsburgh.
George E. Russell, Associate Professor Mechanical Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology.
Mr. Clark Dillenback, Chief Engineer, Philadelphia & Reading Railroad.
Mr. James Bryson, one of the foremost consulting engineers in the United States.
Mr. F. M. Oliver, Chief Engineer, Hyatt Roller Bearing Co.
James Lindsey, Superintendent of Outer Construction, Hyatt Roller Bearing Co., Harrison, N. J.
Mr. Sorgenfrei, Chief Engineer, the Pullman Company.
Mr. W. S. Bickley, President and General Manager, Pennsylvania Steel Casting & Machine Company.
Mr. L. A. Osborne, Vice-President, Westinghouse Electric & Machine Co.
Mr. J. O. Hornung, Treasurer, Mesta Machine Company.
Mr. W. P. Burns, Supt. Crucible Steel Co., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Mr. E. B. Clarke, Vice-President, Firth-Stirling Steel Co.
Mr. L. P. Howe, Chief Engineer, Eastern Bridge Co., Worcester, Mass.
Mr. F. A. Griffing, Engineer, Chicago, Ill.
Mr. G. E. Palmer, Engineer, Babcock & Wilcox Company, Chicago, Ill.
Mr. J. M. Gregory, Efficiency Engineer, Buffalo, N. Y.
Mr. E. G. Ladd, Superintendent, Chicago Bridge & Iron Co., Chicago, Ill.
Mr. Henry Warren, Superintendent, American Fork & Hoe Co., Ashtabula, Ohio.
Mr. Albert J. Smith, General Superintendent, Webster Steamship Co., New York.
Mr. E. W. Hildreth, President, Whitcomb-Blaisdell Mfg. Co., Worcester, Mass.
Mr. G. H. Whitcomb, President, Eastern Bridge Co., Worcester, Mass.
Mr. H. M. Shaw, President, Southern Wheel Co., Oxford, N. C.
Mr. David W. Devine, President, Fitzsimmons Steel Co., Chicago, Ill.
Mr. F. H. Drew, Consulting Engineer, Chicago, Ill.
Mr. Chas. F. Huhlein, President, The B. F. Avery Co., Louisville, Ky.
Mr. William Black, Vice-President, The B. F. Avery Co., Louisville, Ky.
Mr. E. A. Steiner, Vice-President, Herman Voss Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
Mr. Henry R. Sutphen, President, Holland-American Submarine Co., N. Y.
Mr. J. J. Stehling, Treasurer, Stehling Machinery Co., Milwaukee, Wis.

At the Show—Space 10
Main Floor at Left of Main Entrance

TOURING ROADSTER COUPELET COUPE LIMOUSINE **The New Mitchell** SPECIAL DE-MOUNTABLE WINTER TOP $200
$1,250

"Every Car Sells Another"
DELIVERIES IN 48 HOURS

CARL H. PAGE MOTORS CO.

Broadway at 59th Street, New York
Phone 8001 Columbus

BROOKLYN	PHILADELPHIA	NEWARK	NEW HAVEN
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The big sensation among quality winter cars

Top removable—Summer Top included

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Booth A-23

THE POERTNER MOTOR CAR CO.
1759 Broadway

Cadillac
Standard of the World

DRAW a mental picture of all you would like your motor car to be and all the things you would like your motor car to do.

We believe you will find that the Cadillac Eight will come nearer to meeting your ideal than any other car in the world.

WHY

is it that officials of automobile factories using other signals as equipment almost invariably buy

KLAXONS

for use on their personal cars

THIS New Abbott-Detroit Six is the Supreme Achievement of Abbott-Detroit Engineers.

Big roomy 7-passenger body—luxuriously finished and equipped — marvelously powerful. Every inch a Quality Car.

Dont fail to see it—Section C-17, Third Floor, Grand Central Palace —or write for the New Catalog

CONSOLIDATED CAR CO., Detroit

Abbott-Detroit
7-passenger Six
$1195

Louise & Co.

554 Fifth Ave.—45th and 46th Sts.

A CORRECTION

Through a typographical error this item appeared in Sunday's Times as Tailleur Suits five dollars up.

Tailleur Suits ..... 25.00 Up

CAR AT AUTO SALON SOLD FOR $12,000

Price Called Highest Paid in Years for Machine Offered in Regular Way.

EXHIBIT VALUED AT $350,000

Large Number of American Cars Shows We Are Able to Meet Highest Standards.

A happening not on the program marked the opening of the Automobile Salon in the grand ballroom of the Hotel Astor yesterday. It was the sale there yesterday morning, soon after the first visitors had found their way into the salon, of the most expensive car in either show. The price of the car was $12,000, and it is the highest price paid for a car offered for sale in the regular way for many years. Cars made to special order have gone higher, but such instances are comparatively few in number. The car for which $12,000 was paid yesterday was a Rolls-Royce Salamanca, an English make, with the body by Barker, an English designer. It is a big blue car, palatial looking in every respect.

The average selling price of the cars in the salon approximates $5,000. All together they represent the most brilliant examples of the body-builders art ever assembled in this country. Of the seventy cars on display practically every one has an individuality of its own. Every convenience and accessory that ingenuity and money can supply is there. The cars on view represent a total value of close to $350,000.

A notable feature of this year's salon is the number of American exhibitors. It shows that automobile making in the United States is able to meet the very highest standards. The makes of American cars at the salon are the White, Simplex-Crane, Daniels Eight, Owen Magnetic, F. B. R. F., Singer, Brewster, Locomobile, Packard, and Cadillac. The cars shown are Rolls-Royce, Lancia, Peugeot, Delauney-Belleville, Austrian, Daimler, and English Daimler. Special coach work exhibits are made by Brewster, Bender-Robinson, Healey, and Holbrook. Three accessory houses are exhibiting, A. Faure, the Westinghouse Company, and Hardman & Co. The salon will remain open for the rest of the week.

In the Lancia space a town car attracts attention with its low wind shield, patent leather mudguards, and protected step. There is no top rail. The interior is finished in fawn-colored broadcloth.

The Owen-Magnetic bodies at the salon are by Miss Belle Andrews, sister of Horace E. Andrews, a Vice President of the New York Central Railroad. Five of Miss Andrews's designs are represented, three of them being inclosed cars. One is a dark green town car, with a footman in just the same shade of green standing by. The car has an eggshell finish, with white running boards, mudguards, lamp and baggage rail. The upholstery is in green suede leather with white piping and white foot stools.

At the display of the White Company one of the cars singled out at once is a pointed white sedan, with woodwork and mud-guards in ebony and roof in color to match. Delicate striping in white and black is noted in the interior silk velvet. The White Company shows five closed bodies, one collapsible, and two touring limousines. The bodies are by Holbrook. The White Company, which was the originator of the front seat cowl, has a neat gray touring body exemplifying this design.

The Locomobile Company shows a gunboat roadster, body by Healey, finished in aluminum with green stripes and green upholstery. It has low flat lines, broad at the cowl and tapering to the rear seat, a four passenger. The wind-shield is twelve inches high. Another notable car has a semi-touring body, with a top that can be collapsed in two minutes. The side members fold down, above the front glass; the leather is detached from the roof frame and folds into a compact space. It is a one-man operation.

In the Singer space a striking car is appointed white sedan with sloping front windows and adjustable seats. The arrangement is for a plate glass roof with curtains to protect from the sun. The seats are upholstered in a rich nut brown velvety material. The woodwork is inlaid with mother of pearl. The body is by Bender, Robinson & Co.

At the Simplex-Crane exhibit is a touring car that at once attracts attention. Its color is white with red leather upholstery. The chassis is a six-cylinder Crane-Simplex model. The body is by Brewster.

In the Holbrook space one of the notable cars shows a neat and narrow body with only three doors, of the touring type of car. The chassis is an eight-cylinder Cadillac, the body is by Holbrook. The car is upholstered in brown suede leather.

At the Daniels display an eight-cylinder light blue runabout, with tilted windshield, and long, smooth lines, is an object of much interest.

The Vanderbilt Cup, Grand Prize, Harkness Trophy, and Chicago 100-Mile Challenge Trophy are shown at the Peugeot exhibit by the side of the racing car in which Dario Resta won these contests during the 1915 season.

CROWDS ATTEND AUTO SHOW.

All Records Broken When 20,000 Pass Through Gates.

Prosperity continues to evince itself in various agreeable ways at the Automobile Show at the Grand Central Palace. Yesterday all records of attendance were broken. The number who passed through the gates reached 20,000. The high figure up to this year was 18,000.

Henry Ford was a visitor at the show yesterday. After his experience abroad automobiles in good American surroundings, it is reliably stated, looked good to him.

This is "Pioneers' Day." There will be no formal ceremonies. The pioneers of the industry, who are well represented, will look the show over in a body and shake hands with the younger men. They will attend the annual dinner of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce which takes place this evening at the Waldorf-Astoria.

The Saxon exhibit, which made its appearance two years ago in an obscure corner of the fourth floor of the New York Show, occupies space on the first floor this year. As space is allotted by the National Chamber of Commerce according to the volume of business done, the rapid descent of the Saxon from the fourth to the first floor has a meaning. At the booth of the Saxon two cutout chassis are shown, one of the four cylinder, the other of the six cylinder car.

A striking red runabout attracts attention at the Cole exhibit. It is the Cole "Tuxedo," a three-passenger, with seating arrangement on the clover leaf pattern, one seat in front by the driver's and one in the rear.

The Kissel Company shows their Winter car half finished, so that the workmanship and quality of materials may be seen, one point being that twenty-two coats of color are put on before this process is completed. Other cars in this exhibit are an all-year sedan, an all-year coupé, and a four-door touring car, with divided front seats.

A big touring car of a beautiful green is an object of interest at the Winton booth. Another attractive touring car in the display shows the divided front seat. Other cars in the exhibit are a clover leaf roadster and a handsome limousine. In the list of compartive automobile prices for the five-year period ended in 1916, published in the Automobile Section of last Sunday's NEW YORK TIMES, a wrong impression was given in regard to the Winton. The car quoted at $2,285 in the 1916 price list is the Winton 33 horse power, and was not on the market in 1911. The 48 horse power Winton six, which in 1911 carried the price of $3,000, now sells for $3,500, an increase of $500.

A four-passenger roadster attracts attention in the Apperson exhibit. Its coat is a light gray, with a black stripe and burnt orange wheels. There is a space between the front seats through which the rear seats can be comfortably reached. Another noteworthy car in this display is a seven-passenger touring model with a revolving front seat which can be turned to face the rear passengers if desired. The driver's seat is adjustable: it can be moved backward or forward to suit the length of legs of the driver.

Society was well represented at the show yesterday afternoon and evening, those present including Paul D. Cravath, Miss Cravath, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander, D. B. Pratt, Reginald Ronalds, James F. D. Lanier, ex-Justice Morgan J. O'Brien, Robert Goelet, Percy Pyne, Thornton Wilson, Robert Hone, Erskine Wood, Fred Alexander, Miss Caryl Hackstaff, Miss Adrienne Iselin, Russell Bigelow, Harry Coe, Norman Hapgood, Henry Whigham, Mr. and Mrs. S. Bryce Wing, Alden Hatch, Mrs. Lydig Hoyt, Mrs. Belmont Tiffany, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Knox Bell, Eric Winston, Henry Wise Miller, and E. Roscoe Matthews.

Sues to Upset Father's Will.

Trial of a suit to set aside the will of Abraham Kaplan, who died July 23 last at 12 East 106th Street, was begun yesterday before Justice Shearn of the Supreme Court and a jury. The decedent left an estate of about $40,000. He made two wills. In one of them he divided his property equally between his two sons, David and Louis. A later will, executed five days before Mr. Kaplan died, gave to Louis and to the latter's children $31,000, and gave David only $3,800. David is dead, but his heirs charge that this last will was signed when Mr. Kaplan was mentally incompetent because of his illness and because of the fact that he was attended by a physician unacquainted with his real condition. They also say that the will was drawn by a lawyer who had never before attended to any of the decedent's affairs. The trial will be resumed today.

FRANK L. DOWLING HEADS ALDERMEN

Vice Chairman of the Board Will Take President McAneny's Place.

DEMOCRATS IN CONTROL

Dr. Thomas W. Martin Replaces Barry, Who Died in Bronx District—Committees Named.

The new Board of Aldermen which is to serve during 1916 and 1917 began its work yesterday with the election of officers and the appointment of committees. There are 78 members, 53 Democrats and 20 Republicans, with the five Borough Presidents and President McAneny. Two Borough Presidents are Democrats and three are Republicans, while Mr. McAneny is an independent Democrat.

Since the November election Philip Barry, elected Democratic Alderman from the Forty-first District, has died, and yesterday the Aldermen selected Dr. Thomas W. Martin of 3,072 Bailey Avenue, the Bronx, in his place.

The Democratic majority elected Frank L. Dowling as Vice Chairman, Francis P. Kenney of Brooklyn, Chairman of the Finance Committee, and P. J. Scully, City Clerk. When Mr. McAneny retires from the board on Jan. 15, Mr. Dowling will succeed him as Acting President of the board. He will become a member of the Board of Estimate with three votes, and will be Acting Mayor in the absence of Mayor Mitchel.

The Republicans named Henry H. Curran, the retiring Vice Chairman, to succeed himself; Frederick H. Stevenson of Brooklyn, as Chairman of the Finance Committee, and Frank J. Dotzler, as City Clerk. The selections were purely complimentary.

Dennis Sullivan was made Sergeant at Arms at a salary of $1,440, and eight assistants were named at $1,200 each. The board elected as Committee on Rules, Frank L. Dowling, Chairman, and Aldermen McCourt, Kenney, Ferguson, O'Rourke, Burden, and Curran. The following committees were chosen:

APPORTIONMENT—Egan, Dowling, Donnelly, Shields, Burden, Curley, Kenney, Browne, Heyman, Tran, and Diemer.

BUILDINGS—Kenneally, Schweickert, McKee, Silberstein, Schmitz, Cole, McGarry, Molen, Dunn, Crake, and Ferrandi.

CODIFICATION—Wendel, Friedlander, Williams, Palitz, Basset, Drescher, Ryan, Heyman, Walsh, Gutman, and Koehendorfer.

DEPARTMENTS—Dixson, Browne, Hilkemeier, Burns, Tolk, Cassidy, Daly, Walsh, Cox, Cardani, and Wirth.

FINANCE—Kenney, Kenneally, Dowling, Delaney, Stapleton, Cunningham, Bent, Moran, Burden, Cole, Curran, Diemer, and Stevenson.

GENERAL WELFARE—Robitzek, Hannon, Egan, Burns, Collins, Dixson, Haubert, Bassett, Ferguson, Carroll, and Squiers.

MARKETS—McGarry, Hilkemeier, Hyman, Haubert, Donnelly, Mullen, Farley, McGillicudy, Daly, Moore, and Hogan.

PRIVILEGES AND ELECTIONS—Molen, Dunn, Ryan, Haubert, Wendel, Silberstein, Friedlander, Wise, Palitz, Carroll, and Gaynor.

PUBLIC LETTING—McCann, McCourt, Sullivan, Drescher, McGarry, Browne, Schweickert, Cole, Cox, Stevenson, and Post.

PUBLIC THOROUGHFARES—Stapleton, Mullen, McCann, Ryan, Bent, Dunn, Drescher, Martin, Curley, Smith, and Quinn.

SALARIES AND OFFICES—Delaney, Hannon, Gilmore, Cunningham, Molen, Egan, Moran, Schmitz, O'Rourke, Colne, and Dostal.

Notices of contest were filed by William D. Brush, Republican, against Michael J. Shields, Democrat, of the Nineteenth District, and by William Duncan, Republican, against John McGillicudy, Democrat, of the Thirty-second District. The contests were referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections. The big chamber was filled with flowers sent by friends and admirers of the newly elected members.

The Mayor sent to the board with his approval a proposed ordinance regulating dealers in second-hand articles. The Mayor suggested that it be amended to take effect on April 1, by which time he said there would be an opportunity to adjust conflicting views.

Health Department Pharmacy Shut.

The drug laboratory and pharmacy of the Department of Health passed out of existence Jan. 1 and yesterday its functions were transferred to the General Drug Department of Charities. The laboratory was abolished for the sake of economy, after a long controversy between the Health Department and the Department of Charities.

Acknowledgments.

THE NEW YORK TIMES acknowledges receipt of the following contributions: For the Polish Victims' Relief Fund, from R. R. Reeder, $5, and from Mary I. Jolley, $5; for the Belgian Relief Fund, from R. R. Reeder, $5.

IF YOU WANT strength, color, relief from nervous or intestinal indigestion and constipation—

GET THE GENUINE Dewey's PORT WINE Combined with OLIVE OIL

and in a week or two, note the improvement. Ask your doctor. No taste of oil. At your dealer's, $1.00. Take no substitute.

Est. 1857

If you need iron combined with Port and Oil, get Dewey's Dew-For-Oil

H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO. Makers of Pure Wines and Grape Juices for over half a century

('Phone 3001-Cort.) 138 Fulton St., 61 Nassau St., N. Y.

Annual Stock-taking Sale

TIMAN COLLAMORE & CO.

Beg to announce that during January and February they will make reductions of from 10 to 50 per cent. on a great number of Dinner Sets, Plates, Cups and Saucers, Bric-a-Brac, Glass in Sets, odd Dozens and Single Pieces.

Fifth Ave. & 30th St.

"The National Automobile Show on Paper" is what people have called Collier's Annual Automobile Number. This year's—the 14th Annual—is a big 108-page issue of feature stories and articles for motor enthusiasts. Look for the traffic policeman on the cover of this week's issue of

5 cents Collier's THE NATIONAL WEEKLY

7-20-4 R. A. SULLIVAN

Largely increased sales tell the story of its quality.

Largest selling brand of 10c Cigars in the World.

FACTORY, MANCHESTER, N. H.

HISTORY ONCE A MONTH.

Vital points in the world's story discussed month by month by the leading thinkers of all countries in Current History Magazine of The New York Times. European war from all standpoints. 25 cents a copy—$3.00 a year. Times Square, New York.—Advt.

Manufacturers! are you Prepared?

Do you realize that gradually all lines of production are feeling the stimulus that has carried the steel trade to the peak of activity? Are you ready for the Commercial Battles of the New Year?

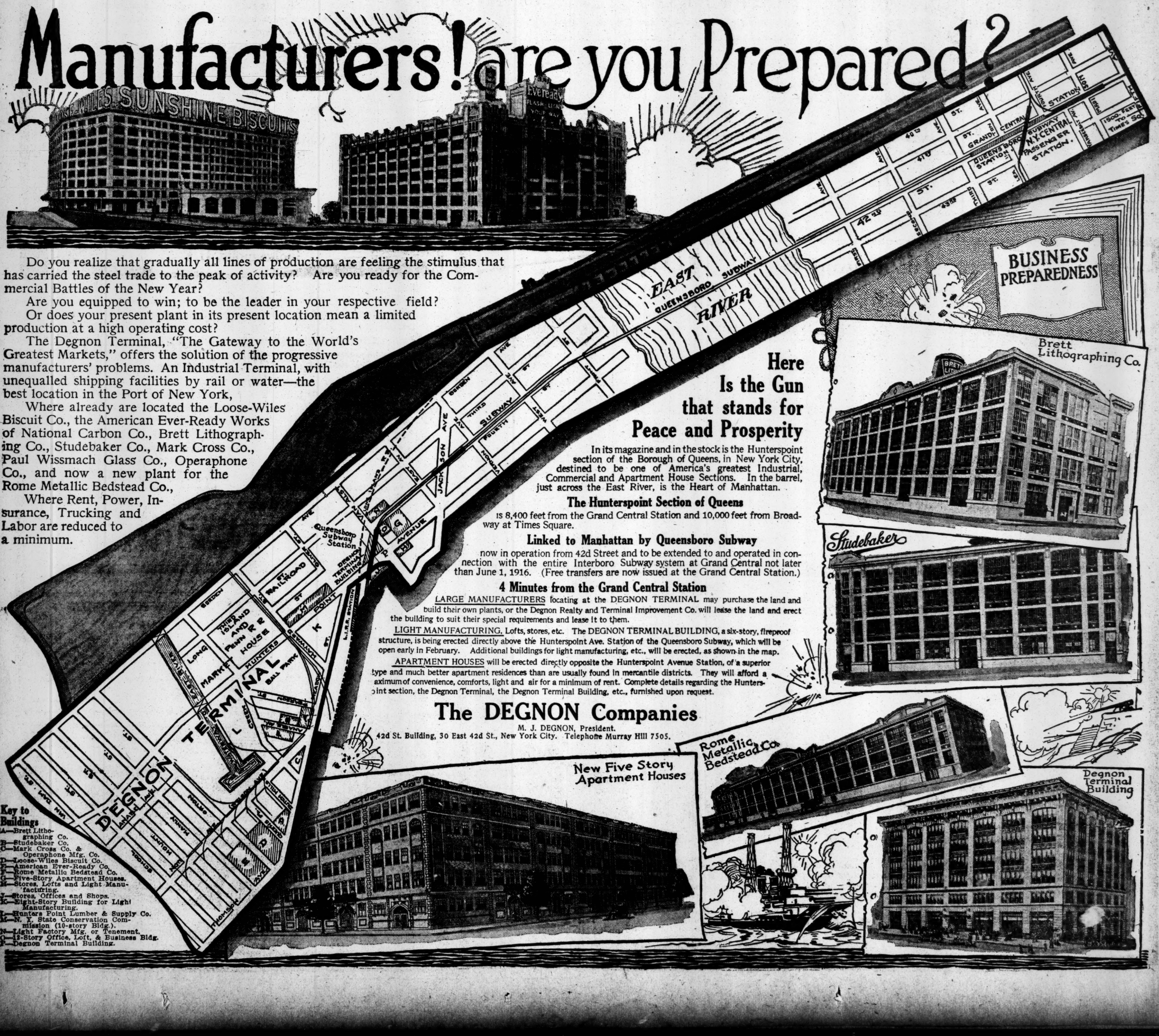
Are you equipped to win; to be the leader in your respective field?

Or does your present plant in its present location mean a limited production at a high operating cost?

The Degnon Terminal, "The Gateway to the World's Greatest Markets," offers the solution of the progressive manufacturers' problems. An Industrial Terminal, with unequalled shipping facilities by rail or water—the best location in the Port of New York,

Where already are located the Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co., the American Ever-Ready Works of National Carbon Co., Brett Lithographing Co., Studebaker Co., Mark Cross Co., Paul Wissmach Glass Co., Operaphone Co., and now a new plant for the Rome Metallic Bedstead Co.,

Where Rent, Power, Insurance, Trucking and Labor are reduced to a minimum.



Here Is the Gun that stands for Peace and Prosperity

In its magazine and in the stock is the Hunterspoint section of the Borough of Queens, in New York City, destined to be one of America's greatest Industrial, Commercial and Apartment House Sections. In the barrel, just across the East River, is the Heart of Manhattan.

The Hunterspoint Section of Queens

is 8,400 feet from the Grand Central Station and 10,000 feet from Broadway at Times Square.

Linked to Manhattan by Queensboro Subway

now in operation from 42d Street and to be extended to and operated in connection with the entire Interboro Subway system at Grand Central not later than June 1, 1916. (Free transfers are now issued at the Grand Central Station.)

4 Minutes from the Grand Central Station

LARGE MANUFACTURERS locating at the DEGNON TERMINAL may purchase the land and build their own plants, or the Degnon Realty and Terminal Improvement Co. will lease the land and erect the building to suit their special requirements and lease it to them.

LIGHT MANUFACTURING. Lofts, stores, etc. The DEGNON TERMINAL BUILDING, a six-story, fireproof structure, is being erected directly above the Hunterspoint Ave. Station of the Queensboro Subway, which will be open early in February. Additional buildings for light manufacturing, etc., will be erected, as shown in the map.

APARTMENT HOUSES will be erected directly opposite the Hunterspoint Avenue Station, of a superior type and much better apartment residences than are usually found in mercantile districts. They will afford a maximum of convenience, comforts, light and air for a minimum of rent. Complete details regarding the Hunterspoint section, the Degnon Terminal, the Degnon Terminal Building, etc., furnished upon request.

The DEGNON Companies

M. J. DEGNON, President.
42d St. Building, 30 East 42d St., New York City. Telephone Murray Hill 7505.

Key to Buildings

A—Brett Lithographing Co.
B—Studebaker Co.
C—Mark Cross Co. & Operaphone Mfg. Co.
D—Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co.
E—American Ever-Ready Co.
F—Rome Metallic Bedstead Co.
G—Five-Story Apartment Houses.
H—Stores, Lofts and Light Manufacturing.
J—Stores, Offices and Shops.
K—Eight-Story Building for Light Manufacturing.
L—Hunters Point Lumber & Supply Co.
M—N. Y. State Conservation Commission (10-story Bldg.).
N—Light Factory Mfg. or Tenement.
O—12-Story Office, Loft, & Business Bldg.
P—Degnon Terminal Building.

REPORT GREAT WORK FOR JEWISH RELIEF

Carnegie Hall Meeting Equaled In Enthusiasm by Baltimore's Sunday Gathering.

STUDENTS BEGIN CAMPAIGN

Cash Paid In Now $784,200—People's Committee Decides Against Another Tag Day.

Announcement was made yesterday at the campaign headquarters of the American Jewish Relief Committee, 174 Second Avenue, that the mass meeting in Baltimore on Sunday night resulted in the collection of about $100,000 in cash and pledges for the $5,000,000 fund which the committee will attempt to raise this year for Jews suffering from the war. Those who returned to New York from the meeting said nearly 7,000 Jews of Baltimore packed two large halls, the Hippodrome and Palace Theatre, and that hundreds were turned away.

After the appeals of several speakers, among whom was Dr. J. L. Magnes, who made such an effective plea at Carnegie Hall here, many of his hearers came forward with contributions of cash, jewelry, and pledges. The enthusiasm of the giving, it was said, was even greater than at the Carnegie Hall meeting. The local Baltimore Committee has pledged itself for at lest $200,000 for the fund.

The campaign is being carried to colleges and committees of students are being organized. The committee at Cornell has contributed $000 and expects to raise $2,000. Other committees are at work at Yale, Harvard, Princeton, Columbia, and other schools.

The contributions so far paid in at the office of the Treasurer of the fund, Felix M. Warburg, 52 William Street, last night made a total of $784,200. The following contributions of $25 or more were received and tabulated there yesterday:

Omaha Com....	$1,700	Jacob C. Wilson...	50
San Fran. Com..	1,000	Katz & Davidson..	50
Evansville Com..	8.9	Anonymous	50
Rochester Com....	550	W. Fischman employes	50
Allan S. Lehman..	500	Rosengarten Bros..	50
Ludwig Dreyfus...	500	Duluth Com.....	41
Mrs. W. Rothschild	500	H. Loeb.....	30
Nathan Hofheimer.	500	Thomas Adelson...	30
Wilkes-Barre Com.	500	E. Lieberman (col.)	29
Reuben Arkush...	500	Benjamin F. Levy..	25
St. Joseph Com..	352	M. Rosenberg Bros.	25
Charlevoix	296	Mrs. Louis Leir....	25
Mrs. Emma Plaut.	250	Stanley Elseman...	25
Clark & Weinberg.	250	M. A. Bernheimer..	25
C. H. Milliken....	250	Anathan & Co....	25
Jacob Sperber....	250	Jacob Schwarz.....	25
Louis S. Brush...	250	S. Rosenthal Co..	25
G. Hirsch's Sons..	200	Abraham Cohn....	25
Junior Hebrew Soc.	174	H. B. Goldsmith...	25
Calgary Com.....	150	B. Elkan.....	25
Carl Bonwit.....	150	E. S. Kah.....	25
Oklahoma Com....	150	J. H. Silverstein..	25
Eugene Katz.....	100	Mrs. S. Schechter..	25
Feld Seligmann...	100	Mrs. Fannie Cohn..	25
N. Y. Council Jewish Women.....	100	Ida E. Kempner...	25
A. M. Bing.....	100	Sarah L. S. Lee...	25
M. J. Hirsch.....	100	William Lederer...	25
Corrugated Paper Products	100	I. L. Butler.....	25
R. V. Ingersoll....	100	Isaac Siegel.....	25
Elias Kemper.....	100	A. F. Klakauer....	25
Abe Rabd & Co....	100	A. J. Powers.....	25
Lilly N. Stine....	100	D. & M. Blumberg.	25
A.-J. Bloomberg...	100	Arthur A. Kahn..	25
S. Jacobs & Sons..	100	Robert Plaut.....	25
Landay Bros.....	100	Mrs. C. Rasoover..	25
Max Goldsmith....	100	M. J. Schless.....	25
Anonymous	100	Crotona I. O. B. A.	25
Bakst Bros.....	100	M. Kirschberger...	25
Mrs. O. Pfeiffer...	50	David Rosenblum..	25
Anonymous	50	M. D. Mausteter..	25
Charles Douglas...	50	Gustave Eckstein..	25
Herman W. Block..	50	Josephine Jacobs..	25
Columbus I. O. B. B.	50	Mrs. C. Rasoover..	25
Moritz Bros.....	50	G. R. Davis.....	25
Memory of Max Schrier	50	H. N. Baruch.....	25
		Caroline V. L. Knox	25

The committee also received yesterday pledges amounting to $71 a month, the largest one of which was $25 a month from B. Elkan.

The People's Relief Committee of 196 Broadway, co-operating with the American Committee, announced yesterday that it was now planning another Tag Day, although the bad weather of last Wednesday made collections much less than expected. The committee is too busy with other promising enterprises.

The exact amount received from tags last Wednesday was $21,865, the number of coins being 2,295,475.

The attention of the committee is now centred upon a concert in the Fourteenth Street Armory next Sunday, and a ten-day bazaar in the Grand Central Palace in March. The concert will be given by the Cantors' Association, co-operating with Maximilian Pilzer, violinist; Hanz Kronold, 'cellist, and David Sapirstein, pianist.

JEWISH AID IN SEATTLE.

Branch of Immigrant Society to Care for War Refugees.

The Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, 229 East Broadway, received a telegram yesterday from its representative, Jacob R. Fain, at Seattle, Wash., saying that a branch had just been organized in that city, where it will undertake to care for Jewish refugees from the war zones of Europe as well as other Jewish immigrants. Seattle became a port of entry for immigrants on Dec. 1, and in the first month received more than 15,000 Jewish refugees who had fled from Russia by way of Siberia. They continue to come on every steamer from Japan.

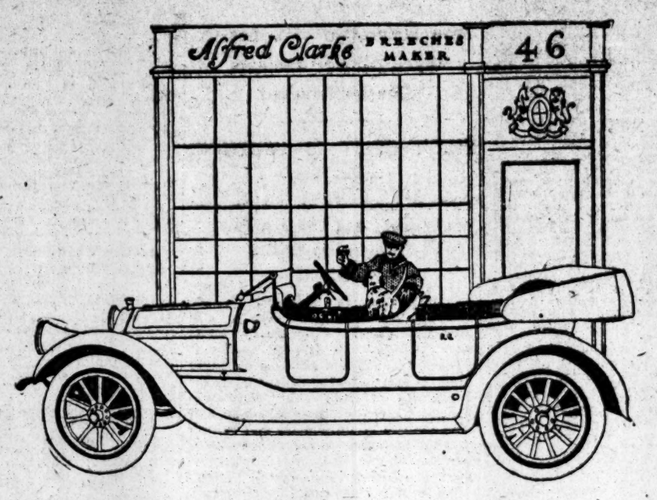
The need for an agency to care for these immigrants was seen by the society here, and Mr. Fain was sent to organize a branch. He arrived in Seattle on Dec. 31, and his telegram shows how quickly he succeeded in enlisting the support of the Seattle citizens.

In addition to the Ports of New York and Seattle, the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society has branches in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, and San Francisco.

Movie Actress Sues "Jack's."

Phieny S. Clarice, a moving picture actress, sued John Dunstan, and Jack's Restaurant, Inc., in the Supreme Court yesterday for $5,210. She asks for $5,000 damages on the ground that while she was dining in the restaurant with a party of friends on Dec. 8 last she was assaulted, bruised, had her clothes torn, and was finally ejected, without having given the defendant or his servants any provocation. The $210 she asks for on the ground that during the melée she lost jewelry worth that amount.

THE
Packard
SHOE
$5 AND $6
LONG COUNTER SUPPORTING INSIDE SHANK
TRUSS ARCH SUPPORT
"EVERY PAIR MADE TO WEAR"
The above and other styles for sale in New York City at
288 Third Ave., near 23d St.
335 Eighth Ave., near 27th St.
835 Eighth Ave., near 50th St.



PIERCE-ARROW CARS

Series IV will be on view at the Auto Show. No radical innovation is offered. Series III was too good to admit of much improvement. But there are many little touches—refinements of design—enhancements of comfort—increases of utility that will appeal to the sophisticated car owner.

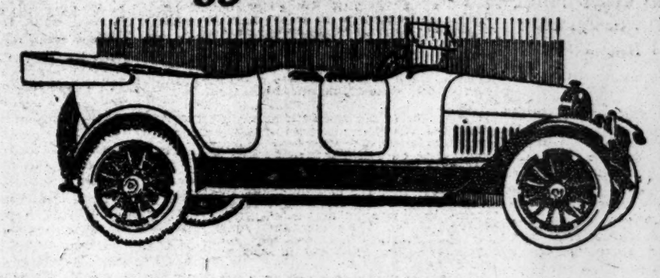
Among the new models is the four-passenger car with a low body, low seats, a rakish steering column and a little jauntiness.

Additional models are shown at New York and Newark salesrooms.

HARROLDS MOTOR CAR CO.
233-239 West 54th Street
New York, N. Y.

ELLIS MOTOR CAR CO.
416 Central Avenue
Newark, N.J.

COLE-8 NOW $1595
Bigger and Better



A New Achievement in The Proven Eight

THE MODEL 860 Cole Eight, at $1595, turns another page in multiple-cylinder history. It is a tremendous money value. It gives you twenty-five per cent more power than any other year-proven high-grade Eight with four hundred pounds less weight. That means lighter cost of upkeep and increased tire mileage.

The more you know about a motor car, the more this new Cole achievement will appeal to you. The more you study its light, sturdy structure, its improved engine and its perfected lines, the more you want to own it. And when you ride in it and see it perform as no other car *can* perform, you'll settle the matter of its superiority for good and all.

You'll go up the steepest hills without a thought of them. The rough roads won't impress you. Driving yourself, you will know that no other car picks up like it, that it will stick to the road as a train follows the tracks. You will drive without gear shifting, silently, without vibration. You'll accelerate from ten to fifty miles an hour in less than twenty seconds. And you'll get this maximum performance permanently. See this superb car at Grand Central Palace and then let us prove our claims by a demonstration.

All prices f. o. b. Indianapolis.

Colt-Stratton Company
Broadway at 57th Street
Space A-9, Grand Central Palace

Cole Motor Car Company
Builders of the Standardized Car
Indianapolis, U.S.A.

Oakland 8

Specifications
Model 50—Eight

FRAME: Channel section, pressed steel.
SPRINGS: Semi-elliptic front and ¾-elliptic, underslung, rear.
FRONT AXLE: Drop forged steel, I-beam section.
WHEELS: Wood, artillery, demountable rims.
TIRES: 34 x 4½ in., non-skid rear.
MOTOR: V-shape, cast in two blocks of four cylinders each; bore 3½ in., stroke 4½ in.
MOTOR SUSPENSION: Three point.
IGNITION: Delco. Automatic spark advance.
STARTING SYSTEM: Delco.
ELECTRIC LIGHTING: Single wire system. Delco generator and Exide battery.
CARBURETOR: Stromberg.
LUBRICATION: Circulating force feed, pressure gauge on dash.
GASOLINE SUPPLY: Oakland-Stewart vacuum; 16-gallon tank suspended at rear.
RADIATOR: Cellular, large area, German silver, V-shape.
COOLING SYSTEM: Centrifugal pump and large fan.
CLUTCH: Cone, leather faced.
TRANSMISSION: Sliding gear selective type, unit with motor.
REAR AXLE: Full floating. One bearing type.
BRAKES: Two sets engaging with drums at rear wheels.
WHEELBASE: 127 in.
FINISH: Rich Coach Green.

One Body

Touring; 7-passengers, comfortable, up-to-the-minute design. Price $1585

Oakland 6

Specifications
Model 32—Six

FRAME: Channel section, pressed steel.
SPRINGS: Semi-elliptic front, and ¾-elliptic, underslung, rear.
FRONT AXLE: Drop forged steel, I-beam section.
WHEELS: Wood, artillery, demountable rims.
TIRES: 32 x 3½ in., non-skid rear.
MOTOR: Six cylinders, cast en bloc; overhead valves, bore 2 13-16 in., stroke 4½ in.
MOTOR SUSPENSION: Three point.
IGNITION: Remy.
STARTING SYSTEM: Remy.
ELECTRIC LIGHTING: Single wire system. Remy generator, Willard battery.
CARBURETOR: Marvel.
LUBRICATION: Splash system, sight feed on dash.
GASOLINE SUPPLY: Oakland-Stewart vacuum; 12-gallon tank suspended at rear.
RADIATOR: Large, efficient radiator of tubular type.
COOLING SYSTEM: Centrifugal pump and fan.
CLUTCH: Cone, leather faced.
TRANSMISSION: Sliding gear selective type, unit with motor.
REAR AXLE: One bearing, full floating.
BRAKES: Two sets engaging with drums at rear wheels.
WHEELBASE: 110 in.
FINISH: Deep Royal Blue.

Two Bodies

Touring: 5 passengers, streamline, roomy.
Roadster: 2 passengers, spacious, covered luggage compartment. Price $795

Oakland 4

Specifications
Model 38—Four

FRAME: Channel section, pressed steel.
SPRINGS: Semi-elliptic front, and ¾-elliptic, underslung, rear.
FRONT AXLE: Drop forged steel, I-beam section.
WHEELS: Wood, artillery, demountable rims.
TIRES: 33 x 4 in., non-skid rear.
MOTOR: Four cylinders cast en bloc; bore 3¾ in., stroke 5 in.
MOTOR SUSPENSION: Three point.
IGNITION: Delco. Automatic spark advance.
STARTING SYSTEM: Delco.
ELECTRIC LIGHTING: Single wire system. Delco generator and Exide battery.
CARBURETOR: Marvel.
LUBRICATION: Splash system, sight feed on dash.
GASOLINE SUPPLY: Oakland-Stewart vacuum; 15-gallon tank suspended at rear.
RADIATOR: Large area, German Silver, V-shape, tubular.
COOLING SYSTEM: Centrifugal pump and belt-driven fan.
CLUTCH: Cone, leather faced.
TRANSMISSION: Sliding gear selective type, unit with motor.
REAR AXLE: One bearing, full floating.
BRAKES: Two sets engaging with drums at rear wheels.
WHEELBASE: 112 in.
FINISH: Deep Royal Blue or true Battleship Grey.

Three Bodies

Touring: 5 passengers, roomy, streamline body.
Roadster: 2 passengers, roomy, large luggage space.
Speedster: 2 passengers, bucket seats. (Finished in Battleship Gray or red body with red wheels for both.) Price $1050

Regular Equipment All Models: Complete set of tools; top cover; electric horn; one-man top, conventional top with roadsters and speedster; license brackets; demountable rim and carrier; robe rail and foot rail for touring models; dimmer for headlamps, dash operated. Stewart power tire pump furnished free with Model 50. Supplied on all 38 Models at slight extra cost.

All Handsome, Spacious, Powerful, Economical, Enduring

Oakland

"Sturdy as the Oak"

5 Leading Oakland Superiorities
Great Strength with Light Weight
Low Center of Gravity with Hand Rest Clearance
High Speed Motor with Great Power
Flyer Wedge Lines with Least Wind Resistance
Economy with Luxury

Think of the Oakland line as one in which right motor car principles have been made into a deep, stable foundation for different models. Whatever Oakland you drive you will possess great power under ready control; sturdiness; generosity in seating and leg space; light weight; an effect that is smart, artistic, luxurious, with genuine economy in first cost and maintenance. See the Oakland line in Section 25, Aisle A.

Oakland Motor Co., Pontiac, Mich.
Sidney B. Bowman Co., 1710-12 Broadway, at 54th Street
New York City

Last year there was but one—this year there are twenty.

Kissel showed the motor world how to use one car the year around in perfect comfort and without sacrificing appearance.

The All-Year Car—Kissel's great invention—was the only car with a detachable winter top exhibited at last year's New York Show. Since then twenty manufacturers have brought out imitations—but none in any sense an equal.

The ALL-YEAR Car
Is a KISSELKAR

The proof is at this year's Show. Look over the convertible cars one by one. Compare the lines, construction, material, finish, appearance.

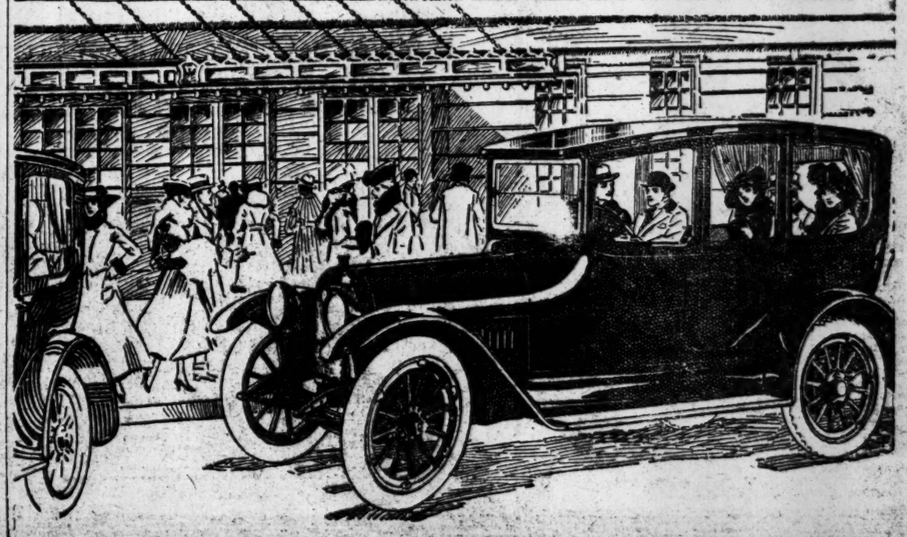
The All-Year Car looks and is a real coach. The others—but see for yourself.

The All-Year Cars—Sedans and Coupes—are mounted on both the 32-Four and 42-Six KisselKar chasses. These cars are wonderful cars mechanically—powerful, beautiful, classy.

Touring cars and roadsters are $1050 to $1750—All-Year Cars $1450 to $2100.

The KisselKar exhibit is on the main floor. Turn to your left as you enter and you reach it quickly. You are also cordially invited to visit our sales rooms—there is another big show there.

CLODIO & ENGS, *Distributors*
Circle Building, Columbus Circle. Tel. Col. 510
Brooklyn:—DELLING AUTO COMPANY, INC., 1078 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn.
Staten Island:—Granite Motor Co. Suffern:—Piper Blanchard.



MAY INDICT OSBORNE AGAIN FOR SPEECHES

Weeks Says Grand Jury Is to Find New Bill, Superseding the Other Two.

ACTION IS EXPECTED JAN. 11

Warden and His Lawyer In Court, but District Attorney Won't Appear to Hear a Plea.

District Attorney Weeks of White Plains notified counsel for Thomas Mott Osborne yesterday that the Westchester County Grand Jury was expected on Jan. 11 to return a new indictment against Mr. Osborne, which would supersede the two indictments now standing against him.

Mr. Weeks would not discuss the nature of the new indictment, but it was said one new charge against Mr. Osborne would be based on the attacks which Mr. Osborne has made on the Grand Jury in public speeches in Westchester County. Some of Mr. Osborne's speeches were taken by stenographers acting in behalf of the Grand Jury and District Attorney Weeks.

The intention of the Grand Jury to revise its work was made known yesterday when George Gordon Battle, lawyer for Mr. Osborne, sought to enter a plea of not guilty to the present indictment before Justice Morschauser at White Plains. When the defendant and his lawyers appeared in court an officer brought word that District Attorney Weeks had no intention of appearing in court.

"We are here to plead," said Mr. Battle. "Mr. Osborne has come all the way from Auburn to do so. I also wish to make a motion for the minutes of the Grand Jury, on which the indictments were found."

"I know of no way to force the District Attorney to appear," said Justice Morschauser, "unless you ask for an order to show cause and it is granted. He has a right to conduct his affairs as he sees fit."

Mr. Battle then went to the District Attorney's office and brought back word of the intended superseding indictments.

On Mr. Battle's motion for permission to see the minutes of the Grand Jury, Justice Morschauser said:

"I realize that if a man who is indicted is innocent the matter is terribly wrong. Yet a court of justice is the place to settle the matter."

Mr. Osborne left White Plains for Ossining and went to Sing Sing Prison, where he spent some time in the prison offices with his secretary, Spencer Miller, and Dr. George W. Kirchwey, Acting Warden. A report that Mr. Osborne had made a speech to the prisoners was denied by himself and by Mr. Miller.

"Mr. Osborne had luncheon with me and went with me on a tour of the prison yards," said Dr. Kirchwey. "He spoke to a few dozen prisoners who came forward to greet him, but there was no demonstration and no speech, nor was any contemplated."

"Supt. of Prisons Riley has never given an order to the effect that Mr. Osborne should be kept out of the prison. I have no reason to believe that he wishes Mr. Osborne kept out of the prison, except from what I read in the newspapers. I should be very much surprised if any such order were issued."

Mr. Osborne came to this city after leaving the prison and went to the Hotel Belmont, where he conferred with George Gordon Battle and some of his friends. Mr. Osborne and his lawyers are now hard at work preparing their defense. Mr. Battle said proof had been obtained yesterday that one of the witnesses who testified before the Grand Jury at Ossining had told a story that was completely false.

It was learned that lawyers for Mr. Osborne were preparing to assail the testimony of ex-Assistant Warden Charles H. Johnson if he should take the stand against Mr. Osborne at the coming trial in Westchester County. The view that Mr. Johnson's testimony, involving the personal character of Mr. Osborne, should be considered as coming from a prejudiced witness has already been urged upon Governor Whitman.

FORBIDS OSBORNE SPEECH.

Riley Sends Word to Kirchwey Not to Permit Address in Sing Sing.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 3. — Former Warden T. M. Osborne of Sing Sing, it was announced today by State Superintendent of Prisons John B. Riley, would not be permitted to carry out his intention of making an address to the inmates of the prison tomorrow. Superintendent Riley said today he had issued instructions to Warden Kirchwey to take any step necessary to prevent Mr. Osborne from making a speech.

"Mr. Osborne has a perfect right to visit any prisoner he pleases, just as any other citizen would, but that is all," said Mr. Riley.

THESSALONIKI SENDS NEW CALLS FOR HELP

Wireless Messages from Crippled Greek Liner Received Early Today.

PASSENGERS ON THE PATRIS

Sister Ship Had the Thessaloniki In Tow, According to Word Sent by Her Captain.

Wireless messages asking for help, sent by the Greek steamer Thessaloniki, which has been held up by engine trouble some 300 miles off this port, were heard by wireless stations in this vicinity early this morning. The Thessaloniki was last reported in tow of the steamer Patris, a ship of the same line to which the crippled vessel belongs, and was expected to reach port at noon today.

The steamers Finland and United States are reported to be near the Thessaloniki. The call for help heard by several land stations did not give the position of the Thessaloniki nor the cause of her present trouble.

The Thessaloniki at 3 A. M. sent word that she was stationary in latitude 38.50 north, longitude 67.30 west. The wireless said she was in urgent need of assistance.

The cause for the Thessaloniki's distress signal became know here for the first time when one of the wireless messages exchanged by the Greek liner with near-by ships brought the niformation that the towline which connected her with the steamship Patris had parted.

Salvage dodging was denied yesterday by N. A. Galanos, agent here of the Greek Line, owners of the Thessaloniki. A charge that the skipper of the disabled vessel refused a tow, although he had about 300 passengers on board, was made yesterday in a wireless message from Captain Marin of the Red Cross liner Florizel, on her way here from Halifax. The Florizel's commander, to explain his own delay in reaching port, sent the following message to his agents at 17 Battery Place:

Delayed twenty-seven hours searching for the Thessaloniki, and standing by her at his request for assistance. The Thessaloniki refused to take lines. After standing by seven hours we are proceeding to port.

The Greek Captain, it was said, preferred to wait for the coming of the Patris of his own line, which has taken off the Thessaloniki's passengers, a message to the agents here said. The agents said the transshipping of passengers was a necessary step before towing, but that it did not mean that the liner was in a serious condition. As proof that she was not, the agents showed the following wireless message from her Captain: "Am proceeding to port. Weather moderate."

The Thessaloniki's position has been a matter of speculation ever since the Stampalia of the Italian Line overtook her on Dec. 22 and stood by her all night in a terrific storm. She was then reported about 623 miles off Norfolk. Her crew succeeded in getting her flooded engine room cleared, and when the Stampalia left she was going ahead at about nine knots.

Then came another call for help from her, and the Coast Guard cutter Seneca went out on Dec. 28 to search for her. The Seneca's commander thought the distressed vessel was about 300 miles east of Sandy Hook.

The Seneca proceeded directly to the spot where the Thessaloniki was supposed to be, but she was not in sight. The cutter cruised about, looking for her, when a message, relayed from the Sisconset station was received saying that the Thessaloniki was then 180 miles to the north. North sped the cutter, keeping a lookout for the Greek steamer until midnight Saturday, when a message came from the Thessaloniki that the Patris had arrived and was then alongsire. Her Captain thanked the coast guard and wished the crew "A Happy New Year."

Several time after she left port the Seneca was in wireless communication with the Thessaloniki. Her commander reported upon his return to port that the Greek steamship would not answer inquiries as to her position. It was because of this the cutter did not overtake her and returned after receiving the reassuring message.

Wireless reports received from the Thessaloniki, since she was disabled near midocean by tremendous seas that flooded her engine room, show that for many hours she drifted before the fury of gales.

At Lloyds it was said the Thessaloniki would be thoroughly inspected upon her arrival here, and that, if inquiry showed her engines and hull were not up to the requirements, her owners would be expected to meet them or loose their class rating. The records of insurance are kept in the London office of Lloyds.

Dr. N. Batossi, Greek Consul here, has planned no inquiry to determine the facts of the Thessaloniki's voyage, but he said he would do so were a complaint made to him by any member of the ship's crew or passengers.

GOMPERS TAKES UP FIGHT ON PIER WORK

Says Federation of Labor Ordered Dock Builders' Charter Revoked.

UNION SPLIT IS WIDENING

Work on the North River Structures Continues, but Labor Dispute Threatens to Stop It.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, was in New York City for a few hours yesterday. Although he said no particular mission brought him here, he displayed keen interest in the differences between the International Bridge and Structural Iron Workers and the District Council of Carpenters and Joiners that threaten to interfere with work being done on four North River municipal piers.

The principle at issue is considered a vital one for the American Federation of Labor, affecting its right to direct the affairs of an affiliated organization that, up to the present time, has maintained a defiant attitude. The immediate point in controversy is whether the Municipal Dock Builders, to whom recently a charter was given by the International Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, or the Independent Dock Builders, affiliated with the District Council of Carpenters and Joiners, has the right to work on the piers.

It appeared from what Mr. Gompers said that the disaffection has spread, and that 1,400 members of the organization opposed to the Municipal Dock Builders have quit work because of it.

"The American Federation of Labor requested the International Bridge and Structural Iron Workers to vacate the charter given the Municipal Dock Builders," Mr. Gompers said. "The request has not been complied with yet," he added, laying decided stress on the word "yet."

"These quarrels among labor organizations do no good," was the way Oliver Collins, general agent for the carpenters, summed it up, "but the granting of a charter to the Municipal Dock Builders was a distinct violation of the labor laws of our organization. It will have to be rescinded."

The Investigating Committee detailed to look into the dispute met at 142 West Fifty-ninth Street yesterday, and a formal report of its findings will be handed in at the executive office of the United Brotherhood of Business Agents of the Building Trades, 154 East Fifty-fourth Street, today.

"We hope to find a way to settle things," one of the committee said yesterday. "But, of course, the request of the American Federation of Labor cannot be ignored. And, just how things can be patched up with the members of the carpenters' organization I really don't know. Something must be done to avert the very serious trouble confronting us."

Work on the four piers was not interrupted yesterday.

Justice Brady Has Pneumonia.

Justice John J. Brady of the Supreme Court is said to be seriously ill with pneumonia at his home, 2,395 Valentine Avenue, the Bronx. He was taken ill at Atlantic City New Year's Eve, and was brought home on Saturday. Justice Brady is being attended by his family physician, Dr. T. Joseph Dunn of Creston Avenue and 192d Street.

BUYS OUT MATTHEWS FIRM.

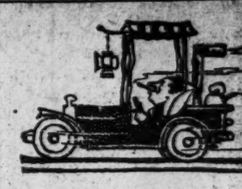
C. S. Rich to Continue the Business of the Brooklyn Store.

At a creditors' meeting held in the United States Court, in Brooklyn, before Judge Thomas I. Chatfield, yesterday, the offer of Charles S. Rich to purchase the assets of the firm of A. D. Matthews's Sons, Inc., which went into bankruptcy several months ago, was accepted. The formal transfer will be made on Thursday. The court ordered the Trustee in bankruptcy to keep the department store open for business until the transfer was made.

Rich agreed to pay 25 per cent. of the creditors' claims, the cost of the receivership and the Trustee's administration expenses. Henry Lesser, his attorney, said Mr. Rich represented a number of Manhattan business men and that it was their plan to operate the business as a department store, as heretofore.

Vine H. Smith Appointed.

Vine H. Smith yesterday was appointed as Second Assistant United States District Attorney in the Brooklyn District. He succeeds Henry Ward Beer, who was recently promoted to First Assistant District Attorney.



Speed and *Comfort*

You can get all the news of motordom with unusual speed, and without sacrificing the comfort of your easy chair. Begin TO-DAY, by reading the Motor Department of

HARPER'S WEEKLY

NORMAN HAPGOOD, Editor.

TO-DAY

10C *All good newsstands* 10C

SAXON

"Six" $785

"Four" $395

Tried and found true by 40,000 owners—Saxon "Four" Roadster. See the new 3 speed models.

(25)

At the Show

Main Floor—First Aisle to Right

衙 縣

話 傳 人 宜

須半住凡歲粵文一下房後正
貼貼址面以音二由經發之月
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票九夾水年律與間問應午
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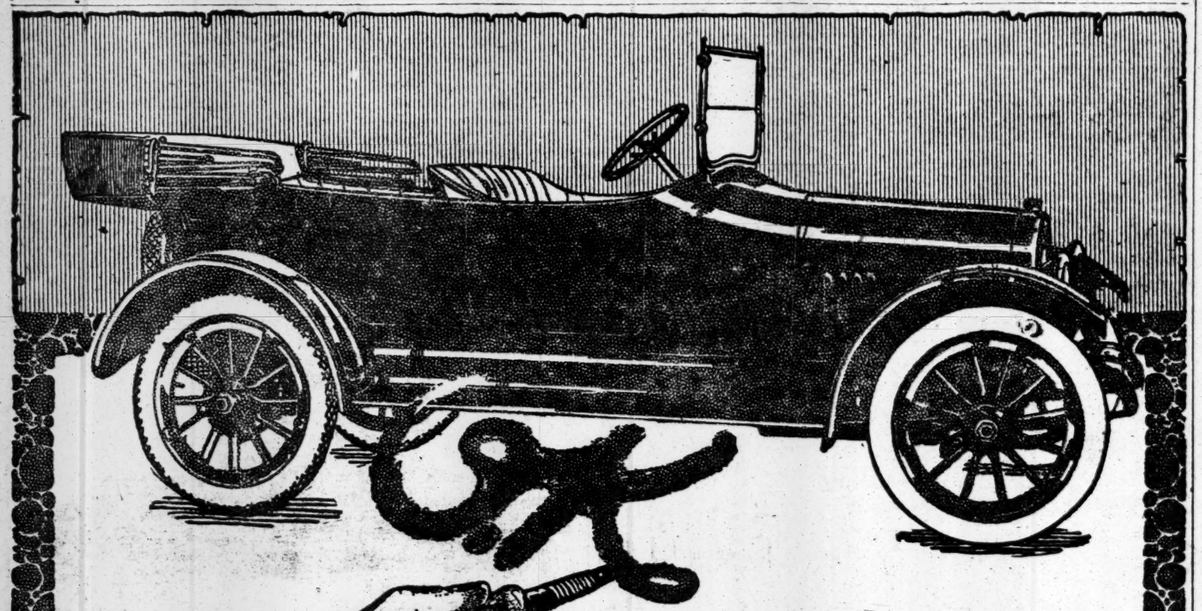
MUNICIPAL CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION



New York Adds Its O.K.

The Climax of Approval

New York's automobile buying public—comprising the keenest judges and shrewdest buyers of motor cars in the country—has set its approval on the Dort.

New Yorkers were quick to discover in the Dort unexpected features of power, sturdiness and class which had already excited surprise and admiration among the technical men of the industry,

—features that previous standards of automobile manufacture had not led these experts to expect in a car selling at the Dort price.

These are the reasons why the production of Dort cars has increased from 6 cars a day to 1500 cars a month in less than nine months.

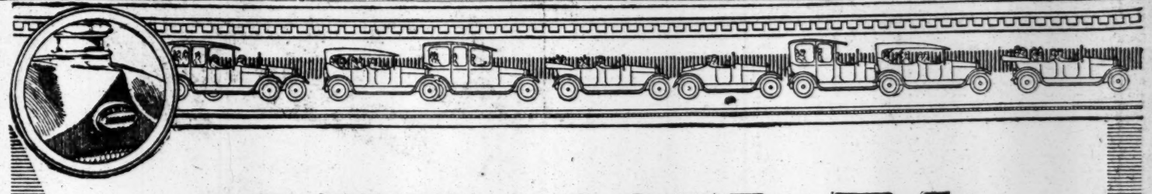
See these features—learn by close personal inspection why the Dort gives more for the money than any car on the American market today.

Exhibit space C-7, Grand Central Palace, in charge of Mr. A. B. Christie and direct factory officials.

DORT MOTOR CAR CO.,
FLINT, MICH.

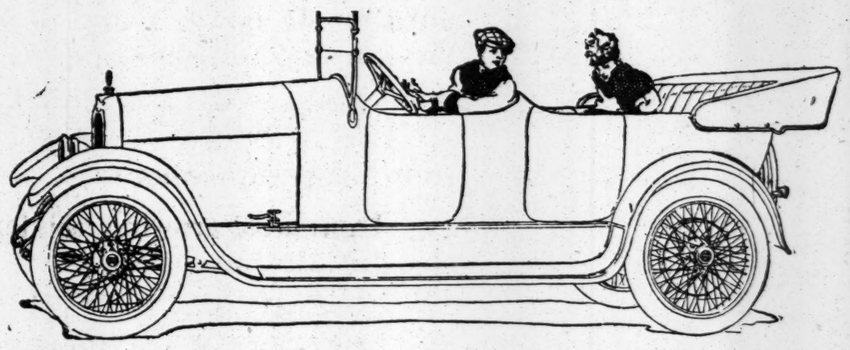
$650
F. O. B. Flint, Mich. Completely equipped with Electric Starting—Electric Lighting.

DORT



MARMON 34

A Scientifically Constructed Light-Weight Car



PRE-SHOW COMMENTS ON A REMARKABLE CAR

by Automobile Experts

"It is a brand new design throughout, and fairly bristles with features which are by no means confined to the power plant."

—Automobile Topics, December 25th.

"The Marmon in a number of respects establishes a new era in motor car design."

—Motor World, December 22nd.

"The car handles well. Not only does the engine possess that elasticity and smoothness which characterized the first half dozen cars of the world, but every control operates with small effort."

—Motor Age, December 23rd.

"The new car is in every sense a luxury machine, yet it is 1000 pounds lighter than the great majority of automobiles of its class.

"It is a high-sided type, with a high hood, and if it is necessary to classify it, would belong to the Italian school of automobile engineering."

—The Automobile, December 23rd.

Prices $2700 for three, four and five passenger models. $2750 for seven passenger model.

Aside from the regular five and seven passenger models we are exhibiting three and four passenger close-coupled roadsters that will instantly appeal.

You are cordially invited to inspect the new Marmon 34 in

Space A-18, *First Floor, Grand Central Palace*

NORDYKE & MARMON COMPANY
INDIANAPOLIS, INDIANA

MARMON, NEW YORK COMPANY, Inc.
1855 Broadway at 61st St., New York City
Telephone, 1583 Columbus

NEWARK, N. J., Pierre L. Smith Co., 254 Central Ave.
PATERSON, N. J., Auto Shop Co., 10 Crosby Place
NEW HAVEN, CONN., Kirk's Garage, 213 Crown St.
NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Harold T. Birnie, 57 North Ave.

A Great Stride Forward

Efficiency, strength and lightness are built into the Marmon motor.

Two factors of importance are the Lynite Aluminum monoblock motor casting and the Lynite Aluminum pistons.

LYNITE ALUMINUM

SOME PIERROTS ASTRAY.

Old Town Hall Entertainment Blunders Into the Liberty.

A strange and unexpected entertainment, such a one as might have been arranged to raise funds for a new aisle carpet in the old stone church down Coatesville way, was revealed last evening at the Liberty Theatre when an organization called The Blue Pierrots began there what was optimistically described as a week's engagement. The little band of regulars among the first-nighters, used as they are to all manner of theatrical fare, for the most part sat incredulous through the most peculiar experience since the famous "London Follies" made its celebrated run of one night on Broadway some seasons ago.

The Blue Pierrots provide a program which, in the blunt phraseology of the Rialto, is familiarly known as "lyceum stuff." The company numbers seven, all recruited apparently from the English music halls. These seven appear on a stage draped with hangings of quite unprecedented ugliness, and their equipment is a grand piano, seven lemon-colored stools, and two tiny drop curtains. And then they just sing. Two or three of the voices are good, three or four of the numbers are pleasing, and all seven work with unflagging industry. The Blue Pierrots are said to be on the first lap of a three-year tour of the world, and it is quite conceivable that there are towns in remote corners of that planet where their arrival might be regarded as an event, but imagination swoons at the task of conceiving the wrath of the Broadwayite, who had paid the conventional two dollars for a seat at the Liberty and found himself served with an entertainment better attuned to the traditions of the Scollard Opera House in Clinton, or the Grand at Bath, N. Y.

ALDA IN BELMONT CAST.

Prima Donna Will Be One of the Principals in "Melinda."

Mme. Frances Alda, the opera singer, is the latest addition to the Belmont-Maxwell operetta cast, and will join other professionals and society itself in the smart satire on society which is to be given at the Waldorf next month. She is to take a principal part, and will be one of the young "Peppers" in "Melinda and Her Sisters." One of the most famous dancers now appearing in this country is also to appear.

The first rehearsal will take place at Mrs. Belmont's house, 477 Madison Avenue, this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

MISS JANIS IN OLD TRICKS.

She Brings Her Imitations Back to Vaudeville.

A big audience at the Palace rejoiced greatly yesterday afternoon when the incomparable Elsie Janis went back to her old tricks, the tricks of mimicry she had not played in these parts since the days of "The Lady of the Slipper," before she sailed overseas to take London by storm. She is as pleasing as ever. Few please half so well.

In the brief period that she holds the Palace stage, Ethel Barrymore seems to be singing "Hello, Frisco," Cohan and Foy do a duet, Bernhardt sings "Tipperary," Ethel Levey roars a song, Harry Lauder plays Romeo, and Frank Tinney recites "The Village Blacksmith," he does. It is all very amusing, save the Nazimova imitation, which does not even approach the cleverness of the one given by Violet Dale last week, but Miss Janis makes hasty amends by dancing the joyous dance which she first gave at another Palace on the other side of the Atlantic. She was tumultuously received, was properly grateful and gave a solemn promise that she would strike out the unauthorized "cleverest girl in the world" in her announcements and be billed hereafter just as yours truly, the "luckiest girl in the world."

FUNERAL OF JOE MURPHY.

Veteran Players Attend Services Conducted by the Elks.

The funeral services of Joe Murphy, the veteran comedian, were held last night in the clubrooms of the Elks in West Forty-third Street. The impressive services of the order were conducted by Dr. J. E. Dearden, Exalted Ruler of the lodge. During the morning private services were held at the Campbell Undertaking Parlors at 421 West Twenty-third Street.

Several hundred persons attended the services. Among these were veteran players, some of whom had been in Mr. Murphy's companies, Josie and Sadie Claflin, W. J. Sheehan, Bernard Dillon, who were members of Hooley's Minstrels, Carrol Johnson, Willis P. Sweatnam, Dan Collyer, Paul Scott, Thomas Leary, Dan Bushaman, John Le Claire, Luke Wilson, James J. Armstrong, Gus Hill, Harry Bryant, Mike E. Leavitt, and John R. Rogers were among those present.

Interment will be made this morning in Calvary Cemetery.

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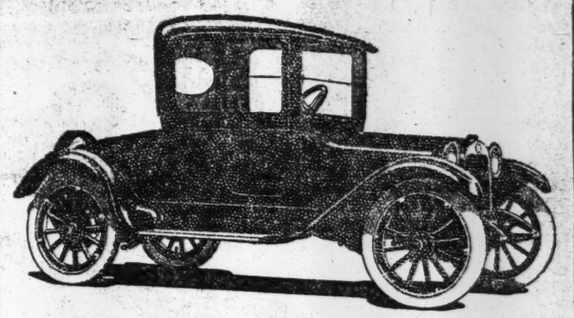

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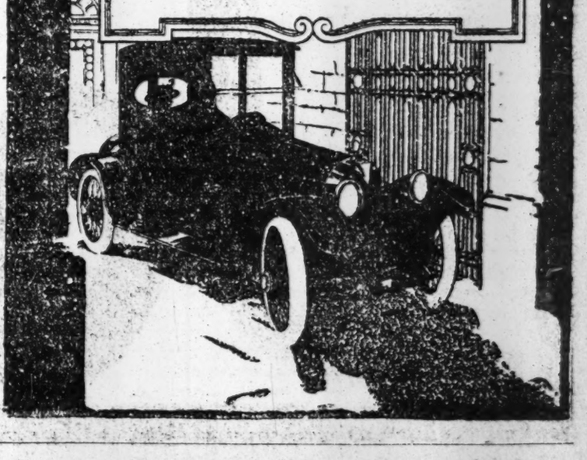

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JANUARY 4, 1916.

NOW FOR DEFENSE.

With the reassembling of Congress for the actual beginning of a season of hard work the question of national defense demands immediate attention. There are rumors about the plans of Chairman HAY of the House Military Committee, and other rumors about the ideas that Senator CHAMBERLAIN intends to put into the form of bills. We hear much about the opposition of certain Congressmen to having anything whatever done to increase our army and navy. Reports are circulated that the President himself is not enthusiastically in favor of strengthening our defenses, and both the pacifists and the big navy and army people, the out and out militarists, derive some sort of feeble satisfaction from them. But nothing that the President has done or said justifies their acceptance. We have no doubt that he will use all his influence with Congress to secure prompt action on this all-important question. That which Congress must consider first of all is the will of the American people. East and west, north and south, in the interior as well as on the coasts, the popular demand is for preparation for adequate defense. For this purpose the plans submitted to Congress by Secretary GARRISON and Secretary DANIELS promise a good beginning. They indicate the best that can be quickly done. Mr. HAY's bill will be satisfactory to the people if it embodies the essence of the War Department report. The Navy bill will receive general approval if it follows generally the suggestions of Secretary DANIELS.

The report that any members of the majority in Congress seriously contemplate a postponement of definite action on the defense measures until after the two political conventions have been held is incredible. That would not only be disastrous to the Democratic Party, by turning over the question to its opponents as a political issue, but it would involve the whole subject in a political muddle which might tend to defer action for a year. There is no reason why the Army and Navy bills should not be brought up for action within a few weeks and disposed of early enough to have the preparations they provide for well under way before the conventions meet. Amendments tending to improve the plans already before the legislators may be desirable, but no measures providing for less adequate defense than is called for in the two reports will be acceptable. It is true, also, that not much, if any, more than they call for could be accomplished in the beginning without perilous delays.

The form of the proposed Continental Army, or any substitute for it, may be settled as Congress sees fit. The exact terms of the provisions for the improvement of the National Guard are matters of detail. If Mr. HAY has a new and promising plan for increasing the number of officers it is worth knowing about and acting upon. The main business before Congress is to clarify the plans, to make them as coherent as possible, and to pass the bills without needless delay. The country will cheerfully bear the expense. The fear of some politicians that the enlarged appropriations for the defense of the country will decrease the size of the "pork barrel" need not be seriously considered. The apprehension that the Administration's military and naval policy, as set forth in the official reports, will tend to militarism and increase the danger of war may be dismissed as a vagary of a few constitutionally afflicted persons.

THE BARGE CANAL TERMINALS.

The State Engineer is dissatisfied with the Barge Canal terminals in this city. They were selected by agreement between the Canal Board and the city authorities, as the law requires. More than enough time was taken and more than enough money was spent to supply these important facilities of the enlarged canal in ideal form. Now that the canal is approaching completion it appears that some of the terminals are badly chosen and unnecessarily dear. Near the Queensboro Bridge there is no opportunity for preparing slips, and bulkhead docking in the swift tides of the East River is not practicable. The damage claim in connection with this terminal, $1,714,215, is "exorbitant." The Canal Board makes an offer of reconveyance.

The site near 138th Street is narrow, and the street grade is so high that an excessive proportion of the property must be used for its development to make it accessible, in the opinion of the State Engineer. Other sites are thought to be better, although not as good as might be had. A suggestion is made to place the Port of Call on the New Jersey side of the Hudson, on account of the shore conditions on the New York side near the Harlem.

These are important and pressing conditions in a tardy state of development, considering the forward condition of construction of the State's $100,000,000 undertaking. No doubt deference should be paid to engineering considerations, but, after all, the canal is a trade facility, and trade conditions might lead to conclusions different from those reached by strictly engineering considerations. The terminals of the city's bridges were placed at the engineers' convenience, with the result of creating traffic problems more difficult of solution than the engineering problems and dwarfing the consideration of first cost. After decades the bridge terminal problems have not been solved, and the impediment to traffic is costing the city more in its development than any reasonable cost of better terminals.

The prejudice against placing one terminal of a New York enterprise on Jersey soil is natural, but it may be necessary to overcome it on other than engineering considerations. There are more railways in New Jersey than reach New York, and there is a pretty question whether the connection between land and water facilities would not be more for the advantage of New York than of New Jersey.

AMERICAN PREACHING AND PRACTICE.

The American way of dealing with questions of humanity in war perplexities is the same now that it was a century ago, and as it will be to the end of time. During the period of French spoliations, best remembered through the distribution of the damages France paid for them, Captain DERBY sailed for the Mediterranean in command of the Mount Vernon. According to his account:

> Off Algeciras Point we were seriously attacked by a large lateener, who had on board more than 100 men. He came so near as to allow our six-pound grape to do execution handsomely. We then bore away and gave him our stern guns, in a cool and deliberate manner, doing apparently great execution. Our bars having cut his sails considerably, he was thrown into confusion, struck both his ensign and his pennant. I was then puzzled to know what to do with so many men. * * * I had reason to suppose she might receive assistance and my port in full view. These circumstances induced me to give up the gratification of bringing him in. It was, however, a satisfaction to flog the rascal in full view of the English fleet, who were to leeward.
>
> It was a marauder that was beaten, not a merchant ship with noncombatants aboard. The fear of a superior force was actual, not imaginary. Yet the American never thought of sinking his foe, who had invited the fortune of war. He preferred to let the fighting men go, rather than break those sacred principles of humanity which are embodied in the Austrian naval regulations. Captain DERBY's conscience must have given him less uneasiness of mind than some modern naval officers should feel, whether disciplined or undisciplined by their countrymen. Their first thought is of themselves, and nothing is too barbarous to save the submarine at the expense of any distress to the innocent and helpless.
>
> A fleet in the offing was a reason for the American to let a beaten foe escape. A single ship perhaps seen on the horizon is the gallant modern officer's reason for sinking a merchantman without thought of souls aboard. These things are justified because in the nature of the submarine it has no facilities to care for so many. When the American officer had too many to care for he let them go. The Teutons shoot and drown all superfluous humans, friend or foe. Do Americans prefer the American or the Teuton way? Should any Teuton defense be allowed to be heard without protest? The American who does not dissent by any means in his power is party to the crime. The same is even truer of those in America, although not of America, who attempt defense of submarine murders on any pretense whatever.

JUSTICE LAMAR.

The career of Associate Justice LAMAR of the United States Supreme Court illustrates the soundness of the maxim that the best title to a seat on the Bench is to be a good lawyer. That is true where Judges are appointed, it has much less to do with the case when Judges are elected, as in New York and most of the other States of the Union. President TAFT knew Justice LAMAR to be a good lawyer. He had opportunities to observe his workmanlike and skillful presentation of cases, his ability in argument. Mr. LAMAR'S fitness for judicial duties had been further proved by his service as Justice of the Supreme Court in Georgia and by his work as a member of the commission for revising the code in that State. So in 1910 President TAFT appointed him to the Supreme Bench. In that great court Justice LAMAR gave further and frequent evidence of his learning and ability. The opinions he has prepared have won much praise and he was highly respected by his Associates of the Bench.

In considering the choice of a successor to Justice LAMAR one name comes first of all to mind. President WILSON would give new strength and dignity to the court, he would recognize proved and distinguished judicial capacity by appointing ex-President TAFT. Mr. TAFT is a Republican, the President is a Democrat. That may stand in the way. Since the death of Justice LAMAR there remain two Democrats upon the Supreme Bench, Chief Justice WHITE and Associate Justice MCREYNOLDS of Tennessee, appointed by President WILSON after his brief service as Attorney General. The President may feel, the leading men of his party will be sure to feel, that the balance should be redressed by the appointment of a Democrat. It is not vital, for party doctrines have become so vague and shadowy, so confused withal, that it is increasingly difficult to say what questions of principle divide the two great organizations. Moreover, some of the old Federalist doctrines, which during nearly a century the Democrats professed to abhor, have in recent years been put in practice by that party. But the name still counts, we suppose it will have its weight with the appointing power.

CHEERFUL NEW YEAR PROSPECTS

Not all the old year reviews have yet appeared, but those still to come must be of the same character as those which have preceded, for the record is made up. It is notable that there is as great unanimity of cheerful anticipation as last year there was of the contrary. Thus, the report to the United States Chamber of Commerce says:

> The outlook for better business for the first four months of 1916 is in striking contrast to that prevailing this time last year.
>
> The reason given is as encouraging as the fact. The effect of the war is the prime factor now only in sections specifically concerned by the character of their trade.
>
> There are still scattered fears of the possibility of this country being involved in the gigantic strife; but as against this, the large portion of the people are paying less attention to the war and concentrating their efforts on domestic matters.

That is the best way for the little or average business man, who in the aggregate makes up the country to an extent outbalancing high finance. There can be no better guarantee of the future to the country or to the smaller men of business than that those who are doing good business shall go on doing it without looking too far ahead. Foresight is the specialty of high finance, which was so conspicuously wrong in its outlook a year ago, and is not even yet agreed regarding either the ending of the war or its after-effects. Present profits are better than future worries and are the best security against the effects of future setbacks, if any should come. The thought of the misfortunes which did not happen last year is a warning against letting present fears of the same sort blemish a prospect which is viewed favorably by all taking facts as they find them, and not worrying about things as they may be. If the faith cure in finance has any worth the coming year ought to belong to the optimists, much better daily companions than the Thersites or Cassandra of the exchanges.

Commodities are scarce and rising. Money is plentiful and cheap. Unemployment is small. The farmers are selling their crops and buying with the proceeds. There are neither freight cars nor automobiles enough. Empty shelves in the shops mean busy times in the factories. The wisest man is he who attends to his knitting under such conditions, and leaves theories of the universe to the assistants of Providence, taking care that politicians are not allowed to botch the job. They mean well, no doubt, but considering that the larger part of their activity is the correction of their previous errors, and that they are stubborn as mules about doing for business what business asks, there is danger in allowing them too free a hand in gilding the golden outlook.

A LOVE FEAST.

The Indianapolis News tells a grateful country that "party harmony "and 'everybody for FAIRBANKS' "were the keynotes of the Republican love feast that was held" in the Hoosier capital the other day. Mr. FAIRBANKS is a harmonious and friendly person, with whom it must be difficult for a good man to quarrel. It is the more to be regretted that Mr. ALBERT J. BEVERIDGE, melodious rather than harmonious though he be, abstained from the good meeting, as did divers other as yet unreturned Progressive Prodigal Sons. Indeed, the Chairman of the Indiana Republican Committee, Mr. WILL H. HAYS, made it rather hard for anybody who believes, with Mr. BEVERIDGE, in the rule of the people, to venture into the Republican reservation again:

> I have had in my life no greater satisfaction, nor do I know of any greater credit, than to be a part of that aristocracy of intellect and character called the Republican Party of Indiana.

Is it displaying a jaundiced memory to recall that in that aristocracy of intellect and character arose the once famous formula of campaign mathematics, "blocks of five"? At any rate, Mr. BEVERIDGE cannot sympathize with aristocracy of any sort.

Mr. EDWIN P. MORROW, who came so near being elected Governor of Kentucky last Fall, was on hand to speak for the faithful of his State this desire:

> Give us, O State of Vincennes, a leader, a man, one big enough in heart and brain and great enough in purpose and patriotism to lead the hosts of Republicanism, the army of redemption and resurrection.

Mr. MORROW might have added that Mr. FAIRBANKS is not only big enough and great enough, but tall enough to lead the hosts of Republicanism. He must project far into the ether if, officially, he is just of LINCOLN'S height. He made a safe, sound, and kind speech. "Let us not forget that public responsibilities will rest upon the "Republican Party when it returns to "power." Can Envy, can Mr. BEVERIDGE himself, find a word to criticise in that characteristic utterance of the amiable hope of Indiana?

AMERICANS IN THE LORDS.

How many American predecessors in the House of Lords has WILLIAM WALDORF ASTOR that was, had? The London dispatches say that none is recalled except the Lord FAIRFAX of our day who chose to revive and use a title so many generations of the Virginian FAIRFAXES had, perhaps, felt a little prouder for not claiming. Is JOHN SINGLETON COPLEY, Lord LYNDHURST, born in Boston in 1772, forgotten, or doesn't a law lord count? A great intellect and wit, a stanch old reactionary statesman, an accomplished man of the world, something of a philanderer, an artist in life who liked it well enough to last till 91. If the date of his birth strikes him off the list of Americans, all our Revolutionary worthies were merely British. Sir THOMAS SHAUGHNESSY, who has also been sentenced to the House of Lords, is an American whom Canada took away from us. Mr. J. J. HILL, more than a fair exchange, must contemplate curiously the boredom he escaped.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Trenton Is No Town of "Pikers."

Certain Malay tribes encourage the crops to grow by making a mighty sound of gongs and by a storm of abusive language. Is there an unconscious imitation in Trenton just now of this doubtless ancient proceeding? The Winona Lake apostle of sweetness and light shouts to his congregation:

> The morning collection was punk. We usually get $2,000 or $3,000 the first day. Philadelphia gave us $8,000 the first day. For its size, Paterson, N. J., was the most generous city we ever visited. At Syracuse we got $800 in the collection at the first service, and a total for the first day of almost $2,300. I told you people I didn't think you were pikers.

So thundered at, Trenton can be depended upon to rain copious contributions. And will she not follow the example of Syracuse and "surprise" the gentle remonstrant by giving him a check for $20,000-odd when he departs? Trenton "a piker"? Never!

The Usual Fate of Favorite Sons.

Certain Gopher politicians, classified scientifically by The Duluth Herald as "a delegation of Aggressive Progressives," invited CYRUS NORTHROP, President Emeritus of the University of Minnesota, one of the most respected and most eminent of Minnesotans, to become a candidate for the Republican nomination for President, that he might emerge from the Presidential preference primaries as Minnesota's Favorite Son. Dr. NORTHROP answered the sly ones setting a trap for him with this fine mixture of irony, shrewdness, and truth:

> My friends, you honor me, indeed! You propose to make me a candidate for President, to send a delegation to Chicago under my banner, and then to have them desert me at the first opportunity!

Exactly. That is the usual history of Favorite Sons. Whoever writes a monograph on that never-ending race should take Dr. NORTHROP'S words as its motto and philosophy.

Opening or Closing the Harlem.

New York is hard up, but not so poverty stricken that bridge tenders' wages ought to be conclusive regarding opening or closing the bridges over the Harlem. The true balance is between the traffic on the river and over the river, in both quantity and quality. Because the Harlem is navigable it does not follow that a brick scow should have preference over a rapid transit or steam railway train. If the character of the river traffic has altered, so should be the rules governing it. LINCOLN won one of his earliest and most famous successes in making that argument regarding a great Western river, and yet there are those who would still apply the contrary contention to the Harlem. No doubt the Harlem is a more important trade stream than its width would indicate. But the growth above the water has been as great as the growth on the water, and is of a much more imperative sort.

Now there is a suggestion that the Secretary of War be requested to revise the regulations for all railway drawbridges in order that the "entire river may be free to traffic all day and all night." That means marine traffic, not rail traffic, and would seem to mean that railway drawbridges must be open all the time, which is the same as saying that rail traffic must be discontinued, unless bridges can be built so high that there is no need of drawbridges. The proposal is too sweeping to be carried. And there are considerations with specific application to the Harlem which ought not to be submerged in the general question.

Arguing About Bostonians.

Mr. HARRISON RHODES, in his article entitled "Who Is a Bostonian?" in Harper's Magazine, has stirred up Boston pride, as might have been expected. Mr. RHODES intimates that nearly all the old Boston families have died out and that the existing ones are from Salem, or somewhere else. The Boston Transcript questions his veracity, or his judgment. It boasts that it can still call up on the telephone Winthrops, Saltonstalls, Adamses, Higginsons, Amorys, and Peabodys, to mention only a few of the typical Boston names surviving.

To be sure, it says some of these old Bostonians may be in humble walks of life, their names may even be on shop signs. But what of that? To be truly Bostonian is not to be wealthy or idle. "The tendency in Boston is to do something." The good ancestral line is something fairly to be proud of, but of "caste," in any petty sense, the Boston of The Transcript's ideal knows nothing. We do not know what can be done about it unless Mr. HARRISON RHODES will return to Boston and examine the signs over the shop doors.

TO SIMPLIFY ENGLISH.

An Alphabet with One Symbol for Each Sound in the Language.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Of all the mumpsimi that cross the path of the simple speller, none is more persistent than the one who perennially presents the so-called etymological argument and who aims to show that in the spelling of words the histories of nations may be found.

Such persons we will have with us always, but it may do no harm to the cause of simplified spelling to tell them how no less eminent a scholar than the late Professor Max Müller dealt with these arguments when presented to him by some one who declared that spelling reform would destroy the historical or etymological character of the English language.

"Because the Italians wrote 'filosofo,' are they less aware than the English, who wrote 'philosopher,' that they have before them the Latin 'philosophus' and the Greek 'philosofos'?" Professor Müller asked in reply.

Then he pointed out that even as we write "fancy," "frantic," "frenzy," we should write "fantom," "fonetic," "frenology," &c. Professor Müller pointed out that a language that tolerates "vial" for "phial" need not shiver at "filosofer"; nor need the man who sighs for the return of "the beauty of the broad vowel and the definiteness of the consonant," but who uses "endeavor" and "practice," rather than "endeavour," or any of the following forms, each of which has had its day: "Endevoyre," "endover," "endower," "endevoir," "endever," "endevyr," and "practise," or any of its variants, each of which, at one time or another, had its place in the sun—"practis," "practyse," "praictes," or "practese"—sigh for the fleshpots of Egypt even as certain men in high places are now doing. "Endeavor" is simpler than "endevoyre" or "endower"; "practise" is simpler than "praictes," but none suggests the historic evolution so often bayed for as dogs will bay at the moon.

It is, in fact, as impossible to enumerate all the anomalies which the effort to produce visible etymologies has introduced, as it is absurd to call the spelling of a dead language etymological. True etymological spelling must be phonetic. It is not the formation of the word as much as it is the sound of it that must be reproduced. Had the early writers neglected to use a phonetic system, there would have been no reliable data to guide us.

To the late Professor Walter Skeat, the greatest authority on the subject of English etymology of his time, we owe the thought: "It is surely a national disgrace to us to find that the wildest arguments concerning English spelling and etymology are constantly being used even by well educated persons, whose ignorance of early English pronunciation and of modern English phonetics is so complete that they have no suspicion whatever of the amazing worthlessness of their ludicrous utterances. As a matter of history, the notion of so-called etymological spelling is a purely modern one, a thing never dreamed of in the earlier periods, but the fond invention of meddling pedants who frequently make ludicrous mistakes in their needless zeal.

Let us have simpler spelling by all means, but let us be consistent. It is not generally known that Shakespeare spelt his name in thirty different ways and made free use of phonetic orthography. Richard Hodges wrote feebl, liv, medi; to Sir Thomas More we owe glit, so common now, but which was formerly glid. Franklin strove to bring about simplification, and his work was continued by Noah Webster. He wrote bawble, clew, fether, savior, and many other simpler forms now in daily use. In his attempts to simplify, Samuel Johnson floundered woefully; he retained the "e" in moveable, but dropped it in immovable. He discarded the final "l" in waterfall, but added "k" to musick. Julius Hare adopted such forms as forein, soverein, cherisht, and preacht, and Richard Grant White used the form judgement, and Thomas Sprat in his "History of the Royal Society," Savior, theater, traveled, discorage, Heven.

Simplified spelling is a "good thing;" it needs to be helped along, and nothing will help it along more effectively than the general adoption of an alphabet which shall contain one symbol, and one only, for each sound in language. When this is done English spelling will be strictly phonetic and English orthography the simplest in the world.

FRANK H. VIZETELLY.
New York, Dec. 31, 1915.

TOMMASO SALVINI.

Once more Fame calls her deathless roll
Of names that live on History's page,
And one she stars upon her scroll,
The glory of the Italian stage,
Who won her guerdon, and at last
From life's great stage has calmly passed.

Beyond the bounds where shadows spread,
Companioned henceforth there to be
By kindred shades of mighty dead
Whose names belong to memory—
Ristori, Rachel, Irving, Booth—
Immortal in Elysian youth.

Great actor of a vanished past!
We seem to see and hear you still.
The tragic glamour that you cast
Upon our stage, the mighty thrill
You made your hearers share with you
Again return in memory true.

For you were cast in massive mold
Fit to portray the passions vast
Of Oedipus in story old,
To make again to live the past
Of Grecian or Shakespearean stage—
Macbeth, King Lear, Othello's rage!

Now Shakespeare's shade will welcome you;
For you portrayed his mighty themes
And brought in stageland to our view
The heroes of his tragic dreams,
The woes and loves with passions fraught,
And griefs sublime and saddest thought!

H. T. SUDDUTH.

GERMANY'S COLORED FOES.

Answer to Dr. Dernburg on the Asiatics Who Fight for the Allies.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It is very entertaining to observe how impossible it is for Germans to give up speaking and writing about England's employment of Asiatic races against the Central Powers. One is forced to the conclusion that the Germans have not yet grasped the fact that Asiatics are fighting for England because they like Englishmen better than Germans. Yet Dr. Dernburg, in his article in THE TIMES, with unconscious lucidity, touches upon this very point. In explaining his safety on a journey through Africa he states that "it was not belief in our friendliness, but the absolute belief in the power behind this friendliness * * * that underlay the rejoicing of the populace."

Here is the difference: The Asiatic knows the power of Germany; he knows the German as the Kaiser in his celebrated speech to the Chinese expedition desired that he should be known—a man to be feared; but the Asiatic knows the Englishman as a friend in whom he can trust. The sore point with Dr. Dernburg is that, while he cannot understand, he realizes full well that no Asiatic would willingly fight for Germany as thousands are now fighting for England.

Dr. Dernburg's reference to Germany as "a power guaranteeing them (the Africans) unhindered development" is a charming bit of naïveté if one bears in mind that this means the "unhindered development" of German Kultur and language. Imagine the populace rejoicing over the study of the German language!

Dr. Dernburg's remark that England is leading "all sorts of uncultured colored men against whites, and fighting by the side of such savages," will be instructive reading for the officers and men of England's Indian army, who are proud of their race, their religion, and of the nation that protects them.

HARRISON W. SMITH.
Auburndale, Mass., Jan. 2, 1916.

SPORTSMEN AND SALESMEN.

A Protest Against the Ruling of the Athletic Conference.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Referring to your editorial comment on the praiseworthy endeavor of the recent athletic conference to evolve a definition of an amateur sportsman, may I repeat the protest I uttered at the conference itself?

Because a few individuals who have earned fame in one sport or another have been hired to capitalize such fame in the guise of salesmen of the particular articles with which they won championships or reputations, the conference went on record as advising that no salesmen of sporting goods or medals, loving cups or other trophies be recognized as an amateur or be permitted to compete as such.

To my mind, the remainder of the suggested rule, with which I am in hearty accord, is sufficient to reach the fakers and masquerading "salesmen," and just why the mere act of selling a fishhook or a pound of birdshot, or a baseball, golf club, tennis racket, or bicycle pedal, or taking an order for a loving cup, should be singled out and made an offense sufficient to render unfit or to disqualify the bona fide salesmen of such goods is too much for my poor understanding. It savors so strongly of class discrimination and makes for such far-reaching injustice that I believe its full import deserves more publicity than has been given to it.

R. G. BETTS.
New York, Jan. 1, 1916.

Salvini and Booth.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In an article in today's TIMES you refer to Mr. Booth's association with the elder Salvini in these words: "It is related that he [Booth] was actually in fear of the great tragedian. Before going on he used to caution those whose part it was to restrain the jealousy-maddened Moor, saying: 'Hold him fast! Hold him fast! He will kill me—I know it.'"

This timorous, trembling, abject American actor is the same Booth who when his life was attempted in a Chicago theatre walked down to the footlights after the first shot was fired and pointed out the would-be assassin, reassured the panic-stricken audience and afterward had one of the three bullets set in gold and inscribed: "From Mark Grey to Edwin Booth, April 23rd, 1879."

Edwin Booth was a simple-minded, unpretentious, modest gentleman, but I never heard any one imply that he was either a coward or a fool. He was also a very generous artist, and he told me (and any one who saw the performances will admit) that he waived his own version of Othello, and played Salvini's, although, as you may imagine, the Italian's version was not made with a view to the exploitation of the actor who might impersonate Iago.

"Although his son, Alexander, spoke the language (English) on the stage without trace of foreign accent" is also a statement difficult to accept. Mrs. Royle (Selena Fetter) was his leading woman and I was in his company, and "Sandro" was one of the most charming of men, but never got rid of a certain delightful accent, and it would have been a pity if he had.

EDWIN MILTON ROYLE.
Darien, Conn., Jan. 2, 1916.

German Food Problems.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Some time ago there appeared in your paper an appeal for money to send milk to the German babies. In the same issue was an extract from a German paper in which the German Chancellor said that there was plenty of food in Germany, and among other things milk was mentioned. Now, as the pro-Germans in this country say that the only reliable news we get is the German news, this must be true. Why, then, are we asked for contributions for the German babies? Why, if they have enough food, do they not feed the Belgians? Belgium is considered a part of Germany now.

PUZZLED.
Madison, N. J., Jan. 1, 1916.

New York's Debt to Mr. McAneny.

From The Evening Post of Yesterday.

To say that, in his six years' service of the city in public office, Mr. McAneny more than fulfilled the high expectations which were entertained of him at its beginning is to pay him a rare tribute, but a deserved one. Of his complete devotion to his duties, his desire to make the utmost of his opportunity to promote the welfare of the people and the progress of the city toward its best ideals, there never was room for doubt. Nor was there any question as to his intellectual fitness or the soundness of his judgment. But that he should have shown such effective and continuous working power, such skill and tact in his dealings with men, and such persistent firmness in the pursuit of any policy that he regarded as of cardinal importance—these things could not have been foretold with confidence. He retires from office now, with a record of varied and unusual achievement which will be long remembered. To have been the guiding spirit in the solution—and the right solution—of a colossal transit problem that was so bedeviled with manifold difficulties as often to seem utterly desperate; to have been the chief instrument in the extraordinary rehabilitation we have witnessed of the Board of Aldermen; to have brought about a notable advance in the domain of city planning; to have put through perfectly, quietly, but without flinching, so remarkable a practical change as that involved in the removal of long-standing encroachment on sidewalk space—to have things like these in addition to the conscientious performance of all the labors of the daily routine is to have made a record upon which Mr. McAneny may look back with honest pride, and his fellow-citizens with sincere gratitude.

FOR AN EAST AND WEST CONFERENCE.

International Questions Might Be Taken Up by a Council of the Powers Bordering on the Pacific Ocean.

By GEORGE MALCOLM STRATTON,
Professor of Psychology in the University of California.

Conference and joint action should become with us, in this time of the world's disorder, almost a fixed idea. Upon all prudent occasions that look beyond our border such a procedure by our Government should alone be counted fitting. For we know that had this method been accepted by Germany when England proposed it, the world disaster might have been averted.

The nation's mind has long been schooled for conference and joint action with the powers of the Western Hemisphere, and this preparation will be furthered by the President's recent message. But in developing such a policy in the Americas, it would be unfortunate if we were to neglect the Orient. All that speaks for the one speaks also for the other. For our relations with the East are in many ways more living than with the countries south of us, and call for greater delicacy of touch. While we are not sorely troubled, in our strength, with our relations to the Latin-American countries, we are conscious that we have not well in hand our relations with Japan.

And we are inclined to throw the responsibility for the future almost wholly on that transpacific power. Our people often speak with concern, as though in Japan lay some real menace to us. But with imagination we may know that we have given Japan ten occasions for anxiety where she has given us one. In domain Japan has never moved a step toward us, but has held herself strictly to the Asiatic world. Yet for many decades we have advanced steadily toward her. The expansion that sometimes has alarmed our American neighbors might well alarm her. By 1846 we had obtained full possession, on the Pacific Coast, of what is now Oregon and Washington. Two years later we acquired the whole coast of California. In 1867 we added from Japan's great neighbor, Russia, the immense territory of Alaska, bringing us, by a single stride, within a stone's throw of the North Asiatic coast. In the last two decades of the century we made a great southern and western advance into the mid-Pacific, planting our feet on the Samoan and Hawaiian Islands. And almost at once came our stride over to Guam and the Philippines—to a territory two-thirds the size of the entire Japanese group, and almost at their door. In all this we surely have given Japan ground for anxiety. Picture the movement reversed; picture our alarm if Japan within the memory of men now living had made while we stood still a like advance toward us. If we had watched her coming with arms outstretched to north and south, until finally she acquired at our very gates a princely archipelago, could any power within us have quieted our warlike rage? Yet in our thoughtlessness we have shown almost no appreciation of the self-control with which that proud and sensitive nation has observed us.

And still more admirable becomes her self-control when, to all this disturbing territorial advance, we have, through the State of California, added a grave offense. We may freely grant, even as Japan herself has been willing to concede, that the rate and quality of her emigration to us should be controlled. Yet only in the last resort, and after our national Government had proved incapable of dealing with this delicate situation, should California have run counter to the Federal Administration's desire. And this unfortunate position we may some day see and remedy. For as the nation had the courage to repeal an act regarding the Panama Canal that was of doubtful honesty, so the State of California, becoming more considerate of international comity, should repeal its act that gives such persistent offense across the sea. Our relation to the Orient is vital to the entire nation, and should be dealt with solely by the nation. The forbearance, the absence of a threatening attitude in Japan herself, should make easier this repeal.

Now, if it makes for comity to confer with the countries of America, might it not be wise to inaugurate a similar conference of the chief nations that border on the Pacific? The great water brings all their Governments face to face, and, making indifference impossible, invites to hostility or good-will. Foolish indeed shall we be if we leave to mere chance the choice between these attitudes. Orient and Occident should meet in frequent council—a council without formal power or decision, but free to discuss matters that concern Japan, China, Australia, Chile, Mexico, Canada, and ourselves, and all the great and lesser States that lie between. To take counsel with one another at recurring times would give a sense of solidarity, would make less difficult any work for the common good. Whether one or another topic should be discussed would often be of less moment than the mere fact that the nations were ready to confer. But we can readily see that much might be said upon trade routes and banking and labor and immigration and the large and petty obstacles to intercourse, as well as upon things that rise above trade and into regions of science—upon interchange and co-operation in the study of ocean and land and forests and animals and the native races of men. And when the time shall come to fulfill our promise respecting the Philippines, what would be more appropriate than that the status of these islands should be discussed beforehand with those countries that would be most deeply affected by the precise form of our decision?

Against such a policy of conference and co-operation, even when carried beyond the seas, one cannot well turn the great warning of the Farewell Address. A spirit of conference, the acceptance of common responsibilities, is cementing rather than entangling. It has its risks, we must admit; but it removes more than it creates. Washington would have us decrease the risk of war. But the risk of war today is not increased by recognizing that there exists a community of nations, but by denying it.

There is no certain peace for us until our surroundings become a place of law and order, and our surroundings today are almost the entire world. We cannot of ourselves usher in a lasting peace, but we can help or hinder its advent, according to our loyal faith in the value of respectful intercourse and consultation with other powers. If our people are accustomed and disciplined to this idea they will exercise right pressure upon policy. At each critical moment of the future they will expect and support the right procedure, knowing which of several courses will give greater promise of leading us toward a well-ordered world. In educating us, therefore, to prefer united action to solitary action, to prefer conference to self-confident and solitary judgment, we shall take the crude and native love of power and refine it, giving our people an ambition which the world will not feel compelled to curb and punish, but will welcome as something that assists them in all their task.

INDIA'S PART IN THE WAR.

Loyalty Professed by the National Congress Is Questioned.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Following upon the heels of the report that the Indian National Congress adopted very "loyal" addresses comes the announcement that the meeting of the "Moslem League" was broken up. Those who are unacquainted with the situation regarding political activity in India are likely to arrive at wrong conclusions. Already Bishop Warne has rushed into print, and has found out the "one man" in India who represents "over 300,000,000 of India's people." The Bishop must surely have lost his sense of humor, or, as is more likely the case, he has followed the Christian doctrine of the necessity of the submission of the heathen to the Christian races. Anyway, he is only one of the many constitutionally unfitted to take a fair view when dealing with Eastern and Asiatic problems.

Now as to the Congress. For thirty-one years the Congress has been holding its annual sessions; the members have been ridiculed, persecuted, threatened, and subjected to all sorts of indignities by the British authorities. The organizers did not lose faith in themselves, and have been able to achieve some good results in spite of the opposition and the handicaps, the result, however, being in no way commensurate with the efforts. They have all the time passed loyal resolutions, and their very loyalty was mocked at by the British, the implication being that the Indians have had no choice. When, during recent years, the Congress began to exercise influence, the British Government followed the usual policy of divide et impera; they organized the Moslem League, gave it official support, taught the Mohammedans to believe that their interests could never be identical with those of the Hindus, did everything to prevent the Mohammedans from joining the National Congress, and carefully widened the line of cleavage by heaping favors on the Mohammedans, just to keep the two communities at loggerheads.

And now the Congress has become a "loyal" body, and the Moslem League broken up; what an unbelievable transformation!

As a matter of fact, there has been no transformation in the sense that the Congress has become acceptable to the British Government; the latter merely utilize a formal resolution of the Congress to prove to the world what angels the British are, while the Germans are such devils. It is sheer nonsense—and a dishonest act to boot—to send a telegram saying that millions in India are willing to fight, when all the time the authorities have discouraged the slightest tendency to give even the strength necessary for the Indians to defend their homes against wild beasts. It is a mean trick to throw dust in the eyes of the world when the British send out the resolutions of "loyalty to the Empire," because the Indian who does not go through that ordeal is marched straight to jail. The Congress is a critic of the Government; it differs fundamentally from the Government in several respects, as, for instance, according to your own telegrams, it asked for self-government and a national Indian army, both of which the British would, on no account, give India; its members are even more suspected today than in the past, in spite of the fact that it is composed only of moderates, who are a very small minority in India. What else could they do except to preface their criticism with "loyalty" in the face of the dire consequences which would follow otherwise? Italy, Hungary, and other countries that have been under unscrupulous foreign rule have had similar experiences. I have observed the same in China; only thirty days before the anti-Manchu revolution in 1911 the leaders professed undying loyalty for the ruling house.

The Moslem League in India is broken up because it no longer serves the purposes for which it was created by the British Government. The younger and educated Mohammedans have been waking up, and understand how magnificently their co-religionists have been fooled by the British. They got restive and went to the Congress, only to find that the Congress moderates were not very much to their taste. The Morley-Minto effort to "rally the moderates" largely succeeded, and the result has been the loss to the Congress of some of the best and most vigorous minds in the country. People, however, are waking up and there is a limit to the amount of fooling that may be carried on.

SRINIVAS R. WAGEL.
New York, Jan. 1, 1916.

For Belgian Convalescents.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A friend of mine, a Belgian lady from Brussels, is at present serving in the base hospital of the Belgian Red Cross at La Panne. I recently asked her to tell me the most serviceable thing that we in America could send her to assist in the humanitarian work being carried on there. She replied that leather slippers, woolen socks, knitted mufflers, and "berets," or scarfs knitted double, serving as both cap and muffler, were the greatest need of the convalescents.

May I, through your column, bring this to the notice of your generous hearted readers? The Belgian Red

HOLIDAY DANCES FOR DEBUTANTES

Colony Club's New House Opened with Ball for Daughter of Mrs. Wm. B. Franklin.

A DINNER TO MISS PORTER

Mrs. George A. La Vie Entertains for Her Daughter—Mrs. Geo. L. McAlpin a Hostess.

The first day of the week brought more dances for the débutantes than any previous date, as well as dinners and theatre parties. The ball Mrs. William B. Franklin of 925 Park Avenue gave for her débutante daughter, Miss Grace Franklin, marked the opening of the new Colony Club house, for women, at Park Avenue and Sixty-second Street. Mrs. Franklin had the ballroom suite on the first floor, consisting of three large rooms, all done in Colonial fashion. Mrs. Franklin and her daughter received in the drawing room, which later, with the small ballroom, was used for the seated supper, the dancing being in the large ballroom. There were about 450 guests.

Among guests were the Misses Frederica Bull, Angeline Krech, Helen Alexander, Katharine Hall, Mary E. Opdycke, Edith Blair, Nathalie Wood, Adelaide Flint, Sympherosa and Grace Bristed, Louise Hoadley, Louise Bidey, Rita Sturgis, Sarah Larkin, Frederika Peterson, Marion and Theodora Tiffany, Anne Winchester, Betty and Rosetta Carson, Helen Geer, Margaret Busk, Helen Pierce, Adele Prindle, Mary Cushman, Helen Sloan, Minon Newton, Eleanor Cromwell, Christina Nichols, Helen Trotter, Frances Ballard, Dorothy Darrell and Elizabeth Clarkson.

For Miss Helen Porter.

Another large dance of the evening was that which Mrs. William H. Porter of 16 East Fifty-seventh Street gave at Sherry's for her débutante daughter, Miss Helen Porter. Mrs. Porter and Miss Porter received their guests in the reception room, adjoining the large ballroom, which was used for the dancing, and at 1 o'clock a seated supper was served in the small ballroom. Palms, potted plants with Southern smilax, were the chief decorations.

Several dinners preceded it. There were about 600 who attended it, and among the guests were the Misses Frances and Jane Morgan, Helen Morgan Hamilton, Madge Lesher, Anstiss de Vean, Mary Irving Fancike, Grace Colgate, Margaret Dickson, Gertrude Murray, Constance Peabody, Margaret Baker, Katharine Browning, Roxana Bowen, Esther Auchincloss, Helen Barrett, Alice Davies, Grace Anna Ballard, Ruth and Faith Hayden, Mabel Alker, Sylvia Holt Pierce, Marietta Chapin, Elizabeth Chapin, Elizabeth Kirlin, Priscilla Murdoch, Genevieve Parker, Anna Rathbone, Isabel Stettinius, Muriel Wiggin, Dorothy Battle, Joyand Williams, Helen A. Griffin, Margaret Warren, Jeannette Blake, Lillian Palmer, Margaret Schroeder, Adelaide and Aileen Sedgwick, Julia and Edna Grant, Helen Hinman, and Isabel Yeomans.

Mrs. Fahnestock Entertains.

Mrs. Ernest Fahnestock entertained in the tapestry suite at Sherry's with a dinner of 100 covers for her débutante daughter, Miss Marion Perry. After dinner the guests went to the dance for Miss Porter, also at Sherry's, and Miss Porter was herself a guest at the dinner. The other dinner guests included the Misses Katharine Van Rensselaer Crosby, Mary Hartshorne, Hope Williams, Marion Townsend, Sarah Larkin, Muriel Oakes, Helen Barrett, Margaret Baker, Helen G. Campbell, Esther Louise Denny, Ethel Simmons, Isabel Yeomans, Madge Lesher, Doris Taylor, Annette Davis, Mary Irving Francke, Maude L. O'Brien, Helen G. Alexander, Irene L. Gibson, Virginia Kneeland, Constance Chappell, Adelaide Flint, Mary Allerton Cushman, Helen MacGregor Byrne, Dorothea Camp, Kate Griffin, Margaret Rathbone, Beatrice Sorchan, and Alice Gibb.

Mrs. Melvin A. Bronson was another dance hostess at her residence, 26 East Eighty-third Street, for her two sons, Tyler C. P. Bronson and Frederic P. Bronson, who are home for the holidays, the elder of whom has still two more years at Princeton. It was a dinner dance, and the tables, seating eight each, were placed in the music room and adjoining rooms, and umbrellas, with showers of Spring flowers, were the table decorations. After dinner, and while the guests were having coffee, the tables were removed and dancing began in the hall and music room, which is forty feet long and the same across. The dinner guests included a few girls not yet out as well as débutantes and several older girls. Among them were the Misses Helen Danforth Geer, Florence Gilbert, Kathryn and Virginia Kimball, Maud Kahn, Doris Ryer, Margaret A. Thompson, Esther Tiers, Edith Homans, Jeannette Blake, Josephine Bedle, Dorothy Cramp, Vera A. H. Cravath, Eunice Clapp, Caryl Hackstaff, Mildred, Elise, and Virginia Rice, Marie and Alice Thayer, Margaret Starr, Josephine Wells, and Vera McNair.

Mrs. Frederick Edey entertained with a small dance for young girls not yet out, at which her niece, Miss Mary P. Edey, the daughetr of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lowry Edey, was the guest of honor. It was held at Mrs. Edey's home, 64 West Fifty-first Street, and there were about 100 guests, including college boys home for the New Year gayeties.

Dance for Miss La Vie.

Mrs. George A. La Vie of 24 West Eighty-eighth Street entertained in the Rose Room of the Plaza in the evening with a dance of about two hundred guests for her daughter, Miss Edith La Vie, whose formal début intended for this season has been postponed until next Winter. Mrs. La Vie and Miss Edith La Vie were assisted by the latter's sisters, Miss Mary La Vie, Mrs. Harold Mason of Philadelphia, Mrs. Thomas O. Thacher of Albany, and Mrs. William Schultze. A buffet supper was served after 12 o'clock. The married guests included Dr. B. Frank Sandbern and Mrs. Sandbern, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. La Vie, and Mrs. Alfred L. Lee.

Mrs. George L. McAlpin of 9 East Ninetieth Street gave a dinner of fourteen covers last evening, followed by a theatre party, for her niece, Miss Lucy Benjamin, the débutante daughter of Mrs. William Wallace Benjamin of 449 Park Avenue.

SOCIAL NOTES.

The wedding of Miss Blanche E. Tyng, daughter of James A. Tyng of 172 West Seventy-ninth Street, and Edward D. King will take place this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Church of the Heavenly Rest. A reception will follow at Sherry's.

Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting has lent her residence at 24 East Sixty-seventh Street for an entertainment to be given on Tuesday afternoon, Jan. 18, for the benefit of the Model Flat of St. George's Church.

Mr. and Mrs. Justus Ruperti will entertain with a dinner tonight at the Biltmore for their daughter, Miss Lilly W. Ruperti, and Miss Dorothy Norris of Philadelphia. The dinner is to be followed by a skating party in the ice gardens for about 200 guests.

Lieut. Commander Willard Mitchell and Lieutenant Smith are to give a tea this afternoon on board the battleship Wyoming for Miss Helen Culver Kerr, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Kerr.

Mr. and Mrs. Peter George Kramer have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Miss Clara Louise Kramer, to William Fyfe Turnbull, which is to be solemnized on Jan. 19 at the Fifth Avenue Baptist Church. The bride-elect is a niece of the Rev. Dr. Cornelius Woelfkin, pastor of the church. The reception is to be held at Delmonico's.

MRS. E. S. THOMAS WEDS.

Bride of Dr. C. M. Oman of the U. S. Naval Hospital, Brooklyn.

The wedding of Mrs. Edward Stiles Thomas, formerly Miss Heloise Graham Brinckerhoff, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. James Bailey Brinckerhoff, of Brinckerhoff, N. Y., and Surgeon Charles Malden Oman, U. S. N., was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Incarnation. The bridegroom is executive surgeon of the United States Naval Hospital in Brooklyn, and he and his best man and ushers were in full-dress uniform. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Howard C. Robbins, rector of the church.

The bride, whose aunt, Miss Heloise Graham, gave her in marriage, wore a gown of white tulle embroidered in opalescent sequins and pearls, with a court train of peach blow velvet, depending from the shoulders. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and pink roses. Her headdress was a fan-shaped fluff of tulle, held in place by a silver comb, which was worn by her great-grandmother, on the maternal side, at her wedding.

She also wore a brooch of diamonds, with a single pearl, the gift of the bridegroom. This pearl was presented to Surgeon Oman by the Sultan of Sulu during his services in the Philippines.

Miss Evelyn White Brinckerhoff was her sister's only attendant. She was in a pink taffeta and chiffon frock, trimmed with maribou of the same shade, and carried pink roses.

Captain Joseph Wallace Oman, U. S. N., commander of the Georgia, acted as his brother's best man. The ushers were Surgeon Herbert N. Tolfree, Lieut. Commander Edward J. Marquart, Past Assistant Surgeon Howard F. Lawrence and Lieutenant Leigh Noyes, all of the United States Navy.

Following the ceremony, a reception was held at Delmonico's. After February 1, Surgeon Oman and his bride will live at the navy yard in Brooklyn.

MISS BRUCKHEIMER A BRIDE.

Wedded to Arthur W. Oppenheimer at the St. Regis.

Miss Ruth L. Bruckheimer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Marcus Bruckheimer of 144 West 119th Street, and Arthur W. Oppenheimer of this city were married last evening at 6 o'clock at the Hotel St. Regis. The Rev. Stephen S. Wise officiated.

The bride wore a gown of silver tissue trimmed with rose point lace and a tulle veil. She carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley and orchids. Miss Louise Oppenheimer, a sister of the bridegroom, was maid of honor, and Mrs. Benjamin E. Stern was the matron of honor. Joseph Mayer acted as best man.

After the ceremony, which was held in the Louis XVI. Room, there was a reception and dinner.

German Life Saver Dies.

BERLIN, Jan. 3.—The death of a popular hero of Germany, known as "Lifeboat" Herrmann, at Rahnsdorf, is announced by the Overseas News Agency. He was 74 years old. He rescued fourteen persons from drowning and received an award of 500 marks from the Carnegie Hero Fund.

Obituary Notes.

HAROLD SHREEVE, for many years manager for Henry E. Coe, real estate, 69 Wall Street, died on Sunday at his home, 250 West Ninety-third Street, in his fifty-fifth year.

LEONARD BACON BISHOP, a retired banker, died on Sunday at his home in Wallingford, Conn., in his seventy-seventh year.

Mrs. MARY JANE BEDELL, for thirty years active in the work of the Greene Avenue Baptist Church, and widow of George W. Bedell, formerly well known in the Fulton Market, died on last Saturday at her home, 339 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn, from heart disease. She was 73 years old, and left three sons and three daughters.

Mrs. HORTENSE PINCHOT OSTROM, widow of Herman L. Ostrom, a carriage manufacturer, died on Sunday at her home, 843 Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn. He was 77 years old.

Miss ELIZABETH A. NUGENT, 45 years old, daughter of Terrence Nugent, a wine merchant of the Eastern District of Brooklyn, died from pneumonia on Saturday at her home, 163 South Fourth Street.

RAYMON C. CROW, for many years with the Manufacturers' Trust Company, died at his home, 1,113 Lafayette Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Crow was born in the Greenwich Village Manhattan, and removed to Brooklyn fifty years ago, where he became active in politics. He left a widow and a daughter.

MATTHIAS RYAN, a retired Brooklyn builder, died on Thursday, his fifty-first wedding anniversary, at his home, 44 Pulaski Street, Brooklyn, from heart disease. He was 75 years old, and left a widow and four daughters, three of whom are teachers in the public schools.

Mrs. MARY C. BARG, who was among the organizers of the Trinity Lutheran Church on Harrison Street, Brooklyn, died from apoplexy on Saturday at her home, 7,614 Fourth Avenue, that borough. She was born sixty-one years ago in Hanover, Germany, and for a number of years served as President and Treasurer of the Ladies' Aid Society of her church. She is survived by six sons and a daughter.

Mrs. ANNA M. GIDDINGS, widow of Silas M. Giddings, a manufacturer of electric and gas fixtxures and long active in church work in Brooklyn, died on last Friday at her home, 344 State Street, Brooklyn, from pneumonia. A son, George W. Giddings, Vice President of the Executive Committee of the Brooklyn Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, and a stepson, William J. Giddings, survive her.

GEORGE M. HENRY, for the last forty years Superintendent of the Long Island property of Alexander Campbell, died at his home in Mineola, L. I., on Sunday in his seventy-ninth year.

Mrs. ANNA B. PRICE, 78 years old, wife of John M. Price of Patchogue, L. I., died on last Saturday at 469 Willoughby Avenue, Brooklyn. Her husband was the first Village President of Patchogue and a former Supervisor of Brookhaven township.

Mrs. MARTHA SPRAGUE, widow of Charles D. Sprague, a banker, died suddenly yesterday in the Jamaica Hospital, after being taken ill in the Union Hall Station of the Long Island Railroad in Jamaica, L. I.

GEORGE JAMMER and his wife of Trenton, N. J., died yesterday within a few hours of each other. He was 88 years old and his wife a year younger.

Mrs. JOSEPHINE TAYLOR PIERSON, wife of Theodore D. Pierson, died on Friday at her home in Morristown, N. J.

OSCAR SUNDELL, formerly a manufacturer in Brooklyn, died yesterday at the home of his nephew, Frederick Eckman, in Flushing, L. I., in his sixty-first year.

FRANCIS J. TOBIAS, the founder of the firm of Tobias Brothers, advertising agents at 253 Broadway, died yesterday at his home in New York after a sudden attack of pneumonia. He was 62 years old. Mr. Tobias organized the advertising firm in 1880 and through it became one of the pioneers of modern advertising.

Mrs. ANNA C. BROWN, widow of Richard F. Brown, died yesterday in Plainfield, N. J., in her seventy-ninth year. She was a native of this city and a member of the Society of Friends. One daughter and two sons, one of whom is Judge F. M. Brown of Alaska, survive her.

ALFRED BRYANT PRICE, formerly a broker in Wall Street and one of the founders of the Republican Club, died on Saturday at his home, 53 West Ninetieth Street, in his seventy-ninth year. He was born here and was a graduate of the College of the City of New York. He was a member of the Veteran Corps of the Twelfth Regiment, the Society of Colonial Wars, and the Sons of Revolution.

EDWARD BEACH CROWELL, formerly a member of Scott & Crowell, lawyers in this city, died on Sunday night at his home, 584 Richmond Terrace, New Brighton, S. I., in his eighty-seventh year. He was born in Chinquapin, S. C., and after being graduated from Harvard University attended the College of Physicians here, from which he was graduated in 1858. Later he studied law and was admitted to the bar, retiring more than twenty years ago from active practice.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, January 1st, averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 10.54 cents per pound.—Advt.

LINCOLN TRUST Company

IT isn't the *system* of our service that makes it so effective. It is the *feeling* of the men behind it, who recognize in each customer a friend of this bank, and treat him that way.

204 Fifth Avenue
(Opposite Madison Square)
BROADWAY AT LEONARD STREET
BROADWAY AT 32ND STREET

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

MARCH.—At Albany, N. Y., Dec. 28, 1915, a daughter to Mr. and Mrs. Alden March.

GOEPEL.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter E. Goepel announce the birth of a daughter, Frances Elizabeth, Jan. 3.

Engaged

KASNOWITGZ—KREFETZ.—Sophia Krefets to Michael Kasnowitgz.

Married.

RENNIE—FULLER.—On Dec. 28, 1915, at the Church of the Transfiguration, by the Rev. Wm. W. Davis, Beatrice M. Fuller to William J. Rennie.

BREWSTER—SANFORD.—On Saturday, Jan. 1, 1916, at Litchfield, Conn., by the Rev. S. O. Seymour, Joan S. Sanford, daughter of Mrs. W. H. Sanford, of Litchfield, to Francis Brewster of New York.

OPPENHEIMER—BRUCKHEIMER.—On Jan. 3, 1916, at Hotel St. Regis, Ruth L. Bruckheimer to Arthur W. Oppenheimer of New York.

REICH—HORN.—Sunday, Jan. 2, Anna Horn to Harry Reich.

Died

ATKINSON.—On Jan. 2, 1916, Clara, wife of Wilfred D. Atkinson and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Monsees, aged 34 years. Funeral services will be held at No. 456A McDonough St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday evening, Jan. 5, at 8 o'clock.

BARROWS.—Dr. Charles Clifford, at his home, 63 East 56th St., Sunday morning, Jan. 2, 1916. Services at Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, 73d St. and Madison Av., at 10 A. M., Tuesday, Jan. 4, 1916. Interment private.

BARROWS.—Dr. Charles Clifford. The New York Southern Society announces with regret the death on Jan. 2 of Dr. Charles Clifford Barrows, a member of the society.

STEPHEN L. SNOWDEN, Secretary.

BARROWS.—Charles C. Members of the Faculty of the Cornell University Medical College are requested to meet in the vestibule of the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, 73d St. and Madison Av., Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 9:40 A. M., for the purpose of attending the funeral services of Charles C. Barrows, M. D., late Assistant Professor of Gynecology.

BARROWS.—The Medical Society of the County of New York.—Members are requested to attend the funeral service of our fellow-member, Dr. Charles Clifford Barrows, at the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, 73d St. and Madison Av., Tuesday morning, Jan. 4, at 10 o'clock.

FREDERIC E. SONDERN, M. D., President.
JOHN VAN DOREN YOUNG, M. D., Secretary.

BARROWS.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York. Office of the Society, Fraunces Tavern, Cor. Broad and Pearl Sts., New York, Jan. 3, 1916. The members of this Society are requested to attend the Funeral Services of their late associate, Dr. Charles Clifford Barrows, at Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church, 73d St. and Madison Av., at 10 o'clock on Tuesday, Jan. 4, 1916.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.
HENRY RUSSELL DROWNE, Secretary.

BEAM.—At Paterson, N. J., on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Mary, widow of Charles C. Beam, in the 88th year of her age. Funeral services on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at her late residence, 104 E. 21st St., Paterson, at 8 P. M.

BESSELL.—Entered into rest at Scranton, Penn., on Saturday, Jan. 1, Abbie Bennett Lighthite, wife of John H. Bessell, Esq., aged 66 years. Interment at Rosedale Cemetery, Orange, N. J., on Tuesday, Jan. 4, on arrival of afternoon train from Scranton. Carriages will be in waiting at Orange Station at 2:50 P. M.

BISHOP.—On Jan. 2, 1916, Leonard Bacon Bishop, aged 76 years. Funeral service Tuesday, Jan. 4, 2:30 P. M., at his late residence, 351 North Main St., Wallingford, Conn.

BIETH.—On Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Regine. Funeral private from her late residence, 711 Diamond Av., Woodhaven, L. I., Wednesday, 10 A. M.

BOOTH.—At her late residence, 127 York Av., New Brighton, S. I., on Monday, Jan. 3, 1916, Elizabeth Parker Booth, beloved mother of Violet Anderson and daughter of the late Judge Albert T. Ward, in her 70th year. Funeral services at Christ Church, Franklin Av., New Brighton, S. I., on Thursday, Jan. 6, at 2:30 P. M.

BROWN.—On Jan. 3, 1916, suddenly, of pneumonia, at the "Margaret," Plainfield, N. J., Anna C. Brown, wife of the late Richard F. Brown of Brooklyn. Funeral private.

BUSSING.—On Jan. 3, Susannah, daughter of the late George and Phynetta Bussing, in her 69th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 761 East 233d St. and Barnes Av., on Wednesday evening, Jan. 5, at 8 o'clock. Interment private at Woodlawn.

CROWELL.—On January 2, 1916, at his residence, New Brighton, S. I., Edward Beach Crowell, in his eighty-sixth year. Burial services at Christ Church, Franklin Av., New Brighton, Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 11 A. M.

D'ARCY.—Nora, on Dec. 25, 1915, in the 50th year of her age, at Exmouth, England.

DEVLIN.—In Boston, Jan. 2, John Edward Devlin, son of the late John Edward and Martha Josephine Day Devlin of New York, in his 65th year. Funeral services at Kings Chapel, Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1:30 o'clock.

DILTS.—Suddenly, at Somerville, N. J., on Jan. 1, 1916, William D. Dilts, aged 53 years. Funeral private.

DORDAN.—At her residence, 343 West 47th St., Annie, beloved wife of John E. Dordan. Requiem mass will be celebrated at St. Malachy's Church, 49th St., near 8th Av., Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

DOYLE.—Jan. 3, Michael Doyle, age 32. Chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 18th St.

FURSTENBURG.—Moses, in his 67th year, after a short illness, the beloved husband of Agnes Furstenburg and father of Jacob and Samuel. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 10 A. M. from his late residence, 1,232 Clay Av., Bronx.

GETHINS.—On Saturday, Jan. 1, 1916, Wilhelmina Leavie, daughter of William and Agnes Leavie. Funeral service will be held on Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 1:30 P. M., from the Church of St. Cornelius, 423 West 46th St.

GOLDBERG.—On Jan. 2, 1916, Joseph M. Goldberg, son of Isaac Goldberg. Funeral private.

GRIFFEN.—At Mamaroneck, N. Y., Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Annie C., wife of Charles Field Griffen and daughter of Jane A. and the late Elijah C. Phister of Maysville, Ky. Funeral private.

HALL.—On Jan. 2, 1916, at 2,390 Creston Av., Fordham, Margaret Scofield Hall, widow of the late George E. Hall. Services on Wednesday at 2 P. M. Interment at Greenville, N. Y.

HAUGHTON.—Eliza, aged 94 years, on Jan. 2, 1916. Funeral services at the residence of her sister, Mrs. John Robinson, 1,842 Franklin Av., Bronx, Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1 P. M.

HAWLEY.—At New Britain, Conn., Monday, Jan. 3, 1913, Mary Richardson, wife of the late Amos P. Hawley, beloved mother of Benjamin A. and Amos P. Hawley, in her 84th year. Funeral services at New Britain on Wednesday afternoon, Jan. 5, at 4 o'clock. Interment at Greenwood Cemetery, Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 6, at 2 o'clock.

HAYES.—Jan. 1, 1916, John Hayes, at his residence, 33 East 76th St. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 4. Requiem mass at St. Patrick's Cathedral, 5th Av. and 50th St., at 10 o'clock. Interment in Calvary. Please omit flowers.

Died

HAGGERTY.—On Jan. 2, 1916, at his residence, 42 Park Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., Peter Haggerty, beloved husband of the late Mary M. Haggerty and dearly beloved father of Anne L., Frank L., and Joseph E. Haggerty. Funeral from his late residence Wednesday, Jan. 5, 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of St. Augustine, 6th Av. and Sterling Place, Brooklyn, N. Y., where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated. Interment Holy Cross Cemetery, Flatbush.

HARTLEY.—Monday, Jan. 3, 1916, Ellen Frances, (nee Foster,) wife of the late Edward F. Hartley. Funeral from her late residence, 2,340 University Av., Thursday, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of Saint Nicholas of Tolentine, Andrews Av. and Fordham Road; interment Saint Raymond's. Saugerties papers please copy.

HITKOK.—Suddenly, at his home on Jan. 3, Henry C. Hitkok, formerly of Brooklyn, age 72 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 108 Laurel St., Ridgefield Park, New Jersey, on Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 3:30 P. M. Interment private.

I'ANSON.—Elizabeth I'Anson, beloved wife of Joseph D. I'Anson. Services 10 A. M. Wednesday, Holy Trinity Church, Westfield.

JANEWAY.—At the Presbyterian Hospital, New York, Jan. 2, Elizabeth Chew Smith, Janeway, wife of George H. Janeway and daughter of the late McKee Swift of New Brunswick, N. J. Services at Christ Church, New Brunswick, on Tuesday morning, Jan. 4, at 11 o'clock. Train leaves Pennsylvania Station, New York, at 9:30 A. M.

JACKSON.—Dr. George Thomas Jackson, on Monday, Jan. 3, 1916, in the sixty-fourth year of his life. Funeral services at his late residence, 692 West End Av., on Thursday morning, Jan. 6, at 10:30 o'clock.

KREINSON.—Jake, aged 49, at his home, 199 Congress St., Bradford, Penn., at 4:30 o'clock Monday afternoon. Funeral services Wednesday afternoon. Burial Bradford.

KAHN.—Suddenly, on Jan. 1, Hilda Kahn, widow of Jacob Kahn, at the Hotel Theresa, in her 67th year, beloved mother of Sarah Spaulding, Leo J. Kahn, Clara Bluh, Jennie Silverman, Sam J. Kahn. Funeral from the residence of her son, Samuel, 308 East 51st St., on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 10 A. M. Kindly omit flowers.

KERNOCHAN.—On Sunday, Jan. 3, at his home, 123 Second Av., Pelham, Henry Parish, only son of the late Henry Parish Kernochan and Grace Walton Ogden. Funeral on Wednesday, Jan. 5, at the Church of the Redeemer, Second Av., Pelham, at 11 o'clock. Interment private. Syracuse and New Orleans papers please copy.

KUHN.—Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Elizabeth Lorretta, beloved wife of David Kuhn. Funeral services at her late residence, 9 Hamilton Terrace, Tuesday evening, Jan. 4, 9 o'clock. Relatives, friends, also members of Patrolmen's Wives Benevolent Association cordially invited.

LYNCH.—P. J., of Richmond Hill, N. Y., father of Joseph, Mary, and Dr. Kevin D. Lynch, at St. Luke's Hospital, N. Y. City. Funeral Wednesday.

McKENNA.—On Monday, Jan. 3, at his residence, 679 10th St., Brooklyn, James H. McKenna, father of Dr. William Francis McKenna and Jennie McKenna Hinch. Notice of funeral hereafter.

MACLAY.—On Jan. 3, in her 69th year, Maria J. Hinman, beloved wife of Mark W. Maclay. Funeral Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 2 o'clock, at the Chapel of the Brick Presbyterian Church. Interment Private. Please omit flowers.

MACLAY.—On Jan. 3, at Plainfield, N. J., Jessie Sperry, wife of Arthur C. Maclay. Notice of funeral later.

MARTLING.—On Monday, Jan. 3, 1916, at St. Luke's Home, Maria R., widow of John J. Martling and daughter of the late Timothy and Elizabeth Mott Smith Clement. Funeral services at the chapel of St. Luke's Home, Broadway, corner 114th St., on Wednesday, the 5th instant, at 10 A. M.

MURRAY.—At his home in Flushing, N. Y., Joseph King Murray, from heart disease, in the 80th year of his age. Funeral at convenience of family. Please omit flowers.

MASTERSON.—Jan. 2, Annie Masterson, at Hewlett, L. I., in her 69th year. Funeral from Burke's Chapel, 446 West 34th St. Mass at St. Michael's, 34th St. and 9th Av., Wednesday, Jan. 5, 9:30 A. M. Interment Calvary.

MORAN.—On Jan. 2, at her late residence, 770 Park Av., in the 86th year of her age, Annie Augusta, widow of Daniel E. Moran and daughter of the late Anson Blake. Funeral services at Trinity Chapel Tuesday, Jan. 4, 2 P. M.

NELSON.—At Mount Vernon, N. Y., Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Sarah J., widow of James M. Nelson, in her 86th year. Funeral private from her late residence, 344 East 5th St., on Wednesday, Jan. 5.

PERKINS.—At Jersey City, Jan. 3, 1916, George Fitch Perkins. Funeral services at his late residence, 625 Bergen Av., on Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 4 P. M. Interment Lee, Mass.

POTTS.—At his residence, 1,356 Dean St., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Thomas Potts. Funeral services at Holy Trinity Church, Clinton and Montague Sts., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

POTTS.—Members of the Linen Trade Association are requested to attend the funeral services of our late associate, Thomas Potts, ex-President of the association, at the Holy Trinity Church, Clinton and Montague Sts., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, 1916, at 2 P. M.

HENRY D. COOPER, President.
ROBERT M. BRATTNEY, Secretary.

PRICE.—On Jan. 1, 1916, at his residence, 53 West 90th St., Alfred B., aged 78 years. Funeral services at Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Av. and 91st St., on Tuesday evening, Jan. 4, at 8 o'clock.

PRICE.—The General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen of the City of New York; executive office, 20 West 44th St. Brothers: Sorrowful announcement is made of the death of Brother Alfred B. Price, on Jan. 1, for thirty-six years a member of the society, serving faithfully on the Pension Committee for ten years and the Library Committee for one year.

ALBERT T. STRAUCH, President.
RICHARD T. DAVIES, Secretary.

PRICE.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York. Office of the Society, Fraunces Tavern, Cor. Broad and Pearl Sts., New York, Jan. 3, 1916. The members of this Society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate, Alfred B. Price, at Fourth Presbyterian Church, West End Av. and 91st St., Tuesday evening, Jan. 4, at 8 o'clock.

ROBERT OLYPHANT, President.
HENRY RUSSELL DROWNE, Secretary.

PRAGER.—On Jan. 3, Maria Heduuig Prager, at her residence, 2,000 Grand Concourse, beloved wife of Captain Rudolph Prager. Funeral services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d. (Frank E. Campbell Building,) on Wednesday evening, 8 o'clock. Interment private.

RAND.—On Sunday, Jan. 2, 1916, Sedley Allen Rand, aged 33 years. Funeral service at his home, 2,170 Amsterdam Av., on Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 1 P. M.

REID.—On Dec. 31, 1915, Rose Reid, at her residence, 508 East 120th St., beloved wife of the late William Reid and mother of Agnes, Anna, and Lillian. Relatives and friends are invited to attend mass from the Holy Rosary Church, at 119th St. and Pleasant Av., New York City, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 10 A. M. Edinborough (Scotland) papers please copy.

SANFORD.—On Sunday, Jan. 2, at Warwick, N. Y., Sarah Burt, widow of the late William Moore Sanford, in her 84th year. Funeral services will be held at her late residence on Wednesday at 1 P. M.

SHWITZER.—Goldie, in her 38th year, beloved mother of Daniel Rosenthal, Harry, Isidore, Julius, Philip, Ralph, Max, and Mo. Shwitzer. Funeral from her late residence, 2,100 5th Av., corner 129th St., on Wednesday morning, Jan. 5, at 10 A. M. Interment at Mount Zion Cemetery, Zichron Ephraim. Omit flowers.

SWICK.—After a short illness, Joseph Swick, in his 81st year. Funeral from his late residence, 443 West 48th St., Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1916, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to the Church of the Assumption, on West 49th St., between 9th and 10th Avs., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of his soul.

Died

SMITH.—On Saturday, Jan. 1, 1916, Mary Esther, widow of John B. Smith. Funeral service at her late residence, 297 Stuyvesant Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 8 P. M.

STODDARD.—On Jan. 3, Alpheus Augustus, at his late residence, 2,516 Poplar St., Bronx. Funeral private, on Wednesday, Jan. 5, P. M. Interment Woodlawn.

SPRAGUE.—Suddenly, at Jamaica, N. Y., on Jan. 3, 1916, Martha A., widow of Charles D. Sprague, in the 70th year of her age. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Chappotin, Dalny Road, Jamaica Estates, on Thursday, 6th inst., at 2 P. M. European papers please copy.

TOBIAS.—Francis J., aged 62 years, on Monday, Jan. 3, at 3:45 A. M. Notice of funeral later.

VON ORIOLA.—At Buedesheim, Germany, on Dec. 30, 1915, Marie von Oriola, widow of the late Count Waldemar von Oriola and granddaughter of the late Richard Mortimer.

WHEELER.—William A., at Morris Plains, N. J., Dec. 30, 1915. Funeral private.

WHITE.—Julia A., Jan. 2, 1916. Funeral service Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 10 A. M. at her late home, East Front St., Hempstead, N. Y.

WALLACE.—On New Year's, at his home, 346 West 71st St., Thomas Wallace, beloved husband of Ellen Bryant Wallace, in the 89th year of his age. Services will be held in the chapel of Pine Grove Cemetery, Astonia, Conn., on Tuesday, Jan. 4, at 1 o'clock. Carriages will meet train leaving New York at 10:02 A. M.

WILSON.—Harriet Palmer Wilson, widow of James T. Wilson of Cleveland, Ohio, and mother of James P. Wilson of Youngstown, Ohio, and R. Wilson, and the late David H. Wilson, suddenly, aged 83, on Jan. 2 at Hotel University. Funeral in Cleveland.

WITTE.—On Monday, Jan. 3, Saul A., beloved son of Lewis Witte and beloved brother of Martin Witte. Remains at Meyer's Funeral Parlors, 228 Lenox Av. Boston papers please copy.

WOOD.—At Rahway, N. J., Jan. 2, 1916, Sarah Bowne, widow of Isaac F. Wood. Funeral services will be held from St. Paul's Church, 2:30 P. M., Wednesday. Kindly omit flowers.

WILSON.—On Monday, Jan. 3, Frederick S. Wilson, in his seventieth year. Funeral at his late residence, 823 West 123d St., Tuesday evening, Jan. 4, at 8 o'clock.

VOGEL.—Hattie, beloved wife of Joseph Vogel, and sister of Emanuel Sachs, Esther Rosenwasser, Bettsy and Leah Rosenberg, died Jan. 3. Relatives and friends invited to attend funeral from her dear brother's residence, 306 West 99th St., Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 10 A. M. Interment Mount Zion Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers. Cleveland, San Francisco papers please copy.

BARNARD.—Andrew M., 100 West 74th St., Jan. 1. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

BAUDENDISTAL.—Ferdinand, 302 East 26th St., Jan. 2, aged 47. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

BECKER.—Michael J., 293 East 153d St., Jan. 2. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

CALLANAN.—James, 1,988 Amsterdam Av., Jan. 1, aged 47. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

COFFEY.—Edward J., Jr., 428 East 77th St., Jan. 2. Funeral tomorrow.

CUNNINGHAM.—Patrick, 200 East 96th St., Jan. 2. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DALY.—Joseph, 107 West 98th St., Jan. 2. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

DOUGAN.—Patrick, 780 3d Av., Jan. 2. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

EGENOLF.—Gustave, 1,422 Minford Place, Bronx, Jan. 2, aged 58. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

FAY.—Edward J., Barry St. and 157th St., Bronx, Jan. 1. Funeral today.

FITZGERALD.—Greta T., 163 East 83d St., Jan. 2. Funeral notice later.

FOERSTER.—Frank G., Jan. 1, aged 30. Funeral 140th St. and Willis Av.

GOODWIN.—Alfred Y., Jan. 2. Funeral 954 Amsterdam Av., today.

GORMAN.—John, 408 West 34th St., Jan. 2. Funeral today 9:30 A. M.

GOTTESMAN.—Justus, 2,363 2d Av., Jan. 2. Funeral today 1 P. M.

HRUSA.—Friedricka, 29 Av. A., Jan. 2, aged 51. Funeral today 2 P. M.

HUCK.—Alois, 411 West 37th St., Jan. 1, aged 62

Died

HUNT.—Margaret, 410 East 59th St., Jan. 2. Funeral tomorrow 10:30 A. M.

HURLEY.—George P., 192 West End Av., Jan. 1, aged 47. Funeral today 2 P. M.

KELLY.—Katherine, 28 Macomb's Place, Jan. 2. Funeral tomorrow 9:30 A. M.

LAHRES.—Joseph, 151 Clason Point Road, Bronx, Jan. 2, aged 55. Funeral tomorrow.

LAVELLE.—Mary J., 2,183 Washington Av., Jan. 2. Funeral tomorrow 10 A. M.

McCALL.—Monica, 528 West 39th St., Jan. 1.

COURSES AND DATES CHOSEN FOR THE METROPOLITAN GOLF ASSOCIATION CHAMPIONSHIPS

NASSAU TO HOLD AMATEUR TOURNEY

Garden City Gets Open Championship and Englewood the Junior.

FATHERS AND SONS TO PLAY

Sleepy Hollow Club to Again Conduct Competition Inaugurated Last Summer.

Where and When Metropolitan Golf Will Be Played in 1916

Metropolitan Amateur Championship—June 7-10, Nassau Country Club, Glen Cove, Long Island.
Metropolitan Open Championship—July 6-7, Garden City Golf Club, Garden City, Long Island.
Metropolitan Junior Championship—June 27-28, Englewood Country Club, Englewood, N. J.
Father and Son Tournament—June 19, Sleepy Hollow Country Club, Scarborough-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Long Island will get the plum in the metropolitan golf district for the season of 1916. At a meeting of the executive committee of the Metropolitan Golf Association held last night at the Yale Club, the metropolitan amateur championship was awarded to the Nassau Country Club of Glen Cove, Long Island, and the event will be held June 7-10.

The metropolitan open championship was assigned to Garden City on July 6-7, the junior metropolitan championship goes to Englewood on June 27-28, and the Father and Son tournament is returned to Sleepy Hollow on June 19.

The awarding of the amateur event to Nassau was anticipated, as Long Island has not held this event in three years. It was held at Englewood in 1914, at Apawamis in 1915, and the sequence of events should send it to the other geographical division of the metropolitan district in 1916.

Wykagyl, Garden City, Ardsley, Greenwich, and Sleepy Hollow were the other applicants for this event. Ardsley made a strong bid to re-enter the tournament field this season but the club was overlooked when it came to assigning the courses. Wykagyl also endeavored to land the amateur championship.

In spite of the fact that New Jersey has not had the open championship for a period of four years, while Long Island, Westchester, and Staten Island have been entertaining the professionals, the open event was again awarded to the Garden City Golf Club. This was rather a surprise, as it was felt that if New Jersey clubs failed to come forward for the tournament, Greenwich was directly in line for this event. However, the Garden City course is a favorite with the "pros," and they will probably turn out in large numbers at the championship.

There were six clubs on the list for the junior championship—Garden City, Sleepy Hollow, Greenwich, Englewood, Hollywood, and Plainfield. The Plainfield Country Club was the cradle of the event, as it held it for the first three years of its existence, until last year Garden City took it over. This year it was awarded to Englewood, which gives the event a high average in Jersey competition, four times in five years.

Although Darwin P. Kingsley succeeded in tearing the father and son tournament from the protecting grasp of Wilson S. Kinnear of the Sleepy Hollow club, the originator of the idea, the Executive Committee decided to let the Scarborough club hold the event for another year at least. When this tournament was started by the Sleepy Hollow Country Club, it was with the intention of making it as much of an institution as the senior's tournament at Apawamis, until ex-President Kingsley made the tournament an association event. When this was done at the annual meeting of the M. G. A., Wilson S. Kinnear made an appeal to the members of the Executive Committee to abide by the unwritten law, and evidently his appeal was heeded.

Findlay S. Douglas was re-elected captain of the Lesley cup team, and he will endeavor to lead the victorious Metropolitan team another successful campaign against the golfers of Massachusetts and Pennsylvania.

The entry fee in the metropolitan amateur championship was raised from $2 to $5 because of the popularity of the event, and the entry fee in the tournament for club pairs, which precedes the amateur championship each year, was lowered from $2 to $1 for the opposite reason.

The executive committee was the guest of President J. B. Coles Tappen at dinner at the Yale Club. The other members present were W. D. Vanderpool, James A. Stillman, George H. Barnes, A. H. Pogson, J. E. Shanley, Archie Reid, and E. Mortimer Barnes.

The annual meeting of the New Jersey State Golf Association will be held Jan. 25, at 4 P. M., in the office of Frederick A. Thomas, at 71 Broadway, for the election of officers and the selection of the course for the playing of the New Jersey amateur championship.

MRS. FRASER GOLF LEADER.

Wins Three Season Trophies for Women of Baltusrol Club.

Mrs. C. J. S. Fraser captured all three season trophies for women members of the Baltusrol Golf Club, Short Hills, N. J. Play for the President's Cup donated by Louis Bayard was conducted on a point basis every Tuesday through the season. Mrs. Fraser won this trophy and also captured the Ringer trophy for the best selected score of the season with a card of 37–35–72. This selected score of 72 on the Baltusrol course, which is considered one of the hardest in the country, indicates the improvement that Mrs. Fraser has made in her game this year.

Mrs. Fraser was a constant attendant at the one-day tournaments of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association at the various courses in the metropolitan district, and she figured prominently as a prize winner. The Ringer Cup which she won is a trophy presented by Louis Keller, Secretary of the Baltusrol Club. Mrs. C. S. Mapes donated a cup for the best putting during the season by women players, and Mrs. Fraser won this also, making a clean sweep of the trophies.

GET OPTION ON GARDEN?

Chicago Promoters May Run Six-Day Cycle Race Next Fall.

The fight of the Chicago six-day bicycle race promoters against the men who control cycle racing in the East assumed larger proportions yesterday, when the Western men made tentative plans to enter the local field and conduct a race at Madison Square Garden next December.

Thomas P. Convey, the Chicago promoter, who came here to sign riders for a six-day race in his home city, announced yesterday that he had secured an option on Madison Square Garden for a grind the first week in next December.

His statements were flatly contradicted by Frank Mihlon and Inglis M. Uppercu, President and Secretary-Treasurer, respectively, of the Cycle Racing Association, the organization which controls the Newark Velodrome.

Mr. Convey's statement was made at a dinner in the Hotel McAlpin, where he was waiting for the arrival from Boston of Alfred Grenda, Fred Hill, and Joe Fogler, who have promised to sign for the Chicago race.

Grenda failed to put in an appearance before the departure of Convey, but Hill appeared. He listened to arguments by Messrs. Convey and Fogler for nearly an hour, but declared that he would not sign to ride in Chicago unless the promoters secured a franchise from the National Cycling Association or the Cycle Racing Association.

The Chicago man's statement came as a distinct surprise, for it was the leasing of the Garden two years ago that ended the cycle war between the Motordrome and the Velodrome. At that time Mr. Uppercu, who was backing the Motordrome forces, outbid the Velodrome backers and signed a lease for $35,000. He lost $10,000 on the six-day race which followed as a result. Knowing all this, Mr. Convey said yesterday that he had followed the same tactics and was surprised "that the Newark men had allowed him to put one over on them so easily."

BELMONT HORSES ARRIVE.

Eighteen Young Thoroughbreds from France to Race Here.

Among the thoroughbreds which arrived on the Atlantic Transport liner Manhattan from England and France on Sunday was a consignment of nineteen horses for August Belmont, Chairman of the Jockey Club. The lot consisted of eighteen yearlings—which became two-year-olds Jan. 1—and a four-year-old. The latter, Danger Rock, came direct from England, and will be sent to the stud.

Danger Rock, by Rock Sand-Delusion, won the Newmarket Stakes and the Hastings Plate in 1915, and was considered to have a good chance to win this year's Derby. But two months ago he met with an accident, receiving a badly torn tendon, and it is doubtful if he will ever race again. Danger Rock will be turned over to Sam Hildreth, Mr. Belmont's trainer, and if there is any possibility of the horse rounding into shape he may be seen under colors this Summer at Belmont Park.

The youngsters, which all came from Mr. Belmont's stock farm, Haras de Villers, in France, are a fine and healthy looking lot. They left the farm on Dec. 4, and have been on the way here since, besides experiencing a very rough voyage across the Atlantic.

Mr. Belmont still has nineteen three-year-olds now in France, which the French Government will not allow to be taken out of the country. Some of them will be trained there, in the hope that racing will be resumed after the war. The yearlings were released under the new French Government ruling permitting yearlings to leave France on or before Jan. 1.

MUST PAY FORFEITS.

Weinert and Savage Ordered to Pay $250 Each to Pioneer S. C.

Charlie Weinert and Jim Savage, two heavyweight boxers, are the latest offenders against the laws of the State Athletic Commission. Complaint was made against Jim Savage yesterday by Charles Doessereck and Scotty Monteith, managers of the Pioneer Sporting Club, at the weekly meeting of the commission, for his failure to box Weinert, according to his contract, last Thursday night. Monteith exhibited contracts with both men, in which each had agreed to post $250. Neither man had posted the forfeit for either bout, the first one of which had been called off because of the alleged illness of Weinert.

The commission decided that neither Savage nor Weinert could appear in any other match in New York State until they fulfilled their contracts to box each other at the Pioneer Sporting Club, and the club was authorized to deduct the amount of the forfeits, $250, from each man's share of the receipts when the match is staged.

FINE GOLF BY ROSS.

Professional Makes Par Score on a Pinehurst Course.

Special to The New York Times.

PINEHURST, N. C., Jan. 3.—Donald Ross, the veteran professional and golf architect, gave an exhibition of fine golf this afternoon in a best-ball foursome. He was the partner of W. E. Truesdell of Fox Hills against Philip V. G. Carter, the metropolitan junior champion, and T. B. Boyd of St. Louis. Ross did the No. 2 course in 71, which is par. He and his partner beat Carter and Boyd 13 points by the point system, also 6 up and 4 to go. Mr. Ross beat Carter 4 up and 3 to go. The latter was below his regular form, and required a 79.

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PEACE CONFERENCE MEETS TOMORROW

National Commission Announces Date for Clearing Up Details.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Jan. 3.—The committee appointed at the recent meeting of the baseball peace conferees here to settle the dispute between the Federal and International Leagues will meet here next Wednesday at noon. This decision was reached at a meeting of the members of the National Commission here today.

The committee is composed of President James A. Gilmore of the Federal League, President Edward Barrow of the International League, a representative of the Baltimore Federal League club, a representative of the Buffalo Federal League club, and the members of the National Baseball Commission.

At the meeting here today various matters that have to do with the readjustment of baseball affairs to conform with the recent treaty of peace were discussed informally and other than the announcement that the date and place of the committee meeting had been fixed, no news of a definite character came from the meeting room.

It is known semi-officially, however, that the waiver question, insofar as it concerns the Federal League players, was taken up, thoroughly gone into, and then laid over to be decided finally by the joint committee, on Wednesday.

It is also known that there are a number of small matters that will be decided at the meeting of the joint committee other than the waiver question and the International League dispute.

What the matters are was not allowed to be divulged, but one man high in baseball circles said:

"There are a number of details that might conflict when peace is declared between the two bodies. None of these details are of importance other than that they must be attended to. The two big questions to come up, of course, will be that of the dispute of the Federal and National Leagues and the waiver question. Insofar as the former is concerned I can say very little, but in regard to the waiver question I believe this will be decided quickly after the situation is explained to all of those concerned."

Another meeting of the National Commission will be held tomorrow and it is probable that the officers for the year will be chosen at that time.

Telegrams were sent tonight to Harry F. Sinclair and Thomas Chivington, President of the American Association, requesting them to be in Cincinnati on Wednesday.

Members of the National Commission expressed themselves as being disappointed when informed that President Gilmore could not be present at the Peace Committee meeting, but said it would not interfere with the meeting here, when called.

CONFER ON BROWNS' SALE.

American and Federal Clubowners in Session at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 3.—Harry F. Sinclair, Oklahoma oil well owner, who, according to reports, is in the market for the New York National League Baseball Club, arrived here today en route to New York. About the same time E. J. McDiarmid, a stockholder in the St. Louis Americans, arrived here from his home, Cincinnati.

This afternoon Sinclair, McDiarmid, Philip Ball, and Robert Lee Hedges, President of the St. Louis Americans, began a conference, at which it was expected the deal for the sale of the team to Ball and his Federal League associates would be completed. Late tonight the conference was still in session.

Sinclair's participation in today's conference gave rise to the rumor that he would have a financial interest in the St. Louis Club.

HOMING PIGEONS SHOW.

Flying Fairy, Which Escaped from Garden, Found in Time to Win.

Delegates from the leading clubs of homing pigeon fanciers from all parts of the country were the guests of the officials of the New York Poultry and Pigeon Association yesterday, at the show in Madison Square Garden. The representatives of over 100 organizations accepted the invitation to be present at the judging of the numerous pigeon classes, which took up the most of the day.

With nearly 200 birds entered in the competitions, each with a winning flight record of 100 to 500 miles or over, the classes were keenly contested. In the division for male birds, with records of 500 miles or over, the blue ribbon was won from a large class by a blue bird entered by Athur E. Schoener of Brooklyn.

One of the best blue hens in the show, named Flying Fairy, owned by B. Caterson of Manhattan and which has won flights of 400, 500, and 600 miles during the season, made her exit through an open window from the Garden on Sunday afternoon. As the bird is valued at $1,000, its owner was somewhat anxious for its recovery. Last night Alfred P. Massey, 250 West Eighty-second Street, telephoned the Poultry Show officials that a carrier pigeon with a leg-band had alighted in his back yard and had been caught by his servants. The exhibitor went to the house and brought his bird back in a suitcase in time for the judges to award it a blue in the class for veteran flyers.

Results were posted of the field work judging trials in pigeons and poultry classes by a group of agricultural college undergraduates. Each collegeman took his assigned classes alone and the results were reviewed by professional experts as a practical demonstration of the application of the academic studies. The diplomas for individual proficiency were awarded to E. C. Fox, Agricultural Department of Cornell University, and W. Topham of the Massachusetts State Agricultural College.

The final work of the poultry judges was to complete the award in the exhibition pens, in which sixty breeds were represented. In all 235 pens were on view, which, as each contained a poultry family of a cock and four hens, brought the inspection up to 1,150 single birds.

Binzen May Get Fordham Letter.

Fordham will probably award the "F" to Elliot Binzen as a reward for his victory in the junior national indoor tennis championship. As tennis is one of the minor sports at Fordham, the letter is not usually given in this branch of athletics. In the case of Binzen the students propose to amend the constitution of the Athletic Association so that the award can be made. The members of the Executive Council have agreed to vote for the amendment, which also has the approval of the Faculty Committee and Billy Lush, Athletic Director.

FOLWELL THE FAVORITE.

Belief General That He Will Be Pennsylvania Coach.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Jan. 3.—While no definite action was taken by the Football Committee of the University of Pennsylvania in relation to the selection of a football coach at its meeting held tonight, the impression is general that Bob Folwell will be the man chosen. Neither Folwell nor any of the committee would make any direct statement regarding the coaching proposition. The committee will meet again in about a week.

ATHLETES FAIL TO FILE BRIEF

Kiviat and Smith Debarment Case Now Considered Lost.

The long-standing case against Abel Kiviat and Harry J. Smith was virtually closed yesterday when counsel for the athletes failed to present their brief to the special committee of the National Amateur Athletic Union, which several weeks ago heard the athletes' appeal from the decision of the Metropolitan Association declaring them ineligible for further competition in amateur sports. The athletes were found guilty of demanding excessive expense money to compete in a set of games in Troy, N. Y., last September.

FENCERS' CLUBMEN WIN.

Defeat New York A. C. in Competition at Amateur League.

Illness of members deprived the three weapon competition of the Amateur Fencers' League, held last night at the Fencers' Club, of much of its interest, for it prevented the representatives of the Washington (D. C.) Fencing Club from coming here to oppose the teams of the Fencers' Club and the New York A. C. The touhnament was won by the Fencers' Club, Paul Meylan winning the foils bout from L. Nunez, 5 to 3, and George Breed defeating William Baumann in the duelling swords contest.

HOLMER SECOND IN RACE.

American Athlete Beaten by G. McCrea in Powder Hall Marathon.

EDINBURGH, Scotland, Jan. 3.—The Powder Hall Marathon, of fifteen miles, was won by G. McCrea of Scotland, who finished 12 yards ahead of Hans Holmer of New York, second. The winner's time was 1:21:55.

Holmer won in 1914 and was third in last year's race.

Terry Wins Class C Match.

In the opening game of the national amateur Class C billiard tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy last night Clyde B. Terry defeated George T. Moon, Jr., in a closely contested 18.2 match by a score of 200 to 189. Terry played a good game and made an average of 4 12-47, with high runs of 22, 15, and 11. Moon's average was 4 1-47, and he clustered high runs of 21, 16, and 14. Two games will be played today. In the afternoon the contestants will be Robert Weld and Irving I. Lewine and in the evening Louis Servatius plays Charles J. Steinbugler.

Fulton to Box Dan Flynn.

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 3.—Fred Fulton, Minnesota heavyweight, and Dan Flynn of Boston have been matched for a twenty-round bout in New Orleans Jan. 28, local promoters announced today.

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This is warm Winter overcoat weather.

Three solid months of it ahead of us, too.

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is showing its new
H. A. L.
Twelve Cylinder Car
at Space C-14, third floor, the
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The price is
$2,100
Dealers are cordially invited.
H. A. LOZIER,
President.

CANADIAN BASKET BALL TEAM LOSES

Crescent A. C. Breaks Two Years' Record of Hamilton Boys in Game.

Canada's champion basket ball players, the Hamilton Tigers from Hamilton, Ontario, got the surprise of their lives last night when they were defeated by the Crescents at the Second Signal Corps Armory in Brooklyn by a score of 35 to 19. The Hamilton Tigers are former Canadian college players, and they now represent the Hamilton Y. M. C. A.

They are visiting the United States for the first time, and they came with a fanfare of trumpets. They had not been defeated in two years. During the first half of the game, when Hamilton led by a score of 13 to 10, the Canadians flashed the best passing game that has been seen in a local court. They not only passed the ball all around the New Mooners, but did it so quickly and so accurately that the Crescents were bewildered.

After the swift exhibition in the first half the Canadians were fatigued. The Crescents sent in three big, husky substitutes, and they outplayed the Canadians during the entire second period. The Hamilton team did not have one substitute to help out their exhausted players.

The Canadians played a prettier game than is played in this country. But the Crescents' game was more vigorous and aggressive. In the second half Nicholas took Heath's place at right forward for the Crescents, and was the star scoring player on the floor. He caged five field goals and four goals from fouls. Lees played a good game for Hamilton at centre.

SQUASH TENNIS FINALS.

Dwyer and Tachendal Win in Columbia Club Tournaments.

Two squash tennis tournaments were decided yesterday on the Columbia University Club courts. Edward T. Dwyer won the novice event and F. D. Tachendal annexed the cup in the handicap tourney. Spirited rallies featured the closing matches in each competition and extra aces were required in many of the games. The summary:

Columbia Club Novice Squash Tennis Tournament.—Semi-final Round—Edwin T. Dwyer defeated J. C. Harrison, 15—3, 15—8; H. Bayne defeated H. M. Davenport, 17—14, 15—12.
Final Round—Edward T. Dwyer defeated H. Bayne, 15—12, 15—10, 18—14.
Handicap, Semi-final Round.—F. D. Tachendal (scratch) defeated C. W. Cuthell, (scratch,) 15—10, 15—10.
Final Round—F. D. Tachendal (scratch) defeated J. C. Mackenzie, Jr., (scratch,) 15—8, 9—15, 15—12, 18—13.

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YALE COACH STORY A RUMOR

Dr. H. L. Williams Says No Agreement Has Been Reached.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Jan. 3.—Dr. H. L. Williams, University of Minnesota football coach, returned to Minneapolis today, after two weeks' visit in the East. When questioned relative to a report that the Yale committee appointed to select a coach for 1916 had decided to name him for the work, he said he believed the report was premature, as no agreement had been reached.

"It is true," he said, "that the Yale committee requested me to meet it in New York on Dec. 21 and talk over the situation. This was done. I have not met with the committee since. At this time it is uncertain that any proposition will be made to me, and also equally uncertain whether, if made, it would be such as I could accept."

DARTMOUTH PLAYER HURT.

Pelletier Lost to Basket Ball Team for Remainder of Season.

The Dartmouth College basket ball team scored a victory over the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn quintet in an interesting game last night on the latter's court, by the score of 29 to 17. The Hanoverians lost the services of Pelletier, probably their foremost player, for the remainder of the season, because of injuries he received when he went to the floor beneath a mass of players eager to get their hands on the ball and shoot it to the cage.

Pelletier was playing at guard for the Dartmouth representatives and in the second half, about seven minutes after the whistle, he was tackled and thrown to the floor of the court with such force that he tore the ligaments of his left arm and had to be carried off the field.

The injury to their teammate had the effect of spurring the Dartmouth aggregation on to harder efforts and they completely overwhelmed their opponents during the remainder of the game, scoring seventeen points, while they held the Brooklyn players to three points.

HARVARD TRACK MEN OUT.

Sixty Men Report for Practice—Boxing Starts, Too.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 3.—With the opening of college today after the holiday recess, Harvard's track season began in earnest. Captain Bill Bingham and Coaches Donovan and Ellery Clark welcomed more than sixty Varsity and freshmen athletes at Soldiers' Field, and work was at once started for the many indoor meetings at which the Crimson will be represented this winter.

More than fifty additional men are expected tomorrow, and it is believed that the squad eventually will be the largest in Harvard's history. The Crimson lost few good athletes by graduation last June. Ellery Clark, who is the assistant graduate treasurer of the athletic association and a former all-round amateur champion, will be in charge of the field events this year, succeeding Fred Powers. He had more than twenty high jumpers, vaulters and shot-putters in the baseball cage today.

The track men will do their work on the outdoor wooden track near the locker building. Great interest also was shown in Harvard's effort to start boxing again among the undergraduates. A big squad reported at the gymnasium.

Charley White, the lightweight boxer, came out to Cambridge and sparred for a few moments with Archie Roosevelt, son of Colonel Roosevelt, who was the best boxer at Cambridge in the late '70s. The football men made the best representative showing at boxing today, R. Parson, Harte, Soucy, Whitney and Weatherhead all reporting to the boxing instructors.

Billy Evans Boxing Commissioner.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Jan. 3.—Billy Evans, American League umpire, has been appointed one of the members of the Cleveland Boxing Commission. Davy Jones, who was formerly at Carnegie Institute of Technology, is the appointee for Secretary.

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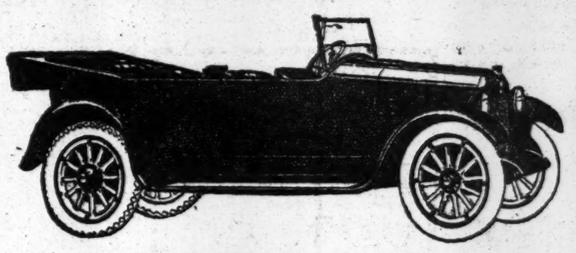

A PROMINENT Chicago automobile editor who was present in Racine, Wisconsin, at the "unveiling" of the New Case 40, was enthusiastic over its wonderful performance. After being present at several tests of the car, he said,—"Its performances were little short of the marvelous."

By the way, have you seen, at the show, the Case 40 in orange and black and upholstered in seal brown and cream stripe? It's stunning—and mechanically it is fully worthy of the respected name it bears—Case.

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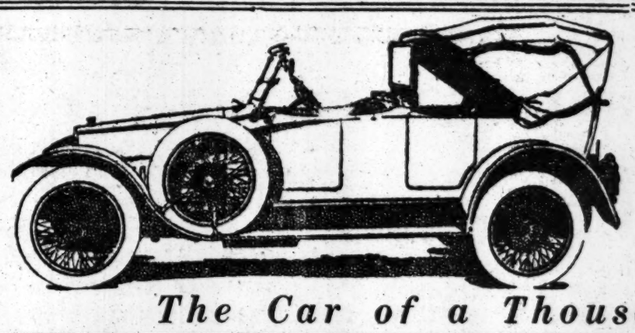

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That the ideal transmission should be so flexible as to enable the driver to control the speed of his car from rest to 60 miles an hour without operating a clutch or changing a gear.

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NOW 7,621 NATIONAL BANKS.

Charters Issued to 138 in 1915—Law Strictly Administered.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The forthcoming annual report of the Controller of the Currency will show that only 54 entirely new national banks were organized in the last calendar year. There were 138 national banks chartered in that time, however. Of these 54, with an authorized capital of $4,032,000, had been State banks, and 30, with an authorized capital of $1,835,000, were reorganizations of private or State banks. The strictness with which the National Banking act has been administered during the year is indicated by the fact that, while 138 charters were granted, 101 applications failed of approval, charters being denied.

On Dec. 31, 1915, the total number of national banks organized was 10,810, of which 3,189 had discontinued business, leaving in existence 7,621 banks, with an authorized capital of $1,077,501,375 and circulation outstanding, secured by United States bonds, of $719,571,758. Circulation to the amount of $51,765,450, covered by lawful money deposited with the Treasurer of the United States, on account of liquidating and insolvent national banks and associations which had reduced their circulation, is also outstanding, making the total amount of national bank circulation outstanding $771,337,208. Of the 138 banks authorized to begin business, with a total capital of $8,862,000, 99, with a capital of $2,667,000, had individual capital of less than $50,000, and 39, with a capital of $5,695,000, had individual capital of $50,000 or over.

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RAILROAD FACES $1,600,000 SUITS

Could to Take Action Similar to Bush's Against the Texas & Pacific.

TWO SETS OF NOTES EXIST

Novel Situation Presented of President Suing His Own for Money Due Him.

News reached the financial district yesterday that B. F. Bush, as receiver for the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain System, had brought suit in the Federal Court at Monroe, La., against the Texas & Pacific Railway, to enforce the payment of seventeen promissory notes, aggregating $842,000. Later in the day it was reported in quarters close to Texas & Pacific affairs that George J. Gould, President of the Texas & Pacific and Chairman of the Board of Directors, would also institute suit against the railway for notes aggregating approximately the same amount of money.

The Bush suit was taken as a matter of course, being another step in the receivership action started against the Texas & Pacific by the Missouri Pacific System last week. The prospective Gould suit received more comment. Should Mr. Gould bring this suit it would present a novel situation in which the President of a railroad would be suing his own road for money alleged to be due him.

It was indicated that the hostility which has been developing in the last two years between Mr. Gould and the interests in the Missouri Pacific who caused Mr. Gould's ejection from the Missouri Pacific was now at fever heat. In the Gould camp both the application for a receiver and the suit against the Texas & Pacific are regarded as hostile and unwarranted moves. Both actions will be contested. In addition the view is held, it is understood, that an agreement was broken when Mr. Bush instituted suit for payment of the $842,000 in notes.

Two Sets of Notes Exist.

The existence of the two sets of Texas & Pacific promissory notes was explained yesterday as follows: The Texas & Pacific, in a number of instances, has had need of ready cash in the last ten years. The Gould estate responded liberally and, all told, advanced more than $1,000,000. For this money promissory notes, due last June, were taken to the extent of about $800,000, and bonds were taken for the balance. In addition to this floating indebtedness, moreover, the Texas & Pacific, in 1909, gave promissory notes in payment for interest on its $25,000,000 income mortgage bonds. A great proportion of these bonds are held by the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain System, and it is in this way that the promissory notes got into the treasury of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain System. The notes were due last June but were not paid.

When these transaction were made the Missouri Pacific system and the Texas & Pacific were both in Gould control and there was no dispute over the transactions. When George Gould was forced out of the Missouri Pacific, however, new and rival interests had to be appeased. When Mr. Bush, only recently, was forced out of the Texas & Pacific by George J. Gould then the hostilities reached a personal crisis. There has been plenty of excitement since, and in some quarters the application for a receiver and the Bush suit are regarded as consequences of the personal enmity between Mr. Bush and Mr. Gould.

It was at the time when Mr. Gould was forced out of the Missouri Pacific, according to a version of the story in circulation yesterday, that a kind of "gentlemen's agreement" was made that neither the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system nor the Gould estate should sue the Texas & Pacific for non-payment of the notes if not paid at maturity. This agreement, it is contended, was violated when Mr. Bush filed the suit at Monroe, La., yesterday.

"I do not know of any pledge made by the Iron Mountain not to sue on the promissory notes," said a Missouri Pacific official yesterday. "But even if such an understanding did exist it became outlawed when the Iron Mountain went into receivership.

"As a matter of fact there is no personal enmity behind this suit at all. Nor is there any behind the application to put the Texas & Pacific into receivership. In looking over the assets of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system, the $23,000,000 Texas & Pacific income bonds in its treasury were investigated. Their value was uncertain, and so it was determined to take the matter to the courts for adjudication. Nominally we asked for a receiver, but what we actually want is a determination of the status of the income bonds. The Missouri Pacific, which is in process of reorganization, must find this out. Moreover, the income bonds are a burden on the Texas & Pacific, for that road can do no new financing while shouldered with these outstanding bonds. It will be of mutual advantage to clear up the situation. It will help the Missouri Pacific, and also the Texas & Pacific.

"There is no significance in the fact that the receivership action was brought just after Mr. Bush left the Texas & Pacific. The application was carefully considered a year ago, and it was thought best to postpone it at that time. It could not be delayed longer.

"Likewise, the suit to enforce payment of the promissory notes held by the Missouri Pacific System was brought in order to get a ruling from the courts as to the legality of the claim. The Missouri Pacific had to bring the suit in order to prevent being estopped at some future time. There is nothing personal in this suit either. Mr. Gould, of course, has the same right to bring suit for payment of the notes held by the Gould estate."

George J. Gould was in conference yesterday with Judge T. J. Freeman of Dallas, Texas, General Solicitor for the Texas & Pacific. They visited other lawyers in the city. Mr. Gould could not be found at his offices.

Stockholders of the Texas & Pacific, wholly taken by surprise by the recent actions against the Texas & Pacific, are up in arms. They have been organized into a protective committee headed by Alwin W. Krech, President of the Equitable Trust Company. This committee has not announced its plans but it is known that it will fight the application for a receiver.

"MOP" PLAN OPPOSED.

New Protective Committee, Headed by R. F. Cutting, Formed.

Another Protective Committee to oppose the proposed reorganization plan of the Missouri Pacific-Iron Mountain system was formed yesterday. This committee will represent the Kansas & Colorado Pacific Railway Company refunding mortgage bonds, and it was announced that the committee represented three-fourths of the holders.

R. Fulton Cutting is Chairman of the committee. The other members are J. S. Wilson, Jr., Charles B. Alexander, F. Kingsbury Curtis, Arthur O. Choate, and Francis H. Bergen. Alexander J. McAllister, 55 Wall Street, is Secretary and Simpson, Thatcher & Bartlett are counsel. The Franklin Trust Company was named as the depositary.

Gain for Semi-Made Skirts.

The plan for helping out the sale of dress goods by furnishing a skirt made of selected material at a nominal cost, has grown very rapidly since it was introduced a short time ago. Most of the stores now feature this department in their advertising quite frequently. Not only has the original object of the semi-made skirt been accomplished in serving to clean up remnants, but additional business has been created. In one case, for instance, a department store had about fifty pieces of shantung silk that proved hard to sell made up into skirts. Not only were the goods sold out rapidly, but the silk buyer was forced to buy additional material to satisfy the demand he had aroused. An indication comes from this field that the Spring season for the cost houses will be a good one, inasmuch as the demand for skirts is increasing.

INSTRUCTION.

New COURSES For The New Year

Accountancy
Architectural and Mechanical Drawing
Business Preparatory
Civil Service
Commercial Art
College Preparatory
English for Business
Estimating—Concrete and Steel
Freehand Drawing
Foreign Languages
Handwriting Normal
Investments
Journalism Training
Motion Picture Operating
Music—Piano—Organ—Theory
Personal Power (Dr. O. S. Marden)
Photo Play Writing
Practical Electricity
Public Speaking
Salesmanship
Stenography
Typewriting

Courses Now Opening—Send for Special Booklet of any of the above

Central Branch YMCA New Building
55 Hanson Place, Brooklyn

LENOX, MASS.
TRINITY SCHOOL Small, strictly modern, private day school for boys and girls. Established 1911 by the residents of Lenox. Pupils entered for the Fall term will be kept up with their courses in city schools. The School Cottage will receive a very limited number of boarding pupils, ages 8 to 12, for the Winter. Home care, ideal climate, and social surroundings. Address Miss Eunice Lippincott, Principal.

University of Notre Dame
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA
College Twenty-one courses leading to degrees. Board and Tuition $400 per year.
Preparatory School $400 per year.
St. Edward's Hall For younger boys. $250 per year.
New York Office, 505 Fifth Avenue. Murray Hill 8415.

LEARN TO CONCENTRATE
Our records give indisputable proof that through our method of teaching concentration our pupils have done four years' work in one year.
The Groff-Clark School
259 W. 75th St. Tel. 744 Columbus.

THE BROWN SCHOOL OF TUTORING
Boys' School and Office, 241 West 75th St. | Girls' School, 239 West 75th St.
Founded 1906. Thorough preparation for schools, colleges and regents in half the time taken by class schools. Fifteen teachers, each with at least twelve years' experience. Lessons at home or school. Pupils taught how to study.
"Schools with an Atmosphere of Work."

Languages—Learn by Phonograph
Our pronouncing records of Rosenthal's Practical Linguistry quickly give conversational knowledge of Spanish, German, French, Italian. You can use your own Talking Machine. Write for Booklet or call for Private Demonstration, 9 to 5.
THE LANGUAGE PHONE METHOD, 907 Putnam Building, 2 West 45th St.

BERKELEY SCHOOL
ESTABLISHED 1880.
FROM PRIMARY TO COLLEGE.
270 West 72nd St., Cor. West End Ave.

Eastman-Haines Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Secretarial, and Stenotype Departments. Day & Night Sessions. Call or write for Catalogue. 123d Street and Lenox Avenue.

MISS CONKLIN'S SECRETARIAL SCHOOL.
17th year. Booklet on request. Removed from 7 West 42nd St. to Commercial Engineers' Building, 37 WEST 39TH STREET.

The BERLITZ SCHOOL of LANGUAGES 28-30 WEST 34TH ST.
Harlem Branch..... 343 Lenox Ave.
Brooklyn Branch..... 218-220 Livingston St.
Philadelphia, 16th & Chestnut (over Riker Phar.) Classes and private lessons. Day and Evening.

SERGIO School of LANGUAGES
Most rapid of conversational methods. 6th Year at 315 5th Av., Corner 32d St.

PRATT SCHOOL—62 West 45th St. Individual instruction, day, evening; Shorthand, Bookkeeping, Stenotypy, Secretaryship. Catalog free.

German lessons given by lady from Berlin. 414 West 121st St. Apply directly apt. 6B.

Free Catalogues of all schools. Amer. Sch. Ass'n, 1,012 Times Bldg. Bryant 6160.

French diplomee, excellent teacher; highest references. Mlle. F., 874 West End Av.

INSTRUCTION—Musical.

MUSIC LESSONS free in your home, any instrument; send for free booklet. U. S. School of Music, Box T, 225 5th Ave., N. Y.

N. Y. German Conservatory of Music, 303 Madison Ave., Near 42d St.

Institute of Musical Art, 120 Claremont Av., New York City. Box 135.

RESORTS.

NEW ENGLAND.

THE EDGEWOOD, Greenwich, Conn. Golf. Tennis. Club House. Now open.

BAHAMA ISLANDS.

BAHAMAS THIS WINTER.
Write for Literature, 845 5th Av., New York.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Duties Are Fixed on a Variety of Imported Articles.

The S. G. Grump Company, San Francisco, failed yesterday to convince the Board of General Appraisers that lower duty should be given on importations of a great variety of marble articles such as lamps, benches, fountains, well heads, &c. They were all returned by the Collector at 50 per cent. ad valorem as manufactures or marble. The importers claimed that some of the pieces were original works of art, replicas, or reproductions dutiable at 15 per cent. and others were free as antiquities.

It was decided in the protest cases of G. W. Sheldon & Co., and the Monsanto Chemical Works, St. Louis and New York, that when tea sweepings or waste are imported in combination, customs officers must separate the two commodities for dutiable purposes.

Several importers were successful in the contention that casings for electric flashlights were properly dutiable at 20 per cent. ad valorem under the provision for metal manufactures not specially provided for.

F. B. Vandegrift & Co. differed with the Collector at Philadelphia regarding the classification of laces and trimmings. They were returned by the Appraiser as "cotton lace" or beads on silk net," the Collector assessing duty at 60 per cent. under the provision for trimmed goods. The importers claimed that such of the articles as were composed in chief value of metal threads were properly dutiable at 40 per cent. and the beaded goods at 50 per cent. Judge Howell sustained the latter claim, but held that the metal thread articles had been properly assessed by the Collector.

BIGGEST YEAR FOR FAILURES

Record for 1915 Shows Worst Effects of War in Europe.

The commercial agencies report more business failures for 1915 than in any year of the country's history. Some of the sting was taken off by the fact that liabilities involved were not so great as in five previous years.

R. G. Dun & Co. have record of 22,156 defaults with an aggregate indebtedness of $302,286,148, against 18,280 suspensions in 1914, whose joint liabilities amounted to $357,908,859. Dun's Review says:

A study of the returns clearly indicates that many months elapsed before the effects of the economic disturbance caused by the outbreak of the war were fully shown in the failure record, and in the first quarter of 1915 business reverses were notably heavy, both numerically and otherwise. During this period, however, many of the weak spots in the situation were eliminated, and thereafter recovery from depression was rapid, the figures for the third quarter revealing a reduction of about 37 per cent. in number and practically 50 per cent. in amount, as compared with the opening three months of the year.

Bradstreet's says:

Failures were heaviest in the South, which furnished 29 per cent. of all casualties, and 54 per cent. of the increase in number over 1914. The greatest twelve months in failures in the country's history was that of the first year of the European war, when 19,948 failures and $344,000,000 of liabilities, increases of, respectively, 30 and 3 per cent. over the preceding year.

There were 19,032 failures in 1915, an increase of 13.4 per cent. over the hitherto record calendar year 1914. Compared with 1906, the record low year of the decade, failures in 1915 were slightly more than doubled in number. The business mortality in 1915 was 1.07 per cent. of those in business, the highest percentage since 1897. Since that date the number of failures and the number in business have each expanded 62 per cent. Liabilities in 1915 were $283,432,609, a decrease of 20.7 per cent. from 1914, and of 26 per cent. from 1908 and 1893.

The Quilt Business Is Good.

Little fault is to be found with the orders found on the books of the leading makers of quilts, according to reports coming from that branch of the cotton goods trade. As reported before in this column, a nice business was taken in the recent trips of the road men, and it has since been augmented by orders that have come in by mail. Production is now pretty largely engaged for the first four months of the year, the business being about equally divided between satins and crochets. No further price advances have been reported.

ADVERTISEMENT.

Water Guaranteed to Relieve Weak Stomach
So sure are the proprietors of Man-a-cea Water that it will relieve any stomach or intestinal trouble that is not structural that they guarantee to refund your money if a case of 12 half-gallon bottles does not effect an improvement. Thousands upon thousands of cases have been sold under that guarantee. Man-a-cea is not a laxative, and is free from any medicinal taste. If you have dyspepsia, indigestion or distress after eating, why don't you order a case today from your grocer or druggist? Remember the money back guarantee. Man-a-cea Water is most helpful, too, in gouty or rheumatic conditions, and in many kidney disorders.

Davids' Inks
Sold by dealers the world over
We are the oldest manufacturers of writing inks in the United States.
THADDEUS DAVIDS COMPANY
Established 1825.

EXCEPTIONAL TABLE D'HOTE DINNER $1.00
A LA CARTE PORTIONS COOKED TO YOUR ORDER
SERVED EVERY EVENING, 6 TO 10, AND SUNDAY, NOON TO TEN.
Al White, Bobby Folson, Nellie Brewster and Honey Bunch
"Merry Moments"
TWICE NIGHTLY, AT 7:30 AND 12,
Mlle. Doraldina
Direct from Hilo, Honolulu,
Sensational Hula Hula Dances
MIDNIGHT CABARET in Ballroom
Genuine Old-Fashioned Beefsteak Dinner $1.25
PRIVATE BANQUET HALLS, BALL ROOM, BEEFSTEAK GARRET UNDER THE RAFTERS. CATERING, ESTIMATES SUBMITTED.
REISENWEBER'S COLUMBUS CIRCLE & 58TH ST.

JOAN SAWYER'S
(Formerly Palais de Danse)
AT BROADWAY & 50TH STREET
NIGHTLY AT 10:30—TELEPHONE 2330 CIRCLE.
Dancing by MISS SAWYER Assisted by MR. GEORGE HARCOURT
WITH
MISS SAWYER'S OWN BAND
TRIO GOMEZ (First Appearance in America) IN UNUSUAL SPANISH DANCES
AND OTHER DIVERTING SURPRISES.

Fourteen East Sixtieth St. A quiet, luxurious Residential Hotel. Affording the Exclusiveness of a Private Residence.
Opposite the Metropolitan Club and 5th Av. Entrance to Central Park. Apartments, single or en suite, rented, furnished or unfurnished, for long or short periods.
EAGER & BABCOCK.

NEW YORK CITY
HOTEL BRISTOL
122-124 WEST 49TH ST.
Single Rooms with bath, $12 & $14.00 per wk.
Double Rooms with bath, $15 & $17.50 per wk.
TABLE D'HOTE OR A LA CARTE SERVICE

Want advertisements for The New York Times may be left at any American District Telegraph office.—Advt.

RECTOR'S
America's Leading Restaurant
"Always Cheery and Pleasant"
Come any hour of the day and any day of the week and a visit to Rector's is never disappointing. "Always cheery and pleasant." Always a place where you are sure to meet friends and acquaintances. Always a delectable menu. Always the highest standard of service. Always provides the best of entertainment features. Always the most reasonable prices.
Special Dinner—Served in the ballroom from 6 to 9, $1.50 a cover. Entertainment. Dancing.
A la Carte—In main dining room. Entertainment. Dancing after 9:30.
Two Entertainments | Two Dancing Floors | Two Orchestras
Broadway | 48th Street | 7th Ave.

THE DOLLAR DINNER
or a la carte in a charming atmosphere, with superb orchestra.
DANCING.
It is always a pleasure to reserve tables for special parties.
Telephone Gramercy—4900.
5th Avenue Restaurant
Entrance on 24th St.

HOTEL THERESA
Under New Management.
Phone 8270 Morningside.
7th Ave., 124th to 125th St.
Block Front.
The largest and most beautifully appointed hotel in Harlem.
One block from "L" and Subway. Surface cars to all points at door. Within a few minutes' walk of N. Y. Central R. R. Station.
FAMILY AND TRANSIENT
Special Rates by Month or Season (Board $10.50 per week.)
Single rooms with running water and shower .....$1.50 per day
Single rooms with bath .....$2.00 per day up
Double rooms with bath .....$2.50 per day up
All outside rooms with every comfort and convenience. Excellent cuisine and service. Breakfast, 50c; Lunch, 50c; Dinner, $1.00. R. P. Leube, Mgr.

Finest and Best Located Hotel in New York
Hotel Netherland
5TH AVE., AT 59TH ST.
TWO FLOORS BACHELORS SUITE REASONABLE RATES
Valet Service no Charge

Hotel Bretton Hall
BROADWAY 85TH TO 86TH ST.
Offers All the Advantages of the Best New York City Hotels at One-third Less Price.
SUBWAY STATION AND BROADWAY SURFACE CARS AT DOOR. ELEVATED STATION WITHIN 2 BLOCKS. Room with private bath, $2.50 and $3.00 day (for either one or two persons). Parlor, bedroom and bath, $4 to $7.50 day; $25.00 to $45.00 week. 3, 4 or 6 room suites with 2 baths at attractive rates.

HOTEL MAJESTIC
Central Park West at 72d St.
The House of Good Will
Near to all that's desirable, far from all that's undesirable.
Suites, transiently or permanently. Room, $3 a day upwards.
Dancing weekday evenings in Cafe Moderne and new Oriole Room

HOTEL ENDICOTT
Columbus Ave. and 81st St., New York City.
RATES
Room with use of Bath.....$1.00
Room with Private Bath..... 1.50
Parlor, Bedroom and Bath.... 2.50

TRY A STRAND SNACK
For Luncheon Today, 11:30 to 2
"ALMOST TOO GOOD TO BE TRUE"
MODERATE PRICES — DANCING
STRAND ROOF GARDEN BROADWAY & 47th St.
AFT. TEA, 4 to 6:30—SUPPER, 8 to 12.
ALWAYS NEW AND NOVEL
CHANGE OF EVENTS NIGHTLY.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE
FOR BUSINESS WOMEN LEXINGTON AVE AT 30TH STREET
WEEKLY RATES. ALL MEALS INCLUDED.
Single Rooms, Running Water, $12 to $15.
Single Rooms, with Bath, $15 to $18.
Suites, with Bath, for two, $25 to $35.

HOTEL RUTLEDGE 30TH ST. AT LEXINGTON AVE FOR WOMEN EXCLUSIVELY
WEEKLY RATES. ALL MEALS INCLUDED.
Single Rooms, Running Water, $12 to $15.
Single Rooms, with Bath, $15 to $18.
Suites, with Bath, for two, $25 to $35.

Luchow's
14th Street, near Fourth Ave.

Castles in the Air and Ice Palace
ATOP 44TH ST. THEA. JUST W. OF B'WAY
PHONE 3535 BRYANT
TEA, DANCING AND SKATING ON ICE EVERY AFTERNOON
Our Skating Rink Is Open to the Public from 3 to 5 PM Instruction on Request
$1.50—DINNER—$1.50
FROM 6 TO 9 AND SERVICE A LA CARTE.
PERFORMANCE GIVEN DURING DINNER TIME BY
World's Champion Ice Skaters
J. R. EUROPE'S FAMOUS ORCHESTRA PLAYING
DANCING
NO ADMISSION CHARGED
Messrs. LOUIS CANTONE & C. PIERRE, Restaurateurs

—"PRINCE ILMAR is for those who really love good music."
Prince Ilmar Concert
Every Evening at 11 P. M. in the Main Dining Room
HOTEL WALLICK
BROADWAY & FORTY-THIRD STREET

"AMERICA'S GREATEST RESTAURANT"
Janssen wants to see you
AT THE FAMOUS
30TH ST. HOFBRAU HAUS 30TH ST.
BROADWAY &
NEW YORK'S FINEST TABLE D'HOTE, $1.00
Highest Class Music.

Hotel Ansonia
Broadway, 73d to 74th Street.
Overlooking the Hudson River.
Single rooms, $2.00 per day; with bath, $2.50 per day; double rooms with bath, $4.00 per day; parlor, bedroom and bath, $5.00 per day.
Club or a la Carte Breakfasts served in rooms without extra charge for service.
17 Stories.
1,400 Rooms, All Outside.
Largest Transient and Family Hotel in New York City. Absolutely Fireproof.

HOTEL IMPERIAL
BROADWAY AND 32D STREET NEW YORK CITY
Imperial Home Dinner served daily from 6 to 9 P. M., $1 Per Cover
600 rooms, single or en suite, $1.50 per day and up; with bath, $2.00 per day up
CUISINE AND SERVICE UNEXCELLED
WILLARD D. ROCKEFELLER, Manager.

Dinner $1.25 Luncheon 75c
Hotel Arthur 5 EAST 45TH STREET
Cuisine Francaise No Cabaret CLOSED SUNDAYS.

CHURCHILL'S Broadway at 49th Street
Known the World Over. French Cuisine. Dancing & Cabaret from Luncheon Till Close.
BUSTANOBY'S 60th ST. RESTAURANTS 59th ST.
Dinner, $1.50 A la Carte "FOLLOW THE CROWD."

Carlton Terrace Broadway at 100th St.
Breakfast 35c-50c
Luncheon 60c
Tea with Waffles.....30c
Club Dinner.....75c & $1
The Ferncry Miss Tucker, 23 East 33d Street.
The Oldest Tea Room in New York. Bet. 5th & Mad. Aves. Smoking in the Conservatory.

A Pleasant Place to Lunch or Dine. Music. Dancing.
DALY'S RESTAURANT & GRILL
20 East 42d St., Near Grand Central Depot.
Around the Corner from 5th Avenue.

SHANLEY'S IN YONKERS
A wonderful restaurant right on Broadway, 40 minutes from 42d St. Especially equipped for cool weather business. Dancing.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISRAEL BERDICHAWSKY & PHILIP BERDICHAWSKY, individually and as copartners trading as BERDICHAWSKY BROS., Bankrupts.—No. 22,090.

To the creditors of Israel Berdichawsky & Philip Berdichawsky, individually and as copartners trading as Berdichawsky Bros., of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of October, A. D. 1915, the said Israel Berdichawsky & Philip Berdichawsky, individually and as copartners trading as Berdichawsky Bros., were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and a first meeting held November 23d, 1915, and a trustee elected at said meeting, and the bankrupts having since filed schedules, you are hereby notified that a second first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County and State of New York, on the 11th day of January, 1916, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, December 27th, 1915.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. Dist. N. Y.—No. 21,843.—In Bankruptcy.—JACOB FISHBERG, SAMUEL KAUFMAN, and NATHAN KNOB, individually and as copartners doing business as SUPERIOR PAPER BOX COMPANY, Bankrupts.

Creditors of said Jacob Fishberg, Samuel Kaufman and Nathan Knob, individually and as copartners doing business as Superior Paper Box Company, are hereby given notice that on June 10th, 1915, they were duly adjudicated bankrupts. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, January 11th, 1916, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 22,289.—In Bankruptcy.—CHARLES STEGER, doing business as CHARLES STEGER CO., Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Charles Steger, doing business as Charles Steger Co., are hereby given notice that on November 8th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, January 11th, 1916, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 22,621. Notice is given that NATHAN MARGOLIS and MORRIS MARGOLIS, individually and as copartners doing business under the firm name of MARGOLIS BROS., bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 7th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 22,469.—U. S. DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE TRAWLER CORPORATION, Bankrupt.

The Trawler Corporation was duly adjudicated bankrupt on November 30, 1915. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office January 14, 1916, No. 233 Broadway, City of New York, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Creditors may attend, prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.
Jan. 3, 1915.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District, N. Y.—No. 22,215.—In Bankruptcy.—HYMAN EZEKOWITZ, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Hyman Ezekowitz are hereby given notice that on October 20th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, January 11th, 1916, at 3 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 20648.—Notice is given that LEON BLOCK, trading as LIP CLOAK & SUIT CO., a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 7th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy.—No. 22381.—Notice is given that CHARLES MEYER, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this Court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 7th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT of New York.—Bankruptcy No. 21,433. Notice is given that GEORGE A. BRIGGS, a bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on February 7th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.

PETER B. OLNEY, Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SO. District N. Y.—No. 21,972.—In Bankruptcy.—SAMUEL WEISINGER, Bankrupt.

Creditors of said Samuel Weisinger are hereby given notice that on August 24th, 1915, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office No. 2 Rector Street, N. Y. City, January 11th, 1916, at 10:30 A. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ARTHUR RICH, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 4th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's and boys' clothing, overcoats, safe, office furniture, fixtures, etc.; also Receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the lease of said premises.

BENJAMIN LESSER, Receiver.
ELGIN L. McBURNEY, Attorney for Receiver, 302 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New Jersey.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SCHWAB-KEPNER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 4th, 1916, by order of the Court, at 2 P. M., at 58 Canal St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of men's and boys' clothing, overcoats, safe, office furniture, fixtures, etc.; also Receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the lease of said premises.

ARTHUR GREEY, Trustee.
HAYS, HERSCHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Trustee, 115 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LEONARD PALLISER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Tuesday, Jan. 4, 1916, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 539 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of jewelry, rings, pins, watch bracelets, etc.

MATTHEW A. HENKEL, Trustee.
BLUMBERG & IMMER

COURT CALENDARS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(C) This character means *versus or against.*

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3. — The Supreme Court adjourned until Thursday out of respect to the memory of Associate Justice Lamar. All motions noticed for today will be taken on Thursday.

Call for Jan. 6: Nos. 532 (and 533,) 672, 114, 143, 145, 148, 152, 153, 154, and 156.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit.—Lacombe, Coxe, Ward, and Rogers, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 458 P. O. Bldg.

Automatic Safe Co< Burns Co.
Re NY Com Co, (2.)
Grandison<Robertson.
Edwards<Keith.
Nord Deutsche Ins Co <Hart.
Lovell-McConnell Co< Oriental Rubber & Supply Co.
Lee Law Yon<US. Gee Tun<US.
Haum Pow<Sisson.
Gibson<Am Graphophone Co.
Re Rosenthal.

DISTRICT COURT—Hough, J.—Room 337, P. O. Bldg., at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Page<Seydel.

DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Room 3, 12th floor, Woolworth Bldg.—At 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Morin<Cargo Logs, &c.
B & O RR<SS Dalvasan.
Erie RR<Tug Ed G Murray.
Olson<Quackenback.
Fiskett<same.
Schomaker<Oxley.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—At 10:30 A. M., in Room 323, P. O. Bldg.—Equity calendar.
Land Air Prod Co<Morse D D & R Co.
Bankruptcy at 10 A. M.
Re Boris Thomashefsk y.

DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—Room 312, P. O. Bldg., at 9:30 A. M.—Bankruptcy.
Re George L. Tashis.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

DAY CALENDAR—
Re Public Serv Com< Northern Un Gas.
Re Dalsimer, (transfer tax.)
Re Thompson, (same.)
Kimbark< Waldemar Co.
Johnson<Smith.
Re Dupont.
People<Metropolitan Surety Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—First Department—Clarke, P. J.; McLaughlin, Laughlin, Scott, and Page, JJ.—Enumerated motions.—At 2 P. M.

Judson<Hatch.
Empire Dev Co<Title G & T Co.
Smith<Browning.
People<Acena.
Standard S & G Co< CNY.
People<Arnstein, McNaboe<Reeves.
McGrath<Carnegie Trust Co.
People<Keitel.
B & O RR<Lowenstein
Abramowitz<Odell.
Lynch<Bd of Educat.
Kneuper Spec Co< ...
Mondo<Block.

APPELLATE TERM—First Department—Guy, Bijur, and Gavegan, JJ.—At 10 A. M.—Appeals from Municipal Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Newburger, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.

Stern<Stern.
Shapiro<Clews.
Tobin<American Letter Co.
Cunningham<Sohenoh.
Kushner<Berg.
Gilbert<Mechanics & Metals Nat Bank.
Kaufman<Reich.
Hicks<Hicks.
Pendleton<Adams.
Re Prickett.
Hunt<Hunt.
Tompers<Tompers.
Warburg<Fleischman.
Re Gordon (Swenson)
Twentieth St Garage, Inc<Moore.
Re CNY (West Av) (8.)
Noble<Hinds, Noble & Eldridge.
City Account Co< O'Neill.
Neil<Neil.
Re Geis.
De Kliduchevsky< Bennett.
Nichols<Nichols.
Brown<Grassi (2.)
Weinstock<Weinstock.
Ganoes<Gas Eng & Power Co.
Buckley<Buckley.
Bacon<Chapman.
Same<Modern Pen Co
Altoria Rlty & Const Co<Wheelock.
Brown<Harrigan.
Francis Bros & J. Inc <Onward Const Co.
Perschmanns<Hayes.
Purdy<Purdy.
Disch<Zeitner.
Schwartz<Levin.
Re Brogan (Schumacher.)
Chester<Voss.
Disch<Sargent.
Re Duggan.
Dale<Dale.
Benerist<Field (8.)
McLaughlin<McLaughlin.
Feinberg<Feinberg.
Chapman C T T (2.)
Haynes<Lamb.
Breitung<Calhoun.
Mylvirn<N Passman & Son, Inc.
Norton<Norton.
Bauer<Bauer.
NY Life Ins & Trust Co<Godward.
Platon<Graham, Abraham Ex
Zeggio<Robinson.
Ballassa<Kirsch.
Wolf<Cooper.
Robert<Ettinger.
Butcher<Thomas & Buckley Hoisting Co
Rechlin<Frye.
Sullivan<Hoe (2.)
Re Judenfreund<Fagenson.

PART II.—Ford, J.—Ex parte business at 10:30 A. M.

PART III.—Hotchkiss, J.—At 10:15 A. M.

SPECIAL RULE—Practice to be followed by counsel trying equity causes before Mr. Justice Hotchkiss at Special Term, Part III.:

Unless otherwise ordered, at the conclusion of the testimony the attorneys for the respective parties will submit their proposed findings of fact and law. The proposed findings of fact shall include only such ultimate and material facts (excluding all items of evidence) as counsel may deem to be established. The findings so submitted will be passed upon and filed when decision is announced, and thereupon the successful party will incorporate into one set of findings all the facts and conclusions of law found at the request of either party, and present the same for signature with a proper form of decision.

By observing this practice counsel will facilitate my work as trial Judge, and if an appeal is taken will relieve the Appellate Division of the annoyance of being compelled to resort to the respective requests to discover the findings actually made.

Motions:
Middlebrook<Pentfield.
Schneider<Schneider.
Forchheimer<Dunlop.
Hasselbach<Mt Sinai Hosp.
Blohm<Blohm.
Wade<Dachtera.
Burnot Mfg Co< Hickey.
Allen<Linarusta Wks.
Bell<Ellis.
Fox<CNY.
Quartwitch<Goldstein.
Meyer<Hudson Trust.
Re Wise.
Cirrito<Well.
General calendar:
Gleichenhaus< Gleichenhaus.
Robinson<Dahm.
Withers<Mills.
Mills<Withers.
Kane<Odell.
Smith<Smith.
Matusoff<Ginsberg.
Gritz<Rocke.
Wells<Wells.
Frank<Frank.
Gregorio<A B S Co.
Stiefel<Stiefel.
Strachstein<Strachstein.
Meile<Cohen.
Eskesen<Mathiasen.
McGuire & Co<Y W C A.
Weil<CNY.
Brown<Brown.
De Vivo<De Vivo.
Whiting<Whiting.
Friedel<Great Eastern Casualty Co.
Herrenhoff<Co-operative Syndicate.
Rothschild<Rothschild.
Amado<Ashley.
Pleer<Pleer.
Wilson<Wilson.
Hastings<Hastings.
Benedict<Benedict.
Ray<Palmer.
Baum<Stockell.
German Sav Bank< Dickas.
Richards<Colts Arms.
Larsen<Larsen.
Same<Cerra Realty & Const Co.
Kingston Securities Co<Corti.
Smith<Richman.
Swann<U S Trust Co of N Y.
Kleinschmidt<Dobbs.
Stern<Winter Garden.
Rosen<Stysower.
Muller<Man Ry.
Erie RR<Fallon.
Shenk<Oliva.
Del Franco<Del Franco.
Corbin<Corbin.
Ryan<McDermott.
McDowell Dressmaking School<McDowell.
Pollock<Pogoda.
Colonial Motion Picture Corpn<Hansl.
Norton<Russe.
Case on.
Lieberman<Graf Realty Holding Co, Inc.
Sartorius<De Young.
Katz<Reiser.
Vagelschmidt<U S Fidelity & Guar. Co.
Wolfert<Northern Assurance Co, Lim.
Clear.
Twitchell<Bradley Cont Co.
Jenchenak<S S Silver & Co.
Wrigley<O'Brien.
Roland<Wooten.
S Noah<S. E. & M. E. Bernheimer Co.
H. Noah<same.
Wein<Fed Iron, &c.
Dougherty<Wildhart Realty Co.
Chase on.
Zouridin<C RR N J.
Hodgins<N Y Rys.
Nolan<Schnecker.
Preiser<N Y Rys.
Phelps<Hayden.
R. De Gregorio< Mandelman.
D. De Gregorio<same.
Hirschfield<Yellow Taxicab Co.
Clear.
Rigers Sons<Hedendorf.
O'Brien<Lehman.
North Side News< Zimmer.
Bonagurio<Lowenthal.
Costa<Paris Sterig Co.
Saunders<42 St Ry, &c, (2.)
Green<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Barbate<Fargo.
Carlson<Carlson.
Rizzo<Cohen.
Case on.
Lerman<Ice Mfg Co.
Same<Knick Ice Co.
Sohn<Forger.
Aldrich<Herreshoff.
Hopter<same.
Settimo<Con Tel & El Sub Co.
Freedman<Hammer.
Case on.
Leiberman<Ames.
Same<Aetna Corp.
Same<Smith.
Same<Werner.
Same<Green.
Same<Bertlini.
Same<Wellbrock.
Same<Guttumello.
Same<Glaser.
Same<Dana.
Same<May He.
Same<Grout.
Orr<Doubleday.
De Bekker<Stokes Co.
Murphy<NY, N H & H RR.
Nickerson<Electro Co.
Restiro<Conklin.
Town of Portlandt< NY C & H R RR.
Re Naul.
Re Judson.
Maples<O'Brien.
Allan<Downing.
Quinn, an infant< American Druggists Syndicate.
Gleason<Brewster & Co., Inc.
Chowles, as admr< Schaull.
Weiser<New York Telephone Co.
Inq—Hencken<Wiley et al.
Trupia<Hilliard Hotel
Rugoff<Shidlosky.
Cohen<Engel.
Zimmerman<Owens.
Same<Sweeney.
Gilpin<Ruppert.
Langan<Lehmaier.
Spitaljnk<CNY.
Andersen<NY Herald.
Fried<Caywood.
Collins<CNY.
Case on.
Twitchell<Bradley Cont Co.
Jenchenak<S S Silver & Co.
Wrigley<O'Brien.
Roland<Wooten.
S Noah<S. E. & M. E. Bernheimer Co.
H. Noah<same.
Wein<Fed Iron, &c.
Dougherty<Wildhart Realty Co.
Chase on.
Zouridin<C RR N J.
Hodgins<N Y Rys.
Nolan<Schnecker.
Preiser<N Y Rys.
Phelps<Hayden.
R. De Gregorio< Mandelman.
D. De Gregorio<same.
Hirschfield<Yellow Taxicab Co.
Clear.
Rigers Sons<Hedendorf.
O'Brien<Lehman.
North Side News< Zimmer.
Bonagurio<Lowenthal.
Costa<Paris Sterig Co.
Saunders<42 St Ry, &c, (2.)
Green<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Barbate<Fargo.
Carlson<Carlson.
Rizzo<Cohen.
Case on.

PART IV.—Cohalan, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Maresca<Potter.
Kengetter<Reichel.
Ludvigh<Thurnauer.
Seidemann<Erdenbrecher.
Seche<Klingman.
Brescia<Union Rwy.
Lent<Belt L Ry Corp.
Carrigan<8d Av RR.
Freiberg<Goodman.
Grohn<Underpin & F.
King<same.
Lee<Maguire.
Frymier & Hanna Co< Wetmore.
Silberman-Schampain Co<Shongood.
Zak<Simpson.
Klein<Von Raltz.
Rosenberg<Bronston Bros Co.
Yorkshire Ice Co< Flanagan.
Shongood<Verderber.
G I Wilson & Sons< Bartz).
Holstead Machinery Co<Federal Terra Cotta Co.
Church<Commercial Trust Co.
Case on.

PART V.—Dugro, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Adjourned until Wednesday, Jan. 5.

PART VI.—Pendleton, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Adjourned until Thursday, Jan. 6.

PART VII.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Dorler<Kaufman.
Canfield<Rafel.
Wiener<Oliver.
Palmieri<L H R R.
Covell<Kaye.
Gerschenheusen<Stone.
Walsh<NY, NH&HRR.
Hurley<Miller.
Kessler<No River Rty Co. (2.)
Piselli<Consol Coal Co.
Erbeck<NY Edison Co.
Dorler<Kaufman.
Canfield<Rafel.
Wiener<Oliver.
Palmieri<L H R R.
Covell<Kaye.
Gerschenheusen<Stone.
Walsh<NY, NH&HRR.
Hurley<Miller.
Kessler<No River Rty Co. (2.)
Piselli<Consol Coal Co.
Erbeck<NY Edison Co.

PART VIII.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

H. Miller<Inkelas.
S. Miller<same.
Kilcomons<Marmon, N. Y. Co., Inc.
Mack<Dock Const Co.
Brady<Penn Steel Co.
Fleishman<Lieberman.
Samarsky<Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Co.
Johnson<Hedden Const Co.
Zouridin<C RR N J.
Hodgins<N Y Rys.
Nolan<Schnecker.
Preiser<N Y Rys.
Phelps<Hayden.
R. De Gregorio< Mandelman.
D. De Gregorio<same.
Hirschfield<Yellow Taxicab Co.
Clear.

PART IX.—No day calendar.

PART X.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XI.—Platzek, J.—At 10:30 A. M. (To be held in Trial Term, Part XIII. room.)

Maglione<Comp Francaise, &c.
Socha<Cent RR N J.
Herzfeld<Haselberger.
Sawyer<Snell.
Collins<McMullen.
Suaro & Triest, Inc.
Davis<Union Rys of N Y City.
James<NY Rys.
Case on.

PART XII.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Hogan<Kaplan.
Deutsch<Berkowsky.
Mekki<Holbrook, Cabot & R Corp.
S. Schulz<CNY.
J. Schulz<same.
Aretakis<N Y Rys.
Smulowitz<CNY.
Stief<6th Av Coach.
Lindahl<Spicer.
Hegeman<Nas El RR.
Gerstein<Hirschenson.
Mohr<CNY & Belt L Ry.
Ormando<Market Auto Garage Co.
Dayton<N Y Rys.
Gormley<same.
L Ackerman<6th Av Coach Co.
R Ackerman<same.
Chalinsky<Belford.
Case on.

PART XIII.—Adjourned for the term.

PART XIV.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Laska<Harris.
Burton<W. Burton & Co.
Grey<Mexican Hardwoods Co., Inc.
Roth<Rosen.
Hughes<Hammerstein.
Nola<Salvarese.
Mairs<Holden Paper.
Farquharson<Rowland.
Pershall<Larchmont Bldg Co.
Skinner<Dorlskill Fms Case on.

PART XV.—Goff, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Muehling<Mafflodo.
Lee<Maguire.
Frymier & Hanna Co< Wetmore.
Silberman-Schampain Co<Shongood.
Zak<Simpson.
Klein<Von Raltz.
Rosenberg<Bronston Bros Co.
Yorkshire Ice Co< Flanagan.
Shongood<Verderber.
G I Wilson & Sons< Bartz).
Holstead Machinery Co<Federal Terra Cotta Co.
Church<Commercial Trust Co.
Case on.
Renwolds<G W Rogers & Co.
Berbeck Cont Co< Sinwitzer.
Levy<Hohenstein.
Fishel<Whitman.
Bonsole<Winter Garden Co.
Colton's<Agnew.
Shubert Theatrical Co< Cherry.
Caffrey<O'Brien.
Whitmore<Carnegie Trust Co.
Helen Realty Co<Falk
Peakl<Kissel Motor Car Co.
Holmes<Marine Ins Co.
Case on.

PART XVI.—Hendrick, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Inq—Gulick<Phipard.
Paddell<Janes.
Brizee<Lisman.
Lowenfeld<U S Fidelity & Guaranty Co.
White Tar Co<N Z Graves & Co.
Guggenheim & Co< Wood & Selick.
Lieberman<Graf Realty Holding Co, Inc.
Sartorius<De Young.
Katz<Reiser.
Vagelschmidt<U S Fidelity & Guar. Co.
Wolfert<Northern Assurance Co, Lim.
Clear.

PART XVII.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.

Inq—Starace<Franclone.
Morningstar<Spiegel.
De Power<Williams.
Koloone<Northwest Mut Life Ins Co.
Clarke<Martin.
Steinberg<S Phillipson & Co.
Sullivan<Flanagan.
Kelsey<Blumenthal.
Harrington Pick & T Co<Lightfoot.
NY Assets Realis Co< Thompson.
Farley<Schaefer.
Paseteka<Bierer.
McPartland<McPartland.
Yockel<Jackson.
Case on.

PART XVIII.—No day calendar.

Surrogates' Court.

CHAMBERS—Fowler, S.—At 10:30 A. M.

Motion calendar:
Andrew M. Ireland, Joseph Wittner, Zadeo B. Stewart, E. O. Brinkerhoff, Patrick Jones, Charles F. Fowles, Nellie M. Noe, G. S. Truesdell, Amelia G. Gardner, Emma J. Richardson, Ewen McIntyre, Alexander Don, Antoinette B. De Witt, Edward A. Sumner, Mary C. Clark, Richard S. Clark, Frances R. Greenwood, Rosalia Solomon, William H. Taylor, Isabella T. Elliott, S Niewenhous, James B. Horner, Henry Bischoff.

Louis Dreyfuss, Simon Bickart, &c. Coleman Woolf, George H. Reutgen, Josephine B. Chambers, F. W. Saltzleder, Sidney B. Mills, Laura Duncan, William P. Kirk, samuel H. Lasker, Edward Rafter.

Wills for probate:
Mary McDonald, Francis J. Murphy, Lily E. Jones, (1.) Lily E. Jones, (2.) Frieda R. Young, C. D. Rhinelander, Elizabeth McKeon, Mary J. Quinlan, Erlard P. Hill, Lucy G. Worleich, James Nell, Andrew Byrne.

TRIAL TERM—Cohalan, S.—At 10:30 A. M. Contested will—Abram Kaplan.

City Court.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Finelite, J.—Litigated motions at 10 A. M.

Despres<Kurzrok.
Schmidt-Dauber<C Burkowsky & Son.
Pine St Co<Mackay.
Genvert<Liebman.
Bulkley<Ziegfeld.
Schinal<Elkin.
Bolino<Guttman.
Aborn<Herbert Robertson & Co.
Ullman<Schwartz.
Miner<Quirk.
S Kraus & Bro<Ferber
Weiss<Ottenberg.
Levine<NY Rys.
Burrill<Farrell.
Gold<Rosenzweig.
Crystal Film Co<Picture P F Co.
Lieb<Fiction Pictures.
Wright<Schmidt.
Edwards<J T Clark & Son.
Vogel<Gabriel.
Sacks<C R Gates Co.
Gilbert<Slifka.
Wortman<Cohen.
Claffy<Palen's Sons.
Karp<Adelman.
Lallance & Grosslean Mfg Co< B H RR.
Brown<Stephens.
La Spada<D'Amico.
Grossman<Guttman.
Lehrfeld<Kaplan, (2.)
Maleck<Crate.
Sulkess<Public Bank.
Plymouth Rubber Co< Fine.
McKee<Munroe.
Mutual All Tr Co< Pancorvo.
Chudom<Spark.
Lenox Nov Co<Meyer.
Hudson W & L Co< 15 W 44th St Co.
Austin<Sirk, Spitzer & Co, (2.)
780 Mad Av Co<Williams.
Wallace<White.

PART II.—Lynch, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M.

TRIAL TERMS—Part I.—Schmuck, J.—At 9:45 A. M.

Zuckerman<D'Amico.
Cohen<Defaa.
Pezzullo<Iannuccelli.
Da Costa<Brown.
Klaimont<NY Rys.
Tomasino<I R T.
Vella<same.
Deutsch<L I RR.
Levin<Hess.
Riley<Hanlon.
Organ<Weitsman.
Snoffin<Borchardt.
Kantor<Wagner.
Patterson<Quinga.
Wagner<Kantor.
Wile<Liveright.
Tavella<Mahoney.
Cohen-Bloch Co<Dreyfuss.
Avenett<Degnon Con.
Maraglino<Comes.
Crapari<Thomas & Buckley Hoisting Co
Liebkin<Mintz.
Mustol<NY Rwys.
Glassheim<same.
Jackson<Seely's Son, Inc.
Fishel<same.
Rafkin<same.
Grannis<Temple.
Cox<Riverside Taxi S.
Hesser<R T.
Killmick<Friend.
Jurson<Ryan Con Co.
Nicholas<Sterling Mfg
Inlaid Co<Transatlantic Import Co.
Martin<Goldstein.
Price<I R T.
Werner<Laemmle.
Jandorf<I R T.
Wiggins<NY Rwys.
Vall<Collegiate Rty.
Wiggins<NY Rwys.
Regal D G Co<Gersten
Held<Weberman.
Makouska<Ulasinski.
Tulka<Souway.
Klein<NY Rwys.
Grinnell<Newkind.
Rubay<Moore & M Co
Gartner<NY Rwys.
Silvara<I R T.
Tomabino<Erie RR.
Canuse<Dock Con Co.
Deligtisch<Fox.
Rubenstein<Schlesinger.
Cooper<NY Rwys.
Zakalak<Ssmalenberg.
Clare<Union Rwys.
Janota<Adler.
Weisman<O'Leary.
Garman Bros<Minsker Rty Co.
Rogers<Cauldwell-Wingate Co.
Saunders<Roche.
Mack<McKay.
Anderson<Bliss Co.
Flynn<B Q C & S RR.
Flori<CNY.
Majernik<same.
McCormack<McCormack.
Hammel<B H RR.
O'Connor<Ambulance Auto Co & ano.
Anesi<Krasiow Const.
Dimmigan<B H RR.
Zuydhoeck<O'Neill.
Stupensky<Sackstein.
Davidson<Weill et al.
Malter<Malter.
Solay<Bros et al.
Welsh<Lamb.
Moulder<Whitridge.
Thompson<Pape.
Recco<Standard Arch Co & ano.
Schneider<Nassau RR.
Schaefer<Borough Asphalt Co.
Klempner<Transit Dev
Seidman<C I & B RR.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2713.

TRIAL TERM—Part I., Callaghan, J.; Part V., Scoulder, J.; Part VII.,

Moran<Patterson et al
Sullivan<Nassau RR.
McCormack<CNY.
Oberfield<Doscher.
Hedrick<CNY.
Behrer<Rustin.
Levy<Miller.
Yonge<Rosen.
Pinkerton<Nassau RR.
Macumber<Detroit Cadillac Motor Co.
Sovlack<Stevens Co.
Wyckoff<B H RR.
Evers<NY Con RR.
Hamerschlag<B H RR.
Schoeched<Rader et al
Falanga<Clark.
Grice<NY Rys.

Kelly, J.; Part IV., Cranz, J.; Part VI., Tompkins, J.

Manne<Havemeyer Theatre Co.
Chasin<Schroeder.
Gen Motors Truck Co< Lang et al.
De Garay<Int R T.
Calder<CNY.
Conroy<Standard Mail Order Co.
Sabowska<C I & B RR
Hirsch<Giles.
Levy et al<McLaury.
Eldridge<B H RR et al
Borough Bk<Reynolds.
McGuire<Kahn.
Cooper<Vierengle.
Bracken<McGrath et al.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day on this call:

Gibbons<B H RR.
Rosenberg<B H RR et al.
Wisnavsky<Smith.
Scala<Garbarino.
Sullivan<Ed El Ill Co.
Dow<Ryan Con Co.
Jacodzinsky<Zaykowski.
Kornblum et al<Commercial Advertiser.
Menchiok<Treibitsch et al.
Hettrick Bros Co< Stern et al.
Rich<Smith.
Estates of Long Beach <Nassau Cottage & Rty Co et al.
Feldman<Mackay Co.
Walnstein<Lurie.
Caulfield<Roemhild.
Schmitt<B H RR.
Barry<Robitzek & Bro
Gallucl<Fargo, Pres.
Hamilton Trust<Great East Teleph Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2437.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Ketcham, S.—Day calendar—At 10 A. M.

Wills of:
John H Hodgson,
Kate Rich,
Louis Mayer,
Henrich T Bock,
John W Archer,
John Sexton,
Rachel Walter,

Hazeldine Hamilton.
Accounting of:
Robert T Ryan,
Mary Mullen,
Thomas Tebbell.
Estate of:
Michael Hart.

County Court.

CIVIL CALENDAR—Part V.—Hylan, J.

Wachsman<B U E RR Co.
O'Dare<B H RR.
Smith<same.
Hinde<Huner.
Sulsky<B H RR.

Regan<same.
Sheehan<NY Con RR.
Von Thun<Jung.
Feldman<Weisman.
D'Amoros<N E RR.

The following causes, if answered ready, will be passed for the day:

Capell<Martino.
Kuner<Shames.
Fuhrman<Epstein.
Schafer Brewing Co< Seaboard Con Co.
Akell<Calendo.

Marx<Obermeyer & L.
Fazio, an inf, &c< Modern Barber Sup.
Young<Weiss.
Lallike<B H RR.
Schwartz<Rosenberg.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J.—Willard< Willard—Chas. H. Sherrill. Re Dresner—Sol Kohn.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Stagg<Provincial Realty Alliance—Wm. V. Goldie. Same <same—Cacar Igntaedter. Same<same—Richard B. Dawson. Same<same—Stanley H. Molleson. Cohnfeld<Furlong—Earl W. Webb. Re Leeder—Washington I. Taylor.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Hirsch <Swiney—Herman Joseph. King<Ras Realty Co.—Isidor Cohn. Same<Wagner (2)—Gerald S. O'Loughlin.

SUPREME COURT—Giegerich, J.—Re Home Bureau Medical House Nurses' Assn.—Robt. J. Hare Powell.

Receivers Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Ford, J.—Lawyers Mtg. Co.<Bronx Enterprise Co.—Eugene A. Donohue, Stella J. Edwards<Daniel G. Stebbins—Patrick A. Gaynor.

SUPREME COURT—Newburger, J.—Warwick Wright<Henry G. Barford—Barnett Berger.

BRONX COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Tierney, J.—Ex parte business, at 10:30 A. M.

SPECIAL TERM—Tierney, J.—Motion calendar.

Besserer<Buntinx.
Lowenberg<Packard Trans & Rep Co.
National Surety Co< Wenninger.
Farmers' Loan & Tr Co<Bonner.
Dressel<Rothstein.
Futterman<Storch.
Re Munstuck.

SPECIAL TERM FOR TRIALS—Tierney, J.

Silverman<Pitts L & T
Martens<Schill.
Ingeson<Fergeson.
Shipley Con Co<CNY.
Wundrak<Wundrak.
Bohm<Bohm.
Sussman<Sussman.
Billig<Billig.
Siedenfried<Siedenfr'd
Bennovitz<Bennovitz.
Greenberg<Greenberg.
Welsh<Welsh.
Flaco<Flaco.
Dworkin<Dworkin.
Schwarts<Schwarts.
Graham<Graham.
Goldstein<Goldstein.
Rogozin<Rogozin.
Cohen<Cohen.
Kuveke<Kuveke.
Arnold<Arnold.
Elser<Elser.

Highest number reached in regular order, 208.

TRIAL TERM—Part I.—Brady, J.—At 10 A. M.

Wolf<Preston.
Bruhl<Nedwell, (2.)
Demarest<Rice.
Kellbert Con Co<Frey.
Tweedy<Cent Un Gas.
Blatter<NY C RR.
Hurst<Minsky.
Bernstein<Kandel.
Lee<Ocean El Ry.
Wecker<Hand.
Martinez<Zimmer.
Kronberg<Sobowieff.
Horowitz<Tyler.
Rigers Sons<Hedendorf.
O'Brien<Lehman.
North Side News< Zimmer.
Bonagurio<Lowenthal.
Costa<Paris Sterig Co.
Saunders<42 St Ry, &c, (2.)
Green<McMullen, Snare & Triest.
Barbate<Fargo.
Carlson<Carlson.

Highest number reached in regular order, 887.

Surrogate's Court.

CHAMBERS—Schulz, S.—Ex parte business.

TRIAL TERM—Schulz, S.—No day calendar.

County Court.

SPECIAL TERM (Chambers)—Gibbs J.—In Ex parte business.

SPECIAL TERM FOR MOTIONS—Gibbs, J. —No day calendar.

TRIAL TERM—Gibbs, J.—No day calendar.

Referees Appointed.

SUPREME COURT—Tierney, J. Ashforth< Hahn—Edgar Hirschberg. Rogener< Barnett—Cecelia M. Shell.

KINGS COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION—Second Department—Jenks, P. J.; Thomas, Stapleton, Mills, Putnam, JJ.—Motion calendar at 1 P. M.

Dutcher<J Wannamaker Enumerated day calendar.
Re N H Harris.

People<Ames.
Same<Aetna Corp.
Same<Smith.
Same<Werner.
Same<Green.
Same<Bertlini.
Same<Wellbrock.
Same<Guttumello.
Same<Glaser.
Same<Dana.
Same<May He.
Same<Grout.
Orr<Doubleday.
De Bekker<Stokes Co.
Murphy<NY, N H & H RR.
Nickerson<Electro Co.
Restiro<Conklin.
Town of Portlandt< NY C & H R RR.
Re Naul.
Re Judson.
Maples<O'Brien.
Allan<Downing.

APPELLATE TERM—Second Department.—Recess.

SPECIAL TERMS—Part I.—Manning, J.—At 10 A. M.—Motions.

Shalala<Haddock Mining Co, (2.)
Same<Plymouth Coal.
Mrs. Stephens' Trust Co<Read.
City<Auer.
Pitman<Case.
Mansfield<Macauley.
Tynan<City.
Romagnolo<Holthusen.
O'Hanlon<NY&QCoRy
Kizlock<NY&LITr Co.
Atkins<Haupt.
Erickson<Tidewater Paper Mills Co.
Westerfield<Francke.
Pierede<Cunningham.
Hickey<Hickey.
Seitz<Auburndale Rty Co, (1.)
Montalbano<Seaman.
NY Title Ins Co<Dibble.
Sale Rty Co.
Doyle<same.
Wolf<same.
Weiss<B H RR.
Nelson<same, (2.)
Sklar<City, (4.)
Hackett<Hackett.
New-Met Associates.
Draine<Osborne.
Re King (Brannigan)
House of Q Shepherd
Re Mairo (Hilton.)
Rittermeyer<B, Q Co & Sub RR.
Freeman<L I RR.
Fleischer<B H RR.
Quinn<same.
Fleming<Hecker-J-J Milling Co.
Selder<Finifter.
Sixt<Sixt.
Meyer<Rechtschaffer.
Re Fulton, Adams, & Willoughby Sts.
Williams<Lippman.
Wills<Venus S G Mfg.
Young<Monaton Rty Inv Corp.
Rahm<Rahm.
First Nat Bk<Jenkins.
Larson<Fabre.
Re Van Name & Co.
Williams<Van Name & Co. (2.)
Smith<Pomrinse.
Lawlor<Lawlor.
Gordon<Brown.
Strain<Hedge, (2.)
Kahle<Rosenberg.
Murray M H Treadwell Co.
Westerfield<Francke.
Mechanics' Bank< Hirshorn.
NY Disposal Corp< Freschi.
Yeselson<Yeselson.
Meyer<Mullen.
Re Fiser<Coheder.
Re Perrins, (Buell.)
Re 24th Av.
Percelli<Penn Coal Co.
Re Halperin.
Varon<Am Mfg Co.
Wm Gleichman & Co< Wittenstein.
Barnard<Wurster Lty.
Eger<Wiener.
Norwood<Norwood.
Mack<McKay.
Anderson<Bliss Co.
Flynn<B Q C & S RR.
Flori<CNY.
Majernik<same.
McCormack<McCormack.
Hammel<B H RR.
O'Connor<Ambulance Auto Co & ano.
Anesi<Krasiow Const.
Dimmigan<B H RR.
Zuydhoeck<O'Neill.
Stupensky<Sackstein.
Davidson<Weill et al.
Malter<Malter.
Solay<Bros et al.
Welsh<Lamb.
Moulder<Whitridge.
Thompson<Pape.
Recco<Standard Arch Co & ano.
Schneider<Nassau RR.
Schaefer<Borough Asphalt Co.
Klempner<Transit Dev
Seidman<C I & B RR.

Highest number reached on the general calendar is 637.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

Inquests: Bardes<Ingram-Hatch
Rosa<Procter & G Co Mot Corp. No. 83.

LEGAL NOTICES.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, SOUTHERN District of New York, ss.:

Whereas, a petition was filed in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York, on the 5th day of November, 1915, by the Cornell Steamboat Company, as owner of the steam tug Ice King, concerning the loss, damage, injury, or death occasioned by the accident or stranding of the steam tug Ice King, and the scows M47 and M48, in December 5th, 1914; and

Whereas, the said Cornell Steamboat Company, the petitioner, has given an ad interim stipulation for value, executed on December 10th, 1915, by Frederick Crandall, Esq., in the sum of $73.33, and filed in the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of New York on December 24th, 1915, undertaking to file in said Court a bond for stipulation in the usual form within ten days after the entry of an order fixing the appraised value of the petitioner's interest in the said steam tug Ice King and her pending freight;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the monition issued by the said Court to me directed and delivered, I do hereby cite all persons claiming damage for any and all losses, damages, injuries, or death, caused by or resulting from the accident or stranding of the steam tug Ice King and the scows M47 and M48, that occurred on December 24th, 1914, to appear and make due proof of their respective claims before Alexander Gilchrist, Jr., Esq., at the Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, on or before April 3d, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and also to appear before the said Court, in the Court Rooms, in the Post Office Building, on April 3d, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, and answer the said petition, otherwise they will be defaulted and barred from participation in the said suit and in the said stipulation.

Dated December 24th, 1915.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY,
United States Marshal.

KIRLIN, WOOLSEY & HICKOX, Proctors for Petitioner.

SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, NEW York County.—STATE OF YUCATAN, Plaintiff, against AVELINO MONTES and MICHAEL J. SMITH, Defendants.—Summons. Trial desired in the County of New York.—To the above named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated, December 27, 1915.

MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To the Defendant Avelino Montes:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. M. Warley Platzek, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 29th day of December, 1915, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of New York County, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York.

Dated, New York, Borough of Manhattan, Dec. 31, 1915.

Yours, &c.,
MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND,
Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and Post Office Address, 37 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

BAY STATE LINE
$2.55 BOSTON $2.25
Worcester, $2.60; Providence direct, $1.80
OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1.00.
Daily, Including Sunday, 5:00 P. M.
From Pier 19, E. R. Phone 2700 Beekman.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.
Uptown Ticket Office, Broadway & 23d St.

$3 Direct Between NEW YORK & PORTLAND
MAINE STEAMSHIP LINE
Reduced Fares All Points. Phone 3980 Cort.
EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, Inc.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE.
Newburgh, Poughkeepsie. Franklin St., 4; W. 129th St., 4:30 P. M. Tel., 4675—Franklin.

HUDSON NAVIGATION CO. WILL RESUME SERVICE MARCH, 1916.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Service Discontinued Until May, 1916.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

PART I., Young; J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Morschauser, J.—Court convenes and calendar called at 9:45 A. M.

Gannon<Pittsburgh Con Co.
McBride<same (2.)
Ross<Dunbar.
Potocki<Lehigh Portland Cement.
Swiezenski<same.
Grotz<Peekskill Light & RR Co.
Reilly<N Y C & H R RR Co.
Marus<Central RR of N J.
Knowles<N Y, N H & H RR Co.
Tess<Union Ry Co of N Y.
Hackenburg<Duffy.
Thomasolski<NY Central RR Co.
Dunson<Connell.

The following causes must be answered ready or marked over the term:

BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

80 Cents per agate line each insertion. Count six words agate to a line.

COATS.—Jobber looking at ladies' Spring coats and suits, popular prices, Tuesday morning, 623 Broadway, second floor.

COATS.—Jobber looking at skirts, dresses, and coats for the coming Spring. Eighth floor, 40 West 22d St.

COATS.—Jobber looking from 9 to 12 at high-class ladies', misses' coats. Eighth floor, 47 West 24th St.

COATS.—Jobber looking at stylish children's and misses' coats. 31 West 26th St., 5th floor.

COATS.—Looking at Spring coats all week. 8th floor, 24 West 26th St.

COATS.—Jobbers looking and placing orders on snappy models. 3d floor, 146 W. 25th.

COATS.—Jobber looking at Spring samples all week. 18 West 27th St., 3d floor.

COATS.—Open to buy children's coats, big quantities. Moshkowsky, 30 East 20th St.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses.—Open for jobs coats, suits, and dresses for cash. Handel's, 336 6th Av.

DRESSES, FURS.—Will buy for cash jobs of dresses and furs. Julius Gutman & Co., Baltimore, Md. Edwin J. Gutman, Hotel McAlpin.

DRESSES, suits, coats, waists, skirts, petticoats; high-grade jobs desired; cash. National Purchasing Co., 8 Lispenard St. Frank. 4343.

DRESSES, WAISTS.—Jobber looking at white Summer dresses and waists. Call 467 Broadway, Room 207, 9 to 12.

DRESSES.—Ready to place orders for wash dresses. Call with samples, morning only, 2d floor, 51 West 25th St.

JOBBER.—Ready to look samples in silk waists, ranging from $15 to $35 per dozen. 15 East 26th, Room 1905, between 9 and 3.

PLUSH.—Will buy 25 pieces of esquimette and select sealette plush for cash. 2,650 Gramercy.

SKIRTS AND COATS.—Looking at latest Spring suits and coats all week. 131 West 28th St., 4th floor.

SPRING SUITS.—Buyer looking at ladies' Spring suits, 1,161 Broadway, Room 504.

SUITS, COATS.—Jobber looking Spring samples snappy styles. 46 West 27th St., seventh floor.

WEARING APPAREL.—Cash paid for jobs of ladies' and children's wearing apparel, general merchandise. Gruber, 456 B'way. Tel Spring 358.

WEARING APPAREL.—Will buy women's wearing apparel. Harris Bros., 40 West 22d St. Gramercy 2581.

WILL REPRESENT YOU OR BUY.

Have an established selling organization, familiar with the fancy goods metal novelty line; have means, facilities to develop trade; representation of reliable houses considered; references exchanged; expert knowledge; give particulars. Initiative, 42 Times.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

COATS.—Plush and corduroy coats to close out very cheap for January sales. Ulin Bros., 54 West 33d St.

COATS.—Plushes and cloth; we have on hand 500 coats to close out at the price. Bijou Cloak and Suit Co., Inc., 116 West 22d St.

COATS.—Closing out coats cheap. J. P. Slater, 114 West 28th St.

COATS.—Fur trimmed, for January sales. 42 West 27th St., seventh floor.

COATS AND SUITS for January sales; closing out at very low prices. Wadler, 54 East 8th St., City.

COATS AND SUITS to close out for January sales. Bargain Garment Exchange, 40 West 32d St.

COATS, Suits, Plushes to close out. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th St.

DRESS FASTENERS.—I have large quantity to sell; make offer. R 181 Times.

FURS to close out; red foxes and black foxes; also wolves. Apply 24 West 30th St., 6th floor.

FURS.—Closing out ladies' and children's sets. Rosenberg, 101 W. 23d St.

PLUSHES FOR SALE. Greeley 877.

SKIRTS.—Made of American poplin in all-wool Spring styles; $2.25. A. G. Bahn, 84 West 17th St.

WAISTS.—Crepe de chine, shadow laces, and cottons to close out for January sales before our inventory. La Rose Waist Co., 31 West 21st.

WAISTS.—100 dozen white cotton waists, regular $6 seller, to close out for cash at $2.75 a dozen. Mohlet & Altman, 133 Mercer St.

WAISTS.—Taffeta, navy, black; special price; all sizes. Vogue, 181 West 28th.

Help and Situations Wanted.

SALESMEN, OSTRICH FEATHERS, capable of covering Middle West with good line of plumes exclusively for jobbers and department stores; commission; state fully experience and particulars for attention. R. B., 215 Times Downtown.

RESIDENT SALESMEN for first-class line of popular priced ladies' dresses, for Pacific Coast and Chicago. N 106 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday. 3@3¼ per cent. for the best names Friday.... 3@3¼

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Linens Reported About Gone.

For all of the most wanted varieties of linens the demand has been so good of late that they are reported about cleaned up in this market, stocks being much lower, it is said, than most buyers seem willing to believe. "If they recognized the true condition of affairs," one importer said yesterday, "the buyers would be strangling one another trying to get into this and other houses to buy goods." Prices continue to mount generally. An instance was told of in which a certain kind of goods was ordered from Ireland two or three weeks ago at prices which the importer thought he could not get back on this side. To his surprise he did, but when he tried to get more of these goods recently he found they had been advanced 15 per cent. further. British production is reported about 50 per cent. normal, while the Government taking large quantities of the goods.

About "Mouthing" Pipes.

An echo of the movement against the "mouthing" of pipes by would-be purchasers, of which much was said a year or so ago, was heard yesterday, when one of the local retailers offered a simple solution of the problem. The chief object of "mouthing" a pipe, it is said, is to test its drawing powers, and to some extent, the hang. The retailer in question claims that to test for hang is unnecessary, and that the drawing powers of the pipe may be demonstrated by proving that the air channel is open. This can be done, he asserts, by inserting an ordinary pipe-cleaner so that one end shows in the bowl and the other at the mouthpiece. The mouthpiece could then be enclosed in a small sealed piece of transparent paper. He further claims that this would do away with the need of any special boxing or packing in transparent paper bags.

Burlaps Are Getting Low.

Stocks of burlaps of all weights in this market are rapidly approaching the zero point, and business is being hampered considerably by the shortage. Holders are no longer offering goods, from all accounts, buyers who want them having to seek them out. Prices are at high levels, and some holders are unwilling even to make quotations. More or less nominally eight-ounce, forty-inch goods are held at 7.20@7.25 cents, while there is little chance of getting tenounce "forties" under 10½ cents, or even higher. Practically all of the goods now arriving are sold in advance, which fact is not increasing sales any. Few resales are reported, buyers apparently realizing that they have bought goods cheap.

Saving $3 in the Cost.

One of the prominent dress manufacturers has a new Superintendent who is having his own troubles trying to shave down costs. On one of the latest models made by the firm he was ordered to reduce the cost by $3. The only way in which he could effect the reduction was by using less material. The skirt was six yards wide at the bottom, and his idea was to save the $3 by cutting down the width to four yards. This saving in yardage would give the required result. The dress manufacturer, however, would not permit this, and the Superintendent is still spending sleepless nights trying to find the elusive solution. His experience brings up the point of how much more difficulty attaches now to producing imitations of high-grade merchandise in less costly materials.

Still Holding Back Prices.

Several manufacturers of the heavier weights of cotton hosiery, as well as makers of the better grades of silk hose, continue to exhibit an unwillingness to make prices on these lines for the Fall, 1916, season. That is upsetting the calculations of certain of the large jobbing buyers. One of them said yesterday that he could not remember a season in which these prices had been kept back so long, but he also said he could remember no other season when dyestuffs were so scarce. Business is not active at the moment with the wholesalers, but some of them are reported to have booked such a good advance business on Spring lines that they are forced to duplicate earlier than usual. It is contended that this is not as easy as it seems, for merchandise of this sort, especially fibre silk hose, is scarcer than for a long time.

Gray Goods Trading Slow.

The new year opened in the local gray goods market with quite a change from the way it closed. Trading was much less active than on Friday last, the lack of buying being attributed to the drop in cotton that resulted from submarine pleasantries on the other side of the world. Quite a little business was put through on sheetings for delivery during the next ninety days, including sales of four-yard, forty-eight squares at 5⅝ cents and forty-inch 2.85s at 8¼ cents, respectively, but printcloths were quiet. Odd lot sales were made here and there that did not run into volume, though some pretty fair business was reported on 38½-inch 64-56s at 4⅝ cents for delivery during February. In several cases prices were higher than buyers cared to go for the moment. They closed as follows:

39-inch, 80-56s....⅝c 38½-inch, 64-60s..4¾c
39-inch, 72-76s....⅝c 38½-inch, 64-56s..4¾c
39-inch, 68-72s....5¼c 38½-inch, 60-52s.*4¾c
39-inch, 56-44s....4c 38½-inch, 60-48s.*4¾c
38½-inch, 64-64s..4⅞c 27-inch, 64-60s...⅜c
*Asked.

More Material Than Ever.

The only change promised in the styles which the coat and suit trade will produce for Spring is a more liberal use of material. Some of the costumes brought from Paris to serve as models are as much as nine yards wide. There will be few garments made by local manufacturers as wide as this, but six and seven-yard widths will not be unusual. From the extreme narrow skirts of two years ago it would seem as if the designers are seeking the opposite extreme. The use of more material holds for the coat of the suit as well. The skirt of the coat in many cases will be fluted to gain the flare effect as much as possible. The fashion trend has shown its usual tricky behavior in calling for the use of more material at a time when goods of all sorts are constantly advancing in price.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

In Town.

WALDORF WAIST CO.—Benno and Leo Colin, doing business as the Waldorf Waist Co., manufacturers of waists and dresses at 20 West Thirteenth Street, have made an assignment to Archibald Palmer. A petition in bankruptcy was also filed against them by these creditors: Edwin R. Tompkinson, $500; Stephen Bennett, $400, and David Bloch, $752. The business was started in 1902 and they have carried it on since 1908. Liabilities are $6,000 and assets $2,000.

COWEN & TONY, INC.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Cowen & Tony, Inc., ladies' tailors and dressmakers, at 684 Fifth Avenue, by these creditors: Alex. W. Straus, $500; Alex. L. Kahn, $59, and Maurice S. Goltz, $61. The company was incorporated on Aug. 2, 1915, and has capital stock $15,000.

HERMAN J. ROSENTHAL.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman J. Rosenthal, dealer in dry and fancy goods at 1,905 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, by these creditors: American Lady Waist Co., $170; Teresa Friedahl $74, and Marcus A. Fox, $319. He also made an assignment to Herman M. Schaap.

FRIEDMAN BROS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Friedman Bros., clothing manufacturers, at 853 Broadway by these creditors: Bernard Simon, $200; B. H. Schnurr & Co., $50, and Sanford & Russel, $300. They made an assignment on Dec. 31.

LOUIS SCHECHWITZ, salesman, of 1,059 Tiffany Place, has filed a petition individually and as a member of the late firm of Schechwitz & Jacobs, with liabilities of $4,642 and no assets.

GEO. T. THEOBALD, auto salesman, of 163 West Forty-eighth Street, who formerly did business as the International Auto Exchange, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $1,721 and no assets. It was stated that these debts were not contracted by Mr. Theobald, but were on the business when he bought it on Dec. 30, 1914, and he assumed them.

MINNIE G. FRANK REALTY CO.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy filed on Aug. 26, against the Minnie G. Frank Realty Co., of 316-318 West Ninety-eighth Street, for failure of the petitioning creditors to prove acts of bankruptcy.

MOSES GOLDBERG.—Judge Mayer has dismissed the petition filed on Sept. 27 against Moses Goldberg, shoe dealer, of 1¼ Avenue B and 217 Rivington Street.

ALEX. SINGER & BRO.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of Alex. Singer, trading as Alex. Singer & Bro., manufacturers of clothing at 720 Broadway, with creditors at 27½ cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $62,352.

JACOB STERNSTEIN CO.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of Jacob Sternstein, trading as Jacob Sternstein Co., cloak manufacturer, at 30 West Twenty-sixth Street, with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar.

PEDAGOGICAL PUBLISHING CO., publisher of the "School Journal" and "Teachers' Magazine," at 31 East Twenty-seventh Street, has filed schedules in bankruptcy showing liabilities of $12,410 and assets of $206, consisting of office furniture, $100, accounts, $106, and 98 shares of the School Journal Publishing Co., value unknown. The largest creditor is William E. Ives, $11,000, balance due on purchase price of the business.

PARKE, DANIELS & FRIEDMAN, INC., music publishers, at 146 West Forty-fifth Street, and at Chicago, has filed bankruptcy schedules showing liabilities of $9,450 and assets of $2,058, consisting of accounts, $1,808, and copyrights of popular songs, $750.

BALDWIN & RITBERT CO., manufacturer of feathers, at 24 East Twenty-first Street, has filed assignment schedules showing liabilities of $4,987, nominal assets of $1,487, and actual assets of $779.

MAX GROSSMAN, dealer in underwear and hosiery, at 3,587 Broadway, has filed assignment schedules showing liabilities of $1,872, nominal assets of $1,011, and actual assets of $450.

S. & H. FRANK, composed of Samuel and Harry Frank, manufacturers of dresses, at 28 East Twenty-second Street, have made an assignment to Martin M. Alpert. They began business in July last.

SCHEMEL & LOEB, composed of Abraham Schemel and Louis Loeb, dealers in leather and sporting goods at 1,380 St. Nicholas Avenue, and at 15½ Palisade Avenue, Yonkers, have made an assignment to Maurice P. Davidson.

CORNELL TANASSEY, shoe dealer at 1,554 First Avenue, has made an assignment to Peter Krone.

MAX SCHLESINGER, dealer in cloaks and suits, at 46-48 Avenue B, has made an assignment to Morris Israel.

ADOLPH SUESSKIND, proprietor of Terrace Garden, at 145 East Fifty-eighth Street, has made a settlement with creditors at 10 cents on the dollar, payable in two installments of 5 cents each, on Feb. 1, 1916, and Feb. 1, 1917, and Judge Mayer yesterday confirmed the composition. A petition in bankruptcy was filed against him on Sept. 8, due largely on account of falling off in trade on account of the war. His liabilities were $181,619, and assets, $86,212.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Jan. 3.—A voluntary petition in bankruptcy was filed today by Davis Klemis, known also as David Klemis of Chelsea, a builder. His liabilities are $49,-828, of which $47,400 is secured. The assets are valued at $1,650.

UTICA, N. Y., Jan. 3.—Charles Sloan, a jeweler, of Albany, filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy, with assets of $10,000.

Little & Co., retail cigar dealers of Troy, filed a petition, with liabilities of $16,407 and assets of $7,540.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 3.—Thomas R. R. Grigsby, druggist, of Lebanon, Tenn., has filed a bankruptcy petition showing liabilities of $19,517.90 and assets of $8,282.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Mayer, in the United States District Court, yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

AUGUSTE GREENSPAN, jeweler, 160 Rivington Street, liabilities $182,816.

RALPH E. BOTTEMUS, laundry manager, 2,132 La Fontaine Avenue, liabilities $44,-169.

HYMAN ROSSBERG, 633 Tinton Avenue, formerly President of the N. Y. Modern Brass Works, liabilities, $10,660.

BELLA ROSSBERG, 635 East 152d Street.

MAX ROTH, as Max Roth Novelty Hat Co., 636 Broadway.

MAX WALDMAN, furs, 36 East Ninth Street.

JULIUS GLUCROFT, 8, 9 and 19 cent store, 1,862 Third Avenue.

SILVER & GENDIL, clothing, 110 Bleecker Street.

ARTHUR COURTIN CO., commission fruit, 85 Front Street.

HENRY HERSCHAFT, 102 Norfolk Street.

CHARLES F. KILMER, 117 West 116th Street.

PETER STEINMANN, salesman, 810 West 114th Street.

EUGENIA FALCO, 71½ Mulberry Street, formerly fish market.

PHILIP OTTMAN, JR., salesman, 210 East Sixty-ninth Street.

LOUIS COHEN, 955 Prospect Avenue.

HENRY L. DANGLER, formerly ostrich feathers, 6 West Thirty-second Street.

ANNIE B. SLOCUM, 219 West Eighty-first Street.

JOHN J. FROWEIN, stereotyper, 887 Caldwell Avenue, formerly skirt manufacturer.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Asseo, Jacques—People, &c.....$300.00
Ahlering, Albert J.—G. Rosenfeld.....132.42
Adair, Charles—D. Levy.....297.20
Broadhurst, Geo. H.—W. H. King.....216.28
Bernikow, Herman H. and Jacob—N. H. Cohan et al.....288.41
Brown, Grant H.—R. H. McC. Potter.5,436.92
Byrne, Geo. J., and Thomas A. Kirby—S. Ali.....112.11
Cruess, John E.—J. A. Bodine.....179.76
Cook, Edward—H. Lilly.....3,167.96
Davidson, Jacob—H. Berger.....324.45
Drescher, Alexander S. and Isidor B. Wolfe—Lawyers Title Ins. and Trust Co.....226.21
Dunne, Vincent L.—J. F. Bremer et al.258.61
De Lamater, Jose M.—G. Besme.....436.31
Dumary, Henry—W. J. Carreool.....145.70
Fay, C. Edmund—G. Elliott.....5,340.76
Fitzgerald, Thomas E.—John De Kuyper & Son.....219.91
Fishler, Marx—L. Rosansky.....125.65
Finkel, Regina—D. Finkel.....6,134.49
Grace, Henry V.—H. V. Beavans.....114.41
Grutman, Sweig, Sammelly, Inc.—The General Film Co.—M. Klaw et al., costs.140.40
Gormully, Alfred R. and Marie T.—Oppenheim, Collins & Co.....166.27
Hellig, Louis—Max Kessler & Co.....1,358.27
Hall, J. Fred—J. Cohen.....331.90
Hoffman, Geo. C.—J. H. Peters.....107.80
Illinois Surety Co.—E. Lovith, costs....104.08
Knobloch, Albert—K. T. Schmidt.....143.89
Lorence, Otto, and Edna River Wet Wash Co.—L. Shapiro, costs.....181.81
Lancaster Realty Co. and Crestwood Garden Development Co.—J. D. Petrie.....2,286.02
Lloyd Societa Anomma Per Azioni Gonsedo A. Tovino—L. Afeltra et al.....118.47
Labarraig, Max—A. Kadans.....248.50
Miller, Isidore—Flaxman & Freund.....148.53
McNerney, Joseph—New York Dock Co..182.12
Mutual Profit Realty Co.—J. Gillooly..465.14
Same—A. Crutcher.....465.41
Same—J. G. Sheridan.....465.41
Macy & Co., Inc.; George E. Macy, and Arthur J. Meyers—E. Ralph.....285.84
National Fibre Products Co.—Lewis & Kelsey.....109.02
New York Consolidated Railroad Co.—M. Gibson.....359.70
Norwood Park Realty Co.—L. Pudry et. al., costs.....153.01
No. 39 West Thirty-second Street Co.—J. M. Biggins.....334.15
Northeastern Construction Co. and National Surety Co.—W. J. Dempsey, costs.....169.28
Oliver, George A. P.—Union Bank of Chicago.....124.91
Posner, Robert—S. Flahman et al.....171.65
Practical Fur Shop, Inc.—J. Salzman et al.....116.45
Richmond, John M.—E. Schoonmaker..375.10
Stebelin, Jean J.—K. Stebelin.....801.20
Seaman, Preston B.—G. H. D. Fowler..253.91
Tepfer, Albert E. and George M.—B. C. Samuel et al.....236.47
Troy, Thomas—H. Nause.....536.72
Vanderwoort, C. as E.—Travelers Insurance Co. of N. Y.....272.48
Tobias, Herbert and Sarah—Rose Tailoring Corporation.....276.62
Tunik, Rose—J. Cohen.....201.02
Therry, Mary C.—Stewart Distilling Co..266.46
U. S. Fidelity and Guaranty Co.—N. Reisler Iron Works, Inc.....6,183.81
Fleischmann Bros. Co.—N. Reisler Iron Works.....7,082.24
Fleischmann Bros. Co.—J. Elias.....1,499.81
Same—Glove Automatic Sprinkler Co..1,061.59
Same—C. H. Darmstadt.....2,100.13
Same—A. N. Andrews Co.....5,267.18
Westerman, Samuel—Frank Brewery..532.88
Weinstein, David—Fink Bread Co., Inc..165.04
Weinstein, Max and Annie—R. Hirshman.....239.51
Zipper, Emil and Harry—Prince Lauthen Co.....188.16
Wrede, Nicholaus and Marie—J. H. Roscher.....2,188.82
Walsh, Edward—T. Bonner.....462.91

In Bronx County.

Carlucci, John—D. Schneiderman.....$282.68
Dora Building Co., Inc., and Raffaele Marrazzi—Empire Fire Proof Door Co..288.22
H. M. Weill Co.—H. N. Stein.....114.12
Kuhlmann, Lena—B. Humphrey.....309.28
Kelibert Construction Co., and Francis X. Keil—S. Resnik.....68.82
Leherty, Thomas—M. Meyer.....49.72
Mauro, Fedele—V. Laporta.....29.72
McKeon, Mary E.—D. Weil et al.....48.16
Macy & Co., Inc., George E. Macy, and Arthur J. Meyers—E. Rolph.....285.84
Petschaw, Otto, and Morris Ziegler—A. Greenwald et al.....440.32
Rapid Building Co., Inc., and John Barbs—Empire Fire Proof Door Co..267.62
Weiher, Lorenz, Jr., and Louis J.—Bergeron Awning Co., Inc., et al...527.01
White Coal Co.—T. R. Thorn.....167.69

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date that when judgment was filed.

In New York County.

Andrews, Harvey T.—F. A. Richmond, April 23, 1915.....$153.25
Batt, Joseph, and Abraham Davis—Sonn Bros. Co., May 28, 1905.....275.00
Heilbron, Wolff & Co.—J. Saur, Dec. 20, 1915.....103.94
Kramer, Eva and David—W. C. Bowers, Sept. 14, 1914.....5,704.94
Kornbrens, William—A. Glaser, Dec. 29, 1915.....225.65
Kelly, James P.—M. McGowan, May 11, 1905.....242.67
Leo, Juliet M.—Alfred W. Booth & Bro., March 17, 1915.....259.81
Shawmut Waxed Paper Co., Inc.—F. G. Fontana et al, May 20, 1915.....216.68
Metropolitan Life Ins. Co.—Kingsbury Construction Co., May 28, 1914, (reversed).....9,713.62
Leake, Harold T.—City Real Estate Co., Nov. 13, 1915, (released).....7,146.54
Ciccarone, Adame—J. Kind, Aug. 16, 1910.....126.04
Hochland, William—A. Rauchfuss, March 1, 1915.....112.15
Southern Pacific Co.—H. V. Dougherty, Nov. 5, 1915.....1,565.93
Weisberg, Samuel M.—J. Greenberg, April 21, 1915.....417.21

In Bronx County.

Mims, Caroline—B. Mastunis, March 1, 1915.....$35.00

NEW MIAMI COPPER RATE.

Quarterly Dividend Advanced from $1 a Share to $1.25.

The Miami Copper Company voted the fourth consecutive quarterly increase of its dividend yesterday, when the rate was raised from $1 to $1.25 a share. Last May 50 cents was paid, that rate having prevailed for each quarter from May, 1912, until the dividend was passed in October, 1914.

Rumors that the stock would be put on a $5 a year basis were heard in the Street before the Directors met, and heavy buying of Miami shares carried the price upward 1½ points. At 37½ the highest price for 1915 was passed. A year ago the stock sold at 17¼.

Fire Damages Porcelain Works.

NEW BRUNSWICK, Jan. 4.—Fire caused by the bursting of a kiln destroyed the greater part of the Ford Porcelain Works of this city yesterday. The loss is more than $40,000. The plant was owned and operated by Abel Hansen of Metuchen. The fire department was unable to cope with the situation, and aid was summoned from Metuchen and New Brunswick. Lack of water was the chief trouble, the nearest hydrant being about a quarter of a mile from the factory.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Jan. 3. — Seventy corporations were chartered today, establishing a new day's record. The aggregate capital stocks was $2,633,250. They include:

Schieren Realty Corporation, realty, brokerage construction, improve property, $1,000,000; H. V. G. Arthur and Chas. A. Schieren, 34 Perry st.

The Goldstein-Sens Co., Inc., men's, boys' wearing apparel, materials, linings, $100,000; Gertrude Malbin, Grace Shapiro, Pharhold L. Klein, 139 West 111th St.

C. Stern & Mayer, Inc., neckwear, mufflers, collars, wearing apparel, $250,000; C. Sternstein, S. Kralisheimer, B. W. Myer, 42 West 38th St.

North & Dalzell, Inc., commission, food, food products, $150,000; A. Pequignot, G. Sherman Dalzell, A. L. North, 118 West 57th St.

Patriot Film Corporation, motion pictures, cameras, projecting machines, $100,000; R. Leslie Moffett, M. Ogg, P. Marron, 52 William St.

M. K. and O. Lead and Zinc Co., Inc., mining, $200,000; A. M. Kern, J. Black, R. I. Guthman, 115 Broadway.

Hollander-Randall Co., Inc., motors, engines, machinery, autos, $125,000; F. H. Tweyfort, A. B. King, J. N. Blair, 246 Washington Av., Glen Ridge, N. J.

The Wallace Co., Inc., Millbrook, dry goods, textile fabrics, house furniture, $100,000; F. A. Seller, H. B. Seymour, H. M. Hewson, 32 Nassau St.

Blackburn Garment Co., Inc., Buffalo, wearing apparel, $75,000; N. A. MacDonald, R. L. Ball, R. H. Blackburn, Buffalo.

Milton J. Meyer & Co., Inc., boots, shoes, $100,000; J. Harris, J. E. Stephens, A. Meyers, 240 West 102d St.

Reculbeck Realty Corporation, realty, construction, $50,000; H. Groesbeck, J. J. Culling, J. F. Reed, 324 East 24th St.

Geo. Schmitt & Co., Inc., Brooklyn, printing, publishing, $75,000; J. A. Larkin, W. B. Hall, H. Audley, White Plains.

Frank Evanovec Building Co., Inc., realty, construction, $50,000; M. Plinacek, F. Brodsky, F. Zvanovec, 70 Wilson Av., Long Island City.

Dougherty-Connelly, Inc., hotels, restaurants, cafes, $25,000; J. J. Meehan, T. H. Connelly, H. Dougherty, 35 West 80th St.

The Steele & Torrance Co., Inc., Batavia, plumbing, heating, tinning, $50,000; J. G. Torrance, R. L. and Oren C. Steele, 32 Ellicott Av., Batavia.

Frank & Lochner Co., Inc., Buffalo, clothing, merchandise, $25,000; L. A. and B. Frank, J. L. Lochner, Buffalo.

George B. Smith & Son, Inc., Troy, cattle, live stock, dairy, farm products, sea food, $25,000; J. W. Sims, M. Clark Williman, A. T. Smith, Troy.

Eaton Bros., Inc., Buffalo, stationers, printers, lithographers, engravers, advertising, $50,000; A. S., A. C., and R. W. Eaton, Buffalo.

Denmar Mortgage Corp., Queens, realty, brokerage, $10,000; J. H. Denenholz, R. L. Marvin, P. F. Denenholz, Far Rockaway.

Nesco Corp., electrical supplies, steam packing rubber goods, engineering supplies, $25,000; J. P. Nolan, I. and R. A. Manes, Manhattan Av.

My-Cue Mfg. Co., Inc., Niagara Falls, carburetors, auto accessories, $15,000; M. C. Wilson, Florence B. Mitchell, W. O. Mycue, Niagara Falls.

The Alexander Glove Co., Inc., Jamestown, gloves, leather, fabrics, $15,000; H. Schreiber, N. and E. Alexander, Gloversville.

J. Z. Braveman & Co., Inc., Rochester, scrap iron, waste material, $20,000; J. Z. Braveman, B. Rosenthal, L. Farachan, Rochester.

Parks & Parks, Inc., Troy, hardware, brushes, housefurnishings, $250,000; C. E. Peabody, H. B. and H. F. Parks, 590 1st Av., Upper Troy.

Central Hat Works, Inc., ladies' children's hats, $10,000; S. Schneider, J. Rosenberg, W. Gluckin, 460 15th St., Brooklyn.

Ritcor Realty Corp'n, realty, construction, $25,000; D. E. Cornell, M. A. and J. W. Hitchie, 371 Central Park West.

The Rohogre Realty Co., Inc., realty, construction, $10,000; E. A. Smith, O. W. Eggleston, Jr.; A. R. Towers, 66 Seely Av., Arlington, S. I.

E. I. Beardsley Co., Inc., Warsaw, haberdashery, boots, wearing apparel, jewelry, fancy articles, $12,000; S. O. Meier, D. B. Whitlock, E. I. Beardsley, Warsaw.

Elmax Realty Corp'n, $10,000; E. and E. Stern, S. Grossman, 1,719 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Jewel Refrigerator Co., Inc., Queens, refrigerating devices, ice-making apparatus, $25,000; W. and H. Steinfeld, L. Hutzler, 101 West 80th St.

Superior Cocoanut Products Co., Inc., grow cocoanuts and other fruits, products, $10,000; M. and C. Silverstein, J. Neuberg, 111 8d Av., New Brighton.

Christine, Inc., millinery, gowns, trimmings, $10,000; F. W. Ritter, W. A. Cummins, Christine McHugh, 35 East 35th St.

Warwick Corp'n, realty, construction, $25,000; L. Dressel, A. G. and J. G. Abramson, 30 Church St.

Alliance Production Corp'n, realty, construction, merchandise, $5,000; N. Levy, J. Sylvester, E. N. Levy, 790 Riverside Drive.

M. Q. Colle, Inc., Buffalo, department store, $10,000; W. Holtz, M. Q. Colle, G. Davenport, Buffalo.

Rexford Park Amusement Co., Inc., Clifton Park, theatrical, music hall, bowling alley, $10,000; F. W. Newton, C. Schaus, J. Y. Dignum, Rexford, Flats.

Castle-Heights Improvement and Development Co., Inc., realty construction, $15,000; D. T. Degnan, P. J. McMahon, C. W. Walter, 76 Central Ave., White Plains.

Berry Paper Co., Inc., paper manufacture, printing, $10,000; K. L. and H. C. Kraft, C. W. Berry, 1,228 St. Johns Place, Brooklyn.

O. and W. Storage Warehouse, Inc., warehousing, $5,000; A. Fisher, J. J. Goldstein, H. Gentcher, 602 St. Nicholas Ave.

Electric King Sales Dept., Buffalo, sewing machines, electrical devices, $5,000; C. G. Babcock, J. Markel, W. Grant King, 101 Chapin Parkway, Buffalo.

Royal Tigor Fur Co., Inc., fur garments, $5,000; Gizella W. Shaffler, L. Buxbaum, M. J. Mayer, 695 8th Ave.

Ellenar Dress and Waist Co., Inc., ladies' wearing apparel, $5,000; M. and M. Wieder, R. R. Delbel, 174 Lewis St.

Greenky and Hyman, Inc., Buffalo, hosiery, underwear, garments, mail order business; $5,000; B. Rustein, A. Greenky, B. N. Hyman, Men's Hotel, Buffalo.

L. Zucker and Co., Inc., realty construction, $5,000; J. Obstler, A. and L. Zucker, 204 Manhattan Ave.

Optona Co., Inc., Rochester, druggists, chemists, medical preparations, $5,000; A. D. Nielsen, G. W. Vauze, H. P. Preece, 655 West 177th St., Manhattan.

Hiram Carter, Inc., Elmhurst, chemists, druggists, $10,000; same directors as the above.

The Borderland Building Corpn, Buffalo, realty, construction, $5,000; E. H. Goetz, L. L. Lewis, 3d, W. C. Carroll, Buffalo.

Wallak Lunch, Inc., restaurant, lunch room, bakery, confectioner, $5,000; C. Barbash, I. and M. Dincin, 363 Lenox Av.

Central Avenue Ice Cream Co., Inc., Brooklyn, confectionery, novelties, utensils, coal, coal products, fuel, $10,000; E. L. Fass, M. Maltinsky, J. Ginsberg, 822 Eastern Parkway.

Authorization: Trumpbour-Whitehead Brass and Copper Co., Massachusetts, $85,000. Representative, E. Trumpbour, 307 Canal St., New York.

Capital increases: The H. R. Wilber Corpn., Jamestown, $15,000 to $100,000; Frank Gilbert Paper Co., Waterford, $150,000 to $250,000; Kent Timber Co., Inc., Binghamton, $30,000 to $60,000 Eversharp Overshoe Co., Inc., New York, $24,000 to $100,000.

Voluntary dissolutions: Empire State Bottling Corpn., Manhattan; Carmela Mfg. Co., Inc., New York; Dyker Meadow Land and Improvement Co., Manhattan.

Delaware Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

DOVER, Del., Jan. 3.—Charters filed here: Wyoming Producing and Refining Company, New York, $1,000,000, to produce and refine crude oil, and pipe the same; Joseph F. Curtin, S. A. Anderson, Samuel B. Howard, all of New York.

Old Eureka Mining Company, Wilmington, Del., $5,000,000, to mine for gold, silver, copper, &c.; Herbert E. Latter, Norman P. Coffin, Clement M. Enger, Wilmington, Del.

BUSINESS NOTES.

Colyer & McLaughlin is the name of a new firm of resident buyers, with offices at 26 Lispenard Street. The firm is made up of A. B. Colyer and P. J. McLaughlin, both of whom were connected with the former J. E. Manix Company. Max Morgner and Frank Boudway, who were also with the Manix Company, will be associated with Colyer & McLaughlin as buyers.

Peter Franklin, who is connected with the Southern sales department of the H. B. Claflin Corporation, returned to his desk yesterday after an absence lasting since Oct. 15.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

AKRON—L. G. Federman & Co.; L. G. Federman, women's children's dresses, muslin underwear, jobs boys' clothing, 71 W. 23d.

AKRON—M. O'Neil Co.; A. M. Barber, men's furn. goods, underwear; 37 West 26th.

ALBANY—J. Muhlfelder; millinery; 621 B'way.

ATHENS, Ohio—D. Zenner Co.; T. Craig, ready-to-wear; H. Zenner, gen'l mdse.; Mr. Needles, clothing; 1,270 B'way.

BALTIMORE—M. Stein & Co.; M. Stein, piece goods; Imperial.

BALTIMORE—S. H. Ronecker; piece goods; Grand.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; Miss K. Baker, muslin underwear; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—Armstrong, Cator & Co.; E. E. Taylor, ornaments; 710 B'way; Park Av.

BALTIMORE—P. Kohn & Co.; L. Katzenstein, woolens; Herald Square.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; C. S. Stackpole, shoes; 18 W. 20th.

BALTIMORE—Goldenberg Bros.; J. Wolf, cloaks, suits; Strand.

BALTIMORE—A. Eisenberg; A. Breslau, shoes; New Strand.

BERWICK—Berwick Stores Co.; W. C. Garrison, general merchandise; T. Brobst, dry goods; G. H. Kline, dry goods; W. F. McDonald, dry goods; 16 E. 22d.

BIRMINGHAM—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb; W. J. Montgomery, carpets; 225 5th Av.

ROANOKE—W. Kohen; ready-to-wear, millinery; Grand.

BOSTON, Mass.—Crawford-Plummer Co.; Joseph Schenker, jobs coats, suits, waists, dresses; 12 W. 31st.

BOSTON—D. A. Mariner & Co.; J. E. Cotter, furs and hats; Breslin.

BOSTON—Browning-King Co.; R. C. Thompson, hats; 16 Cooper Square.

BOSTON—Ford & Cohen; A. B. Cohen, hosiery, ribbons, handkerchiefs; Breslin.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Miss A. O'Connell, corsets; J. J. Smith, men's furnishing goods, hosiery, underwear; 116 W. 32d; Holland House.

BOSTON—William Filene's Sons Co.; Miss Lausberg and Miss Melfon, misses' dresses; Miss Horan, petticoats, aprons, kimonos, negligees; Mr. Michaels, jewelry; Miss O'Callaghan, misses' suits; Miss Jantzen, toilet goods; Miss Lyons, handkerchiefs; Miss Milliken, infants' furnishing goods, coats, caps; Mr. Biederman, ladies' suits; Mr. Bradley, men's furnishing goods, hosiery, gloves, boys' furnishing goods; Miss Phillips, evening costumes; Miss Buckley, leather goods; basement buyers: Mr. Koch, millinery; Mr. Ring, Mr. Levinson, dresses and furs; Mr. Levy, ladies', misses' waists; Mr. Smith, children's, juniors' dresses and coats, infants' dresses, corsets, petticoats; Mr. Rivers, Mr. O'Brien, general merchandise; 116 W. 32d St.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; Chas. Durant, B. Markowits, C. Chisholm, boys' clothing, men's headwear; 116 W. 32d.

BOSTON—R. H. White Co.; P. J. Sefronka, books; 470 4th Av.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; E. A. Pitman, books; G. A. Carpenter, representing; G. H. Hitchcock, men's clothing; 31 Union Square.

Information

is a general essential of success in either investment or speculation.

Securities, like water, eventually seek their own level—sooner or later their prices are bound to correspond exactly with their values. Therefore, a man must know everything there is to know about a security if he wants to have confidence in it.

The average man has neither the time nor facilities to get this information. We have, and we want such men to let us solve their investment or financial problems.

We maintain an unusually efficient Statistical Department for such purposes.

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Invest Your January Funds

in First Mortgage Bonds and Bond Secured Notes of Public Utility Companies bearing an interest rate of

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There has just been placed on the market a Ten-Year 6% Convertible Gold Debenture Bond of a Public Utility Company, which is doing the kind of a profitable business that has made Public Utilities so substantial. Facilities which permit of an ultimate development of importance have not as yet been utilized.

This investment which is offered at a price to yield 6.50% can be converted after November 1, 1917, into 7% cumulative preferred stock on a basis which will bring a return of 7.65% on the original investment.

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We will be pleased to send a copy of our January General Bond Circular to investors on request. This circular describes a comprehensive list of carefully selected municipal, railroad and public utility corporation bonds, which we recommend for investment.

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BONDS

Wm. Morris Imbrie & Co.
Established 1882.
61 BROADWAY NEW YORK
111 West Monroe St., Chicago.

BONDS

Suggestions for Investors
may be had on request
A. B. Leach & Co
Investment Securities
149 Broadway, New York
Chicago Philadelphia Buffalo
Boston Baltimore London

FINANCIAL MARKETS

New Year Opens with a Million-Share Day and Numerous Price Gains.

The sinking of passenger liners by submarines has become almost commonplace, and not even the loss of the Persia coincidentally with the publication of Austria's disavowal of the Ancona attack served to dishearten the traders who have been convinced that the first weeks of 1916 would see a marked revival in security dealings. On the face of it, the situation brought about by the sinking of the Persia appeared so serious yesterday morning that many persons went downtown prepared to buy stocks on the wide break that they looked for. They remembered the effect of the shock when the Lusitania was torpedoed, and they had seen the market dip to a lesser degree with each succeeding attack. But they reckoned without the professionals when they arranged to pick up bargains in stocks yesterday.

The opening was lower, but the first prices for the year were generally only from a half to a point lower than the final figures of last Friday. Even that depression was enough to bring out a large volume of buying orders, and the market soon rallied to a point that showed gains for many issues. The activity and strength were well maintained throughout the session, with the result that the day's total transactions exceeded a million shares.

To a considerable extent, yesterday's support came from the big traders who are convinced that the effect of the attack on the Persia will pass off just as the uneasiness over the previous crises with Germany and Austria did. They are proceeding on the theory that no situation is likely to arise that will call for more than a fresh exchange of notes, and with this in mind they took on stocks yesterday in order to sell them when the interrupted rise is picked up and carried on by outside buying. Brokers said that the public's interest in stocks was still keen, and that a great many small orders were received during the day, but the talk of the buying originated within the confines of Wall Street.

For the first session following the opening up of another international complication yesterday's list of transactions displayed some peculiar evidences of strength. American Smelter & Refining was very active, at one time selling 3½ points above Friday's last price, and it closed with a net gain of 2 points. California Petroleum got up to 42⅝, closing 2¼ points under that figure, but still with a net advance of 2⅜. Mexican Petroleum ranged over 10 points, and closed with a net advance of 4. Both issues have been put up by the buying of traders who expect an early conclusion of merger negotiations. New York Air Brake returned to prominence, with a gain of 8¾ points.

For the most part, the professional buying was concentrated on such specialties, and the larger number of stocks closed with fractional losses. Publication of more railroad statements showing an increase of about 25 per cent. in November gross earnings would have aroused more interest in a market less dependent upon the wishes of a few prominent traders. On the whole, the verdict of the Street seemed to be that the attack on the Persia had but caused another delay in the return of a big public interest in stocks, and the speculators welcomed an opportunity to get back shares which they had sold at the close of the year.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

RESERVE BANKS DISCOUNT RATES.

	Days. 10 or Less.	Over 10 up to 30.	Over 30 up to 60.	Over 60 up to 90.
Boston	3	4	4	4
New York	3	4	4	4
Philadelphia	3	4	4	4½
Cleveland	3½	4	4	4
Richmond	4	4	4	4
Atlanta		4	4	4½
Chicago	3½	4	4	4
St. Louis	3	4	4	4½
Minneapolis		4	4	4
Kansas City	3½	4	4	4
Dallas		4	4	4½
San Francisco	2	3½	4	4

Trade Acceptances.

	Agricul. Over 90.	Up to 60.	60 to 90.	Commodity.
Boston	5	3½	3½	3½
New York	5	3½	3½	3
Philadelphia	4½	3	3	
Cleveland	5	3½	4	3
Richmond	5	3½	3½	3
Atlanta	5	4½	4½	
Chicago	5	3½	3½	3
St. Louis	5			
Minneapolis	5	3½	3½	3
Kansas City	5	3½	3½	3
Dallas	4½	3½	3½	3½
San Francisco	6	3	3½	3½

*Up to 30 days; over 30 to 60, 4 per cent.; over 60 to 90, 4½ per cent., and over 90, 5 per cent.

BANK ACCEPTANCES.

Sixty days	3½%
Ninety days	3½%

COLLATERAL LOANS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Renewal Rate.
On call	2½	1⅝	2¼	1⅝

ON TIME.

60 days	2½	5 months	3@3¼
90 days	2½@3	6 months	3@3¼
4 months	3@3¼		

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Best Known Names.

4 months	2¾@3	6 months	3 @3¼
60 to 90 days	2¾@3		

Other Names.

4 months	3 @3¼	6 months	3 @3½

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Sterling.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge.
Demand	4.74⅝	4.73½	4.73½	+.00½
Cables	4.74½	4.74⅜	4.74½	+.00½

Closing Rates.

Following are yesterday's closing rates compared with the normal rates of exchange based on the mint par of exchange adapted to the customary way of quoting the several exchanges. Sterling is quoted at so many dollars to the pound; German exchange so many cents to four marks, and French, Italian, and Swiss exchanges so many francs or lire to the dollar. The other exchanges in this list are quoted so many cents to the units of currency in the several countries:

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Check.	Cable.
4.8065 London	4.73⅞	4.74⅛
5.1826 Paris	5.85½	5.84⅜
95.28 Berlin	75.75	75.87½
20.28 Austria	12.95	13.00
19.20 Greece	19.10	19.15
19.29 Scandinavia	27.45	27.35
26.79 Scandinavia	18.93	18.98
19.29 Spain	5.26	5.25
5.1826 Switzerland	43.625	43.75
40.19 Holland	6.61¼	6.60¾
5.1826 Italy	20.75	20.70
51.45 Russia		
China—		
Hongkong	46.85	46.50
Shanghai	61.25	61.87
India—		
32.44 Bombay	33.00	
32.44 Calcutta	33.00	
Philippine Islands—		
50.00 Manila	49.75	49.87½
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	41.375	42.00
32.44 Rio	23.625	23.75
Japan—		
49.34 Kobe	50.50	50.62½
49.84 Yokohama	50.50	50.62½

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers. 60 Days.	90 Days.	Commercial. 60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.69⅝	$4.67⅝	$4.68¾	$4.66¾

Clearing House Figures.

New York Clearing House exchanges, $673,716,736; balance, $431,466. Treasury credit balance, $205,600 The local banks have gained $205,600 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Domestic Exchange.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15@25c discount; San Francisco 30c premium; Montreal, 46⅞c premium.

Bar Silver.

Bar silver in London, 26 11-16 d. up 7-16d; New York, 55⅞c, up ⅞c; Mexican dollars, 43c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JAN. 3, 1916.

	Stocks, (Shares.)
Total sales	1,009,799
Same day last year	129,048
Year to date	1,009,799
Same period last year	152,722
Average price and change 50 stocks	91.45 — .05
Same day last year	60.76 + .61

	High.	Low.
Range year 1915	94.13 Oct. 22	58.99 Feb. 24
Range year 1914	73.30 Jan. 31	57.41 July 30
Range year 1913	79.10 Jan. 9	63.09 June 10

Closing Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
148	153	500	Adams Express	147¼	152⅞	147½	152	+7
24⅝	24⅞	1,600	Alaska Gold Mines	24½	25⅛	24⅛	24⅝	— ⅛
9⅞	10	400	Alaska Juneau	10	10	9⅞	10	— ⅛
30½	31	1,200	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	31	31½	30⅞	31	
82	82½	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	83	83	82	82	—1⅛
71¼	72	700	Am. Agricul. Chem	72¼	72¼	71⅛	71½	
195	199	100	Am. Beet Sugar	195¼	195¾	195¼	196½	+ ¼
61⅜	61½	14,200	Am. Can	61⅛	62⅜	60⅜	61½	
112	113	300	Am. Can pf	112	112	112	112	— ¾
77½	77⅝	700	Am. Car & Fdry	77¼	78	77	77½	— ½
117	119	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	117½	117½	117¼	117½	— ½
157	158⅝	400	Am. Coal Products	156	159⅝	156	158⅝	+1½
113⅜	114	100	Am.C.P.sub.rcts.f.p	114	114	114	114	
54½	56½	400	Am. Cotton Oil	55¼	55¼	53¼	53¼	— ⅝
130	134	500	Am. Express	128½	135	128½	135	+6½
11¾	11⅞	1,310	Am. H. & Leather	12	12	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
53⅞	56½	1,600	Am. H. & Leath.pf	55	56⅜	55	56	— ⅜
26	26¼	500	Am. Ice Securities	25½	26⅛	25½	26⅛	+ ⅝
23¼	23⅜	1,300	Am. Linseed	23½	23¾	23¼	23⅝	— ⅛
41⅝	41⅞	500	Am. Linseed pf	41¼	41⅝	41¼	41⅝	— ⅛
68¼	68¾	8,100	Am. Locomotive	68½	69	68⅛	68⅝	— ⅝
101	102	250	Am. Locomotive pf	101	101	101	101	
110¼	110½	50,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	107	111⅝	107	110¾	+1⅞
112½	113	300	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	113	113	112½	112½	+1½
93	93½	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf.	92½	93	92	93	
60⅝	61	400	Am. Smelt. S. pf. A	60¾	61	60⅜	61	— ⅛
114⅞	115	1,240	Am. Steel F'dries	114⅝	115	114⅜	114⅜	— ⅝
117½	118½	100	Am. Sugar Ref	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	— ⅛
127½	127⅞	1,600	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	127	127⅝	127	127⅞	+ ⅜
207½	208½	300	Am. Teleph. & Tel	208	208⅞	208	208½	+2½
107⅜	107⅝	3,000	Am. Tobacco	107⅜	107⅞	107⅜	107⅝	+ ¾
107	108	100	Am. Tobacco pf	49	49½	48½	48½	—1
49	49½	1,000	Am. Woolen t. r	95	95	95	95	— ½
95	96	100	Am. Woolen pf	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	95⅞	— ½
95	96	100	Do., tr. rcts	68½	68½	67⅝	68½	—1
68½	69	500	Am. Zinc L. & S	90⅞	91¼	89⅝	90⅝	+1
74	75	31,800	Anaconda Cop. Co	73	77	72⅝	74	— ⅛
90¼	90½	6,900	Associated Oil	108¼	108¼	107	108	
74	75	3,440	Atch., Top. & S. F	99¼	99½	99¼	99¼	
107¾	108	1,000	Atch., T. & S. F.pf	114½	115	114½	115	+ ⅝
99	99½	200	Atlantic Coast Line	116½	118⅝	116½	117½	+ ⅝
113½	115	8,500	Baldwin Loco	107½	107½	107½	107½	— ½
117¼	117⅞	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	95¾	95¾	94⅞	95¾	+ ⅞
106	109	9,025	Baltimore & Ohio	77¼	77⅝	77¼	77⅝	+ ½
95⅝	95½	400	Baltimore & Ohio pf	181	181	181	181	
77¾	78	24	Bank of Commerce	3⅜	3⅜	3⅛	3½	+ ⅛
3¼	3½	2,300	Batopilas Mining	455	458	450	458	—1½
458	464	300	Bethlehem Steel	87¾	87¾	87½	87½	+ ⅞
87½	87¾	300	Bklyn Rapid Tran	13¼	13¼	13¼	13¼	
12½	13	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry S	88⅝	88⅝	87	87	
84	87	400	Burns Brothers	100	100	100	100	— ¼
100		100	Bush Terminal	72	72⅝	71	72¼	
	72¾	5,700	Butte & Superior	37¾	42⅜	37	40⅜	+2⅝
40⅜	40½	41,950	California Petrol	74	80⅜	74	78½	+ ⅜
78¼	78¾	15,900	California Pet. pf	182⅝	183⅝	181⅞	182¼	+ ⅛
182½	183	3,600	Canadian Pacific	88¼	88¼	88¼	88¼	— ⅝
83	88¼	100	Case (J. I.) Co. pf	54	54½	53¼	53¼	—1½
53½	53⅞	2,100	Central Leather Co	109	109	107⅝	108	
108¼	109¼	300	Central Leather pf	290	290	290	290	
290	320	100	Central R.R.of N.J	291	291	289	290	
290	320	25	Do., odd lots	63¾	64⅝	63⅜	64⅜	— ⅜
64½	64¼	8,800	Chesapeake & Ohio	15⅜	15⅝	15	15⅜	— ⅛
15⅛	15⅜	500	Chi. Great Western	39½	39⅝	39¼	39⅝	
39⅛	39⅝	2,000	Chi. Gt. Western pf	100	102½	100	102	+1½
101⅜	102	21,100	Chi., Mil. & St. P	135	135⅜	134⅝	135	+ ⅞
135	135½	1,900	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	134½	134⅞	134⅜	134⅞	— ⅛
17⅛	17½	500	Chi. & Northern	17¾	18¼	17½	17½	— ⅛
134½	135	2,000	Chi., Rock Isl. & P	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
17⅛	17½	2,000	Chile Copper	55	55⅞	54⅝	55½	
24⅜	24¾	2,900	Chino Copper	73½	73⅞	73	73⅝	+ ⅛
55¼	55½	4,900	Cluett, Peabody Co	52	52	51¾	52	+ ⅛
72¾	73¾	200	Col. Fuel & Iron	144	143¾	143¼	143¼	—2⅛
52⅛	52⅜	6,500	Consolidated Gas	85½	86½	85½	86⅜	+2⅛
143½	143⅝	1,100	Continental Can	204	204	196	204	+ ½
84	86½	500	Corn Products Ref	94¼	94¼	93½	94½	—1
20¼	20⅜	4,200	Corn Prod. R.pf.x d	73⅝	73⅝	70¾	72	—1
94	95	400	Crucible Steel	110	110	110	110	—1
72	72½	6,800	Crucible Steel pf	152¼	152¼	151⅝	152	— ⅛
109	111	100	Cuban-Am. Sugar	96½	96½	96½	96½	
154	158	200	Deere & Co. pf	153½	153½	153½	153½	
96½	97	100	Delaware & Hud	14	14	14	14	
153½	154	200	Den. & Rio Grande	24	24	24	24	
13½	15¼	100	Den. & Rio Gr. pf	135	135	135	135	
22	24	75	Detroit Edison Co	48⅜	47⅞	47⅜	47⅞	— ⅛
133	135	6,000	Distillers' Secur	29	29	28⅝	29	+ ⅛
47½	48½	3,300	Dome Mines	64½	64½	64½	64½	— ½
28⅝	29	300	Elec. Storage Batt	43	43⅜	43	43⅜	— ⅛
65	67	29,800	Erie	58¼	58¼	58¼	58⅝	— ⅛
43¼	43¾	4,100	Erie 1st pf	54½	54½	53	53⅜	— ⅛
58½	59	1,000	Erie 2d pf	32½	32½	32	32½	+ ⅛
53½	54	300	Federal Min. & S	54½	54½	52	54	
30¾	31	1,200	Federal M. & S. pf	174⅜	174⅜	174⅜	174½	
53½	54	400	General Electric	495	495	495	495	—5
174	174½	100	General Motors	115	116¼	114⅝	114⅝	— ⅛
470	495	1,700	General Motors pf	75	76⅛	74	74⅞	— ⅛
114¼	115	7,700	Goodrich (B. F.) Co	113	113	112⅝	112⅝	— ⅝
74⅜	75	200	Goodrich pf	126⅝	128⅝	126¼	126¼	— ⅛
112	114	2,700	Great Northern pf	50½	50⅝	49⅝	50⅝	
126½	127	10,300	G. N. certs.ore prop	50⅝	50⅝	50⅛	50⅛	— ⅛
50⅜	50½	800	Greene-Cananea	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	+ ⅛
50	51	50	Do., odd lot	22⅞	23⅛	22⅞	23⅛	
9,500	50		Guggenheim Explor	91½	91½	91½	91½	
	23¾		Hav. Elec. Ry. & L	100	100	100	100	
	110		H.E.R.& L.pf.s50 f	108	109¼	108	109¼	+1½
		1,000	Illinois Central	45	45¾	45	45¾	— ⅛
109	109½	9,250	Inspiration Copper	21	21⅝	21	21⅝	— ⅛
45⅜	45¾	1,500	Interboro Consol	77½	77½	77½	77½	— ⅛
21	21¼	1,000	Interboro Con. pf	27	27	27	27	
77⅛	78	200	Int. Agricultural	67½	68	67½	68	+ ⅛
27	27½	3,000	Int. Agricultural pf	19½	21¾	19½	21	+1½
70	70	29,000	Int. Mer. Mar. pf	73½	79⅝	73½	78⅝	+3½
21½	21¾	13,700	Int. Mer. Mar.pf.rct	197¾	202⅝	197¾	201½	+3½
78½	78⅝	4,000	Int. Nickel v. tr.cfs	12⅜	12⅝	12⅜	12½	+ ⅛
202	202	200	Int. Paper	50¾	50¾	49½	50½	
12	12½	100	Int. Paper pf	32⅜	32⅜	31½	32	
49½	50	1,000	Kansas City South	63⅞	64⅜	63⅞	64⅜	+ ⅜
32	32½	300	Kan. City South. pf	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	64⅜	
64⅜	65	1,900	Lackawanna Steel	80	80	79	79	—1½
79½	79¾	100	Lake Erie & West	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
15⅞	16¼	100	Lake Erie & W. pf	41	41	41	41	— ⅝
40	42	300	Lehigh Valley	81½	81⅞	80	81½	+ ⅛
81½	81¾	100	Liggett & Myers	280	280	280	280	+1
270	270	200	Loose-Wiles Biscuit	20	20	20	20	—4
19	20¼	100	Loose-W. Bis. 2d pf	55	55	55	56	—5
	90	100	Louis. & Nash	129¾	129¾	129¾	129¾	— ½
128	129¾	100	Manhattan Elev	131¼	131¾	131¼	131¾	— ½
131	132	100	Maxwell Motors	75¾	75¾	74⅞	75¼	— ½
75¼	75¾	1,300	Max. Motors 1st pf	93	93	92¼	93	— ½
92½	93	1,300	Max. Motors 2d pf	57	57	56½	56½	— ½
56¼	57	500	Mexican Petroleum	129⅝	129⅝	129⅝	127	+1
127	127½	100,200	Mex. Petroleum pf	104	105⅞	104	105⅞	+1½
105⅜	106	600	Miami Copper	36¾	37½	35¾	37½	+ ¾
37⅜	37⅝	34,400	Michigan Central	130	130	130	130	+ ¼
10			Mich. & St. Louis	15½	15½	15½	15½	+ ⅛
120	120		M., St. P. & S. S. M	124⅝	125	124⅝	124⅝	+ ⅛
15⅜	15⅝		M.,St.P.& S.S.M. pf	137	137	137	137	+1
140	140		M.,St.P. & S.S.M.l.i	75	75	75	75	
85	85		Missouri Pacific	4	4⅜	4	4⅜	+ ⅛
5	5		Mo. Pacific pf	4½	5	4	4⅝	+ ⅛
700	700		Montana Power pf	100	100	100	100	+ ⅛
100	100		Nat. Biscuit Co. pf	125	125	125	125	—1⅜
200	200		Nat. Cloak & Suit	78¼	78¼	78¼	78¼	
200	200		Nat. Cloak & S. pf	112	112	112	112	
50	50		Nat. En. & St. Co	28¾	29¼	28¾	29¼	+ ¼
400	400		Nat. Lead Co	65¾	65¾	65¾	65¾	— ⅛
16,850	16,850		Nat. Lead Co. pf	66	66	66	66	+2
100	100		N.Y. Rys. of M. 2d pf	113	113	113	113	— ½
100	100		Nevada Con. Cop	8¼	8¼	8¼	8¼	
1,800	1,800		N. Y. Air Brake	161¼	161¾	161¼	169¾	+8⅝
13,200	13,200		N. Y. Central	140	149½	139¾	149½	+ ⅝
25,100	25,100		N. Y. Dock	109	110½	109	110	— ⅛
100	100		N. Y., N. H. & H	15	15	15	15	+ ⅛
1,800	1,800		N. Y. Ont. & West	77⅜	77⅜	77	77⅜	— ⅛
400	400		Norfolk & Western	31	31	30¾	30¾	
800	800		North American	121	121½	121	121½	
500	500		Northern Pacific	75	75	75	75	
4,600	4,600		Ontario Mining	117⅜	118¾	117¼	117⅝	— ⅛
5,000	5,000		Pacific Mail	9½	10⅜	9½	9⅞	— ⅛
3,020	3,020		People's Gas, Chi	12	12⅛	12	12	— ⅛
5,100	5,100		Philadel. Co. x d	11¾	11¾	59	59½	— ⅛
	300		Pittsburgh Coal	43¾	43⅞	43¾	43⅞	— ⅛
200	200		Pittsburgh Coal pf	35⅛	35⅝	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
1,900	1,900		Pressed Steel Car	110½	110½	110½	110½	— ⅛
5,200	5,200		Ray Con. Copper	64⅛	64⅝	64	64	— ⅛
7,200	7,200		Reading	25¾	25¾	25¼	25½	— ⅛
3,500	3,500		Rep. Iron & Steel	83⅞	84⅛	83¼	83¼	— ⅛
	200		Rep. Iron & S. pf	54⅜	54⅜	54⅛	54⅛	— ⅛
	900		Rock Island Co	32	32	32	32	— ⅛
1,300	1,300		St. Louis & San F	54½	54½	54½	54½	— ⅛
200	200		St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	32½	32½	32½	32½	— ⅛
1,100	1,100		Sears, Roeb. & Co	63¾	63¾	62⅝	63	— ⅛
400	400		Sloss-S. S. & I. Co	103¾	103¾	102½	103⅜	— ⅛
12,800	12,800		Southern Pacific	23½	24	23¼	23⅞	— ⅛
4,500	4,500		Southern Railway	63	64½	63	64	+1¼
1,275	1,275		So. Railway pf	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	43⅞	—2½
64	64½		Standard Milling	58¼	58¼	58¼	58¼	—1⅝
100	100		Studebaker Corp	54½	54½	53	53⅝	— ⅛
7,100	7,100		Studebaker Co. pf	32½	32½	32	32½	— ⅛
300	300		Tennessee Cop. x d	54	54½	54	54	— ⅛
9,500	9,500		Texas Co	174½	174½	174½	174½	— ⅝
7,000	7,000		Texas & Pacific	495	495	495	495	— ⅛
700	700		Third Avenue	114¾	114¾	114¾	114¾	— ⅛
600	600		Union B. & P. Co	74¾	74¾	74¾	74¾	— ⅛
200	200		Union Pacific	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	— ⅝
10,100	10,100		Union Pacific pf	126¼	126¼	126¼	126¼	— ⅛
1,400	1,400		Un. Cigar Mfrs. pf	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	50⅝	— ⅛
20	20		United Cigar Stores	51	51	51	51	— ⅛
2,750	2,750		United Fruit Co	51¼	51¼	51¼	51¼	+ ⅛
500	500		United Rys. Inv	23¾	24½	22⅞	23⅝	+ ⅛
100	100		United Rys. Inv. pf	91½	91½	91½	91½	
400	400		U. S. C. I. P. & F	100	100	100	100	
500	500		U. S. Indus. Alco	108	109¼	108	109¼	+1½
10,600	10,600		U. S. Ind. Alco. pf	45	45¾	45	45¾	— ⅛
200	200		U. S. R. & Imp. Co	21	21	21	21	— ⅛
100	100		U. S. Red. & Ref	77½	77½	77½	77½	— ⅛
1,000	1,000		U. S. Rubber	27	27	27	27	— ⅛
16,750	16,750		U. S. Rub. 1st pf	67½	68	67½	68	+ ⅛
300	300		U. S. Steel	21	21½	21	21	+ ⅛
105,000	105,000		U. S. Steel pf	78⅝	79⅛	78⅝	78⅝	+1½
900	900		Utah Copper	197¾	202⅝	197¾	201½	+3½
9,600	9,600		Va.-Car. Chemical	12	12½	12	12	+ ⅛
100	100		Va.-Car. Chem. pf	50½	50½	50½	50½	
6,000	6,000		Wabash	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	32⅜	
20,800	20,800		Wabash pf. A	63⅞	64⅞	63⅞	64⅞	+ ⅜
18,500	18,500		Wabash pf. B	79	80	79	79	—1⅛
1,100	1,100		Wells F. Exp. x d	16½	16½	16½	16½	+ ⅛
700	700		Western Maryland	41	41	41	41	— ⅝
700	700		Western Union Tel	81½	81⅞	80	81½	+ ⅛
16,600	16,600		Westingh. E. & M	280	280	280	280	+1
900	900		Westingh. 1st pf	20	20	20	20	—5
200	200		Weyman B. Co. pf	55	55	55	56	— ½
200	200		Willys-Overland	129¾	129¾	129¾	129¾	— ½
75	75		do., odd lot	131¼	131¾	131¼	131¾	— ½
100	100		Willys-Overland pf	74⅞	75¼	74⅞	75¼	— ½

Renskorf, Lyon & Co.

STOCKS—BONDS
COTTON—COFFEE
GRAIN

Members: New York Stock Exchange, New York Cotton Exchange, New York Produce Exchange, Chicago Board of Trade, Associate Member Liverpool Cotton Association

33 New Street New York

ESTABLISHED 1873

Gulf States Steel
Issues

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COTTON SELLS OFF ON WARLIKE NEWS

Sinking of Ships Prevents Full Advantage of Liverpool and Southern Demand.

NEWS GENERALLY BULLISH

Spinners and Exporters Expected to Pay More for Staple Needed Within Next Two Months.

Cotton was unsettled during part of the session yesterday, but closed steady after a good recovery, with prices unchanged to 4 points net lower. Naturally sentiment in the cotton trade was more or less disturbed by the sinking of the Persia and the announcement which appeared around the time the market opened of the sinking of the Glensyle.

Liverpool was much higher than due, but the fear of international complications as a result of the torpedoing of these vessels in the Mediterranean prevented a response to the firm cables. Before the opening call was concluded the market developed a downward tendency, and slumped sharply about 20 points. January sold at 12.03 and March at 12.30 before the decline was checked. The recovery was prompt, however, and there was a rally of 10 points within the first half hour. Buying came largely from Liverpool and the South.

Southern spot advices were generally bullish. It appears to be the opinion of well informed Southern firms that the South will hold, for a time at least, unless it gets its price, and that spinners and exporters may have to pay higher prices if they want cotton within the next month or two. As planting time approaches, however, it is felt that offerings will become more liberal.

A Bombay cable received yesterday by a local firm says: "We confirm Indian Government estimate of 3,700,000 bales of 400 pounds each. Bombay is carrying over 700,000 bales; interior carrying 900,000. Exports to Europe to date, 67,000, against 100,000 last year. Probable for season, 450,000. China and Japan to date have taken 442,000, against 220,000 last year. Probable for season from Indian ports, 2,100,000, against 1,750,000 last year. Local consumption, 2,250,000. Japan is a keen buyer. Europe is indifferent. Statistical position strong. Ralli Brothers have reduced their estimate."

Southern spot markets as officially reported were quiet and unchanged. The local market for spot cotton was quiet, unchanged, 12.40 for middling.

Futures closed steady.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Jan.	12.30	12.04	12.23@12.24	12.23@12.24
March	12.52	12.30	12.49@12.47	12.48@12.49
May	12.71	12.54	12.69@12.70	12.69@12.70
July	12.86	12.67	12.82@12.83	12.86@12.89
Oct.	12.49	12.35	12.49@12.50	12.48@12.49

Total port receipts, 18,620 bales; last year, 53,248 bales.

RECEIPTS.

	Yesterday.	Last Week.	Last Year.
New Orleans	128	1,832	8,361
Galveston	9,840	5,365	20,559
Mobile	155	508	726
Charleston	182	411	2,522
Savannah	2,969	2,563	16,967
Wilmington		441	990
Norfolk	3,528	4,207	2,674

INTERIOR RECEIPTS.

Augusta	402	1,414	2,482
Memphis	1,151	8,063	10,787
St. Louis	318	2,644	3,418
Houston	10,895	6,930	42,696

Exports, 15,689; total thus far this season, 2,235,144; total to last season, 2,561,439.

SOUTHERN SPOTS AND STOCKS.

Sales.	Spots.	Stocks.	Last Yr.
200 Galveston	32.80	388,858	47,150
13,435 New Orleans	11.88	421,470	332,516
25 Mobile	11.75	33,733	56,847
630 Savannah	12.00	206,733	330,491
— Charleston	11.75	104,927	131,872
— Wilmington	11.50	34,759	45,025
770 Norfolk	11.75	133,832	68,930
1,236 Augusta	11.88	210,103	155,842
2,650 Memphis	12.10	226,960	263,034
— St. Louis	12.25	15,742	53,842
1,399 Houston	12.30	232,967	184,203

The Liverpool market opened steady. There was a good business in spot cotton with middling 9 points advance at 8.01d. Sales 10,000. Receipts 28,000 including American 26,400. Market closed barely steady.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Anglo-American	17½	18	17½	18
Atlantic Refining	685	690	685	690
Borne-Scrymser	280	290	280	290
Buckeye Pipe Line	109	112	109	112
Chesebrough Mfg.	730	745	720	740
Colonial Oil	180	190	180	190
Continental Oil	275	280	275	280
Crescent Pipe Line	45	48	47	50
Cumberland Pipe Line	55	60	55	60
Eureka Pipe Line	255	265	255	265
Galena Signal Oil pf.	135	140	135	140
Galena Signal Oil	162	165	162	165
Illinois Pipe Line	181	183	181	184
Indiana Pipe Line	110	113	110	113
Int. Pet. Co., Ltd	12¾	13	12¾	13
National Transit	30	32	30	32
N. Y. Transit	223	228	220	223
Northern Pipe Line	105	108	103	107
Ohio Oil	191	193	190	191
Penn. Mex. Fuel Co.	70	73	71	73
Prairie Oil & Gas	435	440	435	440
Prairie Pipe Line	231	233	232	234
Solar Refining	315	325	315	325
Southern Pipe Line	225	230	225	230
South Penn. Oil	381	384	381	384
Southwest Penn.	125	130	125	130
Standard Oil of Cal.	377	380	375	378
Standard Oil of Ind.	547	552	545	550
Standard Oil of Kan.	470	475	470	480
Standard Oil of Ky.	350	355	350	360
Standard Oil of Neb.	350	355	350	360
Standard Oil of N. Y.	545	550	545	548
Standard Oil of N. Y.	226	228	227	230
Standard Oil of Ohio	550	555	550	555
Swan & Finch	130	135	130	135
Union Tank	86	88	88	88
Vacuum Oil	233	236	235	238
Washington Oil	48	52	48	52

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

Midwest Ref. Co.	57	59	58	58
Sapulpa Ref. Co.	9¼	9¼	8¾	9¼
Houston Oil	22¾	23¼	22¾	23¼

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

		Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
6s	Sept., 1916	102¼	102½	102¼	102¼
6s	Sept., 1917	103½	103⅝	103½	103⅝
4½s	June, 1965	106⅛	106⅜	106⅛	106⅜
4½s	March, 1963	106	106¼	106	106¼
4½s	Nov., 1957	106⅛	106¼	106⅛	106¼
4½s	May, 1957	106⅛	106¼	106⅛	106¼
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	101½
4½s	May, 1917	100⅝	..	100⅝	..
4½s	March, 1964	101	101⅛	101¼	101¼
4½s	March, 1962	101	101⅛	101¼	101¼
4½s	Sept., 1960	101	101¼	101¼	101¼
4½s	March, 1930-60	100⅝	101¼	100⅝	101¼
4s	May, 1959	98	98¼	98	98¼
4s	Nov., 1958	98	98¼	98	98¼
4s	May, 1957	98	98¼	98	98¼
4s	Nov., 1956	97½	97⅝	97½	97⅝
4s	Nov., 1955	97½	97⅝	97½	97⅝
4s	Nov., 1938	97⅝	..	97⅝	..
7½s	Nov., 1925	87	..	87	..
3½s	Nov., 1954	87½	88	87½	88
3½s	May, 1954	87½	88	87½	88

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	—Monday— Bid.	Ask.	—Friday— Bid.	Ask.
Tin			40.25	41.00
Lead	5.50	..	5.50	..
Spelter	17.55	..	17.50	..
Antimony	39.00	40.00	39.00	40.00
Quicksilver	$135.00	..	$140.00	..
Aluminium	*58.00	56.00	*58.00	56.00
Iron, No.2X fdy	19.25	19.75	19.25	19.75

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper, 30 days, was quoted at 23@23¼c per pound in the open market. London quotations were:

	Monday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	86	15	0	86	2	0
Copper, futures	86	15	0	86	5	0
Tin, spot	171	0	0	168	0	0
Tin, futures	172	0	0	169	0	0
Spelter	90	0	0	90	0	0
Lead	30	7	6	30	2	6

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Jan. 3.—Following is the weekly statement of the local associated banks, with comparisons:

	Dec. 31, 1915.	Inc. from prev. week.
Loans, dis., & inv.	387,425,000	*1,403,000
Circulation	$8,124,000	*60,000
Individ. dep., inc.		
U. S.	327,080,000	2,904,000
Due banks	119,248,000	2,334,000
Time deposits	15,273,000	*406,000
Exch. for Cl. House	17,545,000	326,000
Due from banks	35,304,000	1,380,000
Cash reserve	26,255,000	
Reserve required		
Bank	15,788,000	446,000
Reserve with other banks	52,071,000	4,796,000
Cash excess	4,142,000	1,240,000
Excess in N. Y.	33,648,000	4,966,000
Excess with Fed. Reserve Bank	1,048,000	386,000
Total excess	35,856,000	6,302,000

*Decrease.

RESERVE BANK IS U.S. AGENT

Federal Revenues Here Now Deposited Only in That Institution.

The Federal Reserve Bank of New York began yesterday acting as the fiscal agent of the Government under the designation made by Secretary McAdoo on Nov. 24, effective from and after Jan. 1.

The customs receipts for the day and those of the First, Second, Third, and part of the Fourteenth Internal Revenue Districts, comprising all of the City of New York and some outside territory, were deposited in the Reserve Bank instead of in various banks that have heretofore received them in retention. Existing Government balances in fourteen banks in the city were withdrawn and deposited in the Reserve Bank. They aggregated about $1,400,000.

The Reserve Bank also began receiving on deposit from out-of-town members for immediate credit at par, but subject to final payment by the Treasurer of the United States, all Government warrants and checks drawn on the Treasurer of the United States. These include pay checks, pension payments, and similar items, which go out all over the country.

For the present member banks in the city will collect such items through the Sub-Treasury as heretofore. When the facilities of the Federal Reserve Bank for handling Government deposits have been further developed, city member banks will be notified that Government warrants and checks may be sent to the Reserve Bank through the Clearing House, subject to final payment by the Treasurer of the United States.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

The average quotations of twenty-five leading railroad and twenty-five industrial issues yesterday, and of those two groups of stocks combined, with comparisons:

Railroads	82.43	81.56	82.16	— .06
Industrials	101.31	99.59	100.72	— .06
COMBINED AVERAGE.				
Dec. 23	90.88	90.06	90.79	+ .61
Dec. 24	91.28	90.56	90.85	+ .06
Dec. 25—Holiday.				
Dec. 27	91.90	90.97	91.57	+ .72
Dec. 28	91.81	90.64	90.73	— .84
Dec. 29	90.88	90.06	90.57	— .16
Dec. 30	91.06	90.30	90.68	+ .11
Dec. 31	91.83	90.92	91.50	+ .82
Jan. 1.—Holiday.				
Jan. 3	91.97	90.57	91.45	— .05

Range of Fifty Stocks.

		High.		Low.		Last.
Jan.,	1915	84.68	Jan. 22	60.07	Jan. 7	62.27
Jan.,	1914	78.80	Jan. 31	67.50	Jan. 3	72.97
Jan.,	1913	77.10	Jan. 9	73.00	Jan. 17	77.22
Jan.,	1912	78.30	Jan. 31	67.41	July 30	69.20
Jan.,	1911	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
Year,	1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.90	Feb. 24	91.45
Year,	1914	73.80	Jan. 31	67.41	July 30	69.20
Year,	1913	79.10	Jan. 2	62.09	Feb. 1	68.06
Year,	1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.22
Year,	1911	84.41	June 20	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

TOBACCO STOCKS.

Closing quotations of stocks not quoted elsewhere were:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
American Cigar	110	115	110	115
American Cigar pf.	99	101	99	101
Conley Foil	350	400	350	400
Johnson Tin F. & M.	150	175	150	175
J. S. Young	155	170	155	170
J. S. Young pf.	105	109	105	109
MacAndrews & F.	140	150	140	150
MacAndrews & F. pf.	99	101	99	101
Porto Rico-Am. Tob.	205	215	205	215
R. J. Reynolds Tob.	400	510	400	510
R. J. Reyn. Tob. pf.	110	121	119	121

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

There was a good deal of irregularity about the closing quotations on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, but the undertone appeared good. In fact, the market throughout the day reflected remarkable underlying strength in the face of the sudden reopening of the submarine question through the torpedoing of the steamship Persia with Americans on board. There were general setbacks from Friday's closing levels at the opening, but later on there were decided rallies by many stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
20	Alaska Gold	25⅛	25⅛	24½	25
90	Alaska Jun	10	10	9⅝	9⅝
20	Allis Chalmers	31	31	31	31
2,900	Am. Can	61¾	62¼	60½	61½
40	Am. Car & Fy.	77¾	77¾	77¼	77½
40	Am. Hide & L.	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
10	A. H. & L. pf.	55½	55½	55½	55½
90	Am. Linseed	23½	24	23½	23½
20	Am. Lin. pf.	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼
160	Am. Loco.	65¼	68⅛	65¼	65⅞
10,790	Am. Smelting	107¼	111⅝	106	110¾
2,970	Ana. Copper	90¾	91¼	89¾	90½
220	A. T. & S. F.	107⅝	107⅞	107½	107⅝
370	Bald. Loco.	116¾	118½	116⅝	117½
180	Balt. & Ohio	95½	95⅝	95	95⅝
60	Batopilas	3⅝	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
2,750	Cal. Pet.	37¼	42¼	37	40⅝
50	Cent. Leather	54	54	54	54
220	Ches. & Ohio	64	64⅜	63¾	64¼
1,410	C., M. & S. P.	100	102¼	100	102¼
50	C., R. I. & P.	18¼	18¾	18¼	18¾
500	Chino Copper	55	55¾	54⅝	55¼
510	Col. Fuel & I.	82	82¼	81¾	82⅛
30	Continen. Can.	85½	85⅝	85¼	85¼
170	Corn Produ.	20⅛	20⅝	20	20
770	Crucible Steel	72	73⅝	71	72¼
370	Dist. Secur.	47¼	48⅝	47¾	48
70	Dome Mines	29	29	28¾	28⅞
970	Erie	43¼	43⅝	43	43¼
30	Erie 1st pf.	58½	58⅞	58⅝	58⅞
870	Goodrich Co.	75	76	74⅝	75½
450	Gt. No. Ore	50½	51	50⅛	50⅜
480	Inspir. Cop.	45	45⅞	45	45⅝
10	Inter. Cons.	21	21	21	21
220	Int. M. M.	20¼	21⅛	19¾	21⅛
10	I.M.M. pf. & r.	79	79	79	79
60	Lehigh Valley	81¾	82	81⅜	82
40	Max. Motors	75¼	75¾	73½	75¾
15,810	Mexican Pet.	120¼	129¼	120¼	127¼
1,380	Miami Cop.	38	37⅝	36⅝	37⅜
40	Nat. Enameling	28¾	28¾	28⅝	28⅞
70	Nat. Lead	68¼	69⅜	68⅛	69⅜
30	Nevada Cons.	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼
370	N. Y. Central	109¼	110	109¼	110
80	N.Y., N.H.&H.	77¼	77¾	77¼	77¼
20	Northern Pac.	117½	118	117½	118
200	Ontario Mining	9¾	10⅛	9¾	10⅛
50	Pacific Mail	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
50	Pennsylvania	59½	59¾	59⅛	59¼
70	Pitts. Coal	35	35⅜	35	35⅜
120	Ray Copper	25¼	25⅝	25¼	25⅝
410	Reading	82¾	83⅜	82¾	83¼
250	Rep. Twist	54½	55¼	54½	55
220	Southern Pac.	103⅜	104¾	102⅞	103⅝
90	Southern Ry.	23¾	24½	23¾	24½
170	Studebaker Co.	165½	166½	164	165
370	Tenn. Copper	63¼	65⅛	61¾	62¼
10	Texas Co.	250	250	250	250
820	Union Pac.	138¼	139¼	137¾	138⅝
30	U.S. C. I. Pipe	25	25	25	25
40	U.S. Fuel Alco.	128	128	128	128
2,410	U.S. Rubber	55¼	55⅝	55¼	57¾
10,900	U.S. Steel	89	89⅞	87⅞	89¼
520	Utah Copper	79¾	81¾	79¾	81¼
540	Urebach pf. B.	30	31¼	29¾	31½
60	West. Un. Tel.	83¼	85½	83¼	85½
820	Westinghse El.	68¾	69¾	68¾	69½

Total sales, 65,920.

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,800	Atlanta	.22	.23½	.22	.23½
400	Booth	.40	.40	.40	.40
300	Comstock	.11	.11	.11	.11
1,200	Diam'fld B.S.	.05	.05	.05	.05
900	Goldfld. Merg.	.20	.20	.20	.20
700	Jumbo Ext.	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½	1.27½
300	Kewanas	.20	.20	.20	.20
100	Mexican	24	24	24	24
200	Tonopah Bel.	4.55	4.55	4.55	4.55
200	Tonopah Ext.	8.95	8.95	8.95	8.95
400	Union Cons.	.70	.70	.70	.70

Total sales, 5,500.

OUT-OF-TOWN MARKETS

BOSTON.

MINING.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
140	Adventure	2½	2½	2½	2½
302	Ahmeek	99	99½	97¾	98
430	Alaska Gold	25	25⅝	25	25⅝
2,035	Algomah	1¼	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
1,145	Allouez	65	68½	65	67⅝
2,180	Am. Zinc	69	69	67¾	68⅛
1,220	Arizona Com.	8¼	8⅝	8¼	8⅝
10	Butte Al Scott.	9½	9½	9½	9½
525	Butte-Bal	3½	3¾	3½	3¾
3,650	Butte & Sup.	72	72¾	71½	72⅝
308	Calumet & Ar.	72	72	71½	71⅝
121	Calumet & H.	565	570	565	566
35	Centennial	17¼	18	17¼	18
155	Chino	55	56¼	54⅝	55
3,207	Copper Range	64⅜	65½	63¾	65
65	Daly West	3¼	3½	3¼	3½
525	East Butte	16¼	16¼	15⅝	15⅝
170	Franklin	10¼	10⅝	10	10
400	Granby	85½	86	85	86
115	Greene Can.	49	51¼	50½	51
610	Greene Can. fr.	49½	49½	49½	49½
555	Hancock	19¾	19¾	18¼	19⅜
100	Helvetia	55c	55c	55c	55c
23	Indiana	6	6	6	6
50	Inspiration	45¼	45½	45¼	45½
90	Island Creek	49	49	48½	48½
540	Isle Royale	30	30⅝	30	30
65	Kerr Lake	4¾	4¾	4¼	4¾
25	Keweenaw	3¼	3¼	3¼	3½
705	Lake	19	19¼	18¾	19
100	La Salle	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
960	Mason Valley	4	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞
101	Mass Cons.	13¼	13¼	13	13
225	Mayflower	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¾
650	Miami	35⅜	37¾	35⅜	37
250	Michigan	2¼	2¼	2	2
118	Mohawk	97½	98¾	97½	98½
40	Nevada Cons.	16¼	16¼	16	16
100	New Arcadian	10	10	10	10
100	New Idria	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
80	Nipissing	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
350	North Butte	32	32	31½	31½
100	North Lake	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
100	Ojibway	2	2	2	2
25	Old Colony	4	4	4	4
1,580	Old Dominion	63½	64¼	63¼	64
55	Osceola	87½	87¾	87½	87¼
60	Pond Creek	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞	15⅞
85	Quincy	91	91	90¾	90¾
70	Ray Cons.	25½	25⅝	25⅜	25⅝
135	Santa Fe	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
325	Shannon	8¾	8¾	8⅝	8⅝
2,150	Shattuck	35	35¼	34¾	34¾
1,145	South Lake	7⅜	8¼	7⅜	8¼
100	South Utah	30c	30c	30c	30c
250	St. Mary's	95	95¼	94¾	94¾
2,040	Sup. & Boston	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
145	Sup. Copper	27½	28½	27¼	27¾
1,720	Trinity	12	12¼	11¾	12¼
100	Tuolumne	38c	38c	38c	38c
11,500	U. S. Smelt.	54½	55½	54½	55⅜
536	U. S. Smelt. pf.	50	50½	49½	50⅛
810	Utah Apex	3¼	3⅜	3¼	3⅜
80	Utah Con	13¾	14⅛	13¾	14⅛
105	Utah Copper	80⅝	81½	80⅝	81¼
35	Victoria	2¾	2⅞	2¾	2⅞
235	Winona	4¼	4½	4¼	4½
45	Wolverine	62	62	60	60
195	Wyandotte	2	2	1⅝	1⅝

RAILROADS.

35	Boston & A.	190	d90	190	190
71	Boston Elev.	83	83½	82½	83½
549	Boston & Me.	35½	36	35½	35½
25	Boston & M. pf.	50	50	50	50
7	Boston & W. pf.	44	44	44	44
10	C. & M., Cl. A.	95	95	95	97
10	Northern N. H.	97	97	97	97
720	N.Y., N.H. & H.	77¼	77⅝	77	77⅝
25	Rutland pf.	89	89	89	89
30	Union Pac. pf.	83½	83½	83½	83½
47	West End	85	86	85½	85½
3	West End pf.	81½	81½	81½	81½

MISCELLANEOUS.

75	Am. Agr. C. pf.	99	99	98¾	98¾
200	Amoskeag	66	66	66	66
25	Amoskeag pf.	100¼	100¼	100¼	100¼
50	Am. Sugar	114⅜	115	114⅜	115
30	Am. Sugar pf.	117⅜	118	117⅜	118
578	Am. T. & T.	127½	127¾	127½	127½
25	Am. W. pf. ctfs	96	96	95	95
15	Fast Boston L.	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜
20	Edison	246½	246½	246½	246½
10	Ga. Ry. & E.	120	120	120	120
90	Mass. Gas	86¼	86¼	86	86
10	Nat. Biscuit pf.	125¾	125¾	125½	125¾
12	Pullman	166	166½	165	165
10	Reece Folding	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞
69	Swift	127¾	127¾	126	126
20	Torrington	35½	35½	35½	35½
120	United Fruit	147½	148	147	147½
418	U. F. rights	6¼	6⅜	6¼	6⅜
1,127	United Shoe	51⅜	52⅛	51	52⅛
24	Un. Shoe pf.	29	29	28½	28⅝
10,850	Ventura Oil	12¼	13	12½	12⅝
59	Western Union	88½	88½	88½	88½
220	A., G. & W. I.	30¾	30¾	30	30½
217	A., G. & W. I. pf.	45½	46	45½	46

BONDS.

$7,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90⅝	91	90⅝	90⅞
5,000	A., G. & W. I. 5s	77⅝	77⅝	77½	77½
19,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	96⅜	96¼	96¼	96¼
5,000	Cop. Range 6s	90	90	90	90
1,000	Gen. Elec. 5s	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜	104⅜
4,000	M. G. 4½s	90	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	M. G. 4½s	94½	94½	94½	94½
1,000	N. E. T. 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼	101¼
1,000	Pond Creek 6s	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾
15,000	Swift 5s	98¼	98¼	98¼	98¼
5,000	U. F. 4½s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1	Am. Radiator	390	390	390	390
360	Booth Fish	25	27	25	26
25	Booth Fish pf.	70	70	70	70
200	Chi. Pn. Tool	75	76¼	76	76
20	Chi. Rys. Ser. 2	18½	18½	18½	18½
69	Chi. Rys. Ser. 3	4	4	4	4
75	Chi. Rys. Ser. 4	1¼	1¼	1¼	1⅛
26	Com. Edison	149½	149¾	149	149
5	Dia. Match	107	107	107	107
25	Deere pf.	96½	96½	96½	96½
171	Illinois Brick	83¼	83¼	82	82¾
25	Kan. Cy. Ry. & L. com. stock	25½	25½	25½	25½
120	Mont. Ward pf.	118	118½	118	118
180	Nat. Carbon	170	176	170	176
50	Pacific Gas	60	60	60	60
150	People's Gas	111¾	113	110¾	111⅛
4	Pub. Serv. pf.	101	101¼	101	101¼
25	Quak. Oats pf.	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾
897	Sears-Roeb'k	187¾	188	187¼	188
881	Stew. Warner	87	87¼	86	87
193	Swift	128½	129	126¼	127
75	Union Carbide	178½	178¾	178¼	178¼

BONDS.

$1,000	Chi. Rys. inc. 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	86¼
10,000	Com. Edis. 5s	102½	102½	102½	102¼
1,000	Met. gold 4s	72

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OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Trading in the Curb Market Less Active, but Prices Are Firm—Bonds Active.

Transactions in the outside security market yesterday amounted to 338,777 shares of stock and $1,140,000 of bonds. The sales of stocks were divided as follows: Industrials, 88,801; oils, 27,356, and mining, 222,620. The range of prices of all issues in which transactions were recorded was:

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
3,000	Ajax Rub. Inc., w. i.	70⅞	71¾	70⅞	71⅜
85	Am. Int. Corp., w. i., 10% pd.	16	16	15	15
150	A.G.&W.I. S.S.	30	30	30	30
10	‡Bkrs. Dis.Cor.	5¼	5¼	5¼	5¼
2,800	Can. Nat. Gas.	2½	2½	2	2⅜
800	†Car. L. & P.	6⅜	6⅜	6¼	6½
200	†Chan. Motors	82½	82½	82	82
360	‡Chev. Mtr. C.	*132	135	130	130
100	Corp. of R. H.	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
375	Driggs-Seab.	141	141	140	140
575	Driggs-S. rts.	28	28	27	27
385	Emer. Phon.	14	14½	13⅝	14⅛
300	F. D. & C. w. i.	46	46¼	46	46⅛
1,000	H. & B. C. w. i.	54¼	54½	53½	54
500	‡Hendee Mfg.	29	30	20	29½
1,450	‡Int. A. F. S.	26	26¼	25½	26
12,500	‡Int. Mer. M.	19⅝	21⅝	19	21⅛
5,300	‡I. M. M. pf.	76	79¼	76	78⅛
3,650	‡Int. Nick. nw.	51¼	51¾	50	50½
2,100	Intercon. Rub.	16	16⅝	15⅝	16¼
50	Jewel Tea, w. i.	63	63	63	63
100	‡K.S. Tire w. i.	74½	74½	74½	74½
95	Kelly S. Tire	297	299	297	298
5,000	Kath. Br. pf.	31-32	33	24	27½
725	‡Keyst. Ord.	10¼	10½	10¼	10¼
200	‡Lake Torp. Bt.	12½	12¾	12	12
8,000	Man. Transit.	2	2	1¾	1¾
200	Marconi of Am	3½	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
2,000	‡Maxim Mun.	12⅞	13¼	12⅜	13
5,500	‡Midvale Steel.	77⅛	77⅞	76½	77⅜
2,000	‡Nevis Elec.	18	18	18	18
2,700	P. T. & M. C.	30	30	27	29⅜
500	PMO&CCo. w. i.	59¾	60½	59¾	60¼
915	†P. E.& M. Co.	148	150	147	147
200	†P. Mfg. Co.	17¾	17⅞	17⅜	17⅜
925	R. Elec., Inc.	5½	5¾	5½	5⅝
200	Tob. Products.	32	32	32	32
5,000	‡St. Jos. Lead.	15	15¼	14½	15¼
8,000	Sub B. v.t.ctfs	43	48¼	42½	42⅝
1,400	T. Flimv.t.ctfs	6¼	6⅞	6¼	6⅜
400	†U. F. Rights.	6⅜	6⅜	6⅛	6⅛
1,500	U. P. Sharing.	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
2,000	‡USI&H Corp.	3¼	3¼	3	3⅛
375	†Virginia Ry.	23½	23⅝	23¼	23¾
3,000	White Mot. Co.	52½	52¾	51¾	52
2,100	World Film.	3	3	2⅝	2¾

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
1,400	Ang.-Am. Oil	17⅞	17⅝	17¾	— 1⅜
10	Buckeye P. L.	111	111	111	— 4
37	Illinois P. L.	183	182	183	+ 2
70	Nat. Transit.	31½	31½	31¾	+ 1½
250	Ohio Oil	193	189	192	+ 2
450	Penn. Mex. Oil	72	70½	71	+ 1½
1	Prairie O. & G.	439	439	439	+ 4
96	Prairie P. L.	233	230	230	— 4
2	So. Penn. Oil	384	384	384	+ 1
60	S. O. of Cal.	379	377	379	+ 10
5	S. O. of Ind.	555	555	555	
22	S. O. of N. J.	548	546	547	— 1
47	St. O. of N. Y.	228	225	228	— 1
28	Un. Tank Line	88	87	87	— 1
20	Vacuum Oil	235	236	235	+ 2

OTHER OIL STOCKS.

12,200	†Cos.& C.(O.R.)	15⅝	14⅞	15⅜	— ⅛
300	†Houston Oil.	23	22¾	23	+ ⅛
1,350	Int. Pet.	13	12⅞	13	+ ⅛
200	Met. Pet.	22¼	22¼	22¼	+ 1
359	Midwest Ref.	58	50	50	
4,700	†Sul. O. & R.	9¼	8⅝	9¼	+ ⅛
1,100	†Sul. O. & R.pf.	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅛
980	†Ventura C. O.	13½	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
3,100	†Victoria Oil.	2¾	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
350	Wayl. O. & G.	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
7,000	††Alta-C. M.C.	14	15	14	15
1,500	††Am. Com.	8	8	8	8
2,000	†Atlanta	23	23	22	22
100	B. Ledge D. C.	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
2,000	††Booth	40	44	40	40
1,100	B.C.&Z.,v.t.cs.	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾
175	Butte & N.Y.	3½	3½	3½	3½
700	†Calaveras C.	4	4¼	4	4⅛
2,700	†Caledonia	85	88	85	85
1,500	†Canada Cop.	2	2¼	2	2
2,000	C. de Pasco C.	39	39½	38¾	39⅜
13,000	††Consmt. Tun.	10	11	10	11
5,000	Cons. Ariz. S.	1½	1⅝	1½	1½
200	†Cons. Cop.	2	2⅛	2	2
18,000	††Emma Cop.	19	21	19	21
8,400	††Fed. R.M.C.	18	19	17	18
7,200	First Nat. C.	8½	9¾	8½	8½
2,100	Goldf. Cons.	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
3,200	††Goldf. Merg.	20	20½	19½	20
18,000	Howe Sound	7⅞	7⅞	7½	7⅝
14,000	††Int. Mines	22	23	22	22
1,500	††Jim Butler.	1½	1½	1½	1½
2,050	Jumbo Ext.	17	17	17	17
16,800	Kennec. Cop.	56¼	56⅝	55½	56⅛
3,000	†Kewanas	20	20	20	20
600	Magma Cop.	15¼	15¼	15¼	15⅛
3,850	†Majestic M.	1¼	1¼	1⅛	1⅛
2,500	†McKin.-Dar.	40	45	40	45
700	Mason Valley.	4¾	4¾	4¼	4¼
1,300	Mines of Am.	3⅞	4	3⅝	4
500	††Mont. Cons.	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
32,000	††Mother Lode.	25	26¼	24	25
1,100	††Nat. Z. & L.	2¼	2½	2¼	2½
300	†Nevada Hills.	20	20	20	20
375	New Ut. Bing.	4¾	4¾	4¼	4¾
750	xNip. Mines.	7¾	7¾	7	7⅛
2,500	†Oro.	5¼	5¼	5	5⅛
6,000	†Peter. Lake.	39	39	38	38
2,630	††Ray Herc. M.	3¼	3¼	3	3
4,000	††Rex Cons. M.	31	31	28	28
8,600	†Roch. Mines.	56	58	55	55
5,500	†San Toy.	28	28	24	25
400	†Santa Fe Min.	3⅝	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
1,400	Seven Tr. Coal.	46	46	46	46
2,000	††Silver Pick.	7	7	7	7
800	Stan.-Sil.-Ld.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,000	Stewart	⅛	⅛	⅛	⅛
3,000	††xSuccess M.	65	66	65	66
3,400	††Super. Min.	32	32	32	32
2,000	††Temiskam'g.	68½	68½	68½	68½
870	xTonopah Ext.	4	4¼	4	4⅛
500	Tri-Bullion	⅝	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,000	†U. S. C. M.	9	9	9	9
1,200	†W. E. Cons.	81	83	81	82

BONDS.

$100,000	‡B.&O. nw.5s.	100⅝	101	100⅜	101
40,000	C.deP.Cop.6s.	120	120¼	120	120¼
500,000	‡Erie con. 4s, w. i.	91	91⅝	90¼	90⅝
500,000	‡Erie rts.	⅜	⅜	⅜	⅜

‡Unlisted. †Sells cents per share. *Odd lot. xEx-dividend.

INDUSTRIALS.

	Jan. 3, '16. Bid.	Asked.	Dec. 31, '15. Bid.	Asked.
B.-Am. Tob. Co., ord.	14¼	15	14¼	15
B.-Am. T. Co. ord. b.	15	16	15	16
Lima Locomotive	21	25	23	25
Mutual P. Sharing	9	9¼	9	9¼
Utah Secu. Corp.	17½	18½	17¼	18½

OIL ISSUES.

Pierce Oil	17	17½	17	17½

MINING STOCKS.

Cactus Con. M. Co.			1⅛	1¼
(a prospect)	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
Con. Nevada-Utah	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Hecla Mining	3⅝	3⅞	3⅛	3⅛

BONDS.

Calaveras 6s	375	425	375	425

MUNITIONS STOCKS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Explosives	100	105	98	105
Aetna Explosives pf.	84	88	84	88
American Brass	268	278	265	275
Atlas Powder	260	270	260	275
Atlas Powder pf.	97	100	97	100
Babcock & Wilcox	125	135	125	135
Bliss (E. W.)	350	365	350	375
Bliss (E. W.)	73	83	73	83
Can. F'dries & Forg.	210	230	210	230
Canadian Explosives	380	415	380	415
Can. Explosives pf.	100	110	100	110
Colt's Arms	885	895	875	900
Du Pont Pow., new	375	385	375	385
Du Pont Powder pf.	99	103	99	103
Hercules Powder	375	385	370	388
Hercules Powder pf.	110	120	110	120
International Arms	28	31	27	30
Marlin Arms Co.	30	35	30	38
Marlin Arms Co., pf.	70	80	75	85
Niles-Bement-Pond	185	195	185	195
Niles-Bement-Pd. pf.	100	105	100	106
Savage Arms	485	495	485	500
Scovill Mfg. Co.	475	495	475	495
Winch. Rptg. Arms	2,600	2,700	2,600	2,700

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Alta	.10	Jacket Con.	.13
Andes	.07	Julia	.01
Best & Belcher	.04	Justice	.02
Bullion	.01	Mexican	.33
Caledonia	.40	Occidental Con.	.75
Challenge Con.	.02	Ophir	.53
Confidence	.36	Overman	.04
Con. Cal. & Va.	.04	Seg. Belcher	.02
Con. Imperial	.18	Sierra Nevada	.42
Gould & Curry	.01	Union Con.	.69
Hale & Norcros	.02		

TONOPAH.		Comb. Fraction	.07
Belmont	4.50	D'field B. Bull	.08
Halifax	.30	D'field Daisy	.03
Jim Butler	1.07½	Florence	.50
McNamara	.03	G'field Consol.	1.12½
Midway	.14	G'field Kewanas	.21
Mispah Exten.	.20	G'field Merger	.20
Montana	.30	Jumbo Extens.	1.27½
North Star	.15	Lone Star	.04
Rescue Eula	.08	Silver Pick	.05
Tonopah Exten.	4.00	Spearhead	.12
Tonopah Nevada	6.75	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	.81	Man. Big Four	.04
GOLDFIELD.		Nevada Hills	.17
Atlanta	.22	Nevada Packard	.45
Booth	.40	Rochester Mines	.60
C. O. D.	.03	Round Mountain	.40
COLORADO SPRINGS.	Bid.	Asked.	
Dr. J'pot.	9⅝	9¾	
Elkton	31¾	32	
El Paso	9¼	103	
Findlay	3¼	4	
Golden C.	201½	203	
Gold Dol.	2	3	
Gold Sov.	6⅛	6½	
Isabella	19¾	19½	
Jackpot	6½	7½	
McKinnay	44	45¾	
Portland	184	190	
Vindicator	222	225	
Rav. B. H.	2½	3½	

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.

Liquidation on a large scale, particularly in the May contract, led to a severe break in wheat prices yesterday, and at one time the loss was 2 to 3 cents below the close of Friday, with May showing the principal weakness. May rallied about 1¼c from its early low point and the whole market closed 1¼ to 2¼c net lower, but with the undertone quite steady. World's exports of 10,700,000 bushels were about 600,000 bushels less than the previous week and 2,900,000 bushels more than the same week a year ago, with North American contributing 10,222,000 bushels. The following prices were quoted on cash wheat here: No. 1 durum, $1.36 free on board, New York; No.1 Northern Duluth, $1.35, and No. 1 Northern Manitoba $1.31½, cost, insurance, and freight, Buffalo.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May			1.32½	1.35

CHICAGO PRICES.

May	1.25⅝	1.22⅛	1.23¼	1.25⅝
July	1.17	1.15⅝	1.16¼	1.17⅝

CORN.

Aside from the wheat influence, there was not much in the news yesterday to explain an early break of 1¾c in the price of corn. The domestic visible increased 1,493,000 bushels, and the world's shipments aggregated 3,431,000, or an increase of about 1,200,000 over the previous week, although the total was nearly a million bushels under the same time last year. Covering orders checked the decline slightly in the late afternoon, although final prices were still 1¼@1½c under Friday's close, and only a little up from the bottom of the day. No. 2 yellow corn here was quoted at 85½c, prompt.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
May	76½	75	75¼	76⅝
July	77	75⅞	76	77¼

OATS.

The market for oats showed heaviness about all day, and at the close prices were ⅝c net lower. The interior movement was liberal, cash demand quiet, and the visible supply increased 372,000 bushels. A little export inquiry developed on the decline, resulting in sales of about 100,000 bushels. Cash oats closed as follows: No. 3 white, 48½@49¼c; No. 4 white, 47½ to 48½c; fancy clipped white, 51¼ to 52½c; ordinary clipped white, 48½ to 49¾c, all elevator.

RYE—Market quiet; No. 2 Western, $1.05, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Close.
May	47⅝	47	47¼	47⅝

PROVISIONS.

CHICAGO PRICES.

		High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Lard—	January	9.92	9.85	9.92	9.87
	May	10.25	10.12	10.20	10.15
Ribs—	January	10.85	10.52	10.25	10.22
	May			10.60	10.57
Pork—	January	19.07	18.87	18.85	18.75
	May			19.02	19.02

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	8.70	8.62	8.65	8.68
January	8.68	8.58	8.70@8.72	8.60
February	8.68	8.57	8.68@8.69	8.58
March	8.67	8.57	8.64@8.65	8.56
April	8.63	8.62	8.67@8.69	8.61
May	8.76	8.67	8.74@8.76	8.68
June	8.72	8.72	8.70@8.77	8.71
July	8.83	8.78	8.82@8.83	8.78
August	8.92	8.87	8.91@8.92	8.87

COFFEE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January			6.48@6.50	
February	6.66	6.66	6.56@6.58	6.53
March			6.65@6.67	6.62
April			6.70@6.72	6.67
May			6.75@6.77	6.72
June			6.81@6.82	6.77
July	6.88	6.85	6.88@6.87	6.82
August			6.91@6.92	6.87
September	6.99	6.97	6.96@6.97	6.92
October			6.99@7.01	6.95
November			7.02@7.04	6.98
December			7.05@7.07	

SUGAR.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
January	3.67	3.63	3.65@3.66	3.68
February	3.39	3.37	3.39@3.41	3.40
March			3.35@3.40	3.38
April			3.45@3.46	3.43
May	3.54	3.51	3.51@3.52	3.49
June			3.54@3.56	3.52
July			3.61@3.63	3.57
August	3.64	3.64	3.64@3.65	3.60
September			3.67@3.68	3.63
October			3.70@3.71	3.66
November			3.73@3.74	
December				

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Government and Municipal Issues.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Ang.-French.	5	Oct., 1920	94½	94⅝	6.15
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	101⅜	101⅝	4.15
Argen. Govt.	6	May, 1920	101	101⅜	5.62
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1917	101½	102	4.95
Argen. Govt.	6	Dec., 1917	99½	100¼	4.86
City of Mont.	5	Dec., 1921	99½	99⅝	5.20
City of Q'b'c.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅜	100½	4.05
Dom. of Can.	5	Oct., 1917	100⅜	100⅝	4.62
Dom. of Can.	5	Oct., 1919	99½	99⅝	5.56
French Govt.	5	Apr., 1916	99⅝	100	6.00
Italian Govt.	6	Oct., 1916	100⅛	101¼	4.50
Norway Govt.	6	Oct., 1917	100⅜	101¼	5.35
Norway Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100⅜	101¼	4.80
Swedish Govt.	6	Dec., 1916	100	100⅛	4.00
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1916	98	98¼	5.75
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1918	97	97⅛	5.65
Swiss Govt.	5	Mar., 1920	97	97½	5.55

Company Issues.

Ala. Power	6	Feb., 1918	100	101	5.90
Am. Cot. Oil.	5	Nov., 1917	101¼	101¾	4.20
Am. Loco.	5	July, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.55
A. T. & T. sub.	5	Apr., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.00
Ana. Copper.	5	Mar., 1917	101¼	101⅝	3.85
Balt. & O.	4½	June, 1917	101¼	101⅝	2.40
Balt. & O.	4½	June, 1918	101⅜	101⅝	4.80
B'klyn R. T.	5	July, 1918	100⅜	100⅝	4.65
Can. North'n.	6	Sept., 1917	98¾	99	5.55
Canadian Pac.	6	Mar. 2 '24	103	103¼	5.40
Ches. & Ohio.	6	June, 1919	98⅝	98¾	5.35
C. & W. Ind.	5	Sept., 1917	100	100¼	4.90
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July, 1916	96	97	10.50
C. Pa., R. & L.	6	May, 1918	101⅜	102½	5.83
Con. G. Balt.	5	May, 1917	99½	100⅜	4.67
Con. Power.	6	May 1, '17	99½	100⅜	5.80
E. Pow. & Lt.	5		93	96½	6.40
Erie R. R.	4	Apr., 1916	100⅜	100⅝	2.00
Erie R. R.	5½	Apr., 1917	101⅜	101¾	4.18
Gen. Rubber.	5	Dec., 1918	100⅜	100⅝	4.80
G. T. of Can.	5	Nov., 1917	99¼	100	5.00
Gr. Rap. Ed.	5	May, 1916	100⅛	100½	3.44
Gr. Rap. Ry.	5	June, 1916	100⅛	100½	3.65
Hav. El. Ry.	6	Sep., 1916	100	100⅛	5.00
Hocking Val.	5	Nov., 1917	101	101¼	4.30
Int. Harv.	5	Feb.15,'18	101⅝	101⅞	4.15
Lack. Steel.	6	Mar., 1917	101	101¼	4.85
L. Gas & E.	6	Apr., 1918	99¼	101	5.90
Mich. Ry.	5	June, 1919	100¾	101¼	5.45
Minn. Gen. E.	6	June, 1917	100⅜	100½	5.50
Minn & St. L.	6	Feb., 1916	97⅝	98¼	
Mont. T. & P.	6	Apr., 1917	96	98	7.75
N. E. Nav.	6	May, 1917	99¼	99½	6.40
N.Y.,N.H.&H.	5	May, 1916	100⅛	100⅜	2.75
North. S. P.	5	June, 1917	100⅛	101	5.30
Penn. Co.	4½	June 15,'21	101¼	101½	4.20
P. C. C. & St. L.	4½	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100½	2.10
Seab'd Air L.	5	Mar., 1916	100⅛	100½	2.10
Southern Ry.	5	Feb., 1916	100⅛	100⅜	4.45
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1917	100½	100⅝	4.35
Sulz. & Sons.	6	June, 1916	100	100⅜	4.65
U. S. Smelt.	5	June, 1918	100	100⅜	6.40
U. S. Pub. S.	6	Apr., 1918	97½	102½	2.65
†United Fruit.	6	May, 1918	100½	100⅝	4.40
United Fruit.	5	May, 1917	100⅜	101⅜	4.63
Utah Co.	6	Apr., 1917	100⅜	101⅜	4.63
West. E. & M.	5	Oct., 1917	101	101⅜	4.05
W. Penn. Tr.	6	Mar., 1917	99	100	6.00
W. Power Co.	6	Mar., 1917	99½	100⅜	5.40
W. S. G. & E.	6	Oct., 1917	97	99	6.78
W.V.T.& E.C.	6	June, 1917	97	99	6.78

*To be called June, 1916, at 100½ for 1917. 161 for 1918. †To be called May, 1916, at 101.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

	Bid.	Asked.
American Gas Co.	120	128
American Light & Traction	392	397
American Light & Traction pf.	113	114
Adirondack Electric Power	19	22
Adirondack Electric Power pf.	70	73
*American Gas & Electric	134	137
*American Gas & Electric pf.	51½	71
American Power & Light	69	86½
American Power & Light pf.	84½	43
American Public Utilities	40	76
American Public Utilities pf.	73	8
American Waterworks & Electric	5	18
Am. W. W. & E. participating pf.	15	60
American W. W. & E. 1st pf.	55	93
Atlantic Power & Light pf.	92	102
Cities Service	100	75
Cities Service pf.	73	30
Colorado Power	25	100
Colorado Power pf.	98	61½
Commonwealth P., R. & L.	60½	87½
Commonwealth P. R. & L. pf.	85½	104
Consumers Power Co. 5s, 1929.	102	99½
Consumers Power Co. 5s, 1952.	94	88
Denver Gas & Electric gen. 5s.	87	100
Electric Bond Deposit pf.	99	85
Electric Bond & Share pf.	80	12
Empire District Electric pf.	9	47
Federal Light & Trantion	40	106
Federal Light & Traction pf.	96	85
Gas & Electric Securities	75	87
Gas & Electric Securities pf.	85	25
Great Western Power Co. 5s, 1946.	15	60
Lincoln Gas & Electric	55	46½
Northern Ontario Light & Power	46	94
Northern Ontario Ls. & P. pf.	93	85
Northern States Power pf.	95	81
Ozark Power & Water	60	82
Pacific Gas & Electric	90	28
Pacific Gas & Electric pf.	21	73
Republic Ry. & Light	70	89½
†Republic Ry. & Light pf.	88½	100
Southern California Edison	99	100
Southern California Edison pf.	97½	5½
Southern P. & L. pf.	5½	8½
*Standard Gas & Electric	7½	31
*Standard Gas & Electric pf.	10	10½
Tennessee Ry., Light & Power	42	44
Tennessee Ry., Light & P. pf.	46	40
United Light & Rys.	78	78
United Light & Rys. 1st pf.	78	20
Utah Securities	17	18
Western Power	55	55½
Western Power pf.		64

*Par value, $50. †Ex dividend.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

The railroads reporting so far for the third week of December show these aggregate changes in gross earnings:

Twenty-eight roads.$12

GOLD BY MAIL FROM CHINA.

Comes in Canvas-Covered Bamboo Cylinders to Assay Office.

The postman delivered at the Assay Office yesterday twenty-five canvas-covered bamboo cylinders, each a foot long, within which were contained $40,000 in gold bars. An eighty-ounce bar worth $1,600 was inclosed in each cylinder, carefully bedded in cotton, with heavy wax seals at each end.

The gold came from the Guaranty Trust Company's agency in Shanghai by registered mail at a cost of $2.10 plus insurance for each cylinder. A few weeks ago a single cylinder worth about $400 was received from the Chinese city. Evidently the test shipment was found satisfactory, and the larger consignment was then sent by mail, which is cheaper than express.

Nothing was known at the Assay Office yesterday of the reported importation of $35,000,000 gold on the White Star liner Baltic, which arrived on Sunday. Gold received at the Government institution during the day amounted to $2,840,000, consisting of $1,000,000 for the National Bank of Cuba in French coin, $840,000 deposited by J. P. Morgan & Co., and $500,000 for the Canadian Bank of Commerce.

The Baltic brought in seven cases of securities for the Morgan firm, which were delivered yesterday morning. Their par value could not be learned. The consignment consisted largely of American stocks and bonds sold previously by cabled orders, it was understood, and sent here for delivery. As the composite value of the gold and securities amounted to several millions of dollars, the Street believed that much of the reported $35,000,000 in gold actually was securities.

WAR LOAN BONDS DECLINE.

The Drop Is Not Surprising, Says National City Bank.

No particular significance attaches to the decline below the issue price of the Anglo-French bonds, according to the January circular which will be issued today by the National City Bank. Under the circumstances prevailing, it is asserted, the decline was not at all surprising.

"Many subscriptions were made by bankers and other business men," says the circular, "upon the understanding that the exchange situation between New York and London must be supported in order that our foreign trade might go on and that the revival of industry in this country might not be checked. This end having been accomplished some of these subscribers having other and more active uses for their funds have chosen to realize on their holdings even at a small sacrifice. A good natural market has developed, but it may be that buying has been to some extent restricted by current talk that other loans would be offered, and possibly upon better terms. The latter supposition is improbable, although there is a recognized possibility that other loans may be offered with collateral security. Such an issue would in no way impair the value of this loan, which as a joint and external obligation of the two governments occupies an exceptional position.

"It is a well-known fact that American bankers from the inception of the negotiations advised a collateral loan, not because they considered collateral necessary to secure payment, but because they were satisfied that under the conditions existing it would make the loan go better and enable more money to be raised.

"British financial writers now recognize that the terms of the loan, which were criticised at the time, were not more favorable to lenders than necessary to make the loan a success in this market."

NEW PARTNER IN MORGAN CO.

Edward R. Stettinius Becomes Eleventh Member of Banking House.

The eleventh partner in the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. was admitted at the beginning of the new year. He is Edward R. Stettinius, and he has been associated with the firm for about a year under a special arrangement. Three of the partners are in Philadelphia. As now constituted, the firm consists of J. P. Morgan, Charles Steele, W. H. Porter, H. P. Davison, Thomas W. Lamont, Dwight W. Morrow, W. P. Hamilton, and E. R. Stettinius in New York; E. T. Stotesbury, H. G. Lloyd, and A. E. Newbold of Philadelphia.

Mr. Stettinius has just turned his fiftieth year, and has had wide experience in industrial development. He was born in St. Louis and went to Chicago as a young man to become identified with the Sterling Company, predecessor of the Babcock & Wilcox Company. He took an active part in the reorganization of the latter, and later undertook a similar work for the Diamond Match Company, which emerged successfully from its financial difficulties under his management.

Mr. Stettinius remained with the Diamond Match Company until a few months ago, when he resigned as President. Before that, however, he had been selected by J. P. Morgan & Co. to organize their new purchasing department for the British Government. It is estimated that orders for $1,000,000,000 worth of supplies have passed through his department in the first year of its existence.

Mr. Stettinius is a Director of the Diamond Match Company, the American Gas and Electric Company, American Power and Light Company, Babcock & Wilcox Company, Fidelity-Phenix Fire Insurance Company, International Agricultural Corporation, Irving National Bank, Model Fireproof Tenement Company, and the American Surety Company.

The Mortgage-Bond Company of New York

55 Liberty Street, New York

STATEMENT OF CONDITION JAN. 1, 1916

ASSETS		LIABILITIES	
Mortgages	$7,416,252.55	Capital	$2,000,000.00
U. S. and other Bonds	22,643.00	Surplus	400,000.00
Inter. Receivable	147,229.21	Undivided Profits	191,947.63
Cash	265,066.91	Mortgage Bonds.	5,027,700.00
		Mtge. Certificates	142,923.30
		Interest Payable.	88,620.74
	$7,851,191.67		$7,851,191.67

OFFICERS

GEORGE A. HURD, President

RICHARD M. HURD, JULIAN D. FAIRCHILD, } Vice-Pres. GURDON M. MAYNARD, Sec'y J. HENRY WESTON, Treas.

One Billion Dollars in Copper Dividends by 1916

A conservative authority on the copper industry has prepared for The Financial World a comprehensive statistical review of the dividends paid by our leading copper mining companies; what proportion of their capital they have returned to their shareholders, and what they are reasonably expected to disburse during the year 1916; basing his estimate upon a price for the red metal under what it is quoted today. The result of his *unbiased conclusions indicates that our copper producers will* pass, in 1916, in the payment of dividends, the high water mark of a billion dollars.

A table is published in connection with the article, showing the individual dividend record of the various companies, *which information is alone extremely valuable* to all holders of copper stocks. The article appears in the current issue. In order to secure this article before the issue is exhausted, do it now, and

Send for Copy

The Financial World

18 Broadway **New York**

U. S. MARSHAL'S NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice.—On December 27, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named Court on behalf of the United States against one hundred and twenty bags of nuts upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares, and merchandise, or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on January 17, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.

December 27, 1915.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—Notice. On December 31, 1915, a libel of information was filed in the above named Court on behalf of the United States against 600 cases, each containing 48 cans of condensed milk, upon a seizure thereof, setting forth the said seizure and praying the condemnation and forfeiture of the property seized to the use of the United States for violation of Food and Drugs Act, June 30, 1906, of the United States.

Pursuant to the monition of said Court therein, I hereby notify all persons claiming said goods, wares and merchandise or interested therein, to appear before said Court in the General Post Office Building, on January 17, 1916, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., (provided the same shall be a day of jurisdiction, otherwise the next day of jurisdiction thereafter,) at which time and place the process will be returnable, and the trial had, and to interpose their claims and allegations, or they will be defaulted and said property condemned. THOMAS D. McCARTHY, United States Marshal.

December 31, 1915.
H. SNOWDEN MARSHALL, U. S. Attorney.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, Southern District of New York.—Notice.—I have arrested the following vessels and property, upon libels filed in the actions named below, process returnable and causes to be heard in said court at 10:30 A. M. on the below named days in the United States Court and Post Office Building, New York City, and all persons interested must then present their claims or be defaulted and said vessels and property will be condemned and ordered sold.

Process returnable Monday, January 17, 1916. New York & Cuba Mail Steamship Company vs. Scow "1-19," her tackle, etc. Damages by collision, $125,000. BURLINGHAM, MONTGOMERY & BEECHER, Proctors for Libellant.

THOMAS D. McCARTHY, U. S. Marshal. S. D. N. Y.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the GAS TIP AND SELF LIGHTER CO. will be held at Room 319, No. 1 Broadway, at 3 P. M. on Monday, January 17, 1916, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may lawfully come before the meeting.

O. M. HINTON, Secretary.

AN ELECTION OF TWENTY MANAGERS of the New York Institute for the Education of the Blind, and of three Inspectors of Election will be held at the Institute, 9th Av. and 34th St., at 4 o'clock in the afternoon of Wednesday, Jan. 5, 1916.

LINZEE BLAGDEN, Sec.

WEST SIDE BANK.
New York, December 27, 1915.

The annual election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking rooms, No. 481 Eighth Avenue, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1916, between the hours of 10 and 11 A. M.

NATHANIEL MILLS, JR., Cashier.

To the Holders of First Mortgage Four Per Cent Gold Bonds of MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY COMPANY Due June 1, 1990.

The undersigned, representing a large amount of bonds of the above issue, and believing that the present situation of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway Company makes desirable the formation of a Committee to protect the interest of the holders of such bonds, have undertaken to act as such Committee.

Bondholders are requested to deposit their bonds, with all unpaid coupons, with the UNITED STATES TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, THE DEPOSITARY of the Committee, at its office, No. 45 Wall Street, New York City, under a Deposit Agreement, copies of which may be obtained from the Depositary. Certificates of deposit will be issued for all bonds deposited.

The Committee has arranged to advance the amount of the coupons maturing December 1, 1915, to bondholders who deposit their bonds and coupons with said Depositary under said Deposit Agreement, and proper notation of said advance will be stamped on deposit certificates. This offer, which is intended for the convenience of depositors, is a loan, and is not to be considered as a payment of the coupons or a purchase thereof by the Committee, which reserves the right to withdraw the offer at any time without further notice.

December 31, 1915.

MATTHEW C. FLEMING, Counsel.
PAUL G. TOMLINSON, Secretary.
No. 45 Wall Street, New York City.

WILLIAM CHURCH OSBORN, Chairman,
BEEKMAN WINTHROP,
JAMES B. MABON,
Committee.

VICTOR TALKING MACHINE

having advanced from $350 to $900, and

AM. GRAPHOPHONE (Columbia)

from $11 to $145, we call your attention to

EMERSON PHONOGRAPH CO.

now manufacturing and delivering low-priced phonographs and records. This stock is selling around $14 on the New York Curb.

Write for Special Circular T, showing Financial Statement and forecast of 1916 earnings.

H. G. EINSTEIN & CO.,
25 Broad St., New York
Phone Broad 4515

Metropolitan Petroleum Corporation

The output of Mexico's fields, where this Company operates, is in constantly increasing demand

Send for prospectus D-4.

H. P. Armstrong & Co.
Specialists
35 Broad Street Phone 2756 Broad New York

UNITED STATES MORTGAGE & TRUST COMPANY

B'way at 73rd St. 55 Cedar St. 125th St. at 8th Ave.

Statement of Condition December 31, 1915

Assets

New York City and State Bonds	$ 3,310,964.77
Securities due, one to five years	4,710,985.30
Other Bonds and Stocks	9,645,899.36
Time Loans	13,381,609.04
Bills, Notes and Acceptances Purchased	8,967,584.16
Demand Loans and Loans due in thirty days	14,206,916.96
Cash on Hand and in Bank	23,135,887.32
Clearing House Exchanges	7,024,620.97
Foreign Exchange	678,842.99
Advances to Trusts	3,594.76
Mortgages	8,846,067.77
Real Estate	20,758.81
Accrued Interest Receivable	630,837.57
	$94,564,560.78

Liabilities

Capital	$ 2,000,000.00
Surplus	4,000,000.00
Undivided Profits	241,608.11
Reserve for Taxes, etc.	278,736.53
Deposits	76,786,034.58
Treasurer's Checks	3,084,767.87
Mortgage Trust Bonds	7,977,500.00
Accrued Interest Payable	195,913.69
	$94,564,560.78

DIRECTORS

NICHOLAS BIDDLE	HENRY R. ICKELHEIMER	EBEN B. THOMAS
CHARLES S. BROWN	WILLIAM A. JAMISON	JAMES TIMPSON
BURNS D. CALDWELL	LOUIS C. KRAUTHOFF	GUY E. TRIPP
LEWIS L. CLARKE	JULIUS KRUTTSCHNITT	ARTHUR TURNBULL
THOMAS DEWITT CUYLER	ROBERT OLYPHANT	CORNELIUS VANDERBILT
CHARLES D. DICKEY	MORTIMER L. SCHIFF	GEORGE G. WARD
ALLEN B. FORBES	ELBRIDGE G. SNOW	WILLIAM R. WILLIAMS
DONALD G. GEDDES	HENRY TATNALL	JOHN W. PLATTEN

OFFICERS

JOHN W. PLATTEN	President	CALVERT BREWER	Vice-President
CARL G. RASMUS	Vice-President	FRANK J. PARSONS	Vice-President
JOSEPH ADAMS	Treasurer	ALEXANDER PHILLIPS	Secretary
HENRY L. SERVOSS	Ass't Treasurer	T. W. B. MIDDLETON	Ass't Secretary
HARRY W. HADLEY	Ass't Treasurer	WILLIAM T. LAW	Ass't Secretary
CHAUNCEY B. MURPHEY	Ass't Treasurer	RALPH L. CEREBO	Ass't Secretary

Member New York Clearing House Association

Achievement in Banking

is best told in figures. The condensed report of condition of this Trust Company is the strongest argument we can advance to convince business men of the success and growing resources of this organization.

JANUARY 1, 1916

Resources

New York State and City Bonds	$4,014,000.00
Other Stocks and Bonds	9,253,626.35
Bonds and Mortgages	1,263,683.33
Loans and Bills Purchased	38,924,614.43
Real Estate	78,587.50
Accrued Interest Receivable	293,613.05
Cash on Hand and in Banks	11,705,969.03
	$65,534,093.69

Liabilities

Capital	$2,000,000.00
Surplus and Undivided Profits (Earned)	*6,255,748.38
Deposits	57,188,436.02
Accrued Interest Payable	48,683.46
Reserved for Taxes and Rent	41,225.83
	$65,534,093.69

**Less dividend.*

Deposits, Jan. 1, 1914 .... $19,051,628
Deposits, Jan. 1, 1916 57,188,436

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
George C. Van Tuyl Jr., President
49 Wall Street

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY

26 BROAD STREET

OTTO T. BANNARD, *President*

MORTIMER N. BUCKNER, FREDERICK J. HORNE, JAMES DODD, Treasurer, HERBERT W. MORSE, Secretary. } Vice Presidents.

CHARLES E. HAYDOCK, ARTHUR S. GIBBS, H. WALTER SHAW, MONTROSE STUART. } Asst. Secretaries.

TRUSTEES

OTTO T. BANNARD	F. N. HOFFSTOT	E. PARMALEE PRENTICE
S. READING BEETRON	ARTHUR CURTISS JAMES	EDMUND D. RANDOLPH
JAMES A. BLAIR	FREDERIC B. JENNINGS	NORMAN P. REAM
MORTIMER N. BUCKNER	WALTER JENNINGS	DEAN SAGE
JAMES G. COLGATE	CHAUNCEY KEEP	R. AYMAR SANDS
ROBERT W. de FOREST	JOHN C. McCALL	JOSEPH J. SLOCUM
JOHN B. DENNIS	JOHN MITCHELL	JOHN W. STERLING
JOSEPH P. GRACE	JAMES PARMELEE	JAMES STILLMAN
BENJAMIN S. GUINNESS	GEORGE W. PERKINS	MYLES TIERNEY
	HENRY C. PHIPPS	

Statement, January 1st, 1916

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Cash in Office & Banks	$19,483,122.14	Capital Stock	$3,000,000.00
Loans on Collateral	46,967,713.24	Surplus & Undivided Profits	11,947,984.63
Bills Purchased	6,110,100.52	Deposits	76,043,794.73
Stocks & Bonds (Market Value)	14,505,045.25	Cheques Outstanding	1,543,161.33
Bonds & Mortgages	2,507,886.65	Reserved for Taxes	87,000.00
Real Estate	356,735.24	Interest Payable	79,419.73
Exchanges for Clearing House	2,300,740.17	Acceptances Outstanding (Per Contra)	500,000.00
Interest Receivable	587,047.35		
Customers' Liability Under Acceptances	500,000.00		
	$93,107,390.56		$93,107,390.56

Member of The New York Clearing House Association

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION.

The Franklin Society

The Franklin Society announces its semi-annual cash dividend at the usual rate of Four and One-Half Per Cent. per annum on all savings share accounts of $10 to $5,000. This is the society's

54th Consecutive Dividend

SECURITIES.—First Mortgages (in small amounts) on dwellings in New York City and vicinity, non-speculative.

Bank Department Supervision.

Even a dollar starts an account. Thousands of investors, large and small. SIMPLE MAILING SYSTEM. Accounts of $10 or more opened on or before Jan'y 10 earn from date opened. Begin now or write for Booklet A.

THE FRANKLIN SOCIETY FOR HOME BUILDING AND SAVINGS 32 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

4½ PER CENT

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY.
59 Liberty Street.
New York, January 4, 1916.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on Wednesday, January 19, 1916, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of the Company, No. 59 Liberty Street, New York City, for the purpose of electing five Directors, to serve for the term of four years, and also three Inspectors of Election, to serve at the next Annual Election, and of approving all action taken by the Board of Directors since the last Annual Meeting of Stockholders, and of transacting such other business as may come before the meeting. ORLAND S. ISBELL, Secretary.

SAVINGS BANKS.

American Savings Bank
115 WEST 42D ST.
(Bet. Broadway & Sixth Ave.)
Hours 9 to 4; also Mondays 6 to 8 P. M.
Dividend at rate of 3½% per annum.
Deposits to Jan. 10th, 1916, draw interest from Jan. 1, 1916.
WM. M. CAMPBELL, Pres. DAVID ORR, Sec'y. WM. M. HAZELTON, Treas.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

THE STATE BANK

at the close of business on the 31st day of December, 1915.

RESOURCES.

Stock and bond investments, viz.:		
Public securities, (book value, $2,856,578;) market value		$2,855,578.00
Private securities, (book value, $6,204,260.07;) market value		6,205,667.07
Real estate owned		1,898,665.58
Mortgages owned		2,024,658.48
Loans and discounts secured by bond and mortgage, deed or other real estate collateral		502,225.00
Loans and discounts secured by other collateral		1,982,546.19
Loans, discounts and bills purchased not secured by collateral		7,021,181.48
Overdrafts		4,208.51
Due from approved reserve depositaries, less amount of offsets, $4,128,705.15		
Due from trust companies, banks and bankers not included in preceding item	658,966.68	4,784,671.83
Specie		2,895,471.15
United States legal-tender notes and notes of national banks		775,000.00
Federal Reserve notes		25,000.00
Cash items, viz.:		
Exchanges and checks for next day's clearings $954,716.07		
Other cash items 206,200.42	1,160,916.49	
Other assets, viz.:		
Furniture and fixtures $35,867.75		
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date 83,000.00		
U. S. documentary stamps 466.04	124,883.79	
Total		$30,558,548.92

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock		$1,500,000.00
Surplus on market value:		
Surplus fund $300,000.00		
Undivided profits 257,492.68	557,492.68	
Surplus on book value, $540,135.68.		
Deposits:		
Preferred as follows:		
Deposits by the State of New York	$80,000.00	
Deposits by the Superintendent of Banks of State of New York	8,756.42	
Other deposits secured by a pledge of assets	267,410.45	
Not preferred as follows:		
Deposits subject to check	10,966,822.52	
Time deposits, certificates, and other deposits the payment of which cannot legally be required within 30 days	25,864.12	
Demand certificates of deposit	118,928.14	
Deposits withdrawable only on presentation of passbooks	15,958,171.17	
Cashiers' checks outstanding, including similar checks of other officers	804,263.08	
Certified checks	106,681.72	
Unpaid dividends	45,000.00	
Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	274,823.62	
Total deposits		28,182,206.24
Other liabilities, viz.:		
Mortgages on real estate owned	$245,800.00	
Accrued interest not entered on books at close of business on above date	2,800.00	
Estimated unearned discounts	70,750.00	318,850.00
Total		$30,558,548.92

SAVINGS BANKS.

EXCELSIOR SAVINGS BANK

The Trustees have ordered interest credited to depositors and entitled thereto under the by-laws, on Jan. 1, 1916, at the rate of **4%** per Annum on all sums of $5 and upward to $5,000, payable on and after Jan. 17, 1916.

Deposits made on or before Jan'y 10 will draw interest from Jan'y 1, 1916.

Accounts can be opened by mail. Booklet, "Banking by Mail," sent free.

WILLIAM J. ROOME, President.
JOHN C. GRISWOLD, Secretary.

23RD ST. N.E. COR. 6TH AVE

UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK
40th Street and 6th Avenue

An Interest Dividend (112th Consecutive) has been declared at the rate of

Three and One-Half Per Cent. per annum.

Credited January 1, 1916, and payable on and after Thursday, January 20, 1916, on all sums entitled thereto under the By-Laws.

Money deposited on or before January 10 draws interest from January 1, 1916.

Alex. P. W. Kinnan, President.
Francis M. Leake, Treasurer.
Frank F. Hazard, Secretary.

CITIZENS' SAVINGS BANK

56 AND 58 BOWERY, COR. CANAL ST.

111TH SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The trustees have ordered interest at the rate of **THREE AND ONE-HALF (3½) PER CENT.** per annum to be paid to depositors on and after January 17th on all sums of $5 and up to $3,000 which have remained on deposit for the three or six months ending December 31st, 1915, in accordance with the by-laws and rules of the bank. Money deposited on or before January 10th will draw interest from January 1.

HENRY HASLER, President.
HENRY SAYLER, Secretary.
EMIL A. HUBER, Assistant Secretary.

NEW YORK SAVINGS BANK

N. W. Cor. 14th St. and 8th Avenue

Jan. 1, 1916, dividend at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws.

DEPOSITS MADE ON OR BEFORE JAN. 10TH WILL DRAW INTEREST FROM JAN. 1ST.

WILLIAM FELSINGER, President.
JAMES L. WANDLING, Treasurer.
WALTER B. BRINCKERHOFF, Sec'y.

THE BANK FOR SAVINGS

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK.
280 Fourth Avenue, Dec. 8th, 1915.

191D SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

The Board of Trustees has declared an interest dividend for the Six Months ending December 31st, 1915, at the rate of **THREE AND ONE-HALF PER CENT.** per annum on all sums of $5.00 and upward entitled thereto, and payable on and after January 20th, 1916. The dividend will be credited to depositors as principal January 1st, 1916. Deposits made on or before January 10th, 1916, will draw interest from January 1st, 1916. WALTER TRIMBLE, President. LEWIS B. GAWTRY, Secretary. JAMES KNOWLES, Comptroller.

IRVING SAVINGS INSTITUTION

115 CHAMBERS ST., N. Y.

The Trustees have declared a dividend for the six months ending Dec. 31st, 1915, at the rate of

FOUR PER CENT.

per annum on all sums from $5 to $3,000 entitled thereto under the by-laws, payable on and after January 17th, 1916.

Deposits made on or before Jan. 10th will draw interest from January 1st, 1916.

H. E. TENER, President.
GEORGE B. DUNNING, Secretary.

HARLEM SAVINGS BANK

125TH ST. AND LEXINGTON AVE.

The trustees have declared a semi-annual dividend at the rate of

3½ Per Cent. Per Annum

on all deposits entitled thereto according to the by-laws, from $5 up to $3,000, payable on and after Monday, Jan. 17th, 1916. Money deposited on or before Jan. 10th, 1916, will draw interest from Jan. 1st, 1916.

WILLIAM E. TROTTER, President.
THOMAS R. EBERT, Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

LEWIS & LOCKE.

WHEREAS, The general partnership heretofore existing between Thomas R. Lewis and William Locke, under the firm name of Lewis & Locke, has discontinued, and

WHEREAS, A new limited partnership has been formed under the laws of the State of New York, and a majority of the members of the aforesaid partnership of Lewis & Locke are members of said new limited co-partnership, and said new limited co-partnership desires to continue the use of the said firm name of Lewis & Locke,

NOW, THEREFORE, we, the undersigned, pursuant to Section 20 of the Partnership Law, do certify and declare that the only persons dealing or intending to deal under such firm name of Lewis & Locke are Thomas R. Lewis, whose place of residence is 47 Kensington Avenue, Jersey City, N. J., and William Locke, whose place of residence is 123 East 53rd Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, N. Y.; that the said Thomas R. Lewis is the General Partner of said firm, and the said William Locke is the Special Partner thereof, and that the principal place of business of said partnership is No. 100 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Dated the 3rd day of January, 1916.

THOMAS R. LEWIS,
WM. LOCKE.

STATE OF NEW YORK, COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.:

On this 3rd day of January, 1916, before me personally appeared THOMAS R. LEWIS and WILLIAM LOCKE, to me known and known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged to me that they executed the same. JOHN J. TIERNEY, Notary Public, Kings Co., N. Y., No. 27; Reg. No. 6,018. Certificates filed: New York Co., N. Y., No. 81; Reg. No. 6,083; Bronx Co., N. Y., No. 1, Reg. No. 612.

PROPOSALS.

UTAH SECURITIES CORPORATION
Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes.

Pursuant to Article V. of the Trust Agreement dated September 14, 1912, made by Utah Securities Corporation with the undersigned as Trustee to secure the Ten-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Notes of the said Utah Securities Corporation, Guaranty Trust Company of New York, as Trustee thereunder, invites proposals in writing for the sale to it of the said notes at not exceeding 101 and accrued interest, for which purchase said Trustee has now on deposit One Million Four Thousand Five Hundred Thirty Dollars and Fifty-five Cents, ($1,004,530.55.).

Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at its office, 140 Broadway, New York City, until 12 o'clock, noon, on Tuesday, January 18, 1916.

Notice of purchase of notes will be mailed on January 18, 1916, and the notes so purchased must be delivered to the undersigned before the close of business on January 25, 1916, on which date interest will cease.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
CHARLES H. SABIN, President.

Dated January 4, 1916.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

LEWIS & LOCKE.

We, the undersigned, being desirous of forming a limited partnership, pursuant to the Statutes of the State of New York, do hereby certify:

FIRST: The name or firm under which said partnership is to be conducted is LEWIS & LOCKE, and the principal place of business of said partnership is to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City, County, and State of New York.

SECOND: The general nature of the business intended to be transacted by such partnership is the transaction of a general business as merchants in the purchase and sale of gloves.

THIRD: The names of all general and special partners interested in the said partnership, all of whom are of full age, and their respective places of residence are as follows:

Thomas R. Lewis, general partner, who resides at 47 Kensington Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

William Locke, special partner, who resides at 123 East 53d Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and State of New York.

FOURTH: The said William Locke has contributed the sum of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars ($25,000) in actual cash as capital to the common stock of said partnership.

FIFTH: The said partnership is to commence on the 3d day of January, 1916, and will terminate on the 31st day of December, 1916.

Dated, New York, January 3, 1916.

THOMAS R. LEWIS.
WM. LOCKE.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this third day of January, 1916, before me personally appeared THOMAS R. LEWIS and WILLIAM LOCKE, to me known and known to me to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

JOHN J TIERNEY, Notary Public.

Kings Co., N. Y., No. 27; Reg. No. 6018. Certificates filed: New York Co., N. Y., No. 81; Reg. No. 6083. Bronx Co., N. Y., No. 1. Reg. No. 612.

We beg to advise that the firm of Geo. V. Cox & Co. has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.

Geo. V. Cox.
Edwin Hoffman.

The firm of Cox, Paret & Co., Members of the New York Stock Exchange, has this day been formed to transact a general brokerage and investment business.

Geo. V. Cox,
Member New York Stock Exchange
Rob't L. Paret.
Wm. A. Taylor.

January 1st, 1916.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE INTERNATIONAL NICKEL CO.
New York, December 15, 1915.

A special meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at its principal offices, at Constable Hook, Bayonne, New Jersey, on Tuesday, the 18th day of January, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of (1) acting upon the proposition to amend, alter, and change the certificate of incorporation of this Company so as to reduce the par value of the shares of its common capital stock from $100 to $25 and to provide that at every election and whenever a vote, consent, or other action of stockholders is taken or required each holder of the six per cent. non-cumulative preferred stock of the Company shall be entitled to one vote for each share of the common stock held by him; and (2) transacting such other and further business in connection therewith as may properly come before such meeting.

For the purpose of this meeting the stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, January 8, 1916, and remain closed until 10 A. M., on Wednesday, January 19, 1916.

By order of the Board of Directors.

AMBROSE MONELL, President.
JAMES L. ASHLEY, Secretary.

Office of
BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT CO.,
City of New York,
Borough of Brooklyn, December 29th, 1915.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company for the election of four (4) Directors to serve three (3) years, and of three (3) Inspectors of Election to serve at the next succeeding annual meeting, and for the purpose of transacting such other business as may be duly brought before the meeting, will be held at twelve o'clock noon on Friday, January 28th, 1916, at the office of the Company, 85 Clinton Street, Borough of Brooklyn, New York City. The polls will remain open for one hour. The Transfer Books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M. on January 4th, 1916, and will remain closed until 10 o'clock A. M. on the day immediately succeeding said stockholders' meeting.

J. H. BENNINGTON, Secretary.

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY.
115 Broadway, New York.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY for the election of Directors and the transaction of any other business which may come before the meeting will be held at the principal offices of the Company, No. 115 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 18th day of January, 1916, at 11 o'clock A. M.

The transfer books of the Company will be closed for ten days immediately preceding the meeting. HUBERT J. HEWITT, Secretary.

THE CORN EXCHANGE BANK.

The Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of The Corn Exchange Bank, New York City, for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly be brought before the meeting, will be held at the Banking House, 13 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, January 18th, 1916.

The polls will be open from 12 o'clock noon to 12:30 P. M.

EDWARD S. MALMAR, Cashier.

THE LIBERTY NATIONAL BANK OF NEW YORK
New York, December 10th, 1915.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it will be held at the banking house, No. 120 Broadway, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1916, from 12 o'clock noon to 1 o'clock P. M.

CHARLES W. RIECKS, Cashier.

GARFIELD NATIONAL BANK.
New York, December 31st, 1915.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors will be held at the banking house, Fifth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, on Tuesday, January 11, 1916, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 12 M.

A. W. SNOW, Cashier.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

The Market and Fulton National Bank
New York, December 29, 1915.

The Annual Election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the banking house on Tuesday, January 11th, 1916, from 12 o'clock M. to 1 o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. CARR, Cashier.

The American Exchange National Bank, New York
New York, Dec. 11, 1915.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the election of Directors will be held at its banking house, No. 128 Broadway, New York, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon. Polls open from 12 M. to 1:00 P. M.

ARTHUR P. LEE, Cashier.

BROOKLYN TRUST COMPANY,
177 Montague Street.
Borough of Brooklyn, N. Y.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this Company for the election of Trustees, of Inspectors of Election, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting, will be held at the office of the Company on Monday, January 10th, 1916, at 9 o'clock A. M.

Dated December 28th, 1915.

FREDERICK T. ALDRIDGE, Secretary.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE IN NEW YORK.
New York, December 9th, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the shareholders of the National Bank of Commerce in New York for the election of Directors will be held at its banking house, 31 Nassau Street, New York City, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1916, at 12 o'clock noon. The polls will be open from 12 o'clock to 1 P. M.

FARIS R. RUSSELL, Cashier.

THE BANK OF AMERICA.
New York, December 27th, 1915.

The Annual Election of Directors and Inspectors of Election of this Bank will be held at the banking house, Nos. 44 and 46 Wall Street, on Tuesday, January 11th, 1916. The polls will be opened at 1 o'clock P. M. and will be closed at 2 o'clock P. M. The transfer books will be closed from January 8th to January 12th.

W. M. BENNET, Cashier.

New York Produce Exchange Bank,
10 Broadway, New York City.
New York, Dec. 15, 1915.

The Annual Meeting of the stock

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD.

Fabian Building Figures in $1,000,000 Trade for East Side Dwellings—Eagle Pencil Company Buys East Side Loft Building—Syndicate Secures Stein Brewery Property for Garage Site.

The realty market opened the new year in an active manner yesterday with a deal involving midtown properties aggregating in value somewhat over $1,000,000. The larger end of the deal was the Fabian Building, a twelve-story loft structure at 151 to 163 West Twenty-sixth Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, being near the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue. The building was sold by Moses Crystal, who erected it about four years ago, to George A. Wheelock. It covers a plot 150 feet front by 107.6 and is fully rented, producing an aggregate income of $100,000 a year.

In part payment Mr. Wheelock gave the five old residences at 30 to 38 East Thirty-third Street, between Madison and Park Avenues. They cover a plot fronting 83.4 by 100 deep, adjoining on the East the Park Avenue Hotel. Mr. Crystal intends to improve the plot with a sixteen-story commercial building.

The Brett & Goode Company acted as brokers in the transaction. The Twenty-sixth Street building was assessed in 1915 at $680,000, and the Thirty-third Street property had an assessed valuation of $251,500.

Eagle Pencil Company Buys East Side Loft.

The Eagle Pencil Company has purchased from Honer B. Douglas and Gillian W. B. Bailey, as executrices and trustees of Rosalie G. F. Barr and William R. F. Barr, the five-story and basement loft building on a plot 88 by 100, located at 222 to 228 Avenue C, the southeast corner of Fourteenth Street.

This building has been occupied for a number of years by the Defender Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of white goods, and is now under lease to them to May 1, 1916.

The Eagle Pencil Company own the greater portion of the remainder of the block, and contemplate improving their property with modern fireproof structures. They have just completed on Thirteenth Street a modern ten-story building, into which they will move their executive offices from 377 Broadway about the middle of January. William A. White & Sons negotiated the sale.

Simpson-Crawford Store Sale.

The greater part of the property occupied by the old Simpson-Crawford store, on the west side of Sixth Avenue, between Nineteenth and Twentieth Streets, was sold at foreclosure yesterday in the Vesey Street room by Samuel Marx. The Equitable Life Assurance Society, the plaintiff in the action against the Simpson Realty Company bid in the two parcels for $600,000. The judgments amounted to about $875,000. The leasehold was knocked down for $5 to Thomas T. Grace, an attorney.

Syndicate Buys Stein Brewery Site for Big Garage.

A syndicate has purchased the property of the old Conrad Stein Brewery, on West Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Streets, near Tenth Avenue, as a site for a garage and repair shop. It was sold by the executors of the estate, and comprises 521 to 531 West Fifty-seventh Street, extending through to 518 to 524 and 525 West Fifty-eighth Street, fronting 150 feet on the former street, and measuring 100 and 25 feet, respectively, on the latter thoroughfare. A five-story flat occupies the lot at 518, the remainder of the site being vacant.

A Washington Place Deal.

Pepe & Brother have sold for Z. T. Piercy 110 Washington Place, a three-story and basement private house, on a lot 22 by 75 feet, to Dr. Legiarda Laura for occupancy.

Manhattan Tenement Traded for Bronx Lots.

The six-story new law tenement 519 to 521 East Seventy-sixth Street, on a plot 50 by 102.2 feet, has been sold to the J. F. M. Company by Abraham Berkowitz. In exchange the buyer gave a vacant plot, 315.9 by 103 irregular, on the south side of Powell Avenue, 288.5 feet west of Pugsley Avenue, in the Bronx.

Bronx Sales.

Kurz & Uren have sold for H. D. Young the four-story double apartment house located on the northwest corner of 163d Street and Sheridan Avenue, known as 195 East 163d Street, 30 by 69.2, and for Claudius D. Claussen 236 East 165th Street, near Grant Avenue, a five-story new law tenement, 45 by 81.99 feet. The buyers are investors.

James A. Barry sold 2448 Hamilton Avenue, a two-story frame dwelling, 25 by 207, between 169th and 170th Streets, to Gustave A. Beckman, who holds title to the similar house at 1,346, adjoining.

Brooklyn.

R. A. Schlesing sold 1,861 Myrtle Avenue, Ridgewood, a four-family house, for John and Emilie Menge to John Gliebe for investment.

The Bulkley & Horton Company has sold 72 Adelphi Street, a two-story and basement frame dwelling between Myrtle and Park Avenues, for A. J. Gilson to a client for investment.

The Realty Associates sold 376 Keap Street, plot containing 4,000 square feet, to the Ross Building Company.

Frank A. Seaver & Co. sold the two-story and basement two-family brick house, 434 Sixty-third Street, for Emma Borland to a client for occupancy.

A Bronx-Jersey Trade.

Irving H. Wolfe sold for William Holman Smith the five-story apartment house, 760 East 182d Street, southeast corner of Prospect Avenue, to Dr. Leo Gieberich. In part payment the buyer gave two plots—one on Anderson Avenue and another on Bluff Road, Palisade, N. J.

Joseph P. Day Syndicate to Rebuild Famous Manhattan Beach Baths.

A syndicate headed by Joseph P. Day, Nicholas F. Brady, Albert H. Wiggin, and Louis L. Clarke is the buyer of the famous Manhattan Beach Baths, sold last week by the Manhattan Beach Estates.

The property consists of a plot fronting 900 feet on the ocean and extending from Ocean Avenue to Hastings Street and along the Oriental Boulevard.

Mr. Day stated last evening that the syndicate would begin at once the erection of the largest and finest bathing pavilion on the Atlantic Coast.

The deal involves close to $500,000.

$100,000 Parish House for Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church.

Plans have been filed for the construction of a seven-story fireproof parish house for the Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church at 921 and 923 Madison Avenue. It will contain a swimming pool in the basement, as well as a large clubroom, a gymnasium and four classrooms on the second floor, another gymnasium and eight classrooms on the third floor, and four large classrooms on the fourth floor.

The fifth floor is as yet unassigned. Bedrooms will be located on the sixth floor and living apartments on the seventh floor, as well as a roof garden on the roof. James Gamble Rogers is the architect, and has estimated the cost at $100,000.

Block Front Apartment Hotel for Park Avenue.

The Thirty-three East Forty-eighth Street Realty Company, Inc., composed of George Backer, Emanuel Arnstein, and Samuel Levy, is to erect a thirteen-story apartment hotel on a plot fronting 200.10 on Vanderbilt Avenue which is to be extended as a private street, 100 feet on Forty-eighth Street and 40 feet on Forty-ninth Street.

This property has been leased from the New York Central and the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroads. The plans, which were prepared by Warren & Wetmore, show facades of limestone, red brick, and terra cotta in the style of English Colonial. Albert B. Ashforth negotiated the transaction.

Commercial Leases.

William D. Bloodgood & Co., Inc., leased for the Kompesula Realty Company the store and basement at 104 West Forty-fifth Street to Osias Glantz for a period of years.

Heil & Stern, in conjunction with F. & G. Pflomm, have leased for the Broadway-Thirty-fifth Street Realty Company in the building 1,333 Broadway, covering the block front from Thirty-fifth to Thirty-sixth Streets, the entire eleventh and twelfth floors, comprising about 50,000 square feet of space. The lessees are E. J. Wile & Co., manufacturers of misses' and children's coats and suits, who have been located on lower Fifth Avenue for many years. The lease is for a long term of years at an aggregate rental of about $200,000.

M. & L. Hess, Inc., have leased for the Twenty-ninth Street Realty Company the fourth and fifth floors at 134-140 West Twenty-ninth Street, containing 20,000 square feet, to the Defiance Manufacturing Company.

The Real Estate Management Company has leased to Samuel Rosenberg for the estate of William L. Loew the store and basement, together with large space in the rear, at 2,680 Broadway, for a term of years.

Pease & Elliman have leased for the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company the northerly store and basement of their building at 1,871 to 1,875 Broadway, between Sixty-first and Sixty-second Streets, to Senior Brothers, Eastern distributors of the Pathfinder and Jackson cars.

Realty Notes.

Leo S. Bing has retired from the firm of Bing & Bing, realty operators.

Justice Ford has appointed Henry Brady receiver of rents pending foreclosure proceedings on the premises 300 East Fifty-fifth Street. Receiver Brady, as executor, is plaintiff in the action.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Samuel Marx.

19th St, n s, 153.3 ft w of 6th Av, 100.8x184 to 20th St x100x irregular, part of seven-story building to the plaintiff for $400,000; also 6th Av, n w corner of 19th St, 63.8x153.3, part of seven-story building, leasehold; to Thomas T. Grace for $5; also 19th St, 253.11 ft w of 6th Av, 122.10x92, ten-story building; to the plaintiff for $200,000; Equitable Life Assurance Society against Simpson Realty Co. et al.; Alexander & G., attorneys; J. A. Farrell, referee; due, $872,272.15; taxes, &c., $12,-979.68.

By Joseph P. Day.

114th St, 350 East, s, 125 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100.11, four-story flat; D. C. Moran and another, executors, against Victor Quarelli et al.; Bowers & S., attorneys; M. M. Sittenfeld, referee; due, $24,909.24; taxes, &c., $440; to the plaintiff for $24,500.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By James J. Donovan.

North St., s s, 15 ft e of Davidson Av, 50x100, vacant; Kate Oberschamer against Lyndridge Realty Co.; Norbert Blank, attorney; H. K. Davis, referee; due, $4,419.66; taxes, &c., $333.50; to the plaintiff for $2,000.

TODAY'S AUCTION SALES.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.

By Joseph P. Day.

26th St, 127 to 133 West, n s, 287.6 ft w of 6th Av, 87.5x98.2; twelve-story loft building; Thomashaus and another against M. D. H. Co. et al.; Leon Lamuth stein, attorney; P. H. Gregory, referee; due $68,989.49.

144th St, 140 and 142 West, s s, 375 ft w of Lenox Av, 40.1x99.11; six-story flat; L. S. Mack, attorney, against A. Meyer, referee; due, $7,749; taxes, &c., $967.10; prior mortgage, $34,500.

27th St, 49 to 55 West, n s, 100 ft e of 6th Av, 100x98.9, ten-story Hotel Earlington; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and City Investing Co. against Seventy-second Street Co. et al.; Woodford, B. & B., attorneys; S. S. Koenig, referee; amount due, $395,-174.24; taxes, &c., $9,415.80.

Cherry St, 402.6, w s, 203.9 ft n of Scammel St, 64.1x97.8; three three-story frame houses; Union Trust Co. against G. E. Relyea et al.; Miller, K. L. & T., attorneys; Carl Ehlermann, Jr., referee; due, $21,376.99; taxes, &c., $586.50.

9th St, 733 East, n s, 268 ft w of Avenue D, 25x92.3; five-story tenement; Joseph Bulova against Hermann Rosenbaum et al.; F. E. M. Bullowa, attorney; T. A. Hardy, referee; due, $3,261.40; taxes, &c., $226.05.

38th St, 207 West, n s, 67 ft w of 7th Av, 20x90; three-story house; Bond Mortgage and Securities Co. against Edmund Coffin et al.; Geller, R. & H., attorneys; R. M. Miller, referee; due, $36,834.47; taxes, &c., $470.12.

By Henry Brady.

16th St, 617 East, n s, 203 ft e of Avenue B, 25x82; five-story flat; K. V. H. Allen and another, executors, against Romney Realty Co. et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; E. C. Dusenbury, referee; due, $14,980.14; taxes, &c., $922.70.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.

By Joseph P. Day.

Prospect Av., 2,111, w s, 115.7 ft s of 181st St, 20x66; two-story frame house; M. F. Vandewater against Antonio Gallani et al.; J. A. Lane, attorney; E. S. Booth, referee; due, $4,311.08; taxes, &c., $90.34.

Washington Av, 2,137, w s, 75 ft n of 181st St, 18.11x145, three-story frame dwelling; City Real Estate Co. against Rafmo Realty Co. et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; A. N. Giegerich, referee; due, $4,947.72; taxes, &c., $138.30.

Washington Av, 2,141, w s, 112.6 ft n of 181st St, 18.6x145; three-story frame dwelling; New York Investors' Corporation against same; same attorney; Isidor Weis, referee; due, $4,949.04; taxes, &c., $138.30.

Carpenter Av, 3,981, w s, 264 ft n of 224th St, 24.9x105, dwelling; W. C. Arnold against Gustave Blass et al.; W. C. Arnold, attorney; Edmund Hurley, referee; due, $3,921.78; taxes, &c., $114.88.

By Henry Brady.

Townsend Av, w s, 178.8 ft n of 172d St, 80.7x62.4x irregular; E. L. Brown against J. A. Woolf et al.; Leon Wolf et al., attorney; J. B. Harrison, referee; due, $1,-450.56; taxes, &c., $302.13.

Jerome Av, e s, 194 ft n of 172d St, 5.21x 120.10, irregular; same against same; Action 2; same attorney and referee; due, $1,512.07; taxes, &c., $1,227.

Grand Boulevard, w s, 58.12 ft n of Hawkstone St, 20.5x52.11x irregular; A. R. Crosbin against J. J. Bannan et al.; Harold Swain, attorney; J. B. Harrison, referee; due, $483.69; taxes, &c., $2,394.

By J. H. Mayer.

Westchester Av, s s, 379 ft e of Blondell Av, 194.7x302.2 to Pelham Road x100x218.5; also Westchester Av, n s, 822.7 ft e of Blondell Av, 194.7x33 to Westchester Hill Pond; K. D. Arnold against H. C. Henderson and another, executors, et al; W. C. Arnold, attorney; E. B. Cohen, referee; due, $5,381.01; taxes, &c., $1,397.89.

By James J. Donovan.

Webster Av, 2,715, w s, 200 ft n of 195th St, 25x100.5, frame hall; A. J. Dalton against Fordham Arcanum Building and Land Ass'n et al; E. F. Moran, attorney; W. J. McKeown, referee; due, $5,549.56; taxes, &c., $1,234.86.

Prospect Av, w s, 13.7 ft s of Garden St, 94.1 x35.2x87.2; C. S. Dashiell against M. A. Broyer et al.; W. C. Arnold, attorney; J. A. Gainey, referee; due, $2,114.06; taxes, &c., $504.41.

Carpenter Av, e s, 150 ft n of 234th St, 25x 105.5; dwelling; C. Koch and another against J. H. Christopher et al; Hirleman & V., attorneys; T. E. Clocke, referee; due, $1,216.94; taxes, &c, $298.38.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

4th Av, n w corner of 28th St, for a sixteen-story store and office building, 94x78; Hasco Building Co., 245 West 55th St, owner; W. Haefeli, 245 West 55th St, architect; cost, $500,000.

Madison Av, 921 and 923, for a seven-story parish house, 47x100; Madison Avenue Presbyterian Church premises, owner; J. G. Rogers, 470 4th Av, architect; cost, $100,000.

Haven Av, w s, 300 ft n of 179th St, for a five-story tenement, 75x87.8; Filrose Construction Co., 92 Haven Av, owner; Gronenberg & Leuchtag, 303 5th Av, architects; cost, $70,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

Wall St, 37 to 43, to a twenty-five-story bank and offices; Equitable Trust Co., premises, owner; Kimball & Roosa, 71 Broadway, architects; cost, $20,000.

Avenue D, 189 to 141, to a six-story factory; A. Lichtenstein, 135th St and Willow Av, owner; cost, $12,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, JAN. 3.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

AUDUBON AV, 214, s w corner of 176th St, 93.7x100; Herleon Realty Co. to Erie Basin Improvement Co., 100 Broadway, mtg $119,-000, Dec. 30; attorneys, Hatch & C., 100 Broadway $100

CHERRY ST, 152, n s, 20.2x132.2x irregular; Max Zion to Lizzie Zion, his wife, 651 Fox St, mtg $9,500, Jan. 3; attorney, A. Rosenblum, 320 Broadway $100

CEDAR ST, n s, 84.3 ft e of Greenwich St., runs 45.1x n 59.1x w 10.9x n 52.11 to s s of Liberty St, x w 45.1 to point 44.4 e of Greenwich St, x s 52.5x e 6.5x s 60.5 to beg; Metropolitan Life Ins. Co. to 406 West 31st St. Co., 259 West 34th St., mtg. $350,000, all liens, c. a. g., Dec. 31; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $100

MADISON AV, 148, w s, 24.9 ft s of 32d St., 24.8x94.8; Louise E. Monnot, 190 Rue Becon, Courbevoie, Seine, France, to Chas. Remsen, Ramsonupg, Southampton, L. I., Dec. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $1

LENOX AV, 557, w s, 49.11 ft n of 138th St, 25x75; Ray Dressner to Chas. Tschanett, 546 West 148th St, mtg $5,000, c. a. g., all liens, Dec. 31; attorney, H. H. Holbut, 1,511 3d Av $300

PINEHURST AV, corner 180th St, Plot 7, Map 1,338 of Fort Washington and Buena Vista Syndicates; Ardolas Co. to Bernhard Meyer, 41 East 72d St, mtg $150,000, all liens, Dec. 31; attorneys, Weil & M., 5 Beekman St. $1

WEST END AV, 306, e s, 42.2 ft n of 74th St., 20x70; Ella C. Pray, Passaic, N. J., to Paterno Const. Co. 2,255 Broadway, mtg $16,000, all liens, Jan. 3; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway $100

WEST END AV, n e corner of 101st St, 100.11x100; Canavan Investing Co. to Samuel Borchardt, 340 West 86th St, mtg $177,500, Jan. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

2D AV, 2,491, w s, 75 ft n of 127th St, 24.11x 100; Rose Rofrano and another to Lucy J. O'Connell, 2,403 Valentine Av, mtg $9,000, Dec. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $100

8TH AV, 2,174, e s, 50.11 ft n of 17th St, 25x 100; Leo Levy, Chester, Penn., to Blaine Realty Co., Inc., 569 West 150th St, mtg $20,000, Dec. 31; attorney, Samuel C. Steinhardt, 50 Broad St. $1

12TH ST, s s, 275 ft e of 2d Av, runs 100.10x w25xn100.10 to beg; errors in description; Frederico Cincotti to Lawrence Clofft, 247 East 115th St., mtg $21,500, July 1, 1915; address 2,149 2d Av. $100

18TH ST, s s, 154.8 ft e of 2d Av, 20.8x78; The Realty Circle to Stephen Burkard, 53 Sunnyside Av, Brooklyn, mtg $10,000, all liens, Dec. 31; attorney, M. Marx, 1,128 Myrtle Av, Brooklyn .....Exchange

54TH ST, 424 West, s s, 175 ft e of 10th Av, 25x61.2x25.1x56.3; Herbert W. Day and another to Day & Meyer, Inc., mtg $7,500, all liens, Dec. 31; attorney, Harold C. Mitchell, 165 Broadway $100

113TH ST, n s 140 ft w of 3d Av, 20x100.11; Delia A. Curley to John J. Curley, 454 St. Nicholas Av, mtg $10,000, Dec. 30 .....$1

121ST ST, 124 West, s s, 280 ft w of Lenox Av, 20x100.11; Matilda G. Tinker to Hannah Michel, 122 West 121st St, mtg $12,000, Dec. 31; attorney, Morton Stein, 46 Cedar St..$100

133D ST, 28 West, s s, 360 ft w of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Henry Taylor to James C. Thomas, 89 West 134th St, or 203 Broadway, mtg $19,750, Dec. 31 .....$100

135TH ST, 174 West, s s, 250 ft e of 7th Av, 25x99.11; Nathan Coleman to Nacol Realty Co., 1,133 Broadway, Dec. 31; attorneys, Myers & S., 290 Broadway $100

Bronx.

BOSTON ROAD, 1,057, w s, 37.5x123.4; Rae Marcus to Anton Antrosch, 690 3d Av, Dec. 21; attorney, Max Monfried, 299 Broadway.$1

SAME PROPERTY; Anton Antosch to Anna Bodner, 243 East 18th St, mtg $30,000, Dec. 30; attorney, same $1

CROTONA PARK EAST, s s, 163.5 ft w of Wilkins Av, 41.3x124.5; aslo Crotona Park East, s s, 308.6 ft e of Prospect Av, 41.1x 127.1; Wolf Burland to Mt. Mintern Construction Co., 440 Tremont Av, mtg $35,250, Dec. 31; attorney, B. F. Gerding, 1,901 Bathgate Av. $1

INWOOD AV, w s, 345 ft s of 170th St, 175.7 to Cromwell Av x30.5x s e to centre line of creek x n e x w — x n 101.2 x 76.11x122.3 to 170th St x102.8x345; Erie Basin Improvement Co. to Simon E. Ossorman, 1,231 Park Av, Dec. 29; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway..$100

LOTS 33 and 34, map of subdivision of Plot 23, map of Clason Point; Frances Squillanti to Hudson P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St, Dec. 28; attorney, H. P. Rose Co., 7 West 45th St. $1

PALISADE AV, w s, 179.9 ft n of 254th St, 109.6x irregular; Thomas A. Buckner to George W. Perkins, on Independence Av, Riverdale, N. Y., mtg $10,000, Dec. 15; attorney, H. N. Bottome, 346 Broadway..$100

PARK AV, e s, 54.7 ft n of 152d St, 24.9x 77.3; Angelina Montelone to Angelina Sgottieri, 2,948 Park Av, mtg $7,000, Dec. 30; attorney, P. Carrington, 200 Broadway..$100

SHERIDAN AV, n w corner of 163d St, 30.8x 69.3; Herman D. Junge to Amanda F. Buttner, 1,143 Longfellow Av, mtg $14,000, Dec. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

TRINITY AV, w s, 153 ft s of 140th St, 40x 66.3; Frances M. Riehe to Tommasso Costanzo, 605 Jackson Av, mtg $2,500, Dec. 31; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $100

TRINITY AV, 778, e s, 51x98.6; Polatschek-Spencer Realty Co. to Joseph H. Schwartz, 77 West 115th St, mtg $47,500, Dec. 31; attorney, Louis M. Levin, 302 Broadway..$100

WEST ST, n s, 25.6 ft e of Mohegan Av, 25x65; John W. O'Neil to Lena Reicher, 785 Tremont Av, mtg $4,000 Dec. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

WEST ST, s s, 78.4 ft e of Mohegan Av, 50x 42.10; George B. Hayes, referee, to Charles F. Garrecht, 1,170 Clay Av, Dec. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $12,825

3D AV, n e corner of 165th St, 82x96.7; Myron Sulzberger, referee, to John K. McAfee, 339 West 84th St, Dec. 31; attorneys, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $62,400

137TH ST, 876 East, s s, 25x100; James C. Brady, referee, to Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $2,125

149TH ST, s s, 100.8 ft w of Morris Av, 99.4x 86.6; Amanda M. Buttner to Levi M. Scoville, 263 West 132d St, mtg $12,000, Dec. 31; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

165TH ST, 236 East, s s, 45x irregular; Claudius D. Clausson to Amanda F. Buttner, 1,143 Longfellow Av, mtg $30,000, Dec. 30; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

AMSTERDAM AV, w s, 24.11 ft s of 131st St, 37.6x100; David Chernoff to Harry Meyer, 560 West 160th St, Jan. 3, prior mtg $31,000, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Ellis V. Levy, 309 Broadway $5,000

CEDAR ST, n s, 34.3 ft e of Greenwich St, 45.11x irregular, to s s of Liberty St x45.1 x irregular; Title Guarantee & Trust Co., 1 Madison Av, Dec. 31, 5 years, 4 p. c.; attorneys, Woodford, B. & B., 1 Madison Av $350,000

HENRY ST, s s, 70.7 ft e of Clinton St, 20 x100, prior mtg $28,000; Midbar Holding Co. to David C. Fischer, at South Norwalk, Conn., Dec. 30, due Jan. 3, 1918, 6 p. c.; attorney, H. M. Phillips, 281 Broadway $5,000

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 65.6 ft s of 57th St, 35x90; Odell Realty Co. to N. Y. Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, Jan. 3, 3 years, 5½ p. c. $35,000

3D AV, s e corner of 104th St, 20x100; Flow Realty Co. to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St, Jan. 3, 5 years; attorney, Edward J. McGuire, 61 Chambers St. $20,000

71ST ST, 124 East, s s, 233.4 ft e of Park Av, 16.8x100.5, Emily C. Mulligan to Mutual Life Insurance Co., 59 Cedar St, Jan. 3, due &c., as per bond $20,000

97TH ST, 160 West, s s, 244 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 18x100.14, prior mtg $9,000; Sterns F. Jones and another to Emma Honeywell, 360 East 18th St, Brooklyn, Dec. 31, due Jan. 1, 1921, 6 p. c. attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway $2,000

128TH ST, 71 West, n s, 19.3 ft e of Lenox Av, 18.9x99.11; Jacob Person to Margaret F. Donnelly, 71 West 128th St, Dec. 28, due Dec. 31, 1920, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Abbott & C., 29 Broadway $2,000

Bronx.

ADAMS PLACE, n e corner of 183d St, 100x 100; Charles H. Stonebridge to A. Oldrin Salter, 2,558 Creston Av, Aug. 23, due as per bond; attorney, A. O. Salter, 140 Nassau St. $10,000

HORNADAY PLACE, 866, s s, 50x42; Charles F. Garrecht to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, Dec. 31, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $8,000

MORRIS AV, w s, 100 ft n of 179th St, 75x 100; August Jacob Construction Co. to Helen V. Kelchner, trustee, Sharon, Conn., Dec. 31, 3 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $60,000

MORRIS AV, n w corner of 179th St, 175x 100; August Jacob Construction Co. to Robert J. Illhurtzer, 748 South Oak Drive, prior mtg $60,000, Dec. 31, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $8,500

TRINITY AV, 778, e s, 51x98.6; Polatschek-Spencer Realty Co. to Adaline Polatschek, 938 St. Nicholas Av, and another, prior mtg $47,500, Dec. 29, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, K. C. Polatschek, 938 St. Nicholas Av. $2,125

TRINITY AV, w s, 153 ft s of 149th St, 34x irregular; Tommaso Costanzo to Frances M. Riche, 482 Jackson Av, prior mtg $2,000, Dec. 31, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway $500

WEST ST, n s, 25.6 ft e of Mohegan Av, 25 x65; Lena Reicher to John W. O'Neil, Hollis, L. I., prior mtg $4,000, Dec. 31, installments, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $2,100

3D AV, n e corner of 165th St, 82x70.8 to Franklin Av x96.6x81.2; John K. McAfee to East River Savings Institution, 291 Broadway, Dec. 31, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway..359,600

149TH ST, s s, 100.8 ft w of Morris Av, 99.4x86.6; Levi M. Scoville to Columbia Trust Co., 60 Broadway, Dec. 31, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway $24,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Minnie A. Kurz, 951 Grant Av, prior mtg $24,000, Dec. 31, due as per bond; same attorney....$6,000

183D ST, n s s, 102.11 ft n w of 3d Av, 20x irregular; Josephine G. Scheuerman to Harry C. Bryan, 27 Westchester Av, White Plains, N. Y., Dec. 29, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, Harry C. Bryan, 499 Willis Av..$125

226TH ST, s s, 50 ft e of e s Lot 382, Map of Wakefield, 25x114; Royal Bronx Realty Co., Inc., to Fishkill Savings Institute, Fishkill, N. Y., Dec. 31, due April 1, 1919, interest as per bond; attorney, Charles H. Brechler, 1,126 Walker Av. $4,500

238TH ST, 120 East, s s, 25x100; Emilie Raestner and another to William Brandt, 540 West 156th St, Dec. 31, installments, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Meyers & Siegel, 61 Park Row $210

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,872, store; John W. Butler to Times Wine and Liquor Co., 3,355 Broadway, 5 years from March 1, 1915; attorney, A. L. Strasser, 100 Broadway $2,500

BROADWAY, 679, store and basement; William Lane to E. B. & L. Restaurant & Baking Co., Inc., 679 Broadway, 10 1-12 years from Dec. 31, 1915; attorney, Lind & Y., 46 Cedar St. $4,000

CLINTON ST, 67, store; Eugene L. Richards, trustee, to David Bernstein, 64 Clinton St, 5 years from Dec. 15, 1915 .....$1,200

LENOX AV, s w corner of 116th St, basement; Max Rosenblum to Alexander Lucas, 100 West 116th St, 10 years from May 1, 1916; attorney, Hy Amster, 135 Broadway $1,250

3D AV, 1,105, north store and basement; Emilie Mehlinch to Max Hurwitz, 1,105 3d Av, 3 years from Oct. 1, 1915 .....$480

33D ST, 308-314 East, all; Sarah Haas and another, executors, to Wolf Morgenrath and another, 172 Rivington St, 3 years from Jan. 1, 1916; attorney, Max Silberstein, 309 Broadway $3,452

47TH ST, 72 West, all; Annie F. Smith to S. J. Pullse, Inc., 74 West 47th St, 4 years from Oct. 1, 1915 .....$2,400

65TH ST, 242-244 East, all; Ferdinand Reinert to Hy S. Black, 200 East 64th St, 7 7-12 years from Sept. 1, 1924 .....$2,820

128TH ST, 155 East, all; Atalanta Realty Co. to Harlem Card and Paper Co., 259 East 125th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1916....$1,440

MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

DEPEW PLACE, Lexington Av, 42d St, and 45th St, block, &c.; Wright & Brown against New York Central & Hudson River Railroad Co., owner; John Pierce Co., contractor $351

PARK AV, 1,022; Hull, Grippen & Co. against Louis J. De Milhau, owner; Joe B. Acken, contractor, renewal $130

57TH ST, n w corner of 1st Av, 69.6x24.6; East River Mill and Lumber Co. against Joseph Spekteresky, owner; Sulverson Contracting Co., contractor $123

81ST ST, 105 East; Hull, Grippen & Co. against Frank Ludlow, owner; Jos. B. Acken, contractor, renewal $38

122 DST, 208 West; William Bornstein against Sadie Goldhammer, owner; Mr. and Mrs. S. D. Fefferman, contractor.....$189

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 1,680 to 1,684; William H. A. Horsfall against Amos F. Eno et al., Jan. 5, 1915 .....$6,775

MT. MORRIS PARK WEST, s w corner of 124th St; Joseph M. Millstein against Bernard Ratkowsky et al., Oct. 22, 1915...$800

STUYVESANT PLACE, n e corner of 9th St; Builders Iron Works against Hebrew Technical Institute et al., Nov. 16, 1915, by bond $1,202

10TH AV, s e corner of 41st St; John A. Marx against Joseph Garvey et al., June 2, 1915 .....$150

10TH AV, 554; same against same, June 24, 1915 .....$350

111TH ST, 66 to 70 East; Jacob M. Horn against John Citron et al., Oct. 25, 1915..$550

SAME PROPERTY; Bunt & Son against same, Oct. 25, 1915 .....$3,500

SAME PROPERTY; Samuel Aginsky against Cathedral Construction Co., Inc., et al., Oct. 27, 1915 .....$2,100

SAME PROPERTY; Louis Koslowitzky et al. against same, Oct. 28, 1915.....$832

Bronx.

179TH ST, s w corner of Lafontaine Av, 97.5x101.1; Louis Citron against William Aronstein & Bros. et al., Nov. 19, 1915..$77

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

LEXINGTON AV, 1,806; Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank against Charles E. Hutchison et al, amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'Gorman.

53D ST, n s, 274 ft e of 1st Av, 20x100.5; Alexander P. Hexamer against Edward G. Soltmann et al, foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Feiner & Maass.

60TH ST, n s, 400 ft e of 10th Av, 25x100.5; German Savings Bank in the City of New York against Hannah Lasser et al, foreclosure of mortgage attorney, H. Auerbach.

112TH ST, 261 West; Henry S. Bowron et al against Carrie Steiner et al, amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Schenck & Punnett.

120TH ST, s s, 175 ft e of Madison Av, 10x 100.11; Max B. May, executor, against Sophie Kresz et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wolf & Kohn.

Bronx.

BRONX BOULEVARD, w s, 254.5 ft n of Burke Av, 100x100.2; Newell Av, e s, 100 ft s of Elizabeth St, 50x125.2; Newell Av, e s, 200 ft s of Elizabeth St, 25x100; Newell Av, e s, 225 ft s of Elizabeth St, 25x100; Newell Av, e s, 250 ft s of Elizabeth St, 25x125.2; Newell Av, e s, 67.5 ft n of Burke Av, 100x 125.2; Newell Av, w s, 198.2 ft n of Burke Av, 50x172.7; Newell Av, w s, 150 ft s of Elizabeth St, 253.7x50; Elizabeth St, s w corner of Newell Av, 100x293.8; Parcel 26, (e c corner,) —x—; Sheet 1, Bronx Parkway Commission maps; Newell Av, n w corner of Elizabeth St, 54.4x68.1x irregular; Newell Av, e s, 489 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 25x 186.3; Newell Av, w s, 150.4 ft s of Julianna St, 50.4x150.1; Newell Av, w s, 150.4 ft s of Julianna St, 27x225.7; Newell Av, w s, 73.4 ft s of Julianna St, 25.8x247.9; Julianna St, s w corner of Newell Av, 44x100.3; Julianna St, n s, 125 ft w of Bronx Boulevard, 117.6x 107.2; Julianna St, n s, 125 ft w of Bronx Boulevard, 50x234.7; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 200.8 ft s of Julianna St, 100.2x100.4; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 150.6 ft s of Julianna St, 25.9x100.2; Newell Av, s e corner of Julianna St, 50.4x100; Newell Av, e s, 376.2 ft n of Elizabeth St, 25.8x125.2; Newell Av, e s, 351.1 ft n of Elizabeth St, 50.2x125.2; Newell Av, e s, 326.6 ft n of Elizabeth St, 50.3x 125.2; Newell Av, e s, 100.9 ft n of Elizabeth St, 75.2x125.2; Bronx Boulevard, e s, 389 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 75x91.7; Bronx Boulevard, e s, 464 ft s of Gun Hill Road, 46.8x 76.6; 231st St, s s, 35.2 ft e of Bronx Boulevard, 55.1x100.3; Bronx Boulevard, n e corner of Gun Hill Road, 10.4x237.4; Bronx Boulevard, n w corner of 213th St, 61.8x 401.9; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 150 ft n of 216th St, 50x50.6; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 200 ft n of 216th St, 50x50.6; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 250 ft n of 216th St, 50x50.6; 1st St, e s, 100 ft w corner of Parcel 37, 100x 94.9; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 416.9 ft s of 222d St, 80x104.9; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 125 ft n of 216th St, 25x50.5; Bronx Boulevard, n w corner of 222d St, 42.4x 100; 1st St, e s, 92.2 ft n of 222d St, 89.9x 150; 1st St, e s, 182.2 ft n of 222d St, 76.4x 154.3; Bronx Boulevard, n w corner of 224th St, 84.7x112; Bronx Boulevard, w s, 150 ft n of 224th St, 79.7x

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—The northeast disturbance has nearly disappeared, while the Pacific one has moved into the interior in the shape of a long east-west trough, with the principal centres over Wyoming and Western South Dakota.

Rains and snows from this storm continue west of the mountains, and the snow has extended into Montana. To the east marked high pressure prevails, with generally clear weather, except over the Northeast, where there were light snows.

It is considerably cooler in the Atlantic States as a whole, and low temperatures continue in the Northwest, but elsewhere temperatures are about the seasonable average, being close to normal in the vicinity of the low pressure area.

Fair weather will prevail Tuesday and Wednesday east of the Mississippi River, except in Northern New England, where there will be local snows Tuesday, and in the upper lake region, where snow is probable by Wednesday.

It will be warmer Wednesday quite generally over the interior districts.

Winds for Tuesday and Wednesday along the North Atlantic Coast will be diminishing northwest; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate to fresh northwest; South Atlantic Coast, moderate north and northeast.

FORECASTS: TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Eastern New York, Southern New England, New Jersey, and Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Western New York—Fair Tuesday. Wednesday cloudy and colder.

Northern New England—Fair Tuesday, except snow in Maine. Wednesday, fair.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1915.	1916.		1915.	1916.
8 A. M.	36	4 P. M.	28	37
9 A. M.	22	5 P. M.	26	34
10 A. M.	20	6 P. M.	24	31
11 A. M.	26	7 P. M.	22	31
12 M.	26	8 P. M.	22	31

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 36; for the corresponding date last year it was 24; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-six years, 31.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 34; at 8 P. M. it was 32. Maximum temperature, 40 degrees at 10 A. M.; minimum, 31 degrees at 9 P. M. Humidity, 86 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 54 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.95 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 30.11 inches.

FIRE RECORD.

8:10—4,044 3d Av.; Charles Fox.....$100
3:40—214 Pearl St.; M. Sacks & Co.....Not given
8:45—81-83 Rivington St.; Ida Liprownick.....Slight
10:20—247 Monroe St.; H. Levine.....Slight
10:45—158-160 Hester St.; Nathan & Co.$2,500
A. M.....Loss.
2:41—412 W. 17 St.; William Smith.....Slight
3:20—383 Grand St.; I. Michaelson.....Slight
9:20—69 Clinton St.; Sam'l Kaufman.....Slight
10:30—1,651 Bathgate Av.; B. Sudkin.....Slight
11:25—129 Greenwich St.; M. Engle Co.....Slight
P. M.
12:01—334 E. 9 St.; Henry Doell.....Slight
2:00—245 East B'way; Dr. Augustonslight
2:25—8 W. 118 St.; Isidore Gaston.....$500
3:45—15 Av. & 24 St.; Mrs. Slight
4:00—234 Monroe St.; M. Goldstein.....Slight
4:30—810 E. 152 St.; Standard Oiled Clothing Co.....$3,000
5:40—736 E. 8 Av.; Morris Roth.....Slight
6:00—37 W. 119 St.; Mrs. McCaffery.....Slight
6:30—1,362 Webster Av.; Julius Kinderman Ins. Co.....Slight
6:35—444 E. 141 St.; Charles Alberts.....Slight
6:45—1,947 B'way; Ruby Moore.....Slight
6:50—126 E. 14 St.; Timothy D. Sullivan estate.....None
6:55—1,111 Union Av.; N. Ideland.....$100
7:30—45 Washington St.; T. Steer & G. Anout.....Slight
8:40—B'way and 225th St.; (auto.) James Butler.....Slight

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

Army.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 3.—Capt. C. W. Haverkampf, M. C., is relieved from further duty at Ft. Jay, N. Y., and will report to Supt. of Military Academy for duty.

Orders for Nov. 13 amended to direct following officers of the C. A. C., upon arrival in U. S., to report to commanding officer of Coast Defenses indicated, for assignment: 1st Lts.: R. E. Guthrie, San Francisco, and E. L. Kelly, Long Island Sound.

Changes in C. A. C., effective Feb. 1: Capts.—J. T. Geary, from staff duty in Coast Defenses of San Francisco, and assigned to 57th Co., and C. A. Clark, from 57th Co. to unassigned, and report to commanding officer Coast Defenses of San Francisco, for duty on his staff.

The assignment of additional 2d Lt. J. H. C. Williams, 12th Inf., to that regiment as a 2d Lieut., to fill a vacancy, as announced.

1st Lt. J. M. Cummins, 16th Inf., from duty at the Clemson Agricultural College, S. C., Feb. 17, then to his regiment.

Orders of Sept. 30, relating to 1st Lt. J. W. Lyon, C. A. C., amended to take effect on or about March 1, instead of Jan. 1.

A board of M. C. officers to consist of Majs. L. A. Fuller and W. A. Reno and 1st Lt. O. M. O'Connor, Jr., is appointed to meet Jan. 10 at Ft. Des Moines, Iowa, to conduct preliminary examination of applicants for assignment in M. C.

Name of Capt. R. C. Caldwell, 6th Cav., to be detached, Dec. 31, and name of Capt. W. F. Martin, Cav., removed.

Capt. Martin is assigned to 2d Cav.

Maj. J. A. Dapray, retired, is detailed as Prof. of Military Science and Tactics at St. John's College, Washington, D. C.

Leaves: 1st Lt. R. L. Tilton, C. A. C., 2 months; Capt. W. H. Mapes, 25th Inf., 2 months; Capt. and Q. M. Chitty, 4th Cav., 2 months; 2d Lt. M. A. Palen, 25th Inf., 2 months; Maj. C. Young, 10th Cav., 2 months; Act. Dental Surgeon H. E. Kimble, 1 month; Capt. J. Longstreet, 6th Cav., 1 month's extension, and Maj. T. Q. Ashburn, C. A. C., 1 month.

Navy.

Lt. H. F. Emerson, the Petrel, to the Arkansas.

Ensigns: R. N. Blair and J. F. Bates, the Minnesota, to the Virginia, and W. L. Causey, the Virginia, to Boston Hospital.

Gunner F. Stinchcomb, Rec. Ship at Norfolk, to Rec. Ship at New York.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Alwyn and Melville at New York Yard, Chattanooga at Roseabank, Chattanooga at San Francisco, Cyclops at Cristobal, Farragut at San Pedro, Montana at Guantanamo, Orion at Hampton Roads, and Sacramento at Portsmouth, N. H.

Sailed—Baltimore and Lebanon, Charleston for Norfolk; Cleveland, Balboa for Corinto; Saratoga, Manila for Bremerton via Guam and Honolulu, and the Wilmington, Hongkong for Canton.

The G-3, now at Bridgeport, Conn., has been ordered to proceed to New York Yard.

The Saratoga, now en route from Manila for Bremerton, will leave Guam Jan. 10, and Honolulu Jan. 25, and will arrive at Puget Sound on Feb. 5.

The Jason, now at Norfolk, has been ordered to proceed to Philadelphia.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

An examination will be held at 1 P. M. today for Deputy Medical Superintendent, Grade 8 and 4, from the new twelve candidates.

The receipt of applications for charity applicant investigator will close at 4 P. M. on Jan. 14.

On the same day the receipt of applications for Chinese interpreter will be closed.

Civil service classes for the preparation of applicants, both men and women, for positions in the City, State and Federal service are being formed at Evening School 5, Tillary, Bridge, and Lawrence Streets, Brooklyn.

United States.

Commission announces for Feb. 2 an examination for trained nurse, for women only, to fill vacancies in the Indian Service at $720 a year and laundry of uniform. Competitors will be examined in anatomy and physiology, hygiene of the sick room, general nursing, surgical nursing, obstetrical nursing, training and experience in nursing. The applicant must show that she is a graduate of a recognized school for trained nurses which requires a residence of at least two years in a hospital giving thorough practical and theoretical training, or is a member of the graduating class and expects to graduate within six months from the date of the examination. The names of senior students will not be entered on the register until they have filed evidence of graduation. Applicants must have reached their twentieth but not their fortieth birthday on the date of the examination. Further information may be obtained from the commission, Washington, D. C.

EDUCATION NOTES.

President Churchill has addressed a circular to the public school principals with regard to the three hundredth anniversary of the death of Shakespeare, which will be celebrated this Spring in New York City. He says that there will be submitted to them in a few weeks some specific suggestions that will be helpful in arranging a program, but that they will reserve their own discretion in using and interpreting these suggestions.

Samuel Lewis, Jr., an attendance officer, has been fined fifteen days' pay for neglect of duty.

Joseph W. Woolley has been assigned at $6 a day to the office of the Associate City Superintendent in charge of vocational and prevocational training.

Associate City Superintendent William L. Ettinger will represent the Education Board at the meeting of the National Society for the Promotion of Industrial Education at Minneapolis, January 20-22.

Miss Violet Coens, head of the trade department in the Manhattan Trade School for Girls, has been granted permission to attend the Conference on Vocational Training at Minneapolis, January 16-22.

The expenditure from the Public School Teachers' Retirement Fund for 1916 of a sum not exceeding $900 for supplies, etc., has been authorized.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Retired, 12 P. M. Dec. 31: Surgeons S. M. Johnson, 1 S. D., (on Police Surgeons' certificate,) at $1,750 a year; appointed Jan. 3, 1895; M. A. McGovern, 6 S. D., (in pursuance of provisions of Sec. 355 of the Greater N. Y. Charter,) at $1,750 a year, appointed Sept. 8, 1884; E. J. Donlin, 13 S. D., (same,) at $1,750 a year, appointed Feb. 21, 1901.

Lieutenants, Bureau of Telegraph, designated as Acting Captains, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 1: P. H. Devery, L. P. Hynes, H. Helwig, J. J. Mackenzie.

Transfers and Assignments, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 1: insps. H. Conen, 11 I. D., to C. O. Squad, office of Chief Insp.; S. A. McElroy, 10 I. D., to 11 I. D.; (mutual,) 4 P. M., Jan. 3. Patrol, G. C. Duerholz, 43 to 61; J. J. Maher, 61 to 43.

Temporary assignments: Surgeons P. F. O'Hanlon, 11 S. D., in charge 6 S. D., in addition to his own, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 1; Walter B. Brouner, 17 S. D., in charge 13 S. D., in addition to his own, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 1. P. J. Murray, 16 S. D., in charge 21 S. G., in addition to his own, 12:01 A. M., Jan. Capt. J. J. Collins, 168, to command 16 I. D., 10 days, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 1. Patrol, J. M. Bedell, 143 to B. B. H. Squad, duty as Motor Cycle Messenger, 14 days, 8 A. M., Jan. 3. A. Brown and T. Minogue, 190, to 161, duty in raided premises, 15 days, 4 P. M., Jan. 1. To 6 I. D., duty in raided premises, 15 days, 4 P. M., Jan. 3; T. Colans, 56; W. H. Pfeiffer, 42; E. D. Potter, 37; J. J. O'Neill, 63.

Leave of absence, (without pay): Patrol. R. D. Miller, 10, 1 day, 4 P. M., Jan. 2. F. Diehl, 28, 1 day, 4 P. M., Jan. 2. C. Kienast, 65, 1 day, 4 P. M., Jan. 2. W. G. Howey, 153, 1 day, 4 P. M., Jan. 1. E. J. Donohue, 153, 1 day, 4 P. M., Jan. 1. J. Powers, 165, 1 day, 12:01 A. M., Jan. 3. J. L. Korb, 277, 2 days, 8 A. M., Jan. 4.

Full Pay While on Sick Report: Patrol. M. J. Dowd, 161, 9:10 A. M., Dec. 7, to noon, Dec. 17.

Fines Imposed: Lieut. J. F. Tinker, 28, (failed to promptly transmit an accident message,) ½ day. Sergts. E. A. Masterson, 29, (absent without leave,) 2 days; S. R. Hartgan, 150, (same,) 3 days. Patrol, T. J. Fitzpatrick, 2, (absent from reserve,) 4 days; L. Owen, 2, (absent from post, in liquor saloon,) 3 days; F. E. Timmons, 2, (absent from reserve,) 4 days; W. J. Ardiff, 4, (absent from post,) 1 day; C. F. Shelley, 6, (improper patrol,) 1 day. J. T. A. Reilly, 10, (failed to signal,) ½ day; (absent from post,) 3 days; F. S. A. Crepeau, 16, (absent without leave,) 2 days;) G. Reis, 18, (while off duty in saloon,) 10 days.

J. Butler, 21, (sitting on bench,) 3 days; J. Meade, (absent from post,) 3 days; J. D. Bauman, 26, (absent from post,) 4 days; J. J. Ellis, 26, (seated in chair,) 2 days; D. M. Healy, 26, (failed to make report,) ½ day; N. J. Majewski, 28, (improper patrol,) 1 day; W. H. Morrison, 28, (absent from post,) 3 days; L. Klossett, 29, (absent from post, coming from liquor store,) 2 days; J. Mulrane, 31, (assaulted a man while off duty,) 5 days; H. F. Hettrick, 35, (improper patrol,) 2 days; E. C. Gordon, 37, (absent without leave,) 2 days; J. Meaney, 37, (absent from post,) 1 day; M. H. Delano, 38, (absent from post,) 1 day; M. J. Harrison, 30, (improper patrol, coming from saloon,) 2 days; J. A. Cronin, 42, (loitering and in conversation,) 1 day; P. McEvoy, 43, (absent from special post,) 3 days; J. McMurray, 43, (absent from post,) 1 day; C. W. Sturges, 62, (while off duty and in uniform, standing in liquor saloon,) 4 days; T. Grady, 63, (improper patrol,) 2 days.

L. McGrath, 63, (improper patrol,) 3 days; J. J. Murphy, 146, (absent from post,) 2 days; T. Meehan, 149, (lost police shield,) half day; W. J. Rath, 150, (absent without leave) 2 days; J. F. Walz, 151, (absent from outgoing roll-call,) 1 day, (same,) 1 day; H. Baar, 155, (absent from post,) 2 days; L. P. O'Brien, 156, (improper patrol, 2 days, (absent without leave,) 4 day; J. J. Reardon, 158, (absent from post,) 2 days; W. Tigar, 158, (same,) 2 days; J. F. Brown, 159, (improper patrol,) 1 day; D. Moloney, 161, (same,) 3 days; G. R. Leonard, 161, (same,) 3 days; J. J. Hawthorne, 168, (absent from reserve,) 3 days; G. B. Harris, 171, (failed to report at police booth,) 1 day; L. R. Churlo, 172, (failed to arrest man who assaulted woman,) 8 days; A. F. Hornow, 174, (failed to arraign prisoner,) half day; F. W. Schall, 277, (loitering and in conversation,) half day; J. F. Hussey, 278, (seated in police booth with blouse off,) half day; H. K. Boch, 278, (improper patrol,) 1 day; W. G. Feger, 283, (absent from post,) 4 days; P. F. Morris, 283, (same,) 4 days; B. V. Merritt, Traffic Div., Suisd. C, (same,) 2 days.

Reprimanded: Lieuts. M. J. O'Grady, 10, (failed to report delinquency of Lieut.;) E. McGovern, 10, (same;) D. J. Hogan, 17, (failed to record himself in blotter.) Patrol. J. J. Duggan, 4, (absent from post;) A. T. Brooks, 18, (same;) F. J. Minnick, 31, (same;) F. W. Claus, 39, (improper patrol;) G. F. Chiquette, 63, (failed to report to command;) H. S. Lott, 159, (absent from post.)

The following, having passed their probationary period without being again convicted on a complaint, are reprimanded: Patrol. J. J. Gallagher, 6, (absent from post;) C. F. Baumann, 16, (failed to discover burglary;) J. L. Clancy, 26, (absent from post, in a brewery;) M. McGrath, 28, (absent from signal box post;) M. A. Neely, 36, (smoking;) T. Grady, 63, (absent from post;) J. B. O'Leary, 143, (same;) F. J. Mershon, 160, (same;) F. Reilly, 160, (improper patrol;) W. Wagner, 160, (same;) J. A. Walsh, 160, (absent from post, in rear room of saloon;) F. Kane, 162, (absent from post, coming from front entrance of saloon;) W. H. Meyn, 173, (improper patrol;) A. C. Fleischer, 273, (absent from school crossing.)

Charges dismissed: Patrol, E. A. Manley, 1, (improper patrol, failed to signal.) H. B. Brady, 7, (failed to discover burglary.) E. T. O'Brien, 10, (improper patrol.) A. E. Johnson, 28, (no record of inspection in soiled and unclean shoes.) E. W. Weissner, 29, (improper patrol.) B. T. Wilson, 36, (absent from post.) S. J. Donlin, 160, (improper patrol.)

Suspended without pay: Surgeon E. H. Fiske, 21 S. D., 12 P. M., Dec. 31, 1915, in pursuance of the provisions of Section 1,543 of the Greater New York Charter. Patrol. W. Hands, 35, 9:50 P. M., Jan. 2.

Death: Patrol. J. R. Crowley, D. B., 8 P. M., Jan. 2.

Fire Department.

The following having passed the practical test in the examination for promotion to the position of engineer of steamer, will be directed to report to Room 1,402, Municipal Building, at time and date specified:

Wednesday, Jan. 5, at 1 P. M.: W. J. Begley, Eng. 29; J. L. Rohe, Eng. 7; J. M. Meury, Eng. 12; W. A. Pollock, Eng. 13; J. A. Mason, Eng. 33; F. Petry, Eng. 9; E. Wagenman, Eng. 18; C. J. Perilla, Eng. 24; J. F. Murray, Eng. 5; T. MacFarland, Eng. 19; G. Brandan, Eng. 8; T. McVeety, Eng. 16; A. Thornton, Eng. 2; J. J. Gillon, Eng. 23; J. J. Merrigan, Eng. 54; C. A. Erhardt, Eng. 44; E. E. Gilmartin, Eng. 56; C. H. Day, Eng. 30; W. V. O'Hara, Eng. 91; W. J. Silbernagel, Eng. 38. G. A. Nusshaum, Eng. 93; C. W. Miller, Eng. 60; C. J. Rieth, Jr., Eng. 88; J. J. Honahan, Jr., Eng. 90; W. J. Egan, Eng. 42; C. Kraup, Jr., Eng. 52; W. A. Stack, Eng. 81; J. McDonnell, Eng. 67; F. W. Fitting, Eng. 77; W. F. Brennan, Eng. 94; W. J. Hayes, No. 2, Eng. 157; E. Bracken, Eng. 206; J. H. Geerdes, Eng. 210; J. H. Malone, Eng. 219; J. C. Gross, Eng. 233; J. P. McChrone, Eng. 241; G. Samuels, Eng. 241; F. L. Dulaff, Eng. 248; C. Jantzen, Eng. 255; W. J. Grady, Eng. 247; R. J. Jacobs, Eng. 245; G. Mohrmann, Eng. 227; L. Placek, Jr., Eng. 262; A. Baler, Eng. 288; J. J. O'Rourke, Eng. 265; C. Bressert, Eng. 267; J. J. Norton, Eng. 240; J. P. Curran, Eng. 206; J. W. Orr, Eng. 270; L. F. Simowitz, H. & L. 8; M. C. Wilmer, H. & L. 16; J. M. Hommel, H. & L. 22; W. M. Rogers, H. & L. 23; H. G. J. Winter, H. & L. 28; J. Bisso, H. & L. 81; J. Burns, Jr., H. & L. 118; J. P. Connelly, H. & L. 119; J. Vega, H. & L. 148; F. Franklin, H. & L. 120; C. P. Frank, Hose 8.

At 2 P. M.: P. F. Ennis, Eng. 3; H. W. Wandelt, Eng. 12; M. Conway, No. 2, Eng. 31; J. J. Keeley, Eng. 20; J. J. Smith, No. 2, Eng. 11; E. F. Mullally, Eng. 18; E. F. Meany, Eng. 30; O. E. Klein, Eng. 28; C. A. Golden, Eng. 3; W. F. Holland, Eng. 76; W. E. Beckmann, Eng. 86; J. J. Monaghan, Eng. 91; H. A. Wilson, Eng. 80; S. Felman, Eng. 84; J. Ulrich, Eng. 93; P. Fitzpatrick, No. 2, Eng. 73; J. Junior, Eng. 63; V. Weydig, Eng. 94; W. E. Donnelly, Eng. 47; W. Thompson, Eng. 41; W. Hicks, Eng. 46; J. W. Powers, Eng. 68; R. J. Riescher, Eng. 66; A. A. Fullam, Eng. 88; T. Brunyes, Eng. 152; J. F. Finley, Eng. 205; O. Boyhan, Eng. 203; J. A. McGuire, Eng. 256; G. J. Vetter, Eng. 209; R. V. Conway, Eng. 215; A. Eck, Eng. 235; J. E. Boles, Eng. 228; J. J. Hynes, Eng. 282; E. N. Kinsley, Jr., Eng. 249; P. J. McMahon, Eng. 284; A. Rankel Eng. 277; J. C. Tuttle, Eng. 260; J. B. Jorn, Eng. 264; C. Harper, Eng. 266; J. Miller, No. 1, Eng. 270; R. Bowe, Eng. 285; M. J. Culkin, Eng. 298; J. L. Ledoyar, Eng. 294; C. J. Feist, Eng. 238; C. C. Straub, Eng. 287, (1st Sec.;) J. J. Falls, H. & L. 20; J. J. Hayes, H. & L. 18; J. J. Jones, No. 2, H. & L. 37; J. T. Meaney, H. & L. 78; J. F. Leonard, H. & L. 102; T. M. Shea, H. & L. 114; W. J. Barber, H. & L. 113.

The following probationary firemen will be directed to report to the Medical Board, 157-159 East 67th St., at 11 A. M., tomorrow: C. J. Barclay, Eng. 16; J. F. Michaelson, Eng. 240; J. A. Brady, Eng. 206; G. Treiber, Eng. 25; G. L. Byrne, Eng. 76; J. Hoffman, H. & L. 11.

Special leave, without pay: Capt. G. Dunn, Eng. 154, 48 hours, 8 A. M. Jan. 7.

LICENSED TO TEACH.

There have been placed, as of Dec. 22, 1915, on the eligible list of persons holding licenses as assistant teacher in high schools, the names of the following applicants:

ENGLISH.—Men: Aaron M. Clark, 75.65; Victor F. M. Bonsall, 74.25.

Women: Edna Twamley, 80; Merle Marine, 77.5; Frederica Warner, 77.3; Marjorie C. Weirich, 77.05; Gertrude E. Morris, 76.4; Anna E. Robinson, 74; Dorothy M. Russell, 73.8; Elizabeth W. Kemlo, 73.4; Corinne Reinheimer, 71.75; Ruth J. Marley, 71.

COMMERCIAL BRANCHES.—Samuel Davis, 78.275; Max Schottland, 77.875; Arthur Schatzles, 74.4; Irving Ravett, 72.975; Philip E. McCaffrey, 71.85.

ART METAL WORK.—Russell E. O'Hara, 76

BIOLOGY.—Benjamin Schwartz, 80; Abigail O'Brien, 76.

ECONOMICS—Leon J. Regard, 85.5; Abraham L. Wilbert, 77.5.

ELOCUTION—Olive R. Grover, 73; Phyllis L. Moorhead, 72.75; Flora F. Cook, 72.5.

FREEHAND DRAWING—Mary R. Collins, 77.7.

GERMAN—Henry P. Bose, 76.2; Emanuel Neumann, 74.45; Emilie E. M. Bruning, 75.25.

HISTORY—Hester D. Jenkins, 78.5.

MECHANICAL DRAWING—Jacob M. Gray, 93.

PHYSICS—Henry V. Hesselbach, 85.5.

SPANISH—Men: Guillermo A. Sherwell, 93.5; Philip C. Binns, 87.5; Reuben M. Byrne, 84; Robert W. Rosenberg, 82.8; D. Renwick Kerr, 74.5.

Women—Anita Thomas, 98; Anna Ford, 88.65.

WOODTURNING AND PATTERN MAKING—William A. Carter, 82.5.

There have been placed, as of Dec. 22, 1915, upon the eligible lists of persons holding license as laboratory assistant, (biology,) in high schools, the names of the following applicants:

S. Bertram Jacobson, 82.25; Margarite Adams, 80; Margaret Hotchkiss, 79.5.

There has been placed, as of Jan. 22, 1915, upon the eligible list of teachers holding license for promotion, the name of Margaret Lobsenz, 78.

There have been placed, as of July 28, 1915, upon the eligible list of women holding license as teacher of kindergarten in elementary schools, the names of the following applicants:

Madeleine Bogert, 86.7; Elizabeth M. Barnes, 83.375; Ruth Lyon, 81.55.

There have been placed, as of Dec. 29, 1915, upon the eligible list of women holding license as teacher of an ungraded class, the names of the following applicants: Katherine F. Blackwell, 79.89; Lena I. Foltz, 77.29; Julia M. Stephenson, 75.075; Elizabeth L. Cleveland, 74.09; Helen E. Gregg, 69.875; Marjorie H. Lenox, 69.83.

There have been placed, as of Dec. 29, 1915, upon the eligible list of women holding license, for the season of 1915-1916, as teacher of cooking in evening elementary schools, the names of the following applicants: Harriet A. Gorton, 91; Frances W. Gowdy, 91; Anastasia C. Kelley, 91; Mary L. Robbins, 86; Anita E. Thimig, 79; Juanita Brown, 78; Amie F. Burke, 78; Florence R. Burke, 77; Marion T. Darling, 77; Mary E. Lee, 77; Cisella Perilli, 77; Josephine Anglin, 75; Frances A. Best, 75; Florence D. Buchanan, 75; Emma J. Burke, 75; Mary T. Carr, 75; Helen Chamberlain, 75; Mary F. Coleman, 75; Sara J. Peehan, 75; Florence Flannery, 75; Suzie A. Huff, 75; Isabelle M. Hull, 75; Minnie H. Jones, 75; Grace K. Lyons, 75; Bertha T. Nelson, 75; Rose E. Osborne, 75; Margaret Sweet, 75; Virginia S. Young, 75.

WILL FOR PROBATE.

DU PUY, DORETTA GREVE. (Dec. 4:) realty, $30,000; personalty, $240,000; $55,000 outright to relatives and friends; one-half residue to husband, Raymond; other half residue to "such non-sectarian charitable corporations and institutions conducting homes for old ladies as my husband in his discretion may designate."

Apartments Wanted

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Furnished.

Have clients wanting furnished apartments, all sizes, long, short leases, all prices.
CLARK REALTY COMPANY,
30 East 42d. Murray Hill 6392.

Furnished apartments wanted, 4 to 7 rooms, for Winter or longer. Frederick Zittel & Sons, Broadway and 79th St.

Wanted.—Furnished apartment for Winter; family two adults; $75 to $100 per month; give particulars. M 202 Times Downtown.

Unfurnished.

Young married couple want moderate-priced housekeeping apartment of five rooms and bath; state full particulars. C 30 Times Annex.

Boarders Wanted

Thirty cents an agate line.

East Side.

17TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished, large and small rooms; excellent table. Stuyvesant 4275.

34TH, 117-119 EAST, (near Park Av.)—Large, sunny room; southern exposure; other rooms.

West Side.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

47TH, 48-50 WEST.—Large and single rooms; table guests.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—Large room, private bath; electric light; references.

58TH, 146 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and small rooms; table guests; references.

73D, 142 WEST.—FRENCH HOME. FRENCH CONVERSATION.—Parisian lady offers refined people beautiful, newly furnished rooms, with board; exceptional cuisine.

74TH, 123 WEST.—Large, well furnished room; private bath; steam heat.

76TH, 246 WEST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms, bath; table board solicited; references.

75TH, 189 WEST.—Hall room, with board; refined surroundings; references.

77TH, 301 WEST. (Pension Luquelle.)—Desirable, single rooms, baths; unsurpassed table; electricity.

79TH, 114 and 132 WEST.—Unusual and attractive "pensions," with large parlors, tea room, and lounge; steam heat; private telephones; booklet on request.

80TH, 123 WEST.—Well-heated rooms; hot water supply; excellent table; references.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references, table guests; booklet.

82D, 68 WEST.—Medium, small, sunny rooms; high-class house; $10, $8.

84TH, 37 WEST.—Desirable rooms; gentlemen, couple; superior table; homelike surroundings. Blumenfeld.

86TH, 106-108-110 WEST.—A house born of the demand for a living of simple elegance; pure, wholesome, tasty food at moderate prices; accommodations at table.

94TH, 140 WEST.—Excellent home; two or couple; southern exposure; refined house; near "L" and subway.

102D, 253 WEST.—Two large, elegantly furnished rooms; private bath; ideal location; excellent table; private house. Mrs. R. Aarons.

115TH, (Cor. Manhattan Av.)—Cosey, well-heated rooms; good meals; $8 up weekly; social surroundings. Tel 4021 Morningside.

123D, 111 WEST.—Quiet, refined home; excellent table; reasonable.

THE EVELYN LODGE

Charming family hotel of high standard; grand location; 20 min. Broadway, 5c fare; lovely furnished rooms; suites; all comforts; excellent chef and service; separate tables; delightful atmosphere; worth investigation. Weekly, $10-$14 per adult, with meals. 71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 520.—Residence for young girl students; careful chaperonage; eleventh year.

WEST END AV., 322 (75th St.)—Newly furnished house; convenient locality; excellent service.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Comfortable rooms; excellent table; convenient subway. 1159W. Main.

Country Board

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

Westchester County.

HIGHCLIFFE HALL HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Winter engagements low; unexcelled home cooking; large porches; well-heated house; river view. W. E. Robinson. Phone 2161 Yonkers.

Connecticut.

HOTEL-SANITARIUM, (HALL-BROOKE,) Greens Farms, Conn.—For nervous, apprehensive persons; beautiful grounds; appointments of high order; expert, sympathetic treatment. Phone 140 Westport.

Florida.

THE INN AT MAGNOLIA SPRINGS, FLA., IS NOW OPEN.
RATES $10.00 PER WEEK AND UP.

For Sale—Miscellaneous

Forty cents an agate line.

MEN'S CREDIT TAILORS.—Suits, overcoats, &c., $12; $1 down, $1 weekly. Hamilton-Martin Co., 171 Broadway, (enter 5 Cortlandt St.)

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
4 months for $5 and up.
Initial payment applies if purchased.
AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC.
345 Broadway, at Leonard St.) TEL.
956 Broadway, at 28d St. 5408
50 Nassau St., at Maiden Lane. FRANKLIN
10 Barclay St. Telephone 6353 Cortlandt.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

Thirty-five cents an agate line.

West Side.

THE CLEBURNE, 924 WEST END AVE. HIGHEST TYPE 8, 9, 10 ROOM APARTMENTS, 3, 4 BATHS. APPLY ON PREMISES OR L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., 158 BROADWAY.

N. E. COR. 107TH ST. AND BROADWAY. 7 rooms and bath. Southern exposure; all outside rooms. Corner apartment; $1,200. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

234-8 West 21st St.—Apartments to lease to high-class tenants; elevator and all improvements; 4, 5, 6 rooms at $510 to $720 per year. Apply Superintendent or J. W. Cushman & Co., 240 West 23d St.

SEVEN ROOMS, BATH, $30.
480 St. Nicholas Av., (facing St. Nicholas Park,) near 130th St. "L"; steam heat, modern plumbing; refrigerator; location first class.

207-209 DYCKMAN ST., near Broadway; attractive six-seven room apartments; every modern improvement; $33-$39.

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21ST ST., 46 EAST.—Pleasant single room, large closet, quiet house.

23D, 20 EAST, (Madison Square South.)—Suite, two rooms and bath.

31ST, 108 EAST.—Beautiful, large back parlor, private bath, kitchen, living or studio; select house; also other room.

34TH, 46 EAST.—Elegant room, bath, electricity, $6; telephone; another, $4; (gentlemen.)

43D, 16 EAST.—For fastidious gentleman; comfortable room with or without private bath.

53D, 58 EAST.—Large, sunny rooms, electric light, bath; gentlemen preferred; private.

61ST, 166 EAST.—Beautiful rooms, single or connecting; private baths; electric light.

West Side.

8TH, 7 WEST.—Large, medium, small rooms; clean; telephone, electricity; select house.

11TH, 35 WEST.—Nicely furnished room for one or two gentlemen; steam heat, telephone; reference.

21ST ST., 503 WEST.—For rent, large, attractive room, well heated; no other rooms; all-night elevator service; $5 per week. Apartment 21.

36TH ST., 40 WEST.—Comfortable alcove; running water, bath; private house; $7.

55TH ST., (1,730 Broadway.)—1, 2, 3 room suite; $40 up; bachelors preferred. Apt. 16.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Sunny, large rooms; perfectly kept house; very moderate; refined people.

118 WEST 69TH ST. WEST HALL.

Medium-size room adjoining bath; southern exposure; steam heat; superior service.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Suite of rooms with private bath, or will divide; references.

72D, 268 WEST.—Large room; private bath; medium room; select private house.

76TH ST., 116 West.—Studios, art and music; elegant suites and single; references.

76TH, 171 WEST.—Back parlor, private bath; continuous hot water; electricity; references.

78TH, 126 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; parquet floors; comfortable rooms; electricity; telephone.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Large, attractive room; dressing room; adjoining bath; refined home; references.

80TH, 104 WEST.—Medium and single rooms; steam, electricity; continuous hot water; reference.

81ST ST., WEST.—4 rooms, handsomely furnished, elevator apartment; elevated, subway close by. S 85 Times.

81ST, 251 WEST.—Attractive room, adjoining bath; Broadway; high-class apartment. Holton.

81ST, 265 WEST, (West End Apartment.)—Sunny suite, or separate; running water. Pearson.

82D, 100 WEST.—Furnished front parlor and bedroom; suitable two; kitchen privileges. Koenig.

82D, 152 WEST.—Homelike, comfortable, well-heated parlor, bath; telephone; gentlemen, couple.

83D ST., 121 WEST.—Nice, large rear parlor for two; business people preferred.

84TH, 33 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; conveniences; telephone; reasonable.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Single, $5; double, $7; bath; gentleman.

87TH ST., 319 WEST.—Fine, large room; gentleman; private family; references.

91ST, 38 WEST.—Large sunny rooms with private baths; electric light; telephone; $10.

94TH, 20 WEST.—Newly renovated, attractive, large rooms; all conveniences; references.

94TH, 163 WEST.—Entire floor, sitting room, bedroom, bath; owner; references.

97TH, 147 WEST.—Private house; unusually attractive, well furnished room; bath, telephone.

98TH, 234 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Large room or suite; private bath; exclusive; gentlemen or couple. Apartment 9.

101ST, 18 WEST.—Beautiful rooms and suites; telephone, electricity; housekeeping; $4-$7. McNamara.

105TH, 248 WEST, (Broadway.)—Desirable, bright room, adjoining bath, high-class apartment. Copeland.

107TH, 233 WEST.—Comfortable bedroom; running water; no other roomers; $4. Mahler.

115TH, 604 WEST.—Bright, large, warm room; lavatory, elevator, subway; references. Mowbray.

115TH, 419 WEST.—Large sunny front room; also single room; reasonable. Hale.

118TH, 420 WEST.—Three rooms, furnished, for housekeeping; reasonable. See Superintendent.

118TH, 401 WEST, (Morningside Drive.)—Two sunny rooms; private lavatory. Apt. 31.

121ST, 527 WEST.—Light airy room; phone, electricity, steam heat, elevator. McCague.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Large, sunny, front room, single rooms; subway. Apt. 4 R-E.

123D, 547 WEST. (Near Broadway.)—Comfortable double room; elevator; telephone; $5. Crawford.

123D, 526 WEST.—Refined home; single rooms; running water; kitchen privileges. Howard.

ALLERTON HOUSE for Bachelors, 302 West 22d St.—The genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof bldg.; billiard room; running water every room; single, $4 to $6 weekly; rooms for two $3 to $3.50 weekly each. Apply Manager.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 54, (120th St.)—Room facing park, for gentleman; furnished to suit; private family; board if desired; references. Seixas.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (110th Subway).—Large double sitting and bedroom, artistically furnished, overlooking Hudson; gentleman; $10 weekly. C 33 Times Annex.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 487.

Large, well furnished, comfortably heated room; light housekeeping.

Rooms Wanted

Furnished.

GEN

1,000 HEAR SPEAKERS LAUD DR. SCHECHTER

Jacob H. Schiff Says Light of His Life Will Shine for All the Future.

CALLS NATION HIS DEBTOR

Audience Is Told They Should Make of Themselves a Living Monument to the Dead Educator.

Exercises in memory of the Rev. Dr. Solomon Schechter, for thirteen years President of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, which were held last night at Aeolian Hall, were attended by more than 1,000 men and women. The service was simple in form and impressive.

Several rows of seats in the front of the hall were reserved for the students of the seminary and the girls attending the Teachers' Institute, which Dr. Schechter founded in connection with his work at the seminary. The members of the family present were Mrs. Schechter, her son Frank, her daughter Amy, and two brothers of Dr. Schechter.

Jacob H. Schiff presided. The servies were opened with the reading of the Fifteenth Psalm and Shokene Botte Homer, a dirge by Rabbi Solomon Gabirol, chanted by the Rev. S. Jacobson and the audience.

In his tribute to Dr. Schechter, as the leader of orthodox Judaism of his time in America, Mr. Schiff first traced the subject of his eulogy through early life and through his struggle to obtain an education. Dr. Schechter's memory, he said, belonged to all who cherish life. He had early in youth showed something of the manhood which was in him, and, although he was 25 years old before he found ways and means to remove to his home to Vienna to obtain a broader learning, he was never discouraged—always inspired.

From Vienna, said Mr. Schiff, Dr. Schechter went to Berlin, and, in the early eighties, to England, where he became a member of the Faculty of Cambridge College, rapidly developing into the great teacher and educator who claimed and held the respect of his fellowmen throughout the world.

Dr. Schechter was called to America in 1902, he continued, as the one man to be placed at the head of the institution which was to become the greatest factor for the future welfare of orthodox Judaism in the country.

"Unfortunately, too short a time were we to call the master our own," said Mr. Schiff, "but even in the comparatively brief period of a decade and a half, what he accomplished in this land will be the cornerstone on which orthodox Judaism will build in the future."

Mr. Schiff told of Dr. Schechter's work in behalf of his people at the seminary, and then added:

"I have it from his own lips that he never felt happier in his life than at the time when he could take out his citizenship papers."

Dr. Schechter with all his great genius, Mr. Schiff said, was a man of unending kindness for others, and with a simplicity of personality, charm and magnetism not often found in this age, which left a warming effect on all those who came in close personal relations with him. Dr. Schechter, he said, would always hold a place in the hearts of his fellowmen. Great men, he said, die, but their memory remains forever.

Louis Marshall followed with a glowing tribute. By the force of his personality and genius, Mr. Marshall said, Dr. Schechter had won the respect and love of the finest scholars and most cultured men and women of Europe and America. He was called here thirteen years ago to reorganize the seminary and shape its plans, and gave himself to the work without sparing himself.

"He was as earnest in that sublime hour when death found him at his sacred work," said Mr. Marshall, "as he was at the inspired moment when he took up the work here.

"He became an integral part of Jewish life and his influence spread all over the country. He was deeply loved by those who came into his benign presence and was admired from afar."

Dr. Schechter, continued Mr. Marshall, was a constructive genius who built on the traditions of the past, but always with thought of the future. When he came here many were skeptical of Judaism in America, he said, but there was at once an awakening.

"And Dr. Schechter," said Mr. Marshall, "was a whole hearted, uncompromising American. His Americanism was not that of the jingo, but permunent and deep seated, permeating him throughout and leaving no place for a hyphen.

"He was more than a man, he was a personality. He was without false pride or conceit or smugfaced satisfaction. There was nothing feeble or flabby in his makeup. He hated all sham and hypocrisy. His piety was to him as natural as to breathe. His conduct of life conformed in every way to his teaching.

"Unity and harmony were ever uppermost in Dr. Schechter's mind," continued Mr. Marshall, "and he deplored conflict of different factions in religious life. To have had him was a blessing to humanity."

Dr. Louis Ginzberg, a professor at the seminary, said that the name of Dr. Schechter would remain in history with those of the greatest men. He was followed by Rabbi Isaiah Hoffman, ex-President of the Alumni Association.

"It was a great thing in the annals of Judaism in America when Dr. Schechter came to these shores," he said. "What a wonderful light he threw upon our life, religion, and literature. He was the interpreter and spokesman of our people to the world. Never again can our literature, our thoughts, or our life be traduced by those who have any prudence or sagacity.

"Let us resolve that this life which was spent for us shall not have been spent in vain. Let us by our lives erect a monument to his memory."

Herman Lissauer, a student of the senior class, spoke of Dr. Schechter's relations with the students. The first shock of his death had left them desolate, he said, but gradually they were coming to know that, while Dr. Schechter was not with them in person, he was there in spirit, to inspire them to their best efforts. They would go forth into the world, he said, determined to do their best, in return for what Dr. Schechter had given to them.

Telegrams were received from Professor Harold G. Lyon, Professor of Hebrew at Harvard University, and President Edgar S. Smith of the University of Pennsylvania.

Among those at the services were Justice Platzek, Justice Nathan Bijur, Daniel Guggenheim, Justice Samuel Greenbaum, Henry M. Lipdziger, Felix M. Warburg, Justice Irving Lehmann, and Professor Richard Gotthell.

THREE MILLINERS INDICTED.

Each Is Accused of Fraud in One or More Customs Cases.

Three milliners, accused of defrauding the Government by importing goods from Europe as personal effects, were indicted yesterday by the Federal Grand Jury. The cases were prepared by Special Treasury Agent W. H. Williams. The women will be arraigned for pleading in a few days before Judge Henry D. Clayton of Alabama, who is sitting by special assignment here.

One of the defendants is Mrs. May Wilson Hale, wife of Robert S. Hale, and head of the firm of Hale & McAnany of Boston. She is well known as a suffragist and last October led a division in the Boston suffragists' parade. She wore a Scottish kilt in the parade. According to the indictment, when she came back from Europe, Aug. 5, 1912, on the liner Oceanic, she had with her hats of the value of $212, which she declared to be worth only $100, and obtained them free entry under the personal effects exemption.

Lizzie Cummings, at one time employed as a buyer by the Chapeaux Francaises of 3 West Fifty-third Street, was charged in another indictment with defrauding the Government of $50 on hats she brought in on the Caronia on Jan. 18, 1914. Mme. Emilie Swiggette, the third of the trio, owns a millinery shop in San Francisco. She was accused of having defrauded the Government of $348 by like irregularities. There are three counts against her—one having reference to goods brought in on July 30, 1913, another based on goods she was said to have had with her when she landed on Jan. 31, 1914, and a third covering millinery. Mme. Swiggette brought in on the Olympic on Aug. 5, 1914.

CITY OFFICIAL SHOT.

Chief of Records Bureau Will Recover from Clerk's Attack.

The clerks and stenographers employed in the Brooklyn offices of the Tenement House Department, on the third floor of the Offerman Building, at Fulton and Duffield Streets, suddenly dropped their work and jumped from their desks in a state of great excitement yesterday morning when a pistol shot was heard and William H. Jones, Chief of the Bureau of Records, was seen to stagger out of the private office of Deputy Commissioner Thomas F. Hickey. Employes who rushed to the aid of Jones found that he had been wounded in the back. In the hands of two policemen detailed to special duty in the place was Lewis Cohen, a clerk under Jones.

Cohen was under arrest, charged with shooting Jones while in a fit of rage over being suspended from duty for insubordination. The shooting took place in the presence of the Deputy Commissioner and two women stenographers. Jones, who is 48 years old, was removed to his home, 262 East Twenty-eighth Street, Flatbush, where it was said last evening that his wound was not considered dangerous.

HUERTA UNDER KNIFE AGAIN.

Condition of Former Dictator of Mexico Said to be Serious.

EL PASO, Texas, Jan. 3.—General Victoriano Huerta, once Provisional President of Mexico and until today under surveillance by Federal authorities, pending trial, late today underwent a second operation, in an effort to save his life. The first operation, for gallstones, was performed Saturday, and since, it was said, complications developed. The patient, whose condition was described as "serious," was much relieved after the operation.

Huerta recently was removed from Fort Bliss to his home, and today guards were withdrawn, upon instructions from San Antonio, it was said, where Huerta was to have appeared on Jan. 10 before the Federal Grand Jury. The patient was arrested several months ago, and held on a charge of conspiracy to set on foot a revolution in Mexico.

Small Fire in Theatre Building.

Ruby Moore, a concert singer, was burned about the face and hands in a fire on the fourth floor of the Arcade Building, and the fire apparatus that clanged to the door of the Lincoln Square Theatre downstairs caused great excitement to the Broadway crowds streaming into the early evening performance last night.

Fat from a frying chop caused a slight fire which was quickly extinguished.

WANTS TAFT PUT ON BENCH.

Judge Hill Suggests Ex-President to Succeed Late Justice Lamar.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Jan. 3.—When Judge Benjamin H. Hill learned today that the Atlanta Bar was urging his appointment to the United States Supreme Court to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Justice Lamar, he said:

"I am barred by the age limit. I would be delighted if President Wilson, a Southern man himself, would appoint to this vacancy former President Taft. This would be a splendid manifestation of the appreciation of the Southern people of the appointment to the Supreme bench by President Taft of two Southern men, Justices Lamar and Lurton, and the elevation of Justice White, a Confederate veteran to the Chief Justiceship. Besides this, Judge Taft's learning and ability as a lawyer and jurist easily points to him as the very best selection that could be made."

WARDEN HAYES TO RETIRE.

Veteran Blackwell's Island Official, 73, Asks for a Pension.

Patrick Hayes, Warden of Blackwell's Island prison, applied yesterday to Correction Commissioner Lewis for retirement on a pension. He is 73 years old and has served as Warden of Blackwell's and Kings County penitentiaries for the last twenty-six years. His salary is $3,500 a year, with an additional allowance of $1,500 for maintenance. His application was submitted to the Mayor and the Board of Estimate.

Just before the application was received, Warden Hayes was assigned by the new Commissioner to make a study of assignments of duty of all employes in the workhouse, in the city and district prisons and to report any changes that should be made in organization or assignments.

OHIO SEEKS MORE TAXES.

$10,000,000 Added to Personal Property of Singer Machine Co.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 3.—The Ohio Tax Commission today announced it had ordered additions of approximately $10,000,000 to the personal property returns of the Singer Sewing Machine Company of New York. The commission's action was based on an investigation in which it was said officials learned the company had failed to report for taxation personal property between 1911 and 1915.

This is the largest single addition to the tax duplicate since taxing officials sought to make John D. Rockefeller pay taxes on more than $100,000,000 personal property in Cleveland. Federals courts in that case held Rockefeller was not a resident of Ohio, and collections could not be forced.

It is considered probable the sewing machine company will contest payment in court.

Rupert Hughes Play for Miss Anglin

Rupert Hughes has delivered the manuscript of a new play to Margaret Anglin. The play is based on Gertrude Atherton's novel, "The Perch of the Devil," which was a best seller when it was first published. Miss Anglin has long cherished an ambition to appear in a play taken from the novelist's works. An early production will be given the play.

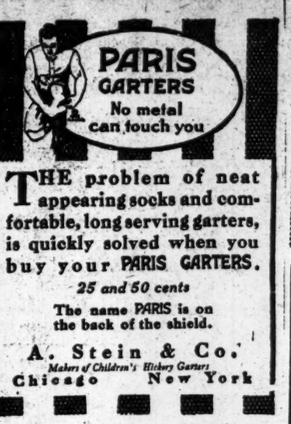
Hotels and Restaurants on Page 15.

MME. PETSCHNIKOFF PLAYS.

Violin Recital Assisted by Mme. Gabrilowitsch and Mr. Ganz.

A concert was given in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon by Mme. Lili Petschnikoff, violinist, assisted by Mme. Clara Gabrilowitsch, contralto, and Rudolph Ganz, pianist. Mme. Gabrilowitsch and Mr. Ganz are well known to New York concertgoers. Mme. Petschnikoff bears a name prominent in the art of the violin, though she herself cannot be set down as a great exponent of that art. She played with confidence and dash and an evident familiarity with her instrument. Her tone is not always smooth or beautiful in quality, and in the beginning she played not infrequently out of tune; later she seemed to gain a more certain command of her powers. She began with Beethoven's sonata for pianoforte and violin, Op. 47, dedicated to Kreutzer, which she played with Mr. Ganz; and of this the last movement was most satisfactorily represented by her performance. Mr. Ganz played the pianoforte part with certainty and solidity.

Mme. Gabrilowitsch's numbers included a group of songs by Brahms, of which she was most successful in voicing the sentiment of the music in "Liebestreu" and the "Wiegenlied," the latter of which she had to repeat; and to these she added Fauré's "Les Berceaux."



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New program every Mon. & Thurs.
MAT. TODAY. 10c & 15c.
EVENINGS. 15c. 25c. 50c.

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BEGINS JAN. 16-17
5 SUND. EVS. 8:30—CARNEGIE HALL
5 MOND. MATS. at 3—CANDLER THEA.
Florida ..... Jan. 16 and 17
Down in Dixie ..... Jan. 23 and 24
Grand Canyon ..... Jan. 30 and 31
Panama-Pacific Expos'n, Feb. 6 and 7
California ..... Feb. 13 and 14
Course Sale Opens at Both Box Offices Tomorrow
Course Tickets, $5, $4, $3 and $2.50.

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Mgmt. Charles Dillingham.
Matinee Daily SEATS $1.00
Ev. (8:15) & Sat. Mat., 25c to $1.50
Hip Hip Hooray 1,000 People.
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Staged by A. H. BURNSIDE.
SUN. SOUSA Return of Pavlowa and Zenatello

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CECILIA BEAUX,
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Sat. Evgs., Jan. 15, 29; Feb. 19; March 18.
Seats now on sale at Carnegie Hall Box Office.

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Next Fri. Aft., Jan. 7—Next Sun. Aft., Jan. 9.
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Piano Recital, AEOLIAN HALL, MON. AFT., JAN. 10, at 3.
Management Maximilian Elser, Jr.
50c to $2. Seats Now.
Steinway Piano.
Special Feature: "Goyescas," by Enrique Granados.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3,
SONG RECITAL BY CECIL Fanning
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Baldwin Piano.
Aeolian Hall, Thursday Aft., Jan. 6, at 3.
PIANO RECITAL KATHARINE GOODSON
M'gement Antonia Sawyer. Knabe Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, Tomorrow Aftern'n at 3
VIOLIN RECITAL KATHLEEN PARLOW
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Knabe Piano.
AEOLIAN HALL, Sat. Aft., Jan. 8, at 3,
JOINT RECITAL By PABLO and Mrs. SUSAN METCALFE: Casals
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Mason & Hamlin Piano
AEOLIAN HALL, TO-NIGHT at 8:15.
Song Recital ADELE KRUEGER
Tickets, 50 cts. to $2. Management Annie Friedberg

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Fri. at 7:30, Meistersinger. Hempel, Matzenauer, Rappold, Weil, Goritz, Reiss, Braun. Cond., Bodanzky.
Sat. at 2, Boris Godunow. Ober; Didur, Althouse, Rothier, Segurola, Bada. Cond., Polacco.
Sat. at 8, (75c to $3), Trovatore. Rappold, Matzenauer; Martinelli, Amato, Rothier. Cond., Bavagnoli.
Next Mon. at 8, Prince Igor. Alda, Perini; Amato, Botta, Didur, Bada, Segurola. Cond., Polacco.

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Tonight at 8. Aida. Rappold, Ober; Caruso, Amato, Scott. Rossi. Cond., Bavagnoli.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

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GALA CONCERT AT THE METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
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Soloists:
MMES. CALVE, YVETTE GUILBERT, KATHLEEN PARLOW, GINA CIAPARELLI VIAFORA.
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Seats now on sale at the Flotilla Headquarters, 38 West 39th Street, and all ticket offices. Also at Metropolitan Opera House.
PRICES: $1.00 to $5.00. Boxes, $40 to $100.

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Direction CATHERINE A. BAMMAN.
CARNEGIE HALL, Fri. Eve., Jan. 7, at 8:15
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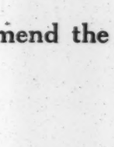
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GERALDINE FARRAR In The Paramount Picture "TEMPTATION"

THE CHARITY BALL
for the N. Y. Nursery and Child's Hospital will take place on Tuesday evening, February 1st, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Boxes to be had at 20 West 11th St. Tickets at 2 East 64th St., 327 West 70th St., 16 West 11th St. THE GUARANTY TRUST CO., 5th Ave. & 43d St.

GARDEN 27th St., Mad. Ave. Greeley 906. Evgs., 8:15 Sat. Mat., 2:15
EMANUEL REICHER'S TRIUMPH The Weavers

PARK 59th St. and Col. Circle. Continuous 1:15 to 11 P. M. 15 to 50c
Germany ON THE Firing Line
German Staff Motion Pictures. Ausp. N. Y. Globe.

Punch & Judy Theatre, 49th St., East of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Fri. & Sat. 2:30
TREASURE ISLAND

Garrick 35th St., nr. B'way. Mat. Today 15 to 50c. Smoking Permitted. Phone 6597 Greeley
"THE AMERICANS" BURLESQUE FULL OF GIRLS

OPERA TICKETS. PHONE 1458 Greeley | Choice seats for all operas and theatres. JACOBS' TICKET OFFICE, Normandie Hotel, Broadway and 38th Street.

Strand B'way & 47 St. Noon to 11:30 :0 to 50c. Next Week, Marguerite Clarke, "Mice & Men" | Mary Pickford in "The Foundling" | Strand Orch. & Soloists

VITAGRAPH 44th St., B'way Continuous. 15c, 25c & 50c. "Green Stockings" with Lillian Walker. | 1 to 11 P. M.

IRVING PL. THEATRE Tonight 8:15. Hoelle." Wednesday. "Hoheit Tanzt Walzer." | "Der Weg Zur

Atop 44th St. Ft. Thea. | AFTER THE THEATRE. | Adm. $1 Nightly at 10:30 (Ex.Sun.)
CASTLES in the Air and ICE PALACE
Supper & Dancing. | Tea 4 to 6 Wed. and Sat. World Champion Ice Skaters.
Adm. free to table d'hote dinner $1.50, & a la carte, 6 to 9. Skating at Tea, Dinner & Supper. Table reservations. Dlin. Sup. Tel. 6985 Bryant

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evenings at 8:15. 3 MATINEES THIS WEEK: TOMORROW, THURSDAY & SATURDAY.
MAUDE ADAMS, "PETER PAN"
Next Tuesday, "THE LITTLE MINISTER."

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evgs. at 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:30.
ETHEL BARRYMORE In the New Comedy, "OUR MRS. McCHESNEY."

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15 Phone 3093 Bryant. Matinees Tomorrow & Saturday 2:15. KLAW & ERLANGER PRESENT
AROUND THE MAP
Book by C. M. S. McLellan. Music Herman Finck. Seats Selling 8 Weeks in Advance.

After the Play Visit ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC Atop New Amsterdam Thea. MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evenings, 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20
Oliver Morosco presents a new romantic Farce.
SADIE LOVE —with— MARJORIE RAMBEAU

GEO. M. COHAN'S Theatre, B'way, 43d Street. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15.
OTIS SKINNER
in Henry Arthur Jones' Comedy "Cock o' the Walk"

LIBERTY West 42d Street. One Week Only. TWICE DAILY, 2:15 & 8:15.
THE BLUE PIERROTS Novel Musical Entertainment.

HARRIS West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15 Mats. Tomorrow and Saturday 2:15.
THE DEVIL'S GARDEN

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evenings 8:15. First Matinee Saturday 2:15.
BEGINNING TONIGHT at 8:15.
WILLIAM HARRIS, JR., presents
"BUNNY" A NEW PLAY BY AUSTIN STRONG
With LEWIS S. STONE

FULTON Theatre, W. 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
Ralph Herz in Ruggles of Red Gap

BELASCO West 44th St. Evenings, 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. & Jan. 11.
The Boomerang
4 Special Tues. Mats., Jan. 11, 18, 25, Feb. 1.

LYRIC THEATRE, 42d St., W. of Broadway. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:20.
Abe Potash & Mawruss Perlmutter
In the SEQUEL TO Potash & Perlmutter
Abe and Mawruss

LONGACRE W. 48 st. Bryant 23. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:30.
LEO DITRICHSTEIN In his triumph, "THE GREAT LOVER."

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Bryant 287. Mats. Tomorrow (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY
with FRED NIBLO as "BILLY HOLLIDAY."

CANDLER WEST 42D ST. BRYANT 6344 Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:15.
THE HOUSE OF GLASS
Mary Ryan & the Great All Amer'n Cast. Special MATS. TODAY, Thurs. & Fri. 2:30.
RUTH ST. DENIS
FAIR AND WARMER

ELTINGE West 42d Street. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15.
REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evgs., 8:30. Mats. Tom'w (Pop.) & Sat. 2:20
COMMON CLAY

GLOBE B'way and 46th St. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Tomorrow & Sat. 2:15.
GABY DESLYS in "STOP! LOOK! LISTEN!"

Bandbox, 57 & 3d Av. Plaza 812. Evs. 8:45. Mat. Sat. $1-50c
WASHINGTON SQ. PLAYERS, ALL COMEDY BILL EVERY NIGHT.

Loew's American Roof 42d St. & 8th Av. Singer's Midgets and 8 other acts | Every Eve. at 8:15 | ALL SEATS RESERVED | Enclosed. Heated. Comfortable. 25c, 35c, 50c.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th | Twice Daily 2:15 & 8:15 | Popular Prices
Lew Kelly AND THE Behman Show

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THE NEW FALL COLLAR, WITH THE OVAL BUTTONHOLE
Lion Collars OLDEST BRAND IN AMERICA
WRITE FOR BOOKLET OF 16 STYLES
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A SMART COLLAR WITH A COMFORTABLE LOW FRONT
THE NEW E&W COLLAR 2 FOR 25¢
TROY'S BEST PRODUCT
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Browning B&K King & Co
CLOTHING, HATS AND FURNISHINGS
End-of-the-Season Sale
Boys' Fine Clothing
Beginning Tuesday morning we shall offer all of our Boys' and Children's
Suits, Overcoats and Reefers
Sizes 2½ to 18 years,
left from this season's stocks, at
20 PER CENT REDUCTION
This is a regular Semi-Annual Event and needs but to be announced to attract those who know the superiority of our kind of Clothing and are looking for extraordinary values.
Our Boys' and Children's Furnishings are correspondingly reduced in price.
BROWNING, KING & CO.
Broadway near 32nd Street.
Cooper Square at 5th St. Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Silk Lined Overcoats
$25
Selected from our great stocks—popular Varsity Six Hundred model, single and double breasted; loose fitting and form fitting coats; ulsterettes and greatcoats in Kerseys, Meltons, Vicunas, Chinchillas, Cheviots—all sorts of fabrics, with style, fit and value away above the price.

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$25, $28, $30 & $32.50 Suits. $19.50
$30, $32.50 & $35 Suits..... $22.00
$35 and $40 Suits..... $25.00
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Broadway, below Chambers
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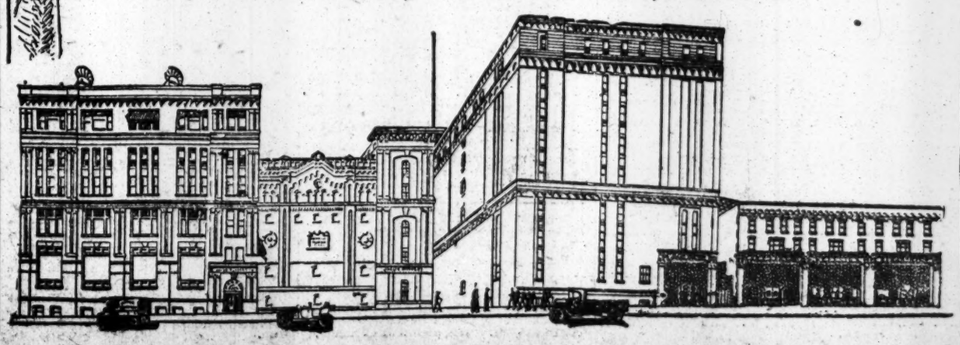
Third Ave., Cor. 122d
246-248 West 125th
Open Evenings

CAPITAL & LABOR ENDORSE BEER

THE popularity of beer is not confined to any particular class. It may be found in the humblest cottage and in the most pretentious mansion.
It appeals to the workingman because it is a mild and inexpensive beverage which promotes home sociability, relaxation and comfort.
With the wealthier class beer is a popular beverage because it quenches the thirst, improves the appetite and aids digestion.
Capital and labor, both, have learned that the moderate use of beer means sobriety, steady nerves and a healthy body,—that *beer is the great liquid food, just as bread is the great solid food.*
Beer has earned its reputation as the world's greatest food beverage. Its nutritive qualities promote health, its pleasant flavor satisfies and its mildness encourages temperance.
Because of these qualities and its absolute purity we recommend the moderate use of the *Real Temperance Drink*—
RUPPERT'S
Knickerbocker
The Beer That Satisfies
It is designed to meet a legitimate demand for a food beverage of absolute purity. It is made from the most carefully selected materials and subjected to special processes of Brewing, Filtering, Aging, Bottling and Pasteurization, and as a consequence stands unsurpassed as a safe, nourishing and healthful beverage. Every bottle is absolutely pure when it leaves the brewery and must be absolutely pure when it reaches you.
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